From NAND to Verifiable TETRIS



Omer Shlomovits, ZKProof 5 Workshop



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Algorithms	Software	Hardware
Groth16		



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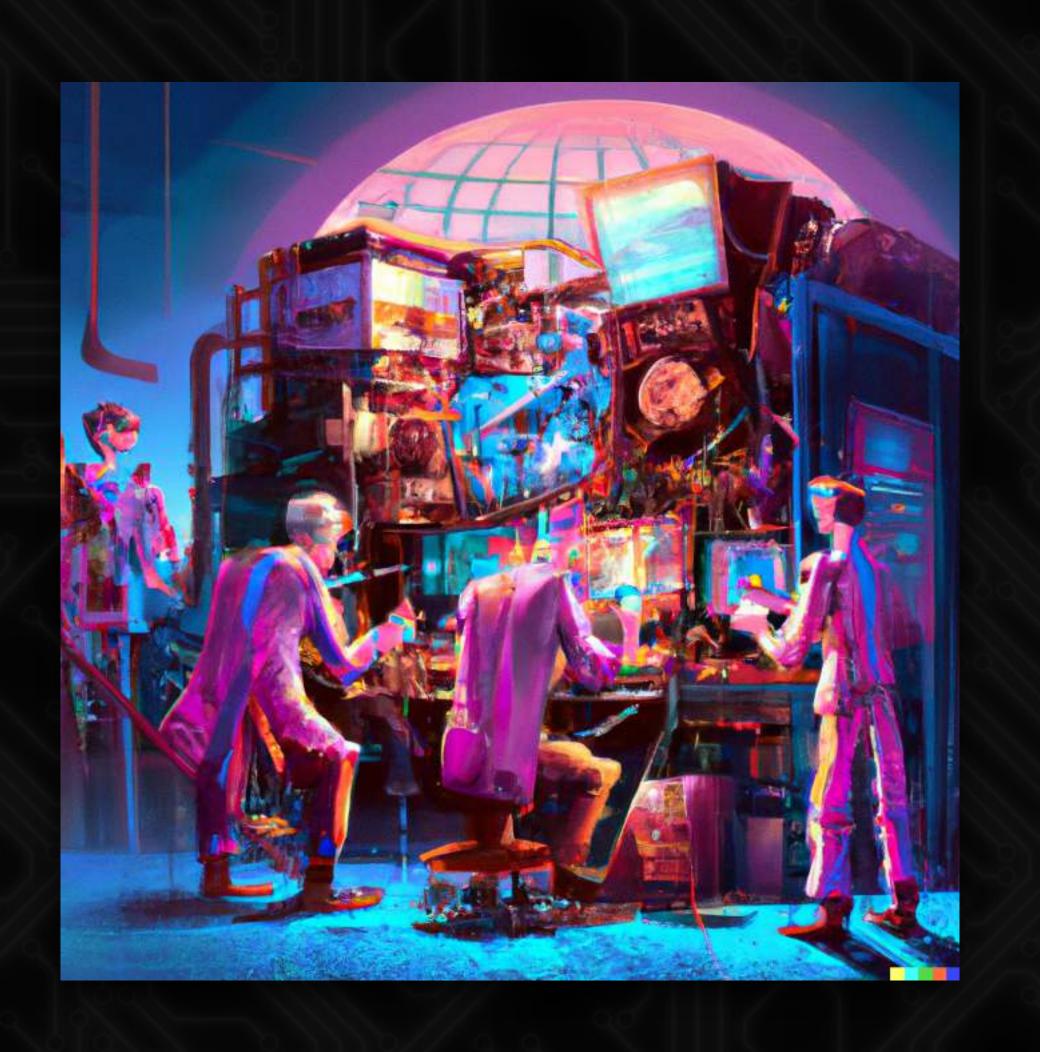
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- For HW to make sense, we must focus on real-world systems
- Bias towards SNARKs, STARKs
- Proving time is the main bottleneck



ZK Hardware Landscape

Much action, much stealth





Ye Zhang^{1,5}

Shuo Wang¹ Cong Wang⁸ Xian Zhang³ Dong Zhou² Jiangbin Dong^{4,7} Mingyu Gao^{2,7*}

Xingzhong Mao⁷ Fan Guangyu Sun^{1*}

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PipeMSM: Hardware Acceleration for Multi-Scalar Multiplication

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cuZK: Accelerating Zero-Knowledge Proof with A Faster Parallel Multi-Scalar Multiplication Algorithm on GPUs

Tao Lu, Chengkun Wei, Ruijing Yu, Yi Chen, Li Wang, Chaochao Chen, Zeke Wang, and Wenzhi Chen



ZPRIZE

Prizes

* General interest prize category for public goods which benefit multiple protocols/proof systems

OPEN DIVISION

Accelerating MSM Operations on GPU/FPGA

OPEN DIVISION

Accelerating NTT Operations on an FPGA

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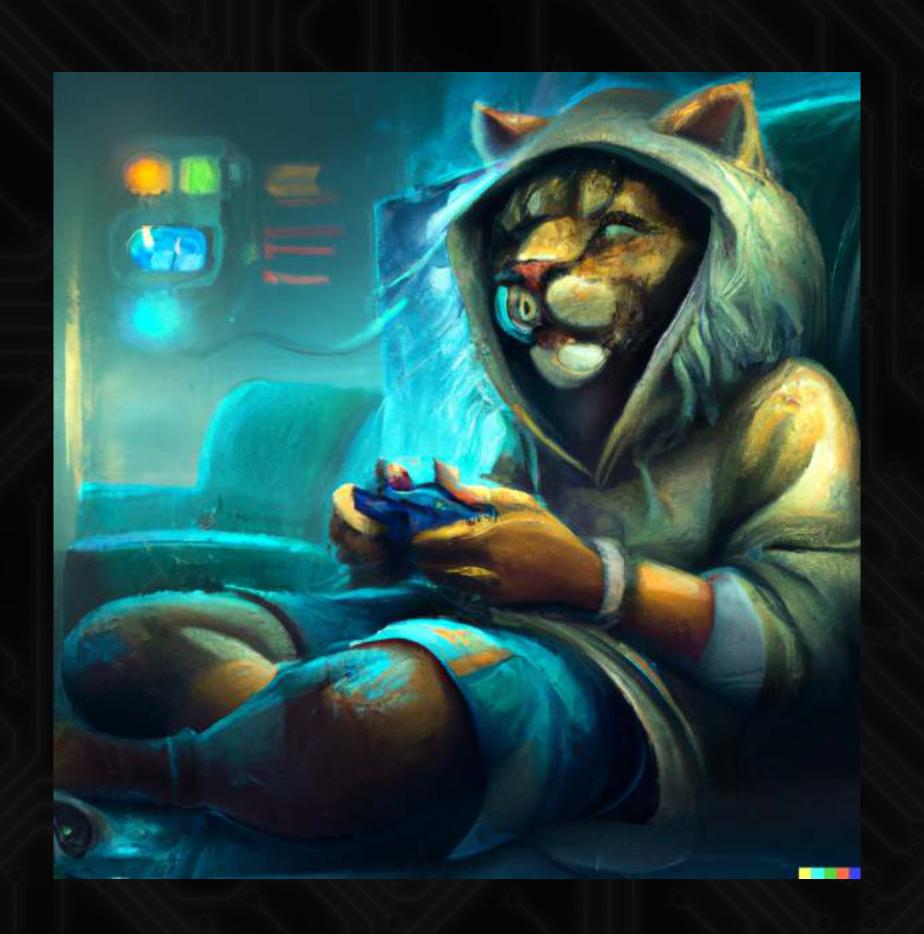
Plonk-DIZK GPU Acceleration

PRIZE AMOUNT \$1,250,000 USD \



Why Hardware Acceleration

A brief detour into gaming





Quake, 1997

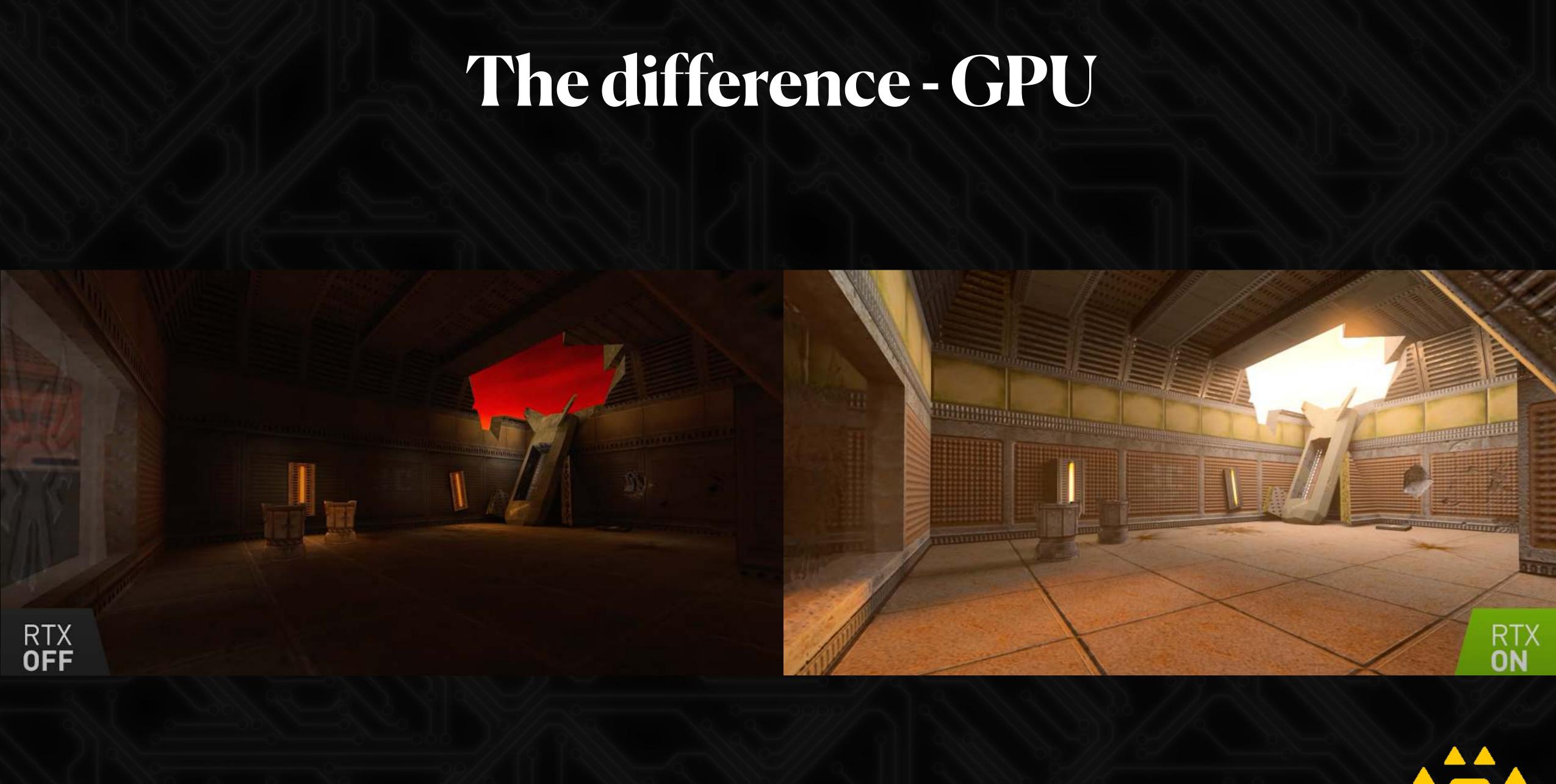




Call of Duty, 2022















• Two ways to run a multiplayer game: (1) client-server, (2) P2P





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- CryptoPunk ownership: 25[s] proof generation time [1]
- RISC-V ZKVM: 30k 1M instructions per second (70's computer speed)[2]
- ZK MLaaS of ImageNet scale inference: 2457[s] proving time at <80% accuracy [3]
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Zero-Knowledge Processing Unit





Zero-Knowledge Processing Unit

- 1. What goes into a ZPU? (hint: standardization can help)
- 2. What can be done until we have ZPUs?





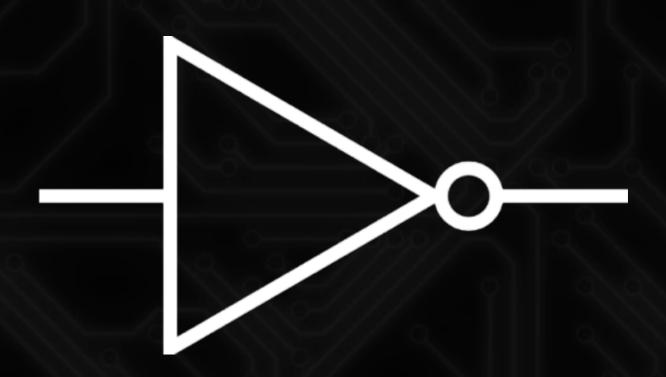


How to identify one when you see one?



How to identify one when you see one?

- AES-NI but for ZK
 - Fixed standardized algorithm vs. moving, evolving target
- A dedicated CPU
 - Good for integer and bitwise arithmetic, we work with finite fields





How to identify one when you see one?

- Chip for modular arithmetic {add, mul, inv}
 - What field? Can we add specific primitives?



ZPU

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- Elliptic curve(s) operations acceleration (MSM acceleration)
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Small area Less performance Less Power

Large area
More performance
More Power

Prioritized list for standardization for ZKProof6

Opinionated list!

- Finite Field/s arithmetic:
 - (e.g. 64bit prime vs. 256bit prime)
 - Elliptic Curve
- NTT-less (STARK vs. SNARK)
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- Vector operations:
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What can be done today?



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- Do Science
- Build solutions on existing Hardware









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f1.16xlarge	8	64	976	4 x 940	Yes	Yes	\$13.20



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- Open-source libraries: e.g. sppark, ec-gpu



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Open-source

cloud-ZK

A toolkit for developing ZKP acceleration in the cloud

Build



- Infra & Foundations
 - Prover-as-a-Service
 - Decentralized Prover-as-a-Service
 - ZK marketplace
 - · App-specific, e.g. Filecoin miner, Danksharding Builder
- Frameworks Integrations, e.g. Arkworks, Circom

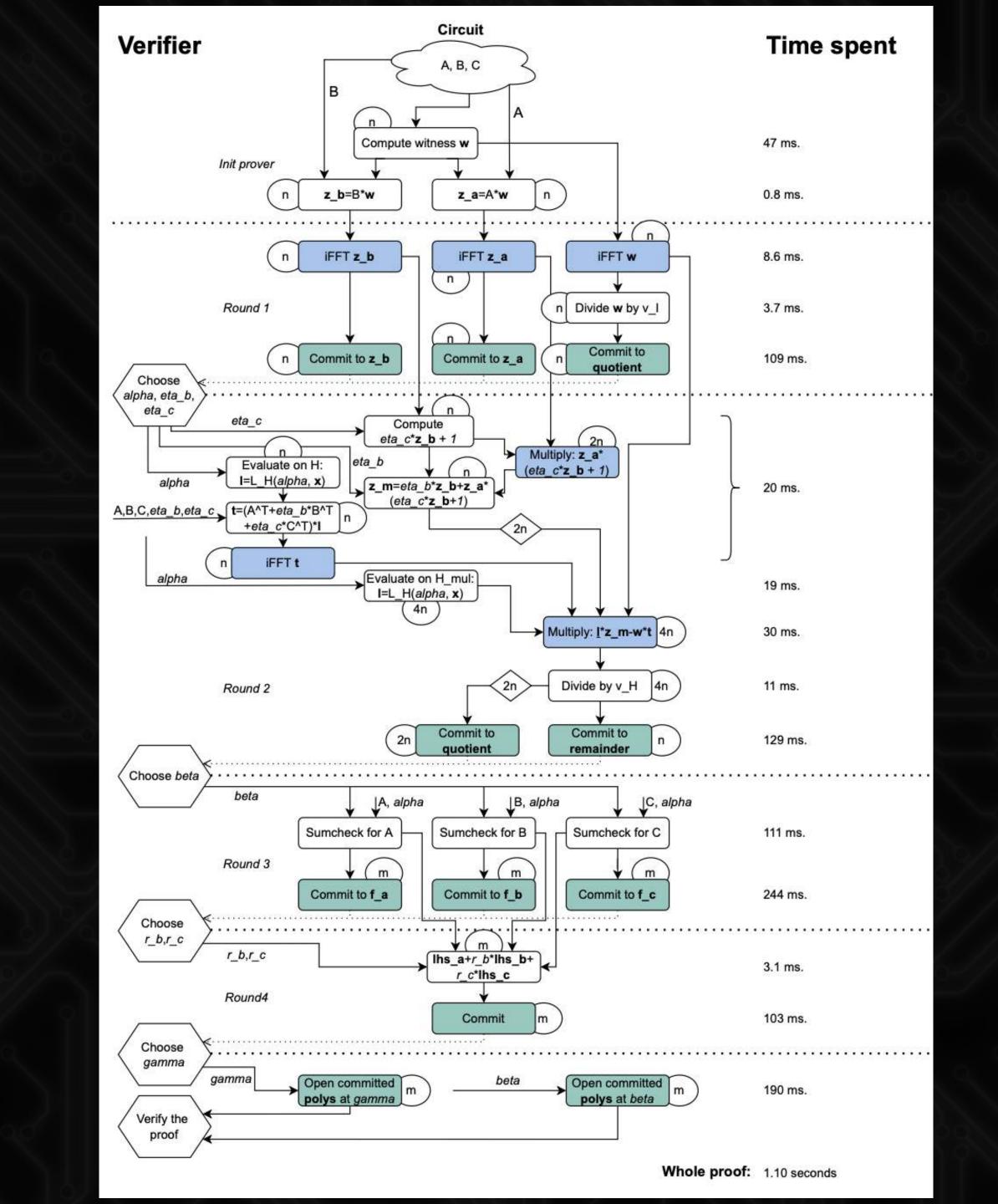


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CPU: 0.9 [proofs/sec]

HW: 8 [proofs/s





rapidsnark

rapid snark is a zkSnark proof generation written in C++ and intel assembly. That generates proofs created in circom and snarkjs very fast.

https://github.com/iden3/rapidsnark



- A popular tool chain for ZK applications
- Optimized Groth 16
 - BN254
 - 4 MSMs with G1, 1 MSM with G2, rest are NTTs
- Dev-ops: Beefy CPU instance.
- Rapid RapidSnark
 - replace CPU with GPU/FPGA in the cloud (AWS)
 - same cost (2 USD/h) or less

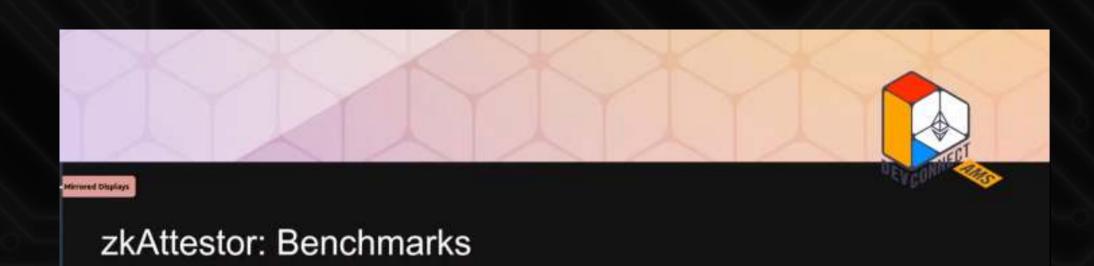


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Proving Key Size	418M	6.4G	7.8G
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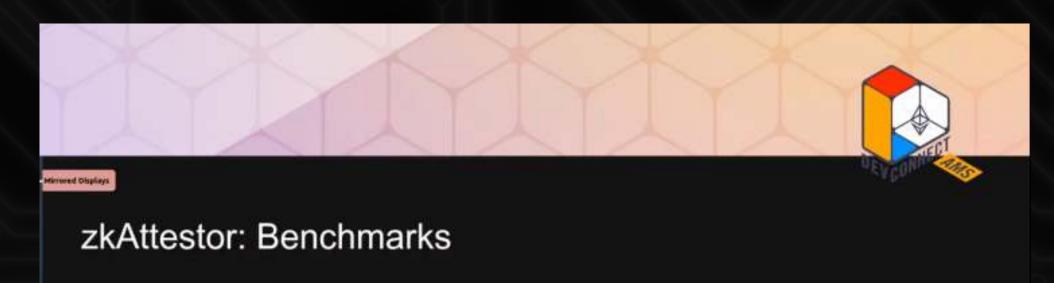


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- Accelerated: G1,G2,NTT
- Challenges:
 - Two elliptic curves
 - Hardware is not fully utilized
 - NTT grows $O(n \log(n))$, MSM grows O(n)
- Metric: Latency, Throughput
- Result: 5x improvement (open source soon)

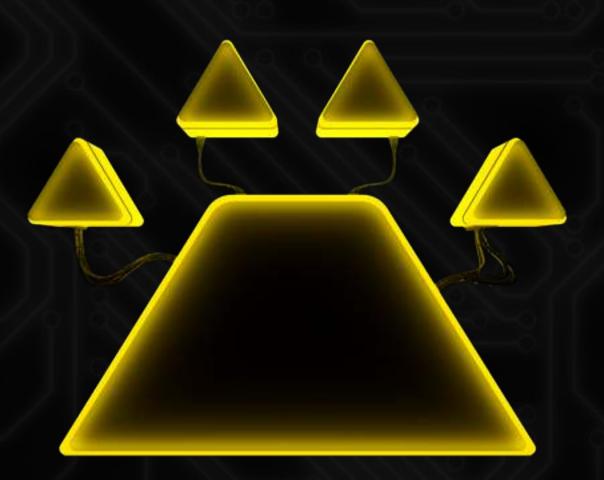


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INGONYAMA

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