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Angular momentum.

$$\vec{L} = \vec{r} \times \vec{p}$$

$$= \begin{vmatrix} \hat{e}_x & \hat{e}_y & \hat{e}_z \\ x & y & z \\ p_x & p_y & p_z \end{vmatrix}$$

$$= \hat{e}_x (\underbrace{yp_z - zp_y}_{L_x}) + \hat{e}_y (\underbrace{zp_x - xp_z}_{L_y}) + \hat{e}_z (\underbrace{xp_y - yp_x}_{L_z})$$

Operator identities

①  $[\hat{x}, \hat{p}_x] \psi = (\hat{x} \hat{p}_x - \hat{p}_x \hat{x}) \psi$   
Commutator.  
 $-\hbar \partial_x$

$$= -\hbar (x \partial_x \psi - \underbrace{\partial_x x \psi}_{= \psi + x \partial_x \psi})$$

$$= \hbar \psi$$

$$\Rightarrow [\hat{x}, \hat{p}_x] = \hbar$$

$$[\hat{y}, \hat{p}_y] = \hbar$$

$$[\hat{z}, \hat{p}_z] = \hbar$$

②  $[\hat{L}_x, \hat{L}_y] = \hat{L}_x \hat{L}_y - \hat{L}_y \hat{L}_x$

$$= -(y \hat{p}_z - z \hat{p}_y)(x \hat{p}_x - z \hat{p}_x) + (x \hat{p}_z - z \hat{p}_y)(y \hat{p}_z - z \hat{p}_y)$$

$$= \hbar \hat{L}_z$$

Similarly,  $[\hat{L}_y, \hat{L}_z] = \hbar \hat{L}_x$

$$= -y \hat{p}_z x \hat{p}_x + y \hat{p}_z z \hat{p}_x + z \hat{p}_y x \hat{p}_z - z \hat{p}_y z \hat{p}_x$$

$$+ x \hat{p}_z y \hat{p}_z - x \hat{p}_z z \hat{p}_y - z \hat{p}_x y \hat{p}_z + z \hat{p}_x z \hat{p}_y$$

$$= y \hat{p}_z z \hat{p}_x - x \hat{p}_z z \hat{p}_y + z \hat{p}_y x \hat{p}_z - z \hat{p}_x y \hat{p}_z$$

$$= y \hat{p}_x \hat{p}_z z - x \hat{p}_y \hat{p}_z z + x \hat{p}_y z \hat{p}_z - y \hat{p}_x z \hat{p}_z$$

$$= y \hat{p}_x [\hat{p}_z, z] - x \hat{p}_y [\hat{p}_z, z]$$

Likewise,  $\left. \begin{aligned} [\hat{L}_y, \hat{L}_z] &= i\hbar \hat{L}_x \\ [\hat{L}_z, \hat{L}_x] &= i\hbar \hat{L}_y \end{aligned} \right\} \text{Cyclic permutation.}$

$$\begin{aligned} &= y p_x p_z z - x p_y p_z z + x p_y z p_z - y p_x z p_z \\ &= y \hat{p}_x [\hat{p}_z, z] - x \hat{p}_y [\hat{p}_z, z] \\ &= i\hbar (x \hat{p}_y - y \hat{p}_x) \end{aligned}$$

③  $\hat{L}_{\pm} = \hat{L}_x \pm i\hat{L}_y$  : Ladder Operator.

$+$  : raising /  $-$  : lowering.

$$[\hat{L}_z, \hat{L}_{\pm}] = [\hat{L}_z, \hat{L}_x] \pm i[\hat{L}_z, \hat{L}_y]$$

$$= i\hbar \hat{L}_y \pm \hbar \hat{L}_x$$

$$= \pm \hbar (\hat{L}_x \pm i\hat{L}_y)$$

$$= \pm \hbar \hat{L}_{\pm}$$

④  $\hat{L}^2 = \hat{L}_x^2 + \hat{L}_y^2 + \hat{L}_z^2$

$$[\hat{L}^2, \hat{L}_z] = [\hat{L}_x^2, \hat{L}_z] + [\hat{L}_y^2, \hat{L}_z] + [\hat{L}_z^2, \hat{L}_z]$$

$$= \hat{L}_x [\hat{L}_x, \hat{L}_z] + [\hat{L}_x, \hat{L}_z] \hat{L}_x + \hat{L}_y [\hat{L}_y, \hat{L}_z] + [\hat{L}_y, \hat{L}_z] \hat{L}_y$$

$$= -i\hbar (\hat{L}_x \hat{L}_y + \hat{L}_y \hat{L}_x) + i\hbar (\hat{L}_y \hat{L}_x + \hat{L}_x \hat{L}_y)$$

$$= 0.$$


⑤  $\hat{L}_+ \hat{L}_- = (\hat{L}_x + i\hat{L}_y)(\hat{L}_x - i\hat{L}_y)$

$$= \hat{L}_x^2 + \hat{L}_y^2 - i[\hat{L}_x, \hat{L}_y]$$

$$= \hat{L}_x^2 + \hat{L}_y^2 + \hbar \hat{L}_z$$

$$= \hat{L}^2 - \hat{L}_z^2 + \hbar \hat{L}_z$$

$$\leadsto \hat{L}^2 = \hat{L}_+ \hat{L}_- + \hat{L}_z^2 + \hbar \hat{L}_z$$



$$L = rp = \frac{m\lambda}{2\pi} \cdot \frac{h}{\lambda} = m\hbar$$

$$2\pi r = m\lambda$$

$$\hat{L}_z \phi_m = m\hbar \phi_m$$

$$\begin{aligned} \hat{L}_z (\hat{L}_+ \phi_m) &= ([\hat{L}_z, \hat{L}_+] + \hat{L}_+ \hat{L}_z) \phi_m \\ &= (m+1)\hbar (\hat{L}_+ \phi_m) \end{aligned}$$

$$\hat{L}_z (\hat{L}_- \phi_m) = (m-1)\hbar (\hat{L}_- \phi_m)$$

: Ladder Operator...

m value  $\rightarrow$  limitation...?!

$\Downarrow$

Total angular momentum Conservation.

$$\hat{L}^2 = \hat{L}_x^2 + \hat{L}_y^2 + \hat{L}_z^2 = \hbar^2 K^2$$

$$\leadsto m^2 \leq K^2$$

$$-K \leq m \leq K \rightarrow m_{\min} \text{ \& \; } m_{\max}$$

$$\text{If } m = m_{\max}$$

$$\text{If } m = m_{\min}$$

$$\hat{L}_+ \phi_{m_{\max}} = 0$$

$$\hat{L}_- \phi_{m_{\min}} = 0$$