ITERATIVE CLOSEST POINT

mim d+(i(x),Y)
ieso(R3)

min max d(i(x), y) = min max llicx)-yllz ieiso(x3) xex

- · 1° imiticlization
- · compute W(i) NEAREST NEIGHBOURS org mm lli(x)-yllz
- · itta = ICP colculus
- · Repeat

IT OUTPUT (it) -> RIGID TRANSFORMATION, COPRESPONDENCE. (GOOD i°)