

CSE 351 Section 2

C Debugging with GDB
<http://goo.gl/3dHdz>

What is GDB?

- GNU Project Debugger
- Offers four basic functionalities
 - Runs your program
 - Allows you to set breakpoints to stop execution
 - Allows you to inspect the state of your program once execution is stopped
 - Lets you fix bugs within GDB
- The sooner you get comfortable with GDB, the easier this class will be

C-level Debugging

- GDB has many advanced features
- Today we will cover the top level of GDB
 - Running your program
 - Stepping through C code
 - Setting breakpoints in C code
 - Examining variable values
 - Examining locations in memory

Compile Program for GDB

- When compiling with gcc, use the `-g` flag
`gcc -g <source.c> -o <name>`

Running GDB

- To start up GDB, simply run
`gdb <executable>`
- Once GDB has started up, type `run` to execute your program from within GDB
- To exit GDB, type `quit`

Stepping Through C

- When our program is paused, we need to step to the next instruction:
- Execute one or several C statements
`step` or `step <# to skip>`
- Execute one assembly command
`stepi` or `stepi <# to skip>`

Setting Breakpoints

- If you just `run` your program, it keeps going until completion without stopping.
- Breakpoints allow us to pause at various parts of our program.
- Stop when we reach a certain function:
`break <function-name>`
- Stop when we reach an instruction address:

Examining Program State

Two main ways to look at variables:

- By value (print):
`print <var-name>`
Also: `print /x`, `print /d`, `print /t`
- By address (x):
`x <address>` ex: x
`0xFFABCDEF`
Also: `x /x`, `x /d`

Example debugging run

Sample file:

<http://goo.gl/tfT5a>

wget http://www.cs.washington.edu/education/courses/cse351/12au/section-slides/gdb_example.c

To compile:

```
gcc -g gdb_example.c -o gdb_ex
```

Debugging commands:

<http://goo.gl/LcQfF>

GDB Cheatsheet(s)

Should be very useful for the next lab

<http://csapp.cs.cmu.edu/public/docs/gdbnotes-x86-64.pdf>

(may add more later)