DS&AI

Warehousing

Data Normalization, Concept Hierarchy, Data Compression

- **Q1** Data normalization in data warehousing is primarily used to:
 - (A) Increase redundancy
 - (B) Organize data in a way that reduces duplication
 - (C) Speed up query execution
 - (D) Aggregate data
- **Q2** Which of the following is the primary goal of normalizing data in a relational database?
 - (A) Improve data retrieval speed
 - (B) Reduce data redundancy
 - (C) Increase complexity of the database
 - (D) Simplify database design
- **Q3** What is the purpose of concept hierarchies in a data warehouse?
 - (A) To categorize data into different levels of abstraction
 - (B) To filter data based on time
 - (C) To aggregate large amounts of data
 - (D) To normalize the data for faster queries
- **Q4** Which of the following is an example of a concept hierarchy in a sales database?
 - (A) Year \rightarrow Quarter \rightarrow Month \rightarrow Day
 - (B) Product ID → Product Name
 - (C) Customer Address → Customer Name
 - (D) Price \rightarrow Discount \rightarrow Tax
- **Q5** What is the primary advantage of using data normalization in a database?
 - (A) Faster query execution
 - (B) Reduced data redundancy and improved data integrity
 - (C) Improved data compression
 - (D) Easier data migration

- **Q6** In data warehousing, a "concept hierarchy" enables:
 - (A) Faster data updates
 - (B) Easier data compression
 - (C) The representation of data at different levels of granularity
 - (D) The application of normalization techniques
- Q7 Data compression in the context of data warehousing refers to:
 - (A) Reducing the size of data without losing information
 - (B) Organizing data into different hierarchies
 - (C) Aggregating data for faster reporting
 - (D) Normalizing data to reduce redundancy
- **Q8** Which of the following is a popular technique used for data compression in databases?
 - (A) Normalization
 - (B) Huffman encoding
 - (C) Indexing
 - (D) Clustering
- **Q9** Which of the following is not a benefit of data normalization?
 - (A) Reduced data redundancy
 - (B) Improved data integrity
 - (C) Increased data size
 - (D) Easier data management



11/25/24, 7:09 PM GATE_DPP

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Answer Key

Q1	(B)	Q6	(C)
Q2	(B)	Q6 Q7 Q8 Q9	(A)
Q3	(A)	Q8	(B)
Q4	(A)	Q9	(C)
Q5	(B)		



11/25/24, 7:09 PM GATE_DPP

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Hints & Solutions

Q1 Text Solution:

Organize data in a way that reduces duplication

Q2 Text Solution:

Reduce data redundancy

Q3 Text Solution:

To categorize data into different levels of abstraction

Q4 Text Solution:

Year \rightarrow Quarter \rightarrow Month \rightarrow Day

Q5 Text Solution:

Reduced data redundancy and improved data integrity

Q6 Text Solution:

The representation of data at different levels of granularity

Q7 Text Solution:

Reducing the size of data without losing information

Q8 Text Solution:

Huffman encoding

Q9 Text Solution:

Increased data size

