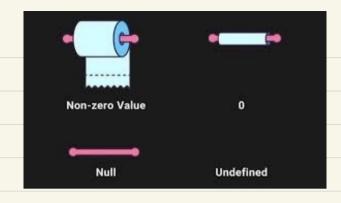


Datatypes In JS

Numbers - 8, -10, 33, 4.562, 0, -0, NaN s) Strings - "hello world"

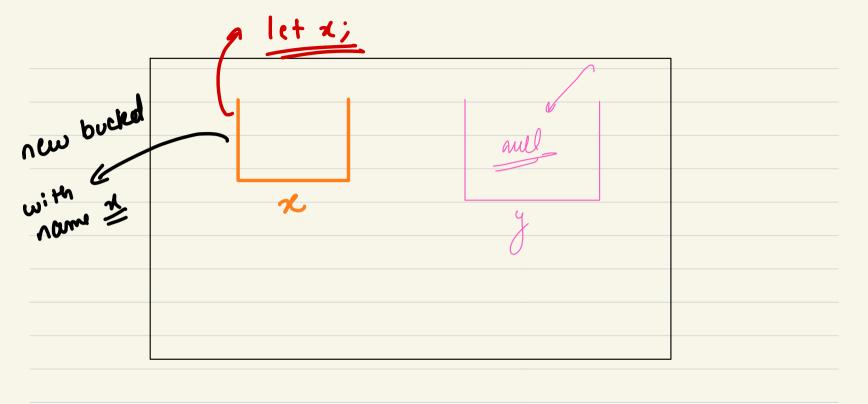
3) Boolian → Kue
false



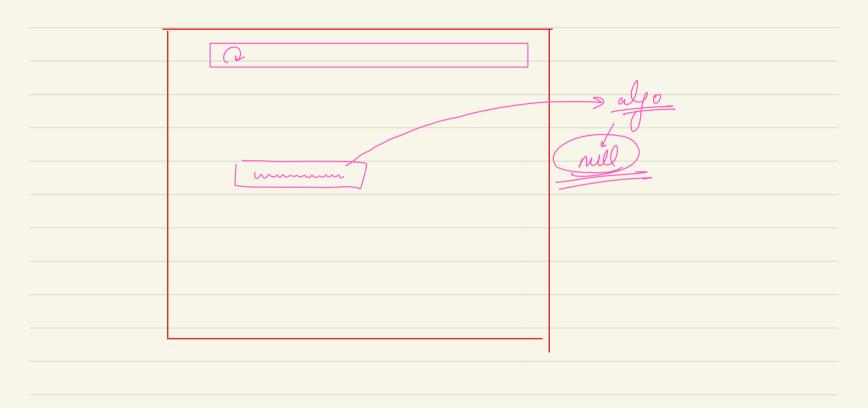


4) rul 7 rull supresents no value or nothey. i.e., variable is declared & defined also but well an empty value i.e. rull

undefined > it shows a variable who has been declared but never defend.

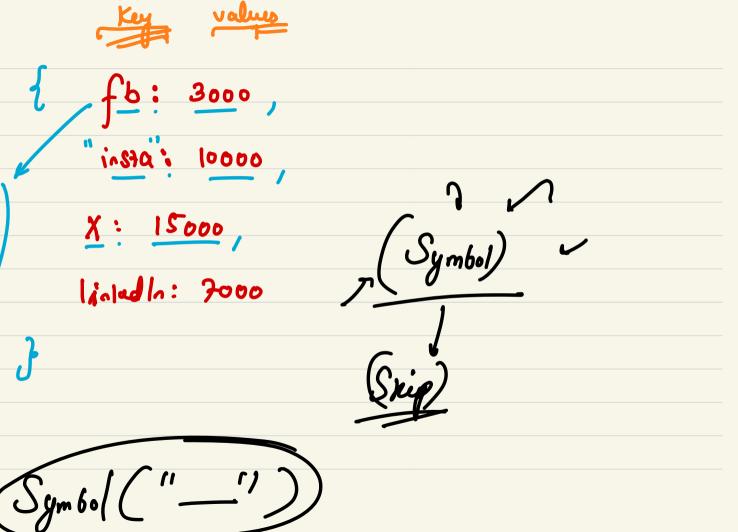


let usur



6) Biglat

In Js (as per my latere info) a normal number can 8 bre maximum $(2^{53}-1)$ and minimum $(-2^{53}-1)$ for numbers beyond this range, me use 6:9 int. To make a no. Bigint, we write the number & append a 'n' at last. let x= 312506899999998ff8n;



using programming lang. we can do computations.

> Operators >

Operators are Symbols that can do Some Computation

or calculation. CN + , - , == , *

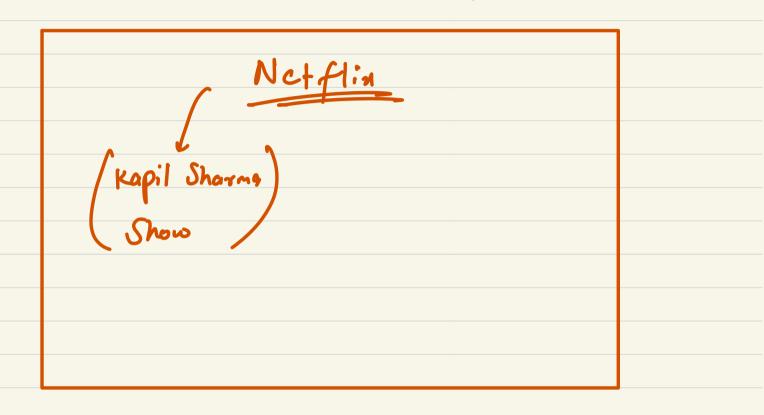
this plus aperator if used with 2 numbers adds

und inder sumbers. # Arithmetic Operators \rightarrow add α and 3 $\theta + 3$ 2 - 3 - subhact & and 3 2 * 3 > multiply 2 and 3 you the quo tient. 2 / 3

2 (90; 3 -> remainder g divisies g 2 & 3 -> calculate 23

assignment Operator: let $\chi = 10$; these help us to assign value. Lo a Variable. = -> quels -> 1et x = 10; let x = 10; you want he add 5 to a Se store the result 50 x.

let x = 10. -10-y=x+5; Second way let 2=10; x = x + 5; 3rd way let x=10; Shortcut 2 += 5 ;



-> only those users who ->

1) our regis tend on netflin, AND

2) those who have paid for subscription AND

logical operators Logical Comp S AND OR NOT & & -> operands of a logical operator are always
boolean. If we donot pass boolean then
)S automatically convert them to boolean. AND

z && y false -> false false -> false false treu - false fales tru fru Fru

08

ん -> false folse false +84 false folu try MW + ru

not 0 false hue false free