

CSCI 2610 Homework 2

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Section 1.4

Question 10

- (a) $\exists x(C(x) \wedge D(x) \wedge F(x))$
- (b) $\forall x(C(x) \vee D(x) \vee F(x))$
- (c) $\exists x(C(x) \wedge F(x) \wedge \neg D(x))$
- (d) $\forall x(\neg C(x) \vee \neg D(x) \vee \neg F(x))$
- (e) $\exists x C(x) \wedge \exists x D(x) \wedge \exists x F(x)$

Question 28

Let:

- x is "everything"
- $T(x)$ is "x is a tool"
- $P(x)$ is "x is in the correct place"
- $C(x)$ is "x is in excellent condition"

The logical expressions are as follows:

- (a) $\exists x(\neg P(x))$
- (b) $\forall x(T(x) \rightarrow (P(x) \wedge C(x)))$
- (c) $\forall x(P(x) \wedge C(x))$
- (d) $\forall x(\neg P(x) \vee \neg C(x))$
- (e) $\exists x(T(x) \wedge \neg P(x) \wedge C(x))$

Question 36

- (a) $\exists x(x \leq -2 \vee x \geq 3)$
- (b) $\exists x(x < 0 \vee x \geq 5)$
- (c) $\forall x(x < -4 \vee x > 1)$
- (d) $\forall x(x \leq -5 \vee x \geq -1)$

Section 1.5

Question 8

- (a) $\exists x \exists y Q(x, y)$
- (b) $\forall x \forall y \neg Q(x, y)$
- (c) $\exists x (Q(x, \text{Jeopardy!}) \wedge Q(x, \text{Wheel of Fortune}))$
- (d) $\forall y \exists x Q(x, y)$
- (e) $\exists x_1 \exists x_2 (Q(x_1, \text{Jeopardy!}) \wedge Q(x_2, \text{Jeopardy!}) \wedge (x_1 \neq x_2))$

Question 28

- (a) True
- (b) False
- (c) True
- (d) False
- (e) True
- (f) False
- (g) True
- (h) False
- (i) True
- (j) True

Question 30

- (a) $\forall y \forall x \neg P(x, y)$
- (b) $\exists x \forall y \neg P(x, y)$
- (c) $\forall y (\neg Q(y) \vee \exists x R(x, y))$
- (d) $\forall y (\forall x \neg R(x, y) \wedge \exists x \neg S(x, y))$
- (e) $\forall y (\exists x \forall z \neg T(x, y, z) \wedge \forall x \exists z \neg U(x, y, z))$

Section 1.6

Question 4

- (a) *Simplification*
- (b) *Disjunctive Syllogism*
- (c) *Modus Ponens*
- (d) *Addition*
- (e) *Hypothetical Syllogism*

Question 10.a

- | | |
|-------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| 1. $w \rightarrow (s \vee p)$ | <i>Premise</i> |
| 2. $\neg w$ | <i>Premise</i> |
| 3. $\neg s$ | <i>Modus Tollens (1 & 2)</i> |
| 4. $h \rightarrow s$ | <i>Premise</i> |
| 5. $\neg h$ | <i>Modus Tollens (4 & 3)</i> |

Question 10.b

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|--|----------------------------------|
| 1. $W(x) \rightarrow (S(x) \vee P(x))$ | <i>Premise</i> |
| 2. $W(M) \vee W(F)$ | <i>Premise</i> |
| 3. $\neg S(T)$ | <i>Premise</i> |
| 4. $\neg P(F)$ | <i>Premise</i> |
| 5. $W(F) \rightarrow (S(F) \vee P(F))$ | <i>From Premise 1 for F</i> |
| 6. $S(F)$ | <i>Modus Tollens (4 & 5)</i> |

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|--|--|
| 7. $W(M)$ | <i>Disjunctive Syllogism (2 & 4)</i> |
| 8. $W(M) \rightarrow (S(M) \vee P(M))$ | <i>From Premise 1 for M</i> |
| 9. $W(M) \wedge (P(M) \vee S(M))$ | <i>Conclusion</i> |

Question 10.c

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|---------------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| 1. $\forall x(I(x) \rightarrow L(x))$ | <i>Premise</i> |
| 2. $I(d)$ | <i>Premise</i> |
| 3. $\neg L(s)$ | <i>Premise</i> |
| 4. $E(s, d)$ | <i>Premise</i> |
| 5. $I(s) \rightarrow L(s)$ | <i>Universal Instantiation (1)</i> |
| 6. $L(d)$ | <i>Modus Ponens (2 & 5)</i> |
| 7. $\neg I(s)$ | <i>Modus Tollens (3 & 6)</i> |

Question 16.a

- | | |
|---------------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| 1. $\forall x(E(x) \rightarrow D(x))$ | <i>Premise</i> |
| 2. $\neg D(Mia)$ | <i>Premise</i> |
| 3. $\neg E(Mia)$ | <i>Modus Tollens (1 & 2)</i> |

Conclusion: Correct. Mia is not enrolled in the university.

Question 16.b

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|----------------------------|----------------|
| 1. $C(x) \rightarrow F(x)$ | <i>Premise</i> |
| 2. $\neg C(Isaac's\ car)$ | <i>Premise</i> |
| 3. <i>Logical Fallacy</i> | |

Conclusion: Incorrect. The fact that Isaac's car is not a convertible does not imply it is not fun to drive.

Question 16.c

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|---------------------------------------|----------------|
| 1. $Q \rightarrow A(x)$ | <i>Premise</i> |
| 2. $Q \rightarrow L(Eight\ Men\ Out)$ | <i>Premise</i> |
| 3. <i>Logical Fallacy</i> | |

Conclusion: Incorrect. Liking the movie does not necessarily mean it is an action movie.

Question 16.d

1. $\forall x(L(x) \rightarrow T(x))$ *Premise*
2. $L(Hamilton)$ *Premise*
3. $T(Hamilton)$ *Universal Instantiation (1 & 2)*

Conclusion: Correct. Hamilton sets at least a dozen traps.

Question 28

1. $\forall x(P(x) \vee Q(x))$ *Premise 1*
2. $\forall x((\neg P(x) \wedge Q(x)) \rightarrow R(x))$ *Premise 2*
3. $(P(T) \vee Q(T))$ *UI (1)*
4. $((\neg P(T) \wedge Q(T)) \rightarrow R(T))$ *UI (2)*
5. $\neg R(T) \rightarrow (P(T) \vee \neg Q(T))$ *Contrapositive (4)*
6. $\neg R(x) \rightarrow P(x)$ *Disjunction (3 & 5)*
7. $\forall x(\neg R(x) \rightarrow P(x))$ *UG (6)*