

AUTOMOTIVE SPICE® v3.0 HIS-SCOPE*

* under discussion (as of October 2015)

Process attributes and capability Levels

LEVEL	PROCESS ATTRIBUTES	PERFORMANCE DESCRIPTION
5	Innovating PA 5.1 Process Innovation PA 5.2 Process Optimization	The previously described predictable process is now continually improved to respond to organizational change.
4	Predictable PA 4.1 Quantitative Analysis PA 4.2 Quantitative Control	The previously described established process now operates predictively within defined limits to achieve its process outcomes. Quantitative management needs are identified, measurement data are collected and analyzed to identify assignable causes of variation. Corrective action is taken to address assignable causes of variation.
3	Established PA 3.1 Process Definition PA 3.2 Process Deployment	The previously described managed process is now implemented using a defined process that is capable of achieving its process outcomes.
2	Managed PA 2.1 Performance Management Pa 2.2 Work Product Management	The previously described performed process is now implemented in a managed fashion (planned, monitored and adjusted) and its work products are appropriately established, controlled and maintained.
1	Performed PA 1.1 Process Performance	The implemented process achieves its process purpose.
0	Incomplete	The process is not implemented, or fails to achieve its process purpose

Generic practices

LEVEL 5 – Innovating process	
LEVEL 4 – Predictable process	
LEVEL 3 – Established process	
PA 3.1	Process definition process attribute <i>The process definition process attribute is a measure of the extent to which a standard process is maintained to support the deployment of the defined process.</i>
GP 3.1.1	Define and maintain the standard process that will support the deployment of the defined process.
GP 3.1.2	Determine the sequence and interaction between processes so that they work as an integrated system of processes.
GP 3.1.3	Identify the roles and competencies, responsibilities, and authorities for performing the standard process.
GP 3.1.4	Identify the required infrastructure and work environment for performing the standard process
GP 3.1.5	Determine suitable methods and measures to monitor the effectiveness and suitability of the standard process.
PA 3.2	Process deployment attribute <i>The process deployment process attribute is a measure of the extent to which the standard process is deployed as a defined process to achieve its process outcomes.</i>
GP 3.2.1	Deploy a defined process that satisfies the context specific requirements of the use of the standard process.
GP 3.2.2	Assign and communicate roles, responsibilities and authorities for performing the defined process.
GP 3.2.3	Ensure necessary competencies for performing the defined process.
GP 3.2.4	Provide resources and information to support the performance of the defined process.
GP 3.2.5	Provide adequate process infrastructure to support the performance of the defined process.
GP 3.2.6	Collect and analyze data about performance of the process to demonstrate its suitability and effectiveness.
LEVEL 2 – Managed process	
PA 2.1	Performance management process attribute <i>The performance management process attribute is a measure of the extent to which the performance of the process is managed.</i>
GP 2.1.1	Identify the objectives for the performance of the process.
GP 2.1.2	Plan the performance of the process to fulfill the identified objectives.
GP 2.1.3	Monitor the performance of the process against the plans.
GP 2.1.4	Adjust the performance of the process.
GP 2.1.5	Define responsibilities and authorities for performing the process.
GP 2.1.6	Identify, prepare, and make available resources to perform the process according to plan.
GP 2.1.7	Manage the interfaces between involved parties.
PA 2.2	Work product management process attribute <i>The work product management process attribute is a measure of the extent to which the work products produced by the process are appropriately managed.</i>
GP 2.2.1	Define the requirements for the work products.
GP 2.2.2	Define the requirements for documentation and control of the work products.
GP 2.2.3	Identify, document and control the work products.
GP 2.2.4	Review and adjust work products to meet the defined requirements.
LEVEL 1 – Performed process	
PA 1.1	Process performance process attribute <i>The process performance attribute is a measure of the extent to which the process purpose is achieved.</i>
GP 1.1.1	Achieve the process outcomes

Management Process Group

MAN.3 – Project Management

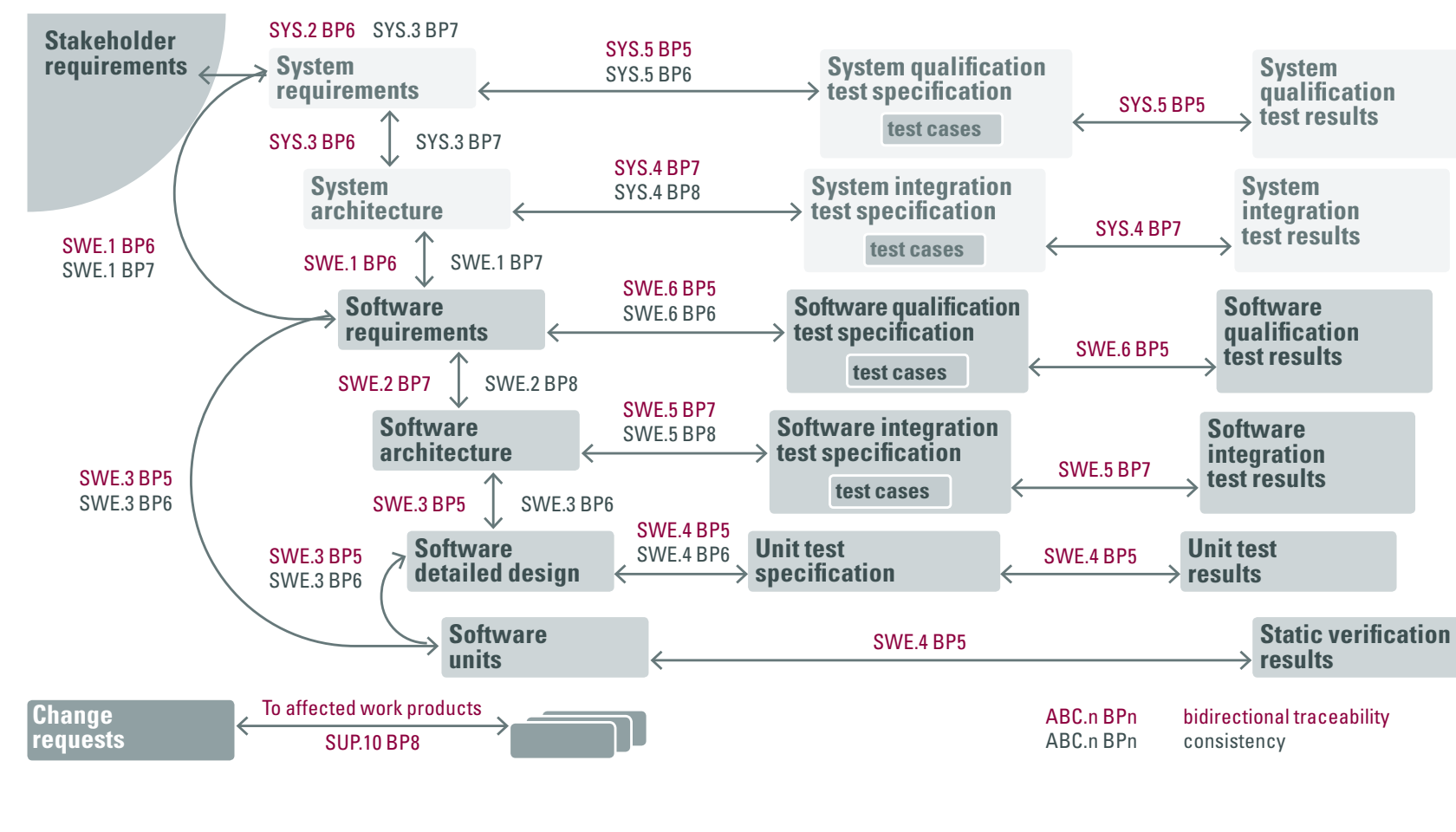
BP1	Define the scope of work.	BP6	Ensure required skills, knowledge, and experience.
BP2	Define project life cycle.	BP7	Identify, monitor and adjust project interfaces
BP3	Evaluate feasibility of the project.		and agreed commitments.
BP4	Define, monitor and adjust project activities.	BP8	Define, monitor and adjust project schedule.
BP5	Determine, monitor and adjust project estimates and resources.	BP9	Ensure consistency.
		BP10	Review and report progress of the project.

Aquisition Process Group

ACQ.4 – Supplier Monitoring

BP1	Agree on and maintain joint processes, joint interfaces, and information to be exchanged.	BP3	Review technical development with the supplier.
		BP4	Review progress of the supplier.
BP2	Exchange all agreed information.	BP5	Act to correct deviations.

Bidirectional traceability and consistency



Automotive SPICE® as a basis for functional safety

By implementing Automotive SPICE®, a large part of the ISO 26262 requirements can also be fulfilled. The tables below display the Automotive SPICE® support for an ISO 26262 implementation.

Automotive SPICE - extended IHS Scope		ISO 26262
SYS1 Requirements Elicitation	Item definition (detailed level)	
SYS2 System Requirements Analysis	Functional safety concept	
	Specification of the technical safety requirements	
	Specification and management of safety requirements	
SYS3 System Architectural Design	System design	
SWE1 Software Requirements Analysis	Specification of software safety requirements	
SWE2 Software Architectural Design	Software architectural design	
SWE3 Software Detailed Design and Unit Construction	Software unit design & implementation	
SWE4 Software Unit Verification	Software unit testing	
SWE5 Software Integration and Integration Test	Software integration & testing	
SWE6 Software Qualification Test	Verification of software safety requirements	
SYS4 System Integration and Integration Test	Item integration and testing	
SYS5 System Qualification Testing	--	
ACQ4 Supplier Monitoring	Interfaces within distributed developments	
SPL2 Product Release	Release for production	
MAN3 Project Management	Safety management during the concept phase and the product development	
	Item definition (top level)	
	Initiation of the safety lifecycle	
	Initiation of product development at the system level	
	Initiation of product development at the hardware level	
	Initiation of product development at the software level	
MAN5 Risk Management	--	
SUP1 Quality Assurance	Safety management during the concept phase and the product development	
	Functional safety assessment	
SUP2 Verification	Verification	
SUP4 Joint Review	--	
SUP7 Documentation	Documentation	
SUP8 Configuration Management	Configuration management	
SUP9 Problem Resolution Management	--	
SUP10 Change Management	Change management	
REU2 Reuse Program Management	--	

strong support
medium support
weak support

KUGLER MAAG CIE GmbH
Leibnizstraße 11
70806 Kornwestheim
Germany
+49 7154 1796 100

KUGLER MAAG CIE North America Inc
Columbia Center No 387, Suite 1447
101 West Big Beaver, Troy, MI 48084
USA
+1 248 687 1210

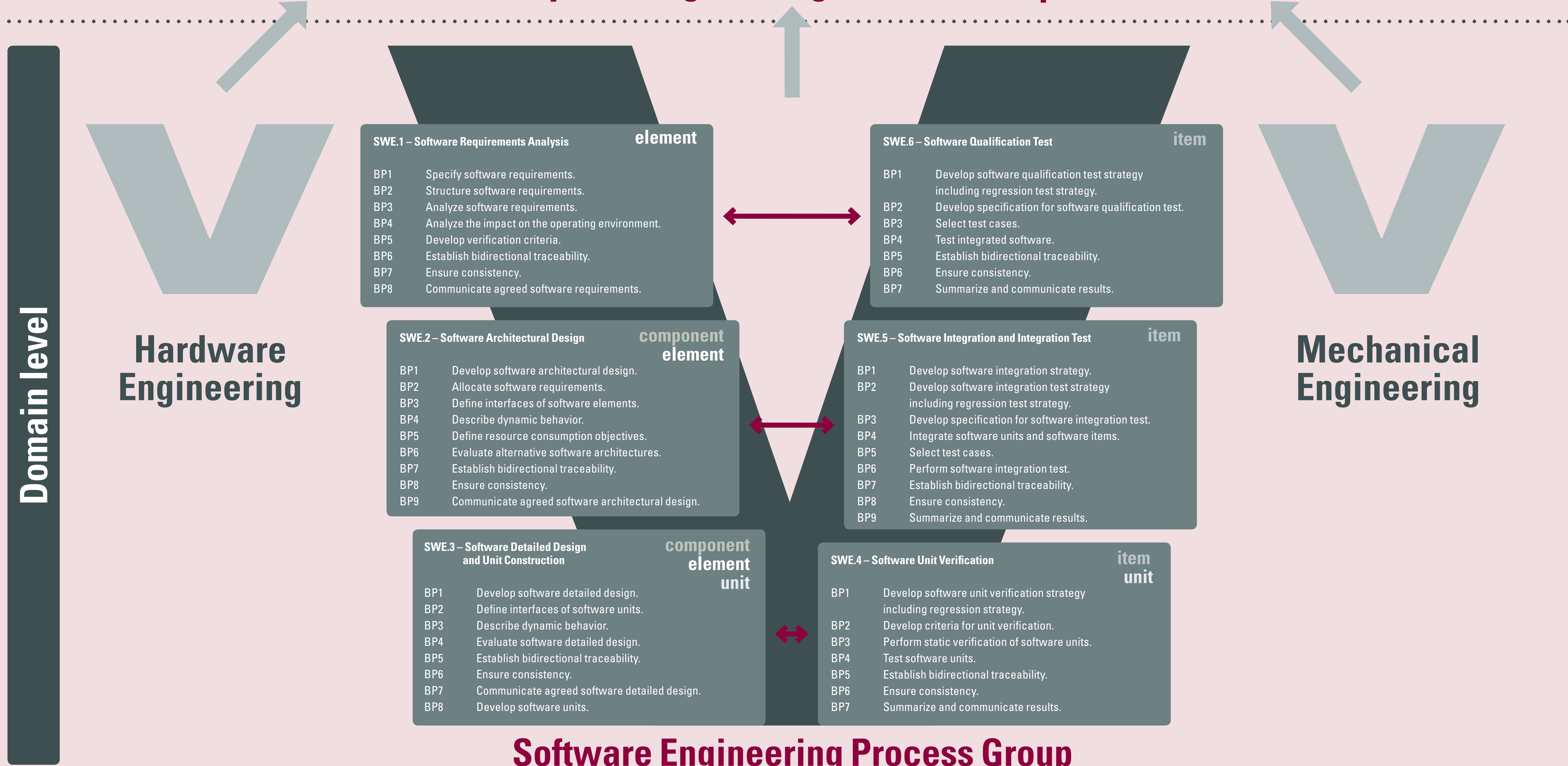


information@kuglermaag.com
www.kuglermaag.com

usa@kuglermaag.com
www.kuglermaag.com

ISBN-13 978-3-945547-17-5

System Engineering Process Group



Supporting Process Group

SUP.1 – Quality Assurance

BP1	Develop a project quality assurance strategy.
BP2	Assure quality of work products.
BP3	Assure quality of process activities.
BP4	Summarize and communicate quality assurance activities and results.
BP5	Ensure resolution of non-conformances.
BP6	Implement an escalation mechanism.

SUP.8 – Configuration Management

BP1	Develop a configuration management strategy.
BP2	Identify configuration items.
BP3	Establish a configuration management system.
BP4	Establish branch management strategy.
BP5	Control modifications and releases.
BP6	Establish baselines.
BP7	Report configuration status.
BP8	Verify the information about configured items.
BP9	Manage the storage of configuration items and baselines.

SUP.9 – Problem Resolution Management

BP1	Develop a problem resolution management strategy.
BP2	Identify and record the problem.
BP3	Record the status of problems.
BP4	Diagnose the cause and determine the impact of the problem.
BP5	Authorize urgent resolution action.
BP6	Raise alert notifications.
BP7	Initiate problem resolution.
BP8	Track problems to closure.
BP9	Analyze problem trends.

SUP.10 – Change Request Management

BP1	Develop a change request management strategy.
BP2	Identify and record the change requests.
BP3	Record the status of change requests.
BP4	Analyze and assess change requests.
BP5	Approve change requests before implementation.
BP6	Review the implementation of change requests.
BP7	Track change requests to closure.
BP8	Establish bidirectional traceability.

