Bitwise Questions

Notes:

- This Assignment needs the application of concepts of operators, control flow constructs, macro, functions.
- Write functions wherever necessary.
- All programs should follow *C-11 standard* and *GESL coding guidelines*.
- Use -Wall and -Wstrict-prototypes options while compiling to arrest any warnings.

Conventions:

p – bit position, s – source bit position, d – destination bit position, n – number of bits, num – number, snum – source number, dnum – destination number.
 Position (p) starts with 0 from the right. For e.g.,

p :7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0 **num** :1 1 1 0 0 1 0 0

- Right-adjusted means from given position, continue right. In the above example, extracting 3 bits (right adjusted) from pos 4 returns 001.
- Leading means left side and trailing means right side. In the above example, Count of leading set bits 3 (3 leading 1's from left), count of leading cleared bits 0 (as leading bit starts with 1), count of trailing set bits 0 (as trailing bit starts with 0) and count of trailing cleared bits 2 (2 trailing 0's from right).
- 1. Write a function:

unsigned int swap_bits_within (unsigned int num, unsigned int s, unsigned int d) that returns num with bits s and d swapped, leaving other bits unchanged.

2. Write a function:

that swaps bit values between **s** in number **snum** and **d** in number **dnum**, leaving other bits unchanged. The function returns 0 if successful, else -1.

3. Write a function:

unsigned int copy_bits (unsigned int snum, unsigned int dnum,
unsigned int n

unsigned int s, unsigned int d) that returns dnum with n bits (right adjusted) copied from s in snum to d in dnum.

- 4. Write the following functions:
 - a. Toggle even bits: unsigned int toggle_even_bits (unsigned int num);
 - b. Toggle odd bits: *unsigned int toggle_odd_bits (unsigned int num);* which will toggle all the even bits and all the odd bits respectively.
- 5. Write a macro:

#define test_set_bit (num, p) that test and set a bit position p in a number.

- 6. Write the following functions:
 - a. *unsigned int left_rotate_bits (unsigned int num, unsigned int n)* that returns the value of *num* rotated to the left by *n* positions.
 - b. unsigned int right_rotate_bits (unsigned int num, unsigned int n) that returns the value of num rotated to the right by n positions.

- 7. Write the following functions:
 - a. unsigned int count_set_bits (unsigned int num)
 - b. unsigned int count_clear_bits (unsigned int num)

that returns the count of number of bits set and number of bits cleared in *num* respectively.

- 8. Write the following functions:
 - a. *unsigned int count_leading_set_bits (unsigned int num)* returns the number of leading set bits
 - b. *unsigned int count_leading_clear_bits (unsigned int num)* returns the number of leading cleared bits
 - c. unsigned int count_trailing_set_bits (unsigned int num) returns the number of trailing set bits
 - d. *unsigned int count_trailing_clear_bits (unsigned int num)* returns the number of trailing cleared bits
- 9. Write macros for the following, using bitwise operations to:
 - a. find maximum and minimum of two numbers.
 - b. clear right most set bit/s in a number.
 - c. clear left most set bit/s in a number.
 - d. set right most cleared bit/s in a number.
 - e. set left most cleared bit/s in a number.
 - f. set bit/s from bit position **s** to bit position **d** in a number and clear all the rest.
 - g. clear bit/s from bit position \mathbf{s} to bit position \mathbf{d} in a number and set all the
 - h. toggle bit/s from bit position **s** to bit position **d** in a number.
- 10. Write a function:

unsigned int set_bits (unsigned int dnum, unsigned int p, unsigned int n, unsigned int snum)

that returns dnum with the n bits that begin at position p set to the right most n bits of snum, leaving the other bits unchanged.

11. Write a function:

unsigned int invert_bits (unsigned int snum, unsigned int p, unsigned int n) that returns
snum with n-bit field (right-adjusted) that begin at position p inverted, leaving others
unchanged.

12. Write a macro:

unsigned int get_bits (unsigned int snum, unsigned int p, unsigned int n) that returns n-bit field (left-adjusted) of snum that begins at position p.