Lab1

Problem 2.1

(a) We have a non-zero element in rref and this indicates there is no solution for Ax=b. MATLAB's approximation (A\b) yields the following solution.

```
>> Lab1_Problem_2_1
Warning: Matrix is singular to working precision.
> In Lab1_Problem_2_1 (line 4)

Problems 2.1(a)
NaN
Inf
Inf
Problems 2.1(b)
0.5000
0.5000
0.5000
Problems 2.1(c)
0
-0.3333
0.3333
```

Problem 3.1

1. R4 is missing in the question diagram. Included it and solved.

	Vertical:
	-f T, cos 30° - T2 cos 30° = 0
	- T, cos 30° - T2 cos 30° = f
	Horizontal:
-	Ty + T2 ws 60° - T, ws 60° = 0.
	The To To To To To R R. R. R. R.
	Vertical:
	T, co. 30° - R, =0
	Vertical: Ticos 30° - R, =0 Horizontal: To a finite of the second of
	T, cos 60° + T5 - R2 =0
	100000000000000000000000000000000000000
	Ventical:
	T360530° + T2 cos 30° = 0 T2 T360530° + T2 cos 30° = 0 T360500° + T6 - T2 cos 60° - T5 = 0 T5 T6
	Horizontal:
	T3 605 60° + T6 - T2 605 60° - T5 = 0 T5 C T6
	Vertical:
	T3 cos 30° + T4 cos 30° =0 Tax 0 f2 Hondord:
	T4 60560 - T3 COS 60 - T7 = f2 T
	7 52 73
	Vartical:
	Ty 60:30° - R3 =0
	Horizontal:
	Ry - Tylos60 - Tc = 0 16
	R ₃

21-21-	Q., etc										
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		Ha	a'zouti	• (7-	-R,-1	3				
		1 10		,	2	R4-	PKY	= C			
						Ku	2	T2			
Τ,	T ₂ T	3 T	4 7	5	TG	77	R,	R ₂	R3 (24	
-cos 30°	- 6230	0 (0	0	0	0	0	0		f
-cos 60°	0560	8	0	0	0	1	0	0	0		0
cos 30°	0	0	0	0	0	0	-1	0	0		0
(0560	0	0	ō	1	0	0	0	-1	0		0
0	CO \$ 30	cos 30	0	0	٥	0	0	0	6		0
0	-00560	0260.	0	-1	1	0	ن	0	ь		0
	0					0					0
0	0	- (0560	60260	0	0	-1	0	0	0		1/2
	0					0			-1		0
0						0	0	٥	0	0	0
0		0						0	-1	0	5
0	0		0			0	0	-1	ð	1	f2]
-											

$$\begin{pmatrix} T1 \\ T2 \\ T3 \\ T4 \\ T5 \\ T6 \\ T7 \\ R1 \\ R2 \\ R4 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} -430.9401 \\ 315.4701 \\ -315.4701 \\ 315.4701 \\ -473.2051 \\ -157.7350 \\ -684.5299 \\ -373.2051 \\ -688.6751 \\ 273.2051 \\ 311.3249 \end{pmatrix}$$

2.

$$\begin{pmatrix} T1 \\ T2 \\ T3 \\ T4 \\ T5 \\ T6 \\ T7 \\ R1 \\ R2 \\ R3 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} (2*3^{(1/2)*f1)}/(3*(3^{(1/2)-2)}) \\ -(2*(3*f1-3^{(1/2)*f1)})/(3*(3^{(1/2)-2)}) \\ -2*f1-(2*3^{(1/2)*f1})/3 \\ (2*3^{(1/2)*(f1-3^{(1/2)*f1)})/(3*(3^{(1/2)-2)}) \\ -(3^{(1/2)*(f1-3^{(1/2)*f1)})/(3*(3^{(1/2)-2)}) \\ -(3^{(1/2)*(f1-3^{(1/2)*f1)})/(3*(3^{(1/2)-2)}) \\ -(6*f1-6*f2-2*3^{(1/2)*f1+3*3^{(1/2)*f2})/(3*(3^{(1/2)-2)}) \\ -(3^{(1/2)*(3*f1-3^{(1/2)*f1)})/(3*(3^{(1/2)-2)}) \\ -(3^{(1/2)*(3*f1-3^{(1/2)*f1)})/(3*(3^{(1/2)-2)}) \\ (9*f1-6*f2-2*3^{(1/2)*f1+3*3^{(1/2)*f2})/(3*(3^{(1/2)-2)}) \end{pmatrix}$$

It is clearly visible that T3 and f2 are independent, therefore, change in f2 doesn't change T3.

3.

If T3 = 1000 then,

$$-2*f1 - \frac{2*3^{\frac{1}{2}}*f1}{3} = 1000$$
⇒ f1 ≈ -316.9873

for any value of f2.

```
>> Lab_1b
Problem 2.1

2.4455   -0.4558   -0.2476   -0.0588
10.6574   -1.4300   -1.2112   -0.2585
235.8636   -35.3400   -28.4804   -5.7000
81.1064   -17.0496   -6.5352   -1.6280

Problem 2.2
5.1036
14.8974
```

51.1443 -147.6006