

Testing Model on Face Mask Detection Dataset - Part 1

This dataset of 853 images has around 4000 faces in it. These faces are have no mask, a mask correctly worn, or one incorrectly worn. All images are very real world. The model will be evaluated on this data.

In part 1, the images will be passed though the face detector to extract all available faces. These faces will be matched with the closest label. The faces will be cropped and their labels will be saved. Any faces not detected will be recorded.

Imports and setup

```
In [1]: import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import matplotlib.image as mpimg
import PIL
from PIL import Image, ImageOps, ImageDraw
import os
import xml.dom.minidom
import math

import face_recognition

import cv2
import mediapipe as mp

In [2]: mp_face_detection = mp.solutions.face_detection
mp_drawing = mp.solutions.drawing_utils

In [3]: fmd_img_dir = r'D:\data\Face_mask\FaceMaskDetection\images'
fmd_ano_dir = r'D:\data\Face_mask\FaceMaskDetection\annotations'
```

Functions

```
In [4]: def media_pipe_fd(cv2_img, w, h, tol=0.5):
    output = []
    with mp_face_detection.FaceDetection(
        model_selection=1, min_detection_confidence=tol) as face_detection:

        # Convert the BGR image to RGB and process it with MediaPipe Face Detection
        results = face_detection.process(cv2.cvtColor(cv2_img, cv2.COLOR_BGR2RGB))

        if results.detections:
            for detection in results.detections:
                rbb = detection.location_data.relative_bounding_box
                rect_start_point = mp_drawing._normalized_to_pixel_coordinates(
                    rbb.xmin, rbb.ymin, w,
                    h)
                rect_end_point = mp_drawing._normalized_to_pixel_coordinates(
                    rbb.xmin + rbb.width,
                    rbb.ymin + rbb.height, w,
                    h)
                if rect_start_point is None:
                    rect_start_point = (0, 0)
                    print('bounding box algo gave out of bounds box')
                if rect_end_point is None:
                    rect_end_point = (w, h)
                    print('bounding box algo gave out of bounds box')

                output.append((rect_start_point, rect_end_point))
    return output

In [5]: def parse_annotations(annotation_fp):
    doc = xml.dom.minidom.parse(annotation_fp)
    objs = doc.getElementsByTagName('object')

    out_data = []
    for obj in objs:
        name, diff, xmin, ymin, xmax, ymax = None, None, None, None, None, None
        for node in obj.childNodes:

            #print(node)
            if node.nodeType == node.ELEMENT_NODE:
                if node.tagName == 'name':
                    name = node.firstChild.nodeValue
                elif node.tagName == 'difficult':
                    diff = node.firstChild.nodeValue
                elif node.tagName == 'bndbox':
                    for box_coord_node in node.childNodes:
                        if box_coord_node.nodeType == node.ELEMENT_NODE:

                            #print('\t' + str(box_coord_node))
                            if box_coord_node.nodeType == node.ELEMENT_NODE:
                                if box_coord_node.tagName == 'xmin':
                                    xmin = box_coord_node.firstChild.nodeValue
                                elif box_coord_node.tagName == 'ymin':
                                    ymin = box_coord_node.firstChild.nodeValue
                                elif box_coord_node.tagName == 'xmax':
                                    xmax = box_coord_node.firstChild.nodeValue
                                elif box_coord_node.tagName == 'ymax':
                                    ymax = box_coord_node.firstChild.nodeValue
            targets = [name, diff, xmin, ymin, xmax, ymax]
            if sum([x is None for x in targets]) == 0:
                box = {
                    'name': name,
                    'difficult': int(diff),
                    'xmin': int(xmin),
                    'ymin': int(ymin),
                    'xmax': int(xmax),
                    'ymax': int(ymax)
                }
                out_data.append(box)
    return out_data

In [6]: def anotation_to_box_coords(annotation):
    xmin = anotation['xmin']
    ymin = anotation['ymin']
    xmax = anotation['xmax']
    ymax = anotation['ymax']

    bl = (xmin, ymax)
    tr = (xmax, ymin)
    return (bl, tr)
```

```
In [7]: def norm_coords(coord, w, h):  
        x, y = coord  
        return (x/w, y/h)
```

```
In [8]: def euclidian_dist(coord1, coord2):  
        x1, y1 = coord1  
        x2, y2 = coord2  
  
        xd = x2 - x1  
        yd = y2 - y1  
        return math.sqrt(xd ** 2 + yd ** 2)
```

```
In [9]: def correct_crop(xl, xr, yt, yb, w, h):  
        if yt < 0:  
            diff = abs(yt)  
            yt = 0  
            expand_left = int(diff / 2)  
            expand_right = diff - expand_left  
            xl = xl - expand_left  
            xr = xr + expand_right  
        if xl < 0:  
            diff = abs(xl)  
            xl = 0  
            expand_down = int(diff / 2)  
            expand_up = diff - expand_down  
            yb = yb + expand_down  
            yt = yt - expand_up  
        if yb > h:  
            diff = yb - h  
            yb = h  
            expand_left = int(diff / 2)  
            expand_right = diff - expand_left  
            xl = xl - expand_left  
            xr = xr + expand_right  
        if xr > w:  
            diff = xr - w  
            xr = w  
            expand_down = int(diff / 2)  
            expand_up = diff - expand_down  
            yb = yb + expand_down  
            yt = yt - expand_up  
        if yt < 0 or xl < 0 or yb > h or xr > w:  
            print('coords error after correction')  
        return xl, xr, yt, yb
```

```
In [10]: def rect_square_expansion(xl, xr, yt, yb, w, h):  
        bbh = yb - yt  
        bbw = xr - xl  
        if bbh > bbw:  
            diff = bbh - bbw  
            expand_left = int(diff/2)  
            expand_right = diff - expand_left  
            xl = xl - expand_left  
            xr = xr + expand_right  
        elif bbw > bbh:  
            diff = bbw - bbh  
            expand_down = int(diff/2)  
            expand_up = diff - expand_down  
            yb = yb + expand_down  
            yt = yt - expand_up  
  
        return xl, xr, yt, yb
```

Extraction

```
In [67]: # config options  
match_tolerance = 0.11  
algo_tol = 0.5  
# input dirs  
fmd_image_root = r'D:\data\face_mask\FaceMaskDetection\images'  
fmd_ano_root = r'D:\data\face_mask\FaceMaskDetection\annotations'  
# output dirs  
correctly_worn_out_dir = r'D:\data\face_mask\FMDDetected2\correct'  
incorrectly_worn_out_dir = r'D:\data\face_mask\FMDDetected2\incorrect'  
# intended dimensions of the output.  
target_h = 112  
target_w = target_h # enforce square  
  
total_detections = 0  
misses = 0  
counts = {  
    'total': 0,  
    'mask': 0,  
    'no mask': 0,  
    'incorrect mask': 0,  
    'detected mask': 0,  
    'detected wo mask': 0,  
    'detected w incorrect mask': 0,  
}  
img_counter = 0  
for root, subdirectories, files in os.walk(fmd_image_root):  
    for file in files:  
        # get image and annotation file path  
        img_fp = os.path.join(fmd_image_root, file)  
        ano_fp = os.path.join(fmd_ano_root, file[:-3] + '.xml')  
  
        # read the image  
        image = cv2.imread(img_fp)  
        h, w, d = image.shape  
  
        # use the supplied face detector to detect faces  
        bbs = media_pipe_fd(image, w, h, tol=algo_tol)  
        total_detections += len(bbs)  
  
        # parse annotation file  
        annotations = parse_annotations(ano_fp)  
  
        # match annotations to algo bounding box if under threshold  
        for anotation in annotations:  
            bl, tr = anotation_to_box_coords(anotation)  
            # correct to mediapipe format  
            txl, tyb = bl  
            txr, tyt = tr  
            corrected_bl = (txl, tyt)  
            corrected_tr = (txr, tyb)
```

```

bl = corrected_bl
tr = corrected_tr

# thresh = match_tolerance * math.sqrt(w * h) # geometric mean
thresh = match_tolerance * ((w + h) / 2) # arithmetic mean

# Switch to closest scheme with both params

match = None
closest_dist = 10000000
for bb in bbs:
    #dist = euclidian_dist(bl, bb[0])
    #dist += euclidian_dist(tr, bb[1])
    dist1 = euclidian_dist(bl, bb[0])
    dist2 = euclidian_dist(tr, bb[1])
    if (dist1 + dist2) < closest_dist:
        closest_dist = dist
        match = bb
if dist2 > thresh or dist2 > thresh:
    #print(file)
    #print('over threshold match of {:.2f}. Thresh is {:.2f}'.format(closest_dist, thresh))
    temp=match
    match = None
    break

# collect metrics
if match is not None:
    amt_to_inc = 1
else:
    amt_to_inc = 0
    misses += 1
counts['total'] += 1
# mask
if anotation['name'] == 'with_mask':
    counts['mask'] += 1
    counts['detected mask'] += amt_to_inc
# no mask
elif anotation['name'] == 'without_mask':
    counts['no mask'] += 1
    counts['detected wo mask'] += amt_to_inc
# incorrect mask
elif anotation['name'] == 'mask_wearred_incorrect':
    counts['incorrect mask'] += 1
    counts['detected w incorrect mask'] += amt_to_inc

# crop image
if match is not None:
    # crop to square
    rect_start_point, rect_end_point = bb
    x1, yt = rect_start_point
    xr, yb = rect_end_point
    x1, xr, yt, yb = rect_square_expansion(x1, xr, yt, yb, w, h)
    # if expansion push box out of image bounds, reduce size of box
    x1, xr, yt, yb = correct_crop(x1, xr, yt, yb, w, h)

    # expand if nessisary
    expansion = .125
    bbh = yb - yt
    bbw = xr - x1
    amt_to_add = int(expansion * max(bbh, bbw))
    yt = yt - amt_to_add
    yb = yb + amt_to_add
    x1 = x1 - amt_to_add
    xr = xr + amt_to_add

    # correct crop boundaries again if any expansion pushed crop outside image window
    x1, xr, yt, yb = correct_crop(x1, xr, yt, yb, w, h)
    x1, xr, yt, yb = correct_crop(x1, xr, yt, yb, w, h)

    # perform crop
    pil_img = Image.fromarray(cv2.cvtColor(image, cv2.COLOR_BGR2RGB))
    # PIL crop format: Left, top, right, bottom
    crop = [x1, yt, xr, yb]
    pil_crop = pil_img.crop(crop)

    # resize
    pil_crop = pil_crop.resize((target_h, target_w), resample=PIL.Image.Resampling.HAMMING)

    # save image
    if anotation['name'] == 'with_mask':
        out_directory = correctly_worn_out_dir
    else:
        out_directory = incorrectly_worn_out_dir
    out_path = os.path.join(out_directory, file)
    pil_crop.save(out_path)

img_counter += 1
# if img_counter >= 2:
#     break

print('detections: {}'.format(total_detections))
print('misses: {}'.format(misses))
counts

```



```
In [35]: pil_img = Image.fromarray(cv2.cvtColor(image, cv2.COLOR_BGR2RGB))
crop = [x1, yt, xr, yb]
crop = [temp[0][0], temp[0][1], temp[1][0], temp[1][1]]
crop
```

```
Out[35]: [318, 33, 351, 65]
```

```
In [ ]: pil_crop = pil_img.crop(crop)
pil_crop.show()
```

tol.4 172, 402

.425 177, 416, corruption

tol.45 183, 429, corruption high

bot left only .2

170, 389

.3 corruption high 196, 472