Cropping the WWMR Pictures

Ways to Wear a Mask or Respirator

Imports and Info

```
In [1]: import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import matplotlib.image as mpimg
from PIL import Image, ImageOps
import PIL
import os
import face_recognition

In [2]: 
# paths for the pictures from teh WMMR database
df_correct_root = r'D:\data\face_mask\test\detected correct\\'
df_incorrect_root = r'D:\data\face_mask\test\detected incorrect\\'
# intended dimensions of the output.
target_h = 112
target_w = target_h # enforce square
```

Demonstration for 1 image

```
In [3]: # test image for this demo
    ing_fp = r'./crop_test_imgs/145.png'
    ing_out_fp = r'./crop_test_imgs/145.png'
img_out_fp = r'./crop_test_img_out_fp = r'./crop_test_img_out_fp = r'./crop_test_img_out_fp = r'./crop_test_img_out_
```

Above are the coordinates of the face bounding box in the format (top, right, bottom, left). We need to turn this rectangle into a square. The shorter of height or width will be expanded to longer of those two, creating a square. This does not garuntee that the square meets out output size garuntee. The resulting crop will need to be resampled to form an image of our target dimension output.

```
In [6]: new_face_locs = list(face_locs[0])
width = new_face_locs[2] - new_face_locs[3]
height = new_face_locs[2] - new_face_locs[0]

# crop is "Landscape," expand height
if width > height:
    print('bounding box wider than tall')
    diff = width - height
# add 1/2 diff to the bottom, subtract 1/2 diff from the top
    new_face_locs[2] + int(1/2 * diff)
# prevents integer rounding issues by enforcing the whole of diff be added to the size
    new_face_locs[0] - (diff - int(1/2 * diff))
# crop is "portrait," expand width
elif height > width:
    print('bounding box taller than wide')
    diff = height - width
    new_face_locs[1] + int(1/2 * diff)
# prevents integer rounding issues by enforcing the whole of diff be added to the size
    new_face_locs[1] + int(1/2 * diff)
# prevents integer rounding issues by enforcing the whole of diff be added to the size
    new_face_locs[3] - (diff - int(1/2 * diff))
# crop is already a square
else:
    print('bounding box already a square')
    pass
```

bounding box already a square

```
In [7]: new_face_locs
Out[7]: [583, 1809, 1963, 429]
```

```
In [8]: # optional expansion
    expansion = .15
    amt_to_add = int(expansion * max(width, height))

top = new_face_locs[0] - amt_to_add
    bot = new_face_locs[3] - amt_to_add
    left = new_face_locs[1] + amt_to_add

if sum([x < 0 for x in [top, bot, right, left]]):
    print('dims out of bounds, reverting')

top = new_face_locs[0]
    bot = new_face_locs[3]
    right = new_face_locs[3]
    right = new_face_locs[3]</pre>
```

```
In [9]: # crop the image
pil_img = Image.fromarray(img)

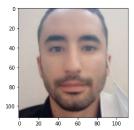
# PIL crop format: Left, top, right, bottom

crop = [left, top, right, bot]
pil_crop = pil_img.crop(crop)
```

```
In [10]: # resize image
    pil_crop = pil_crop.resize((target_h, target_w), resample=PIL.Image.Resampling.HAMMING)
```

```
In [13]: # uncomment to show image in system default image viewer
#pil_crop.show()
pil_crop.save(img_out_fp)
```

In [14]: # display cropped image
img = mpimg.imread(img_out_fp)
imgplot = plt.imshow(img)



Face crop, square, size is our target size. Looks good.

In [18]: face_crop_directory(df_incorrect_root, out_crop_incorrect)

Crop all

```
In [17]: df_correct_root
                   df_incorrect_root
                   out_crop_correct = r'D:\data\face_mask\test\crop\correct\\'
out_crop_incorrect = r'D:\data\face_mask\test\crop\incorrect\\'
                    def face_crop_directory(in_directory, out_directory):
                             counter = 0
for root, subdirectories, files in os.walk(in_directory):
    for f in files:
                                            # Load and recognize face
og_img_path = os.path.join(root, f)
img = face_recognition.load_image_file(og_img_path)
face_locs = face_recognition.face_locations(img)
                                             # get crop shape
new_face_locs = list(face_locs[0])
width = new_face_locs[1] - new_face_locs[3]
height = new_face_locs[2] - new_face_locs[0]
                                            # crop is "Landscape," expand height
if width > height:
    diff = width - height
# add 1/2 diff to the bottom, subtract 1/2 diff from the top
new_face_locs[0] + int(1/2 * diff)
# prevents integer rounding issues by enforcing the whole of diff be added to the size
new_face_locs[0] - (diff = int(1/2 * diff))
# crop is "portrait," expand width
elif height > width:
    diff = height - width
                                                     diff = height - width
new_face_locs[1] + int(1/2 * diff)
new_face_locs[3] - (diff - int(1/2 * diff))
                                                  crop is already a square
                                             else:
pass
                                              # expand if nessisary
expansion = .15
amt_to_add = int(expansion * max(width, height))
                                             amt_to_add = int(expansion * max(wlott)

top = new_face_locs[0] - amt_to_add

bot = new_face_locs[2] + amt_to_add

left = new_face_locs[3] - amt_to_add

right = new_face_locs[1] + amt_to_add
                                             # test if expansion goes out of bounds
if sum([x < 0 for x in [top, bot, right, left]]):
    print('dims out of bounds, reverting')</pre>
                                                     top = new_face_locs[0]
bot = new_face_locs[2]
left = new_face_locs[3]
right = new_face_locs[1]
                                             # perform crop
pil_img = Image.fromarray(img)
# PIL crop format: left, top, right, bottom
crop = [left, top, right, bot]
pil_crop = pil_img.crop(crop)
                                              # resize
                                             pil_crop = pil_crop.resize((target_h, target_w), resample=PIL.Image.Resampling.HAMMING)
                                             # same image
out_path = os.path.join(out_directory, f)
pil_crop.save(out_path)
                                             if counter % 10 == 0:
    print('processed: {}'.format(counter))
counter += 1
In [16]: face_crop_directory(df_correct_root, out_crop_correct)
                   processed: 0
processed: 5
                   processed: 10
processed: 15
processed: 20
                    processed: 25
                    processed: 30
                    processed: 35
                    processed: 40
                   processed: 45
dims out of bounds, reverting
                   processed: 50
processed: 55
processed: 60
                    processed: 65
                    processed: 70
```

```
processed: 0
processed: 10
processed: 10
processed: 30
processed: 40
processed: 40
processed: 50
processed: 60
processed: 70
processed: 100
processed: 100
processed: 110
processed: 120
processed: 120
processed: 130
processed: 140
processed: 150
processed: 160
processed: 160
processed: 170
processed: 170
processed: 180
processed: 180
processed: 190
processed: 190
processed: 190
processed: 190
processed: 190
processed: 200
dims out of bounds, reverting
processed: 210
processed: 220
processed: 230
processed: 250
processed: 260
processed: 270
```