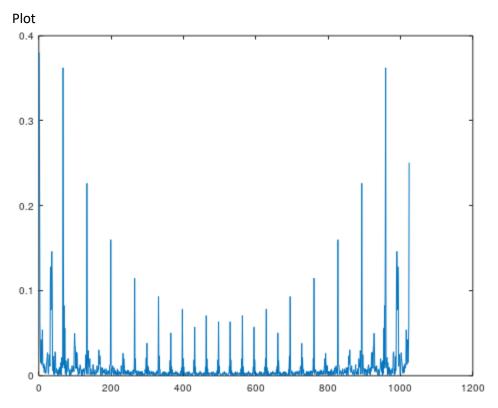
PART 2

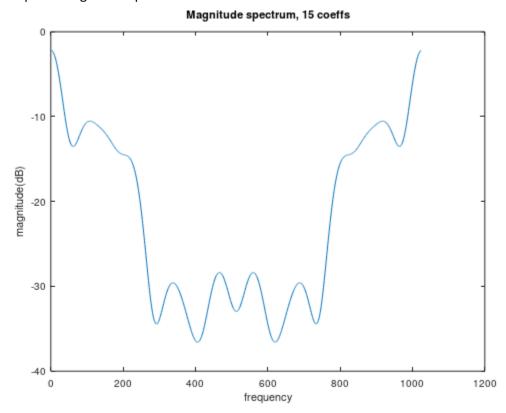
For the LP re-synthesised signal, I took a10 vector computed in the previos code, which displayed the following: (some sections are shown to be run in matlab because of a certain error in octave for which I have not found a solution yet):

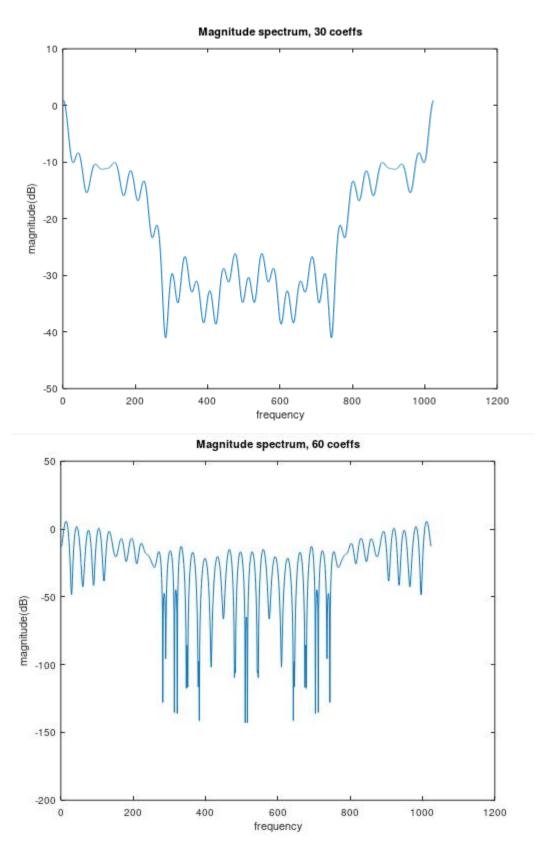
```
Error
>> as2_Q1B_a
error: Invalid call to mag2db. Correct usage is:
-- Function File: DB = mag2db (MAG)
error: called from
  print usage at line 91 column 5
   mag2db at line 44 column 5
   as2 Q1B a at line 131 column 1
a10:
>> a10
a10 =
 Columns 1 through 10
   1.0000 -0.9321 0.1533 0.2343 -0.2413 0.1519 -0.2080
                                                         0.0971
                                                                 0.0897 -0.2327
 Column 11
   0.1048
Ideal pulse train code:
iter = floor(fs/f0);
for i= 1:iter:4000
  imp(i) = 1;
Code for computing real cepstrum:
%Hamming Window
tham = 30e-3*fs;
ham = hamming(tham);
x = abs(fft(y(100:tham+100).*ham, 1024));
dur = 1024;
ffty = abs(fft(y, dur));
Cep = log(ffty);
cep = real(ifft(Cep));
plot(cep);
```

(windowing has been done at a random location, from t=100 samples)



Cepstral magnitude spectrum:



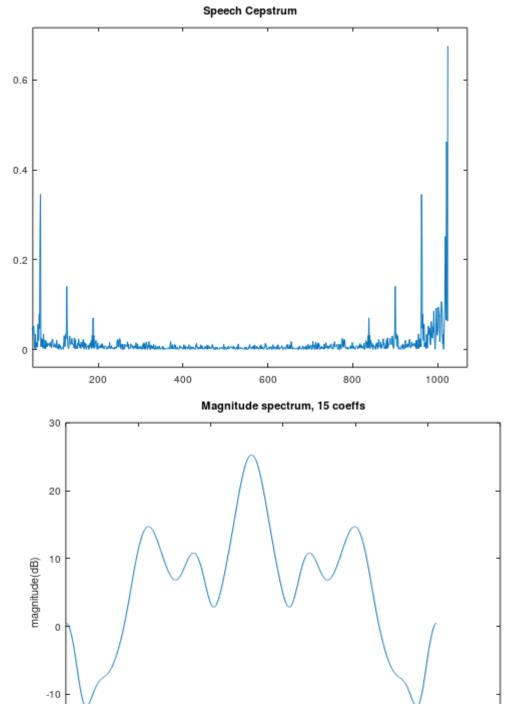


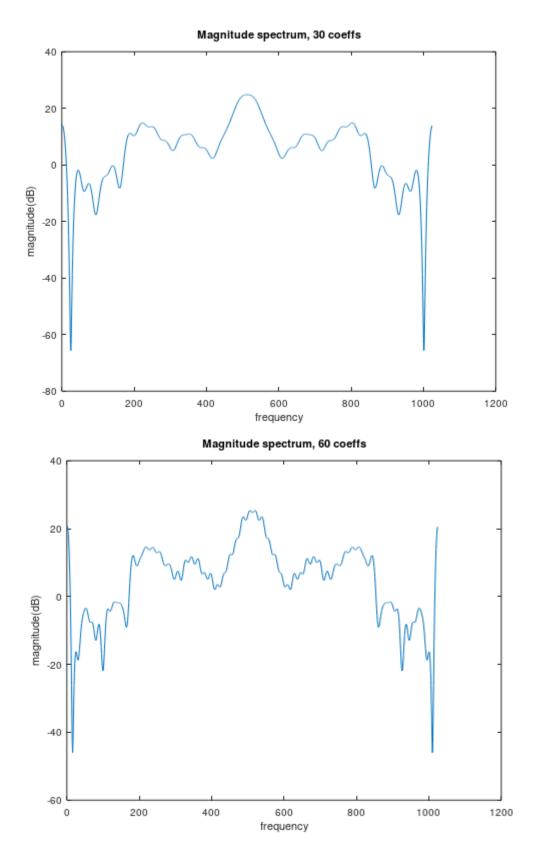
From these it is evident that the magnitude spectrum gets more accurate until a certain no of coefficients however it its more errorenous when the coefficients are increased too much.

Performing cepstral analysis of the actual sound 'a'

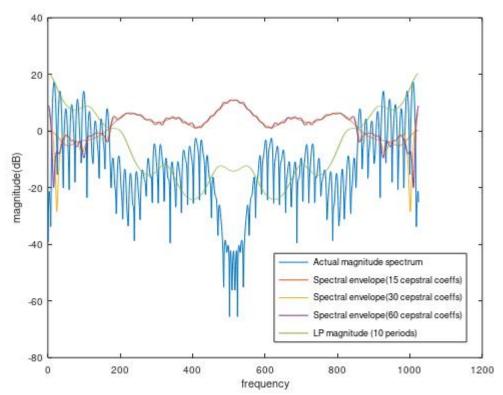
-20

frequency





As compared with the LP spectrum



The plots of other phones are published with their individual codes.