SLogo Basic Implementation Document

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Design Goals: (high-level description of the project's "vision")

The primary goal of our SLogo design is to create an intuitive and extendable Logo API through implementing the Model-View-Controller (MVC) paradigm in unison with the Observer pattern. The idea of Logo is to provide an interface from which users may create their own programs to draw lines, shapes, and designs. To allow this functionality, we separate our program into three modules-the Model, ViewController, and the Interpreter-which together execute a read-eval-print loop. We combine the traditionally separate View and Controller into our ViewController user interface module to represent the read aspect of the loop. The Interpreter module then serves as the eval step, applying any logic necessary, represented by our SLogoExpressions hierarchy, to transform user input into usable states. The Model completes the loop, saving the state and updating the ViewController, performing the *print* step and allowing future user inputs. Furthermore, the Model serves as the Observable module, saving states and updating our list of Observers in the ViewController. In designing it thus, we will close to modification the order of method call within this loop and the message types passed between the modules, however leave open to modification the types of SLogoExpressions users might want to add to SLogo. Further, as an Observable, the Model will be extendable to additional graphical features. We assume that users of our API desire the use of our Interpreter as a Black Box to parse input (from our ViewController) into user defined state changes. Further, we assume that users may want to customize our ViewController, as well as our read-evalprint loop for their own applications.

Modules:

- View/Controller/UI
 - o Scene
 - o Inputs
 - o Observer
- Interpreter
 - Expressions
 - o Logic
- Model
 - SLogo States
 - o Observable

Primary Classes and Methods: (more detail with actual complete method signatures)

Main Module

- Main (default javafx class, starts the program)
 - myModel
 - myViewController
 - start()
 - main()

ViewController Module

- Observer interface
- GridViewController (implements Observer)
 - mvTurtle
- TurtleViewController
 - update()
- CommandWindowViewController (implements Observer) extends TextBox (Javafx)
 - sendCommandToModel(String command)

- update()
- MenuBarViewController
 - various buttons
- MainViewController
 - myGridViewController
 - myCommandWindowViewController
 - myMenuBarViewController

Model Module

Observable Interface

- MainModel (implements Observable Interface)
 - myInterpreter
 - myTurtle
 - List<TransitionState>
- TransitionState
 - Color getBrushColor
 - int getBrushWidth
 - bool getPenIsUp
 - bool getTurtleIsVisible
 - double getMoveX
 - double getMoveY
 - double getRotateClockwise
- TurtleModel
 - update()
- Turtle
 - TurtleModel myTurtleModel
 - TurtleViewController myTurtleViewController
 - boolean isSelected
 - Color getColor
 - Image getImage
 - double getSize
 - double getXPosition
 - double getYPosition

Interpreter Module

- SLogoInterpreter
 - mySLogoExpressionFactory
 - parseSLogoExpression(String expression)
 - List<UserDefinedExpression>
 - List<SLogoExpressions>
- SLogoExpressionFactory
 - mySLogoExpression
 - mySLogoExpressionResult
 - createSLogoExpression
- SLogoExpression (interface)
 - evaluate(), return SLogoExpressionResult
- MathExpression, TurtleQueryExpression, TurtleCommandExpression, ConditionalExpression, ControlFlowExpression, UserDefinedExpression (all implement SLogoExpression)
- SLogoExpressionResult (wrapper for interpretation of a logo expression)
 - bool error
 - String errorMessage

- int value
- List<TransitionState> myTransitionStates
- SLogoException (Exceptions Hierarchy for SLogo)
 - boolean error
 - String UndefinedExpressionException
 - String IncompleteExpressionException

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The above is the list of the modules and classes that they will contain. The program will be divided into 3 main modules (the Main Module only serves to initialize the modules and start the program, and will probably be less than 50 lines of code): the ViewController module, the Model module, and the Interpreter module. The ViewController will handle updating the view and giving functionality to the buttons and input fields of the UI. It will be an observer of the Model. The Model will hold all of the state of the program. This will include things like the list of transitions that have occurred to the turtle from the SLogo function calls and the position and properties of the turtle (position, rotation, visibility, pen down/up, etc.). Finally the Interpreter will work to understand and evaluate the user-inputted SLogo commands and pass this info onto the model. Overall, the flow of code will be thus; the user will see the View supplied by the ViewController and can input SLogo commands. The input string will then be passed to the Model which will pass it to the Interpreter for evaluation. This will update the Model, and because the ViewController is an observer of the Model, the View will in turn be updated as well.

Example Code: (this is especially important in helping others understand how to use your API)

Sequence of code:

If a user types "fd 50" in the command window, the string "fd 50" will be passed by the MainViewController to the MainModel. The model will interpret this string by passing the command to its instance of the Interpreter. The interpreter will evaluate the expression and create a SLogoExpressionResult instance which is a wrapper for the result of the expression (i.e., whether the expression compiled, what error message there is, how to update the view, and what value is returned by the expression). This result will be passed back to the model, which will then update the View (through the Observer pattern). This is a single cycle of user input--model update--view update.

```
CommandWindow:
    final TextField textBox = new TextField();
    textBox.setPromptText(">");
    textBox.setOnKeyPressed(new EventHandler<KeyEvent>() {
      public void handle(KeyEvent key) {
         sendCommandToModel(key.getText());
    });
Model:
    myInterpreter.parseSLogoExpression(string commandText)
    myViewController.update();
Interpreter:
    mySLogoExpression = mySLogoExpressionFactory.createSLogoExpression();
    mySLogoExpressionResult = mySLogoExpression.evaluate();
    sendResultToViewController(mySLogoExpressionResult);
JUnit Tests:
Interpreter Constructor Exception
  @Test
  public void testInterpreterConstructor()
     Interpreter interpreter = new Interpreter();
     Interpreter interpreter 1 = \text{null};
    assertEquals(interpreter, interpreter1);
```

```
}
Expression Input Exceptions
  @Test
  public void testInterpreterException()
    exception.expectMessage(containsString("Your expression dun goof'd"));
     Interpreter interpreter = new Interpreter();
    String expression = "";
     interpreter.parseSLogoExpression(expression);
  @Test
  public void testInterpreterException()
     exception.expectMessage(containsString("You 'aint put nuff params"));
     Interpreter interpreter = new Interpreter();
    String expression = "";
    interpreter.parseSLogoExpression(expression);
SLogo Expression Initialization Test
  @Test
  public void testSLogoExpressionFactory()
     SLogoExpression test = new forwardExpression();
     String fd ="forward";
     assertEquals(createSLogoExpression(fd), test);
Expression Evaluation Test
  @Test
  public void testSLogoExpressionFactory()
     SLogoExpression test = new forwardExpression();
    SLogoResult result = new SLogoResult();
     assertEquals(test.evaluate(5), result);
Model Evaluation Test
    (a), Test
    public void testTurtle()
        Turtle turtle = new Turtle();
         turtle.update(); // x = 5, y = 5
        assertEquals(turtle.myTurtleModel.getX(), 5);
```

Alternate Designs:

In our chosen design, we decided to combine the traditionally separate View and Controller into our 'ViewController' user interface module to represent the *read* aspect of the read-eval-print loop. The alternate design would have bee the usual MVA approach of having the view and controller separate and treating them as separate entities, instead of having them encapsulated as one component. However, we instead decided to have 3 distinct

modules - View Controller, Model and Interpreter, we chose this in order to keep the reading, evaluating and printing parts separate. The alternate design would have had reading the input as 2 parts, and would have made our separation of modules less uniform so and blurred the division lines between modules. The alternate design would have consisted of having both inputting commands, and updating turtle as different components such that both type of functionality would be under different parts of the program. This would have included the command line, input buttons and options, the view of the turtle, and the view of previous commands. However, as the functionality would got lengthier and more complex, this may have resulted in a scattered design. So in order to prevent this and keep our design clear, simple and distinct, we joined the view and controller and utilised the shared properties and similar functionality between them.

Roles:

- View-Controller
 - o Controller components Abhishek and Jonathan
 - This involves setting up the menu bar and buttons in the view.
 - o Command Window, History Window, User-Defined Command Window Abhishek
 - This involves setting up the
 - o Grid/Pane & Turtle, Status Window Jonathan
 - This will involve displaying the turtle on the screen, dealing with the styling requirements, and extending the view to other desired functions.
- Model Tanaka
 - o This will involve creating the transition states and communicating updates back to the ViewController.
- Interpreter Will Chang will lead this, all of us will contribute
 - o This involves setting up the parser, expression factory, and expression interface.

```
API: What is open to the BackEnd from the FrontEnd public class MainViewController implements Observable {
```

```
public class MainViewController implements Observable {
    public void update(MainModel);
}
```

API: What is open to the FrontEnd from the BackEnd

```
public class MainModel {
    public void interpretSLogo(String sLogo);
    public void setLanguage(String language);
    public void updateTurtle(TurtleUpdate properties);
    public void attachObserver(Observer observer);
    public void updateObservers();
}
```

API: What is open to the FrontEnd from the FrontEnd

```
public interface ViewController {
          public Node getNode();
}
public class MainViewController implements ViewController;
public class GridViewController implements Observer implements ViewController;
public class TurtleViewController implements Observer implements ViewController;
public class CommandWindowViewController implements Observer implements ViewController;
public class MenuBarViewController implements ViewController;
```

API: What is open to the BackEnd from the BackEnd

```
public class MainModel implements Observable;
public class Turtle implements Observable {
    updateTurtleModel()
```

```
}
public class Interpreter {
        public SLogoExpressionResult parseSLogoExpression(String sLogo);
}
public abstract interface SLogoExpression {
        public abstract SLogoExpressionResult evaluate (List<String> arguments)throws invalidExpressionException
        (SLogoExpression e1, SLogoExpression e2);
}
public class SLogoExpressionFactory {
        public SLogoExpression createSLogoExpression(String sLogo);
}
public class SLogoExpressionResult {
        TransitionState;
        String getErrorMessage();
        boolean hasError();
        int getValue();
}
```



