

Mid – Semester Examinations March, 2018
ENGL 264: ENGLISH LITERATURE

MARCH, 2018

CANDIDATE'S DEPARTMENT:

INDEX NUMBER:

CANDIDATES MUST NOT TAKE THIS PAPER OUT OF THE EXAMINATIONS HALL. SHADE THE ANSWERS ON THE SCANNABLE AND CIRCLE THE CHOSEN ANSWER ON THE QUESTION PAPER.

Read the following questions carefully and choose the right answers.

'Anticipation'

- 1) Who was the Omanhene of Akwasin?
 - a. Nana Adeku II
 - b. Nana Adaku I
 - c. Nana Adaku II
 - d. Nana Adeku III

- 2) What was the Capital of Akwasin?
 - a. Nnkwebi
 - b. Nnkwabi
 - c. Kwabi
 - d. Nkwabi

- 3) The era which the story 'Anticipation' is said to have been set is
 - a. Postcolonial
 - b. Colonial
 - c. Pre-colonial
 - d. Neocolonial

- 4) The Omanhene arrived in a State umbrella.
 - a. Bright – patterned
 - b. Patterned – bright
 - c. Brightly – patterned
 - d. Brightly – pattern

- 5) When did the crowd 'raise cheers' during the anniversary?
- The arrival of the Omanhene
 - The lowering of each palanquin
 - The dancing of the Omanhene
 - The dancing of the women
- 6) Who was the District Commissioner of Akwasin?
- Captain Hobs
 - Captain Hobbes
 - Captain Hobbs
 - Captain Hobes
- 7) Why couldn't the Omanhene laugh at Sasa's leering and acrobatic stunts?
- It was against his own rules
 - It was against custom
 - It was not appreciated for him to do laugh in public
 - It was barbaric for an Omanhene to laugh in public
- 8) The state park presented a scene of "barbaric splendor". What literary device is the underlined?
- Metaphor
 - Oxymoron
 - Antithesis
 - Imagery
- 9) When did the Omanhene start anticipating for a new wife?
- When the women started dancing the Adowa dance
 - When the linguist was sent by the Omanhene to investigate on the lady who caught his attention
 - When he was waiting for her in his sitting room
 - During the procession of his arrival
- 10) Effua cried bitterly when she was called Oda by the Omanhene.
- True
 - False
 - Partly true
 - Because the Omanhene was confused
- 11) Who took over from the linguist during his investigations?
- Kojo
 - Kofi
 - Kweku
 - Kwame

- 12) Many men go through this sort of mania until they reach their dotage. What is the meaning of the underlined word?
- Trials
 - Activities
 - Mood disorder
 - Irrational motive
- 13) What moral lesson does the issue of polygamy communicate to men in "Anticipation"?
- To be content with what they have
 - To marry women so long as they can cater for them
 - To focus on one woman
 - African traditional men are polygamous

The Slave Girl Who Tried To Kill Her Mistress

- 14) Which character in "The Slave Girl who Tried to Kill Her Mistress" was used to bring a resolution in the story-
- Emme
 - Akpan
 - The Old Woman
 - Emme's little sister
- 15) How many years did Emme spend in the fattening – house?
- Seven
 - Five
 - Seventeen
 - Four
- 16) Which of the following was seen as a foreshadow in the story?
- Akpan told the parents to send Emme to him when she was ready.
 - Ladies who were not able to get on with their husbands were sold as slaves.
 - Emme's little sister, being very anxious to go with her.
 - Akpan was very much disappointed at the slave girl's appearance.
- 17) Why did the slave girl treat Emme's little sister very badly?
- She was angry at her
 - She wanted to kill her
 - She wanted to secure her position as wife
 - She wanted to keep her quiet

18) Why did the slave girl decide to push Emme into the 'Water Ju Ju's hole'?

- a. She didn't want to be a slave
- b. She wanted to marry Akpan
- c. She wanted to maltreat Emme's little sister
- d. She disliked Emme

19) The Water Ju Ju communicates a theme of

- a. Spirituality
- b. Superstition
- c. Power and Authority
- d. Spiritual Marriage

20) What theme is dominant in the short story?

- a. Marriage
- b. Anger
- c. Ignorance
- d. Death

21) The treatment of Emme's little sister brings to light a theme of

- a. Hatred
- b. Greed
- c. Unrequited love
- d. Oppression

22) When did the story reach its climax?

- a. When Emme first helped her sister after the ill treatment from the slave girl
- b. When the slave girl was caught for her crime at the old woman's house.
- c. When the slave girl chased Emme's little sister to beat her after she was sent to provoke her
- d. When the hunter saw Emme coming out of the water.

MAN IS UNGRATEFUL

23) What literary device is used to convey the story "Man is Ungrateful".

- a. Folktale
- b. Fable
- c. Plot
- d. Omniscient point of view

24) Who was ungrateful in the short story "Man is Ungrateful"

- a. Man
- b. Hunter
- c. All animals

- d. All animals and the Hunter
- 25) The phrase "Man is ungrateful" which is repeatedly said by the hunter portray what device at the end of the story?
- a. Foreshadow
 - b. Alliteration
 - c. Simile
 - d. Repetition
- 26) The statement "Man is evil" uttered by the Hunter can be said to be
- a. Metaphor
 - b. Suzette
 - c. Verbal irony
 - d. Contract
- 27) Why did the Hunter decide to help the animals and not the man?
- a. The animals will show gratitude and not man
 - b. Man is ungrateful
 - c. Man is evil
 - d. Animals will do everything to please him.
- 28) Which of the characters showed sincere gratitude to the Hunter?
- a. The man
 - b. Rat
 - c. Snake
 - d. Nyame
- 29) The Man's gift of gratitude ended in
- a. His own death
 - b. The Hunter revealing his secrets
 - c. Rat being handcuffed
 - d. His praise for exposing rat and the Hunter
- 30) Snake could only show gratitude to the Hunter when
- a. Yeyere was bitten by snake
 - b. Rat was handcuffed
 - c. The Hunter was about to be killed
 - d. He thought the Hunter how to make the potion.
- 31) How many hours did the Hunter claim if Yeyere was dead, he could bring her back to life?
- a. Twelve hours
 - b. Ten hours
 - c. Twenty-four hours

- d. Twenty-six hours

The King's Magic Drum

- 32) Who was Efriam Duke in the story?
 - a. An ancient leader of Calarbar
 - b. An ancient king of Calabar
 - c. An antique king of Calanbar
 - d. An ancient King of Calanbar
- 33) Efriam Duke was noted for his dislike for?
 - a. War
 - b. Greedy people
 - c. Lazy tortoise
 - d. Wicked men
- 34) The drum preventing wars, presuppose that
 - a. Men fight for peace
 - b. Men fight for provision to feed themselves
 - c. Men fight for territories
 - d. Men fight for honour
- 35) Which groups of people were envious of the King's drum?
 - a. Animals
 - b. Humans
 - c. Wild animals and Humans
 - d. Animals and Humans
- 36) In order for tortoise to set his hands on the King's drum, he claimed the King's wife had
 - a. Taken his food
 - b. Fed her daughter with his food
 - c. Stolen his food
 - d. Stolen his family's food.
- 37) What was the name of the King's wife who fed her daughter with tortoise's food.
 - a. Ikwor Edem
 - b. Ekwor Edem
 - c. Ikuor Edem
 - d. Ekuor Edem
- 38) What was tortoise hoping the King's wife will do for him?
 - a. Take him before the king

- b. Helping him get the drum
 - c. Give him something to replace what she took
 - d. Provide the drum for his family.
- 39) How many days did it take tortoise and his family to get fat?
- a. Five days
 - b. Three days
 - c. Two days
 - d. Seven days
- 40) Where did the tortoise drink lots of wine which led to him stepping on a stick on the road?
- a. A distant farm
 - b. A distant place
 - c. A far away drinking place
 - d. A far away farm
- 41) Which men filled the tortoise house when he first beat the drum?
- a. Igbo men
 - b. Egbo men
 - c. Yuroba men
 - d. No men
- 42) How many men came after the tortoise beat the drum for food for the towns people the second time?
- a. Hundred
 - b. Two hundred
 - c. Three hundred
 - d. Thousand
- 43) Efriam Duke's attitude towards tortoise can be said to be that of _____.
- a. Understanding
 - b. Patience
 - c. Reproach
 - d. Circumambulating
- 44) Tortoise's son can be said to be
- a. Greedy
 - b. Cunning
 - c. Envious
 - d. A smooth criminal
- 45) What happened to the foo-foo tree after the Ju Ju was broken?
- a. It vanished

- b. It was hidden
- c. It disappeared
- d. It grew into a bush

46) What tree was seen by the tortoise after the ju ju was broken?

- a. Prickly tie-tie palm
- b. Tie-Tie palm
- c. Sticky Tie-Tie palm
- d. Prickly Tie palm

47) "..... The reaping of the wheat which made the knees spread to make a firm purchase." What is the meaning of the underlined word?

- a. Buy a large item
- b. Inquire to stand
- c. Enquire to stand
- d. Position to move a large weight

A Piece of String

48) Where was the story "A Piece of String" set?

- a. Burgh
- b. Public Square
- c. Goderville
- d. Houlbreque

49) "spare straight figures". What literary device is this?

- a. Metaphor
- b. Alliteration
- c. Personification
- d. Simile

50) Who was the rival of Maitre Hauchecorne?

- a. Maitre Malandain
- b. Maitre Jourdain
- c. Maitre Authirne
- d. Maitre Maladain

51) What was going on at the square between the peasants and vendors?

- a. Buying and selling
- b. Buying
- c. Interminable bargainings
- d. Fast movements

- 52) The Jourdain's was
a. A diner
b. A part of the square
c. A car park
d. A rest stop
- 53) A black leather pocket-book containing five hundred francs and some papers were lost
a. On the road to Gooderville
b. On the road to Benzerville
c. On the road to Goderville
d. On the road to Damascus
- 54) Who came to inquire of Maitre Hauchecorne?
a. A chief
b. A chief of gendarm
c. A district chief of gendarmes
d. A chief of gendarmes
- 55) What theme is dominant in the story?
a. False accusations
b. Hatred
c. Class inequality
d. Racism
- 56) The language used by the Major and that of Maitre Houche come shows
a. Class difference
b. Discrimination
c. societal strata
d. grammar usage
- 57) Maitre Houche come was a
a. Poor peasant
b. Town boy
c. Lower class citizen
d. Countryman
- 58) "There was no use protesting, nobody believed him". This sentence shows
a. Racism
b. Power and authority
c. Class struggle

d. Class indifference

59) Which character was used to bring an anticlimax in the story?

- a. Breten
- b. Maitre Breton
- c. Marius Paumelle
- d. Maitre Marius Paumelle

60) Who told Hauchecome he knew about his trick to free himself of the accusation.

- a. A horse dealer from monvilliers
- b. A farmer from Crequetot
- c. A welder from Crequetot
- d. A horse owner from Monvilliers