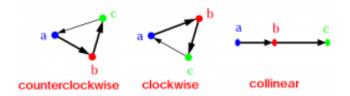
How to check if two given line segments intersect? - GeeksforGeeks

Given two line segments (p1, q1) and (p2, q2), find if the given line segments intersect with each other.

Before we discuss solution, let us define notion of <u>orientation</u>. Orientation of an ordered triplet of points in the plane can be

- -counterclockwise
- -clockwise
- -colinear

The following diagram shows different possible orientations of (a, b, c)



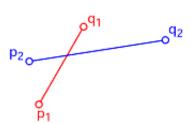
How is Orientation useful here?

Two segments (p1,q1) and (p2,q2) intersect if and only if one of the following two conditions is verified

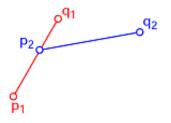
1. General Case:

- (p1, q1, p2) and (p1, q1, q2) have different orientations and
- (p2, q2, p1) and (p2, q2, q1) have different orientations.

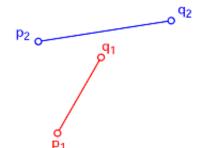
Examples:



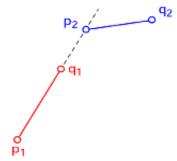
Example 1: Orientations of (p1, q1, p2) and (p1, q1, q2) are different. Orientations of (p2, q2, p1) and (p2, q2, q1) are also different



Example 2: Orientations of (p1, q1, p2) and (p1, q1, q2) are different. Orientations of (p2, q2, p1) and (p2, q2, q1) are also different



Example 3: Orientations of (p1, q1, p2) and (p1, q1, q2) are different. Orientations of (p2, q2, p1) and (p2, q2, q1) are same

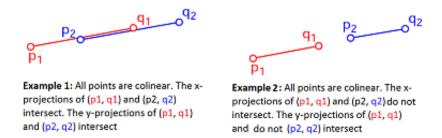


Example 4: Orientations of (p1, q1, p2) and (p1, q1, q2) are different. Orientations of (p2, q2, p1) and (p2, q2, q1) are same

2. Special Case

- (p1, q1, p2), (p1, q1, q2), (p2, q2, p1), and (p2, q2, q1) are all collinear and
- the x-projections of (p1, q1) and (p2, q2) intersect
- the y-projections of (p1, q1) and (p2, q2) intersect

Examples:



Following is C++ implementation based on above idea.

```
// A C++ program to check if two given line segments intersect#include
<iostream>
using namespace std;
struct Point
{
    int x;
    int y;
};// Given three colinear points p, q, r, the function checks if// point q
lies on line segment 'pr'
bool onSegment(Point p, Point q, Point r)
{
    \|if\|(q.x \le \max(p.x, r.x)) \& q.x >= \min(p.x, r.x) \& \&
         |q.y| \le \max(p.y, r.y) \& q.y   = \min(p.y, r.y)
        return true;
    return false;
}// To find orientation of ordered triplet (p, q, r).// The function
returns following values // 0 --> p, q and r are colinear // 1 -->
Clockwise // 2 --> Counterclockwise
int orientation(Point p, Point q, Point r)
{
    // See <a href="http://www.geeksforgeeks.org/orientation-3-ordered-points/">http://www.geeksforgeeks.org/orientation-3-ordered-points/</a>
    // for details of below formula.
    |int||val = (q.y - p.y) * (r.x - q.x) - |
               (q.x - p.x) * (r.y - q.y);
    if|(val == 0) return 0; // colinear
    return (val > 0)? 1: 2; // clock or counterclock wise
}// The main function that returns true if line segment 'p1q1'// and 'p2q2'
intersect.
```

```
bool doIntersect(Point p1, Point q1, Point p2, Point q2)
{
    // Find the four orientations needed for general and
    // special cases
    int o1 = orientation(p1, q1, p2);
    int | o2 = orientation(p1, q1, q2);
    int o3 = orientation(p2, q2, p1);
    int o4 = orientation(p2, q2, q1);
    // General case
    if (01 != 02 && 03 != 04)
        return true;
    // Special Cases
    // p1, q1 and p2 are colinear and p2 lies on segment p1q1
    if (o1 == 0 \&\& onSegment(p1, p2, q1)) return true;
    // p1, g1 and p2 are colinear and g2 lies on segment p1g1
    if (o2 == 0 \& onSegment(p1, q2, q1)) return true;
    // p2, q2 and p1 are colinear and p1 lies on segment p2q2
    if (o3 == 0 \& onSegment(p2, p1, q2)) return true;
    // p2, q2 and q1 are colinear and q1 lies on segment p2q2
    if (o4 == 0 \& onSegment(p2, q1, q2)) return true;
    return false; // Doesn't fall in any of the above cases
}// Driver program to test above functions
int main()
{
    struct Point p1 = \{1, 1\}, q1 = \{10, 1\};
    struct Point p2 = \{1, 2\}, q2 = \{10, 2\};
    doIntersect(p1, q1, p2, q2)? cout << "Yes\n": cout << "No\n";</pre>
    p1 = \{10, 0\}, q1 = \{0, 10\};
    p2 = \{0, 0\}, q2 = \{10, 10\};
    doIntersect(p1, q1, p2, q2)? cout << "Yes\n": cout << "No\n";</pre>
    p1 = \{-5, -5\}, q1 = \{0, 0\};
    p2 = \{1, 1\}, q2 = \{10, 10\};
    doIntersect(p1, q1, p2, q2)? cout << "Yes\n": cout << "No\n";</pre>
    return 0;
|}|
Output:
No
Yes
No
```

Please write comments if you find anything incorrect, or you want to share more information about the

