Utilities.sty – Latex Writing Aids

Version 1.2.1

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1 How to start ...

1.1 Document header

To start using the writing utilities

- 1. Copy the style sheet "utilities.sty" into your document folder or any folder latex can access when searching for the style sheets.
- 2. Simply copy the following code into your document before the \begin{document} command.
- 3. Copy the images to any directory where latex can find them. The current style files uses two images: bulb.jpg, important.jpg

Explainations are given as comments in the text:

```
%-----
% Latex writing utilities
%-----
%include the utilities package
\usepackage{utilities}

%Set to mode: draft,draftNoComments,submission,final (default)
```

1.2 Document body

\setMode[draft]

note: The document body is defined as all the text indicated between the \begin{document} and the \end{document} statement.

```
%check if we are in draft mode
\ifshowDraft
%%% DRAFT MODE %%%
%Background Picture for Draftmode
%set TOC depth to X
        \setcounter{tocdepth}{3}
        \makeatother
        \AddToShipoutPicture{\BackgroundPicture{[''']}{21cm}{0}{images/draf
       %list of TODOs, TOC, List of Figures in Draft Mode
        \listoftodos
        \tableofcontents
       \listoffigures
%-----
       \newpage
%adjust margins so that the sidecomments fit
        \setMargins{Ocm}{Ocm}{Ocm} % {odd}{even}{top}
% define the widths for the comments if necessary
%
         space required for side comment
        \setlength{\sidecommentwidth}{3cm}
%
        width of the comment box
        \setlength{\sidecommentboxwidth}{3.3cm}
%
         is the sidecomment on the left or right side
        \setboolean{sidecommentleft}{false}
%
         set document to single space mode
        \singlespace
%%% DOCUMENT FINAL %%%
% = NON DRAFT
%
%
        \maketitle
        \tableofcontents
        \listoffigures
\fi % END IF
%
```

\newpage

```
% define the widths for the boxes:
% this function sets the widths for the todo, comment, and postit box
% specified value
%
\setboxwidths{\textwidth} % adjusting the boxes to the textwidth
```

2	${f List}$	\mathbf{Of}	T_{Ω}	D_{Ω}	C
4	LISU	$\mathbf{O}\mathbf{I}$	TO	DU	5

Print the li	ist of todo's	using the	$\$ listoftodos	command.
Result:				

List of To-Do's

1	. ((Section 4)) – A todo item																		5
T	. 1	(Decident 4)	, A todo Item	•	•	•	•	 •	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	\cdot

3 Postit

Postit:

A little postit

\postit {A little postit}

TODO

4 Todos

: (Section 4) - A todo item ...

\todo {A todo item ...}

5 Comments

5.1 Sidecomment

Syntax: \sidecomment{Text}.

Example:

2: text

2

If you want to replace the symbol simply provide it as a default parameter like \sidecomment [XX] {comment}.

Example:

4: comment

4

Important:



The side comment does not work with the ACM style as it does not allow: marginpar

5.2 Comment

Syntax: \comment[Title]{Text}

Example:

Commenttext: A centered comment box filling the whole line!

5.3 A grey box

Syntax: \greybox[Title]{Text}

Example:

Grey comment: A centered grey box filling the whole line!

6 Notes

6.1 Standard Note

Syntax: \note[XXX]{Text}

note: A standard note. $\setminus note\{Text\}$

6.2 Important note

Syntax: \important[XXX]{Text}



Important:

An important note. $\ightharpoonup important{Text}$

In order to use the idea note you need to copy the image "important.jpg" to a location where latex can find it!

6.3 Idea note

Syntax: \iidea[XXX]{Text}



Idea:

An idea note. $\backslash idea\{Text\}$

In order to use the idea note you need to copy the image "bulb.jpg" to a location where latex can find it!

6.4 RoundedTitleBox

Syntax: \roundedTitlebox[width]{Title}{Text}

RoundedTitlebox

A titlebox of width "Width": $\$ \text{roundedTitlebox[Width]{Title}{Text}}

Syntax: \rTitlebox{Title}{Text}

RoundedTitlebox

A titlebox filling the whole line: $\tritlebox{Title}{Text}$

Syntax: \example{Text}

Example

An example: $\langle example[Title]\{Text\}$; default title = "Example"

6.5 Paragraph formatting

Indent a paragraph An indented paragraph: $\indent par[width]{Text}$. Default width = 1cm

Sourceinput Display code-text from input file: \sourceinput{filename}.

Mono spaced Display code-text in mono-spaced: $\backslash mono\{text\}$. This is an abbreviation to using the verbatim environment.

6.6 Marker

6.6.1 Marker

Display code-text with a marker-background color.

Syntax: \marker[bgcolor]{Text}.

Note: bgcolor maybe one value out of "Y, Yellow, G, Green, P, Pink". Default: yellow

Marker example

Sed nisl mi, pretium quis blandit eu, pharetra id augue. In adipiscing felis quam. Maecenas imperdiet placerat suscipit. Sed leo sem, iaculis et rhoncus sit amet, commodo sed dolor. Duis id blandit nunc. Pellentesque consectetur libero at nulla consectetur euismod. In blandit tincidunt leo non luctus. Vestibulum ut tellus vitae augue tristique porttitor. Vestibulum blandit risus sed nibh commodo in elementum ante vehicula. Proin facilisis, felis et placerat consectetur, ante erat ultrices elit, eget aliquet purus massa et augue. Vestibulum ante augue, dapibus sit amet sollicitudin vel, luctus ut elit. Quisque eu purus eu justo venenatis auctor.

6.7 Marker box

When you mark one or more paragraphs maybe "markbox fits better".

Syntax: \markbox[bgcolor]{Text}.

markbox example

Sed nisl mi, pretium quis blandit eu, pharetra id augue. In adipiscing felis quam. Maecenas imperdiet placerat suscipit. Sed leo sem, iaculis et rhoncus sit amet, commodo sed dolor. Duis id blandit nunc. Pellentesque consectetur libero at nulla consectetur euismod. In blandit tincidunt leo non luctus. Vestibulum ut tellus vitae augue tristique portitor.

Vestibulum blandit risus sed nibh commodo in elementum ante vehicula. Proin facilisis, felis et placerat consectetur, ante erat ultrices elit, eget aliquet purus massa et augue.

Vestibulum ante augue, dapibus sit amet sollicitudin vel, luctus ut elit. Quisque eu purus eu justo venenatis auctor.

6.8 Lists, enumerations

Compactlist and Compactenum A flexible list that is single spaced and fits nicely in the standard latex styles.

	\hogin[compostligt]
T. d	\begin{compactlist} \item Item 1
- Item 1	\item Item I
- Item 2	\item Item 2 \item Item 3
- Item 3	·
	\end{compactlist}
	\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\
	\begin{compactlist}[\done]
✓ Item 1	\item [\done]Item 1
$\mathbf{\dagger}$ Item 2	\item [\rejected] Item 2
✓ Item 3	\item [\done]Item 3
	\end{compactlist}
	\begin{compactenum}
1. Item 1	\item Item 1
2. Item 2	\item Item 2
3. Item 3	\item Item 3
	\end{compactenum}
	\begin{compactenum}[a]
a. Item 1	\item Item 1
b. Item 2	\item Item 2
c. Item 3	\item Item 3
	\end{compactenum}

The compactenum environment accepts the following parameters as a counter:

 $\begin{array}{ll} a \dots & a,b,c \\ A \dots & A,B,C \\ r \dots & i,ii,iii \\ R \dots & I,II,III \end{array}$

6.9 Tables

To adjust the padding of a table row:

Make a rule representing the space in the toprow:

 \TopRowSpace

Note: Default height = 2.4ex

Maka a rule with no height/width but offset the rule to keep the bottom space of the table row

 \BottomRowSpace

Table 2: Example width TopRowSpace Adjustment

Heading 1	Heading 2
Heading	
Col 1	Col 2
Col 1	Col 2

Table 3: without

Col 1	Col 2
TT 14	
Headir	ng
Col 1	Col 2
O 1 1	C 10
Col 1	Col 2

Please check the headings line with the yellow background color.

In the first example the column-height and the position of the text is adjusted using \TopRowSpace and \BottomRowSpace .

Example 1:

\multicolumn{2}{>{\TopRowSpace\columncolor{yellow}\bf}l<{\BottomRowSpace}}
{Heading}</pre>

Example 2:

\multicolumn{2}{>{\columncolor{yellow}\bf}l}{Heading}

\chapter{Statistic about comments}

6.10 Symbols

The symbols *missing*, *tbd*, *attention*, *done*, *rejected* have a counter associated so that you can show the amount of the defined labels in some statistics:

```
Statistic about comments:

Missing:

1 items

To be defined: 4 items tbd

Attention:

1 items

!

Done:

3 items

Rejected:

2 items
```

```
\label{stats}
\greybox{
    \begin{tabbing}
    \textbf{Missing:}\hspace*{1.5cm}\=\arabic{missing} \hspace*{1ex} \=i
```

Table 4: Additional Symbols

Name	Symbol	Description				
la	←	left arrow				
$\backslash ra$	→	right arrow				
\check	✓	checkmark				
$\backslash cross$	×	cross				
$\delta degree$	0	degree				
$\mbox{\ensuremath{\backslash}} missing$	¥	missing, still needs work				
$\setminus tbd$	$\mathbf{t}\mathbf{b}\mathbf{d}$	to be defined				
$\arrowvert attention$	1	attention				
\done	V	done				
$\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ $	ተ	to be rejected, ignored				
$\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ $	•	stop sign				
$\label{logoling} \label{logoling} \label{logoling} \label{logoling} \label{logoling} \label{logoling} \label{logoling} \label{logoling}$:)	prepare or ongoing sign				
$\setminus go$		go sign with a checkmark				

```
\textbf{To be defined:}\>\thetbd \>items \>\tbd \\
\textbf{Attention:}\>\theattention \>items \>\attention \\
\textbf{Done:}\>\thedone \>items \>\done \\
\end{tabbing}
```

}