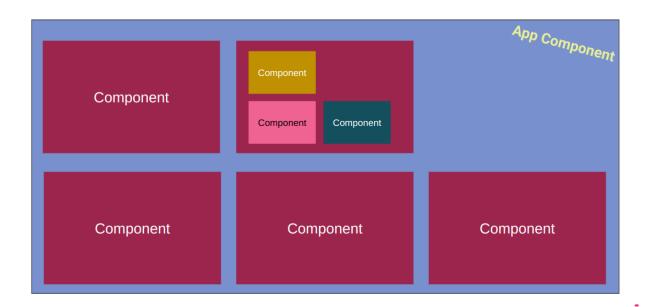
## **Angular Components Handouts**

## **Angular Components**

- Components are the visual building blocks of an Angular application.
- You can compose different components together to create a page.
- APP Component is the root component of our application. It's called the bootstrap component. In an angular application, the other components usually load into the app component.



 A component should be included in the declarations array of a @Module.

```
@NgModule({
  declarations: [
    AppComponent,
```

- To create a new component using the CLI run: ng g c <component name>.
- Like Directives, Components can have one or more selectors that specify how to lead the component in the HTML Dom.

Use the following table as a cheat sheet for how to specify different types of selectors.

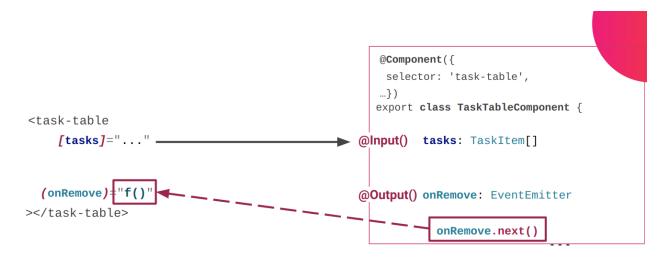
Selector	Definition	Usage
Tag selector	'tag'	<tag></tag>
Class selector	'.class-name'	<pre><whatever class="class-name"> <whatever></whatever></whatever></pre>
Attribute Selector	[attribute-name]	<whatever attribute-name=""> <whatever></whatever></whatever>
Attribute Value Selector	[attribute-value=false]	<pre><whatever attribute-name="false"> <whatever></whatever></whatever></pre>
Not Selector	[omit-me]:not([omit-me=true])	<whatever omit-me="false"> <whatever></whatever></whatever>

```
@Component({
   selector: 'task-table,todo-table,.task-table-class,[task-table-attr],[is-task-table=true]:not([omit-me=true])'
   templateUrl: './task-table.component.html',
   styleUrls: ['./task-table.component.css']
})
export class TaskTableComponent {
   ...
}
```

• Bind a field value to a component's template like this:

## **Input / Output Binding**

To pass a value from a parent component to a child component decorate the field with the **@Input** decorator.



To pass a value from a child component to the parent component create a field of type **EventEmitter** and decorate it with the **@OULDUT** decorator.