1^a Lista de Exercícios: Revisão Matemática

Encontre os valores seguintes:

- (a) $\log_{10} 0,000001$
- (i) $\log_4 \frac{1}{64}$
- (m) $\log_6 216$

- (b) $\log_2(2^2 + 2^2)$ (f) $\log_{5/2} \frac{8}{125}$
- (j) $\log_7 \sqrt[3]{49}$
- (n) $\ln \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{a^2}}$

- (c) $\log_{64} \frac{1}{32}$
- (g) $\ln(e^2 \cdot e^3)$
- (k) $\log_{\sqrt{3}} 9$
- (o) $\ln\left(\frac{e^{3/2}}{e^2\sqrt{e}}\right)$

- (d) $\log_{1/2} 16$
- (h) $\ln(e^2)^3$
- (1) $\log_8 \frac{1}{4}$

(2) Simplifique e escreva como um logaritmo:

(a) $\log_{10} 2 + \log_{10} 5$

(c) $3 \ln 5 - \frac{1}{2} \ln 4 + \ln 8$

- (b) $\log_{10}(x^4-4) \log_{10}(x^2+2)$
- (d) $\log_2 5 + \log_2 5^2 + \log_2 5^3 \log_2 5^6$

(3) Use a indução matemática para demonstrar que os resultados dos somatórios abaixo são verdadeiros para todo natural n, conforme especificado.

(a)
$$\sum_{j=1}^{n} 4j - 2 = 2n^2$$

(c)
$$\sum_{j=1}^{n} j2^j = (n-1)2^{n+1} + 2$$

(b)
$$\sum_{i=1}^{n} j^3 = \frac{n^2(n+1)^2}{4}$$

(d)
$$\sum_{j=0}^{n} 2^j = 2^{n+1} - 1$$

Prove, por indução matemática, que para todo $n \in \mathbb{Z}^+$:

(a) $n > 4 \Rightarrow n^2 < 2^n$.

(c) $n^2 - 7n + 12 > 0$, n > 3.

(b) $n > 9 \Rightarrow n^3 < 2^n$.

(5) Seja p_n o número (aproximado) de bactérias em uma cultura após n horas $(n \in \mathbb{Z}^+)$. Se $p_1 = 1000$, $p_2 = 2000$ e $p_n = p_{n-1} + p_{n-2}$, para todo n > 2, então prove, por indução matemática, que:

$$p_n = \left(\frac{1000}{\sqrt{5}}\right) \cdot \left[\left(\frac{1+\sqrt{5}}{2}\right)^{n+1} - \left(\frac{1-\sqrt{5}}{2}\right)^{n+1} \right].$$

(6) Consideremos a função $f: \mathbb{N} \to \mathbb{N}^+$ definida recursivamente como segue:

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} f(0)=2, f(1)=5 \\ f(n)=5 \cdot f(n-1)-6 \cdot f(n-2) \text{ para todo } n \geq 2 \end{array} \right.$$

1

Mostre que $f(n) = 2^n + 3^n$ para todo $n \in \mathbb{N}$.

 $\begin{picture}(60,0)\put(0,0)\put(0,0)\put(0,0)\put(0,0)\put(0,0)\put(0,0)\put(0,0)\put(0,0)\put(0,0)\put(0,0)\put(0,0)\put(0,0)\put(0,0)\put(0,0)\put(0,0)\put(0,0)\put(0,0)\put(0,0)\put(0,0)\put(0,0)\put(0,0)\put(0,0)\put(0,0)\put(0,0)\put(0,0)\put(0,0)\put(0,0)\put(0,0)\put(0,0)\put(0,0)\put(0,0)\put(0,0)\put(0,0)\put(0,0)\put(0,0)\put(0,0)\put(0,0)\put(0,0)\put(0,0)\put(0,0)\put(0,0)\put(0,0)\put(0,0)\put(0,0)\put(0,0)\put(0,0)\put(0,0)\put(0,0)\put(0,0)\put(0,0)\put(0,0)\put(0,0)\put(0,0)\put(0,0)\put(0,0)\put(0,0)\put(0,0)\put(0,0)\put(0,0)\put(0,0)\put(0,0)\put(0,0)\put(0,0)\put(0,0)\put(0,0)\put(0,0)\put(0,0)\put(0,0)\put(0,0)\put(0,0)\put(0,0)\put(0,0)\put(0,0)\put(0,0)\put(0,0)\put(0,0)\put(0,0)\put(0,0)\put(0,0)\put(0,0)\put(0,0)\put(0,0)\put(0,0)\put(0,0)\put(0,0)\put(0,0)\put(0,0)\put(0,0)\put(0,0)\put(0,0)\put(0,0)\put(0,0)\put(0,0)\put(0,0)\put(0,0)\put(0,0)\put(0,0)\put(0,0)\put(0,0)\put(0,0)\put(0,0)\put(0,0)\put(0,0)\put(0,0)\put(0,0)\put(0,0)\put(0,0)\put(0,0)\put(0,0)\put(0,0)\put(0,0)\put(0,0)\put(0,0)\put(0,0)\put(0,0)\put(0,0)\put(0,0)\put(0,0)\put(0,0)\put(0,0)\put(0,0)\put(0,0)\put(0,0)\put(0,0)\put(0,0)\put(0,0)\put(0,0)\put(0,0)\put(0,0)\put(0,0)\put(0,0)\put(0,0)\put(0,0)\put(0,0)\put(0,0)\put(0,0)\put(0,0)\put(0,0)\put(0,0)\put(0,0)\put(0,0)\put(0,0)\put(0,0)\put(0,0)\put(0,0)\put(0,0)\put(0,0)\put(0,0)\put(0,0)\put(0,0)\put(0,0)\put(0,0)\put(0,0)\put(0,0)\put(0,0)\put(0,0)\put(0,0)\put(0,0)\put(0,0)\put(0,0)\put(0,0)\put(0,0)\put(0,0)\put(0,0)\put(0,0)\put(0,0)\put(0,0)\put(0,0)\put(0,0)\put(0,0)\put(0,0)\put(0,0)\put(0,0)\put(0,0)\put(0,0)\put(0,0)\put(0,0)\put(0,0)\put(0,0)\put(0,0)\put(0,0)\put(0,0)\put(0,0)\put(0,0)\put(0,0)\put(0,0)\put(0,0)\put(0,0)\put(0,0)\put(0,0)\put(0,0)\put(0,0)\put(0,0)\put(0,0)\put(0,0)\put(0,0)\put(0,0)\put(0,0)\put(0,0)\put(0,0)\put(0,0)\put(0,0)\put(0,0)\put(0,0)\put(0,0)\put(0,0)\put(0,0)\put(0,0)\put(0,0)\put(0,0)\put(0,0)\put(0,0)\put(0,0)\put(0,0)\put(0,0)\put(0,0)\put(0,0)\put(0,0)\put(0,0)\put(0,0)\put(0,0)\put(0,0)\put(0,0)\put(0,0)\put(0,0)\put(0,0)\put(0,0)\put(0,0)\put(0,0)\put(0,0)\put(0,0)\put(0,0)\put(0,0)\put(0,0)\put(0,0)\put(0,0)\put(0,0)\put(0,0)\put(0,0)\put(0,0)\put(0,0)\put(0,0)\put(0,0)\put(0,0)\put(0,0)\put(0,0)\put(0,0)\put(0,0)\put(0,0)\put(0,0)\put(0,0)\put(0,0)\put(0,0)\put(0,0)\put(0,0)\put(0,0)\put(0,0)\put(0,0)\put(0,0)\put(0,0)\put(0,0)\put(0,0)\put(0,0)\put(0,0)\put(0,0)\put(0,0)\put(0,0)\put(0,0)\put(0,0)\put(0,0)\put(0,0)\put(0,0)\put(0,0)\put(0,0)\put(0,0)\put(0,0)\put(0,0)\put(0,0)\put(0,0)\put(0,0)\put(0,0)\put(0,0)\put(0,0)\put(0,0)\put(0,0)\put(0,0)\put(0,0)\put(0,0)\put(0,0)$

$$\begin{cases} f(0) = 1, \\ f(n) = 3 \cdot f(n-1) - 1, \text{ para } n \ge 1. \end{cases}$$

Demonstre que $f(n) = \frac{3^n+1}{2}$, para todo inteiro $n \geq 0$, usando a indução matemática.