

1. $\langle C \rangle \rightarrow \langle V \rangle = \langle D \rangle \mid \langle V \rangle$
 $\langle V \rangle \rightarrow x \mid y \mid z$
 $\langle D \rangle \rightarrow \langle E \rangle ? \langle D \rangle : \langle D \rangle \mid \langle E \rangle$
 $\langle E \rangle \rightarrow \langle E \rangle \mid \mid \langle F \rangle \mid \langle F \rangle$
 $\langle F \rangle \rightarrow \langle F \rangle \ \&\& \ \langle G \rangle \mid \langle G \rangle$
 $\langle G \rangle \rightarrow !\langle G \rangle \mid \langle H \rangle$
 $\langle H \rangle \rightarrow (\langle H \rangle) \mid \langle I \rangle$
 $\langle I \rangle \rightarrow \text{true} \mid \text{false}$

2. Static Semantic Attributes:

type	=	{integer, double}	(synthesized)
typetable($\langle \text{var} \rangle$)	=	{integer, double, error}	(inherited)
inittable($\langle \text{var} \rangle$)	=	{true, false, error}	(inherited)
typebinding	=	($\langle \text{var} \rangle$, {integer, double})	(synthesized)
initialized	=	($\langle \text{var} \rangle$, {true, false})	(synthesized)

Attribute Rules:

```

<start1> → <stmt3> ; <start3>
<start1>.type := N/A
<start1>.typetable(<var>) := <stmt3>.typetable
<start1>.inittable(<var>) := <stmt3>.initvar
<start1>.typebinding := N/A
<start1>.initialized := N/A

<stmt3>.type := N/A
<stmt3>.typetable := <start1>.typetable
<stmt3>.inittable := <start1>.inittable
<stmt3>.typebinding := N/A
<stmt3>.initialized := N/A
<start3>.type := N/A
<start3>.typetable := <stmt3>.typetable ∪ <start1>.typetable
<start3>.inittable := <stmt3>.inittable ∪ <start1>.inittable
<start3>.typebinding := N/A
<start3>.initialized := N/A
<start2> → <stmt4>
<start2>.type := N/A
<start2>.typetable(<var>) := ∅
<start2>.inittable(<var>) := ∅
<start2>.typebinding := N/A
<start2>.initialized := N/A

<stmt4>.type := N/A
<stmt4>.typetable := <start2>.typetable
<stmt4>.inittable := <start2>.inittable

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<stmt4>.typebinding := N/A
<stmt4>.initialized := N/A
<start3>.type := N/A
<stmt1> → <declare2>
<stmt1>.type := N/A
<stmt1>.typetable(<var>) := ∅(inherited from <start>)
<stmt1>.inittable(<var>) := ∅(inherited from <start>)
<stmt1>.typebinding := N/A
<stmt1>.initialized := N/A

<stmt2> → <assign2>
<stmt2>.type := N/A
<stmt2>.typetable(<var>) := ∅(inherited from <start>)
<stmt2>.inittable(<var>) := ∅(inherited from <start>)
<stmt2>.typebinding := N/A
<stmt2>.initialized := N/A

<declare1>.type :=
<declare1>.typetable(<var>) :=
<declare1>.inittable(<var>) :=
<declare1>.typebinding :=
<declare1>.initialized :=

<type1>.type :=
<type1>.typetable(<var>) :=
<type1>.inittable(<var>) :=
<type1>.typebinding :=
<type1>.initialized :=

<type2>.type :=
<type2>.typetable(<var>) :=
<type2>.inittable(<var>) :=
<type2>.typebinding :=
<type2>.initialized :=

<assign1>.type :=
<assign1>.typetable(<var>) :=
<assign1>.inittable(<var>) :=
<assign1>.typebinding :=
<assign1>.initialized :=

<expression1>.type :=
<expression1>.typetable(<var>) :=
<expression1>.inittable(<var>) :=
<expression1>.typebinding :=
<expression1>.initialized :=

<expression2>.type :=
<expression2>.typetable(<var>) :=
<expression2>.inittable(<var>) :=
<expression2>.typebinding :=
<expression2>.initialized :=

<value1>.type :=

```

```

<value1>.typetable(<var>) :=
<value1>.inittable(<var>) :=
<value1>.typebinding :=
<value1>.initialized :=

<value2>.type :=
<value2>.typetable(<var>) :=
<value2>.inittable(<var>) :=
<value2>.typebinding :=
<value2>.initialized :=

<value3>.type :=
<value3>.typetable(<var>) :=
<value3>.inittable(<var>) :=
<value3>.typebinding :=
<value3>.initialized :=

```

Table 1: Attribute Rules

3. asdf

4. Loop Invariants:

Outer (while) Loop Goal: The elements $A[0 \dots n - 1]$ are sorted in non-decreasing order

Outer (while) Loop Invariant: The elements $A[bound \dots n - 1]$ are in non-decreasing order \wedge the elements $A[t \dots bound - 1]$ have yet to be sorted.

(The last condition may be redundant but I felt it necessary to include t in the outer loop invariant since it is initialized outside of the inner loop and also interacts with a variable ($bound$) in the outer loop.)

Inner (for) Loop Goal: the elements $A[t \dots n - 1]$ are sorted in non-decreasing order

Inner (for) Loop Invariant: The elements $A[bound \dots n - 1]$ are in non-decreasing order \wedge
 $A[0 \dots i] \leq A[t] \wedge$
 $A[t] \leq A[bound]$.

Precondition: $n \geq 0$ and A contains n elements indexed from 0

```

bound = n;
while (bound > 0) {

    // Assume Outer Loop Invariant is true
    t = 0;

    for (i = 0; i < bound - 1; i++) {

        // Assume Inner Loop Invariant is true
        if (A[i] > A[i+1]) {

            // WP (Inner):
            // A[bound...n-1] are in non-decreasing order  $\wedge$ 
            // A[0...i-1]  $\leq$  A[i]  $\wedge$ 
            // A[i]  $\leq$  A[bound]
            swap = A[i];

            // WP (Inner):
            // A[bound...n-1] are in non-decreasing order  $\wedge$ 
            // A[0...i-1]  $\leq$  A[i+1]  $\wedge$ 

```

```

//  $A[i+1] \leq A[bound]$ 
A[i] = A[i+1];

// WP (Inner):
//  $A[bound \dots n-1]$  are in non-decreasing order  $\wedge$ 
//  $A[0 \dots i] \leq swap$   $\wedge$ 
//  $swap \leq A[bound]$ 
A[i+1] = swap;

// WP (Inner):
//  $A[bound \dots n-1]$  are in non-decreasing order  $\wedge$ 
//  $A[0 \dots i] \leq A[i+1]$   $\wedge$ 
//  $A[i+1] \leq A[bound]$ 
t = i + 1;
}
// (loop termination:  $i=bound-1$ ,  $t$ ='the last  $i+1$  for which  $A[i] > A[i+1]$  ')
//  $i=bound-1 \wedge A[t] \leq A[bound] \wedge A[0 \dots i] \leq A[t] \wedge$ 
//  $A[bound \dots n-1]$  are in non-decreasing order  $\rightarrow$ 
//  $A[t \dots n-1]$  are sorted in non-decreasing order
//  $i++$ 
}
// WP (Outer):
//  $A[bound \dots n-1]$  are in non-decreasing order  $\wedge$ 
//  $A[t \dots bound-1]$  have yet to be sorted
bound = t;
}
// (loop termination:  $bound=0$ ,  $t=0$ )
//  $bound=0 \wedge$ 
//  $A[0 \dots n-1]$  are sorted in non-decreasing order  $\wedge$ 
//  $A[0 \dots -1]$  have yet to be sorted (trivially true)  $\rightarrow$ 
// array A is sorted in non-decreasing order

```

Postcondition: $A[0] \leq A[1] \leq \dots \leq A[n-1]$ (i.e., array A is sorted in non-decreasing order)

5. $M_{state}(\langle var \rangle = \langle expression \rangle, S) =$

```

{
  // test that <var> is a legal name in the language
  if  $M_{name}(\langle var \rangle) = \text{'Error'}$ 
    return 'Error'

  // test that <var> has already been declared
  if  $Lookup(M_{name}(\langle var \rangle), S) = \text{'Error'}$ 
    return 'Error'

  // calculate the value of <expression> using the old state
   $V = M_{value}(\langle expression \rangle, S)$ 
  if  $V = \text{'Error'}$ 
    return 'Error'

  // calculate a new state including any side effects from evaluating <expression>
   $S_1 = M_{state}(\langle expression \rangle, S)$ 

  // remove <var> from the new state
   $Remove(M_{name}(\langle var \rangle), S)$ 

  // return the new state with the updated value of <var> added
  return  $Add(M_{name}(\langle var \rangle), V, S_1)$ 
}

```

$M_{state}(\text{if } \langle \text{condition} \rangle \text{ then } \langle \text{statement}_1 \rangle \text{ else } \langle \text{statement}_2 \rangle, S) =$

```
{  
   $S_1 = M_{state}(\langle \text{condition} \rangle, S)$   
  
  if  $M_{boolean}(\langle \text{condition} \rangle, S_1) = \text{true}$   
    return  $M_{state}(\langle \text{statement}_1 \rangle, S_1)$   
  else if  $M_{boolean}(\langle \text{condition} \rangle, S_1) = \text{false}$   
    return  $M_{state}(\langle \text{statement}_2 \rangle, S_1)$   
  else  
    return 'Error'  
}
```

$M_{state}(\text{while } \langle \text{condition} \rangle \langle \text{loop body} \rangle, S) =$

```
{  
   $S_1 = M_{state}(\langle \text{condition} \rangle, S)$   
  
  if  $M_{boolean}(\langle \text{condition} \rangle, S_1) = \text{true}$   
    return  $M_{state}(\text{while } \langle \text{condition} \rangle \langle \text{loop body} \rangle, M_{state}(\langle \text{condition} \rangle, S_1))$   
  else if  $M_{boolean}(\langle \text{condition} \rangle, S_1) = \text{false}$   
    return  $S_1$   
  else  
    return 'Error'  
}
```