

R – Data Structures (Part 1)

Abhishek Kumar
ItsAbhishekKumar.com
@MeAbhishekKumar



pluralsight
hardcore dev and IT training



Outline

Atomic vector

Data frame

List

Matrix

Factor

Array

Data Structures

- Collection of data elements
- Grouped under one name
- Container
 - What kind of items to put in ?
 - How to arrange items ?



Data Structures

What kind of items to put in ?

Similar type of items

Homogeneous data structure

Atomic vector, Matrix, Array

Dissimilar type of items

Heterogeneous data structure

List, Data frame

How to arrange items ?

Atomic vector

1 D

Matrix

2 D

Array

n D

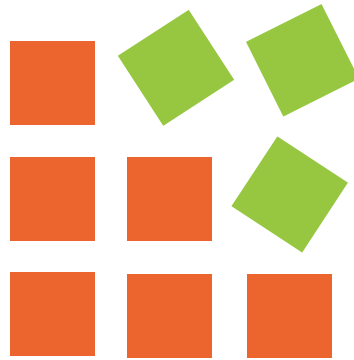
List

1 D

Data frame

2 D

Basic Classes of Objects



Atomic classes

Character
"A", "c"

Numeric
4.36, 7.42

Integer
3, 5

Logical
True, False

Complex
 $1 + 7i$, $8 - 2i$

Atomic Vector

- Commonly known as **vectors**
- **Homogeneous** data structure

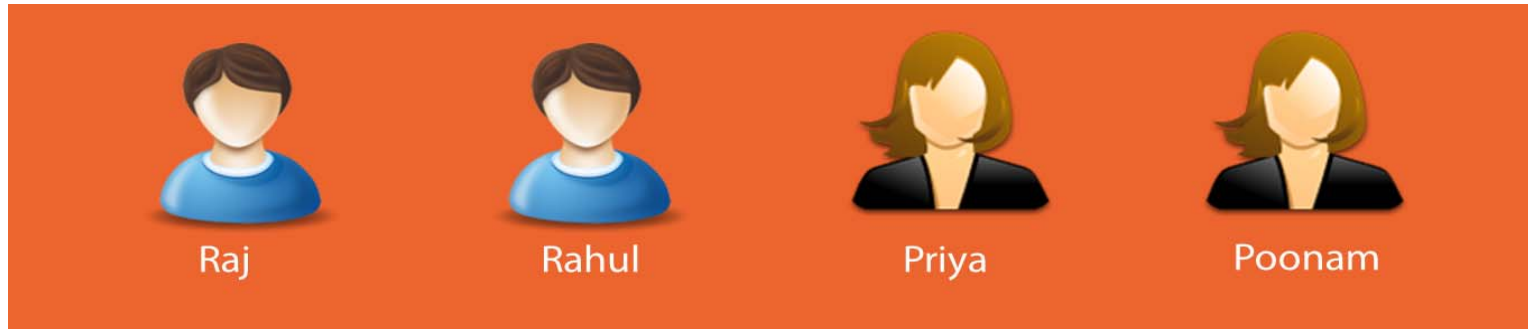
Character vector	Numeric vector	Integer vector	Logical vector	Complex vector
{ "A", "C" }	{ 4.36, 7.42 }	{ 3, 5 }	{ True, False }	{ $1 + 7i$, $8 - 2i$ }

Atomic Vector

- **1-Dimensional** arrangement of items



Atomic Vector



```
student.names <- c("Raj","Rahul","Priya","Poonam") # Character  
student.weights <- c( 60.5, 72.5 , 45.2,  47.5) # Numeric  
student.physics.marks <- c( 70L , 75L , 80L,  85L) # Integer  
student.physics.interest <- c(FALSE, F, TRUE, T) # Logical
```


Common Operations on Atomic Vectors

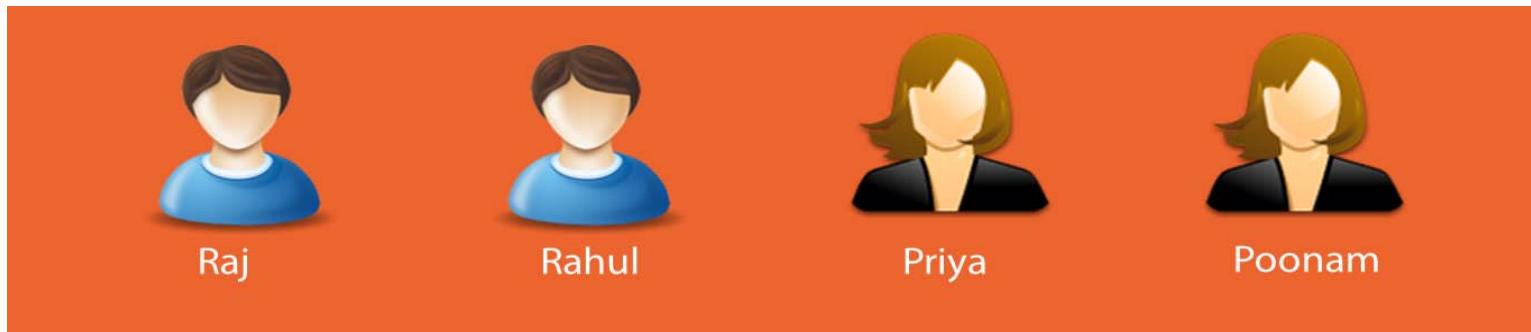
Arithmetic & logical

Subsetting

Coercion

Factor

- Special case of vector used to store nominal values



Using character vector

```
student.genders <- c("Male","Male","Female","Female")
```

Using factor

```
student.genders <- factor(c("Male","Male","Female","Female"))
```

Factor

- More efficient than character vectors
- Self-describing than integer vectors
- Additional levels can be created
- Some algorithms explicitly demand factors instead of character vectors

List

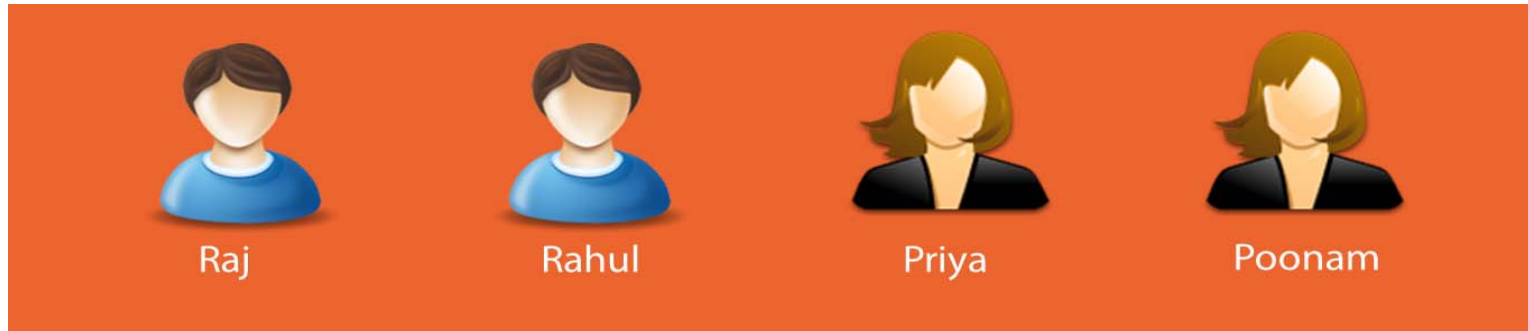
- **Heterogeneous** data structure
- Can contain items of different classes
- 1-Dimensional arrangement

Element 1

Element 2

Element 3

List



```
student.names <- c("Raj","Rahul","Priya","Poonam") # Character
student.weights <- c( 60.5, 72.5 , 45.2,  47.5) # Numeric
student.genders <-
factor(c("Male","Male","Female","Female")) # Factor
student.physics.marks <- c( 70L , 75L , 80L,  85L) # Integer
student.chemistry.marks <- c(60L, 70L, 85L, 70L) # Integer
```

List



- 1 > `student.names[1]`
[1] "Raj"
- 2 > `student.weights[1]`
[1] 60.5
- 3 > `student.genders[1]`
[1] Male
Levels : Female Male
- 4 > `student.physics.marks[1]`
[1] 70
- 5 > `student.chemistry.marks[1]`
[1] 60

Summary

Data structure

Homogeneous

Atomic vector

1 D

Factor

1 D

Heterogeneous

List

1 D