



# Building Product Management Application Using ASP.NET Core Web API

## Introduction

Imagine you're an employee of a product retailer named Product Store. Your manager has asked you to develop an application for simple product management. The relationship between Category and Product is One-to-Many, one product is belong to only one Category, one category will have zero or many products. The Product includes these properties: Productld, ProductName, Categoryld, UnitsInStock, UnitPrice. The Category includes properties: such as Categoryld, CategoryName. The application has to support adding, viewing, modifying, and removing products - a standardized usage action verbs better known as Create, Read, Update, Delete (CRUD).

This lab explores creating an application using ASP.NET Core Web API to create RESTful API, and ASP.NET Core Web Application with Model-View-Controller. A **SQL Server Database** will be created to persist the product data that will be used for reading and managing product data by **Entity Framework Core**.





## **Lab Objectives**

In this lab, you will:

- Use the Visual Studio.NET to create ASP.NET Core Web Web API Project.
- Develop Web application using MVC Pattern.
- Use Entity Framework to create a SQL Server database (Forward Engineering Approach).
- Develop Entity classes, DBContext class, DAO class to perform CRUD actions using Entity Framework Core.
- Apply Repository pattern to develop application.
- Run the project and test the application actions.





## **Guidelines**

## **Activity 01: Create a Blank Solution**

Step 01. Create a Solution named Lab01\_ASP.NETCoreWebAPI.

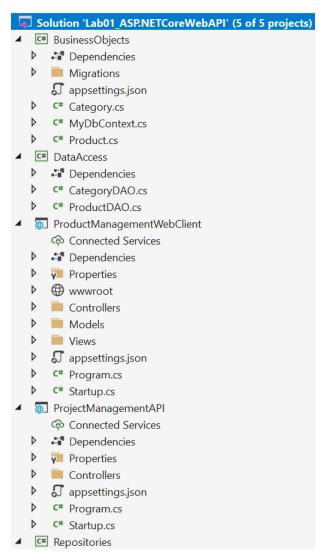
Step 02. Create Class Library Project: BusinessObjects.

**Step 03**. Create Class Library Project: Repositories.

Step 04. Create Class Library Project: DataAccess.

Step 05. Create ASP.NET Core Web Web API Project.

<u>Step 06</u>. Create ASP.NET Core Web Application (Model-View-Controller) Project.



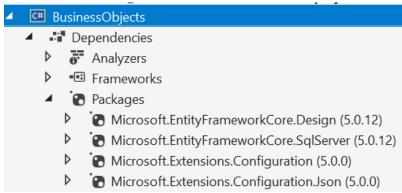




## Activity 02: BusinessObjects Project - Work with Entity Framework

Step 01. Create Class Library Project named BusinessObjects

**Step 02**. Install the following packages from NuGet:



### **Step 03**. Add Connection string (also add JSON appsettings.json file)

## <u>Step 04</u>. Add "Products.cs", "Category.cs" entities, and the context class "ApplicationDBContext.cs"

```
public class Category
{
    [Key, DatabaseGenerated(DatabaseGeneratedOption.Identity)]
    8 references
    public int CategoryId { get; set; }
    [Required]
    [StringLength(40)]
    8 references
    public string CategoryName { get; set; }
    0 references
    public virtual ICollection<Product> Products { get; set; }
}
```







```
public class Product
{
    [Key, DatabaseGenerated(DatabaseGeneratedOption.Identity)]
    public int ProductId { get; set; }
    [Required]
    [StringLength(40)]
    5 references
    public string ProductName { get; set; }
    [Required]
    0 references
    public int CategoryId { get; set; }
    [Required]
    3 references
    public int UnitsInStock { get; set; }
    [Required]
    5 references
    public decimal UnitPrice { get; set; }
    public virtual Category Category { get; set; }
public class MyDbContext : DbContext
{
    6 references
    public MyDbContext() { }
    protected override void OnConfiguring(DbContextOptionsBuilder optionsBuilder)
        var builder = new ConfigurationBuilder()
            .SetBasePath(Directory.GetCurrentDirectory())
             .AddJsonFile("appsettings.json", optional: true, reloadOnChange: true);
        IConfigurationRoot configuration = builder.Build();
        optionsBuilder.UseSqlServer(configuration.GetConnectionString("MyStoreDB"));
    }
    public virtual DbSet<Category> Categories { get; set; }
    public virtual DbSet<Product> Products { get; set; }
    0 references
    protected override void OnModelCreating(ModelBuilder optionsBuilder)
        optionsBuilder.Entity<Category>().HasData(
            new Category { CategoryId = 1, CategoryName = "Beverages" },
            new Category { CategoryId = 2, CategoryName = "Condiments" },
            new Category { CategoryId = 3, CategoryName = "Confections" },
            new Category { CategoryId = 4, CategoryName = "Dairy Products" },
            new Category { CategoryId = 5, CategoryName = "Grains/Cereals" },
            new Category { CategoryId = 6, CategoryName = "Meat/Poultry" },
            new Category { CategoryId = 7, CategoryName = "Produce" },
            new Category { CategoryId = 8, CategoryName = "Seafood" }
        );
}
```







# <u>Step 05</u>. Add-Migration and Update-Database dotnet ef migrations add "InitialDB" dotnet ef database update

# Activity 03: DataAccess Project - contain methods for accessing the underlying database

Step 01. Create Class Library Project named DataAccess

Step 02. Add Project reference: BusinessObjects Project

Step 03. Add data access classes for Product and Category

```
public class CategoryDAO
    public static List<Category> GetCategories()
        var listCategories = new List<Category>();
        try
            using (var context = new MyDbContext())
                listCategories = context.Categories.ToList();
        catch (Exception e)
            throw new Exception(e.Message);
        return listCategories;
public class ProductDAO
    public static List<Product> GetProducts()...
    public static Product FindProductById(int prodId)...
    public static void SaveProduct(Product p)...
    public static void UpdateProduct(Product p)...
    public static void DeleteProduct(Product p)...
```







#### The detail of functions ProductDAO.cs

```
public static List<Product> GetProducts()
   var listProducts = new List<Product>();
   try
    {
        using (var context = new MyDbContext())
            listProducts = context.Products.ToList();
   catch (Exception e)
        throw new Exception(e.Message);
   return listProducts;
public static Product FindProductById(int prodId)
   Product p = new Product();
   try
       using (var context = new MyDbContext())
            p = context.Products.SingleOrDefault(x=> x.ProductId==prodId);
   catch (Exception e)
        throw new Exception(e.Message);
   return p;
public static void SaveProduct(Product p)
    try
        using (var context = new MyDbContext())
            context.Products.Add(p);
            context.SaveChanges();
    catch (Exception e)
        throw new Exception(e.Message);
```







```
public static void UpdateProduct(Product p)
    try
        using (var context = new MyDbContext())
            context.Entry<Product>(p).State =
                Microsoft.EntityFrameworkCore.EntityState.Modified;
            context.SaveChanges();
    catch (Exception e)
        throw new Exception(e.Message);
public static void DeleteProduct(Product p)
    try
        using (var context = new MyDbContext())
            var p1 = context.Products.SingleOrDefault(
                                 c => c.ProductId == p.ProductId);
            context.Products.Remove(p1);
            context.SaveChanges();
    catch (Exception e)
        throw new Exception(e.Message);
```





## Activity 04: Class Library Repositories Project - create an abstraction layer between the Data Access Layer and the Business Logic Layer of the application

Step 01. Create Class Library Project named Repositories

**Step 02**. Add Project reference: BusinessObjects, DataAccess Projects

**Step 03**. Create IProductRepository Interface

```
public interface IProductRepository
{
    2 references
    void SaveProduct(Product p);
    3 references
    Product GetProductById(int id);
    2 references
    void DeleteProduct(Product p);
    2 references
    void UpdateProduct(Product p);
    1 reference
    List<Category> GetCategories();
    2 references
    List<Product> GetProducts();
}
```

## <u>Step 04</u>. Create ProductRepository class implements IProductRepository Interface





## Activity 05: Create ProductManagementAPI Project (Work with ASP.NET Core Web API template)

<u>Step 01</u>. Create ASP.NET Core Web API Project named ProductManagementAPI

Step 02. Add Project reference: Repository Project

Step 03. Add ApiController named ProductsControllers.cs

```
namespace ProjectManagementAPI.Controllers
    [Route("api/[controller]")]
    [ApiController]
    0 references
    public class ProductsController: ControllerBase
        private IProductRepository repository = new ProductRepository();
        //GET: api/Products
        [HttpGet]
        0 references
        public ActionResult<IEnumerable<Product>> GetProducts() => repository.GetProducts();
        // POST: ProductsController/Products
        [HttpPost]
        0 references
        public IActionResult PostProduct(Product p)...
        // GET: ProductsController/Delete/5
        [HttpDelete("id")]
        0 references
        public IActionResult DeleteProduct(int id)...
        [HttpPut("id")]
        0 references
        public IActionResult UpdateProduct(int id, Product p)...
```

The detail of functions in ProductControllers (Web API).

```
// POST: ProductsController/Products
[HttpPost]
O references
public IActionResult PostProduct(Product p)
{
    repository.SaveProduct(p);
    return NoContent();
}
```

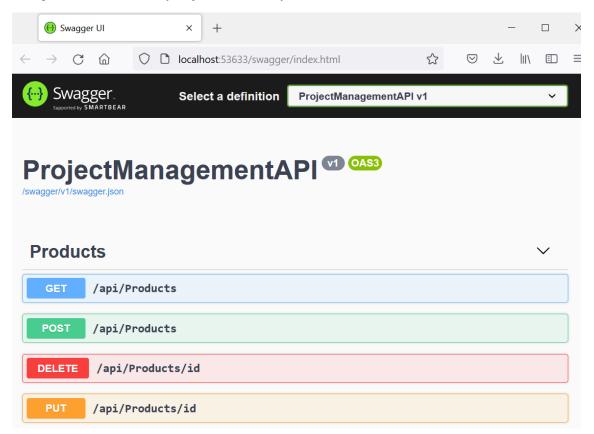






```
// GET: ProductsController/Delete/5
[HttpDelete("id")]
0 references
public IActionResult DeleteProduct(int id)
   var p = repository.GetProductById(id);
   if (p == null)
        return NotFound();
    repository.DeleteProduct(p);
    return NoContent();
}
[HttpPut("id")]
0 references
public IActionResult UpdateProduct(int id, Product p)
    var pTmp = repository.GetProductById(id);
    if (p == null)
         return NotFound();
    repository.UpdateProduct(p);
    return NoContent();
```

### Step 04. Test API project with OpenAPI or Postman







## Activity 06: ASP.NET Core Web Application with Model-View-Controller Project

<u>Step 01</u>. Create ASP.NET Core Web App (Model-View-Controller) named ProductManagementWebClient

<u>Step 02</u>. Add Project reference: BusinessObjects Project (or create new DTO classes)

**Step 03**. Create Controller to connect to ProductManagementAPI

```
using System.Threading.Tasks;
using BusinessObjects;
using System.Net.Http;
using System.Net.Http.Headers;
using System.Text.Json;
public class ProductController : Controller
    private readonly HttpClient client = null;
    private string ProductApiUrl = "";
    0 references
    public ProductController()...
    public async Task<IActionResult> Index()...
    // GET: ProductController/Details/5
    public ActionResult Details(int id)...
    // GET: ProductController/Create
    0 references
    public ActionResult Create()...
    // POST: ProductController/Create
    [HttpPost]
    [ValidateAntiForgeryToken]
    public async Task<IActionResult> Create(Product p)...
```







```
// GET: ProductController/Edit/5
0 references
public ActionResult Edit(int id)...
// POST: ProductController/Edit/5
[HttpPost]
[ValidateAntiForgeryToken]
0 references
public ActionResult Edit(int id, IFormCollection collection)...
// GET: ProductController/Delete/5
0 references
public ActionResult Delete(int id)...
// POST: ProductController/Delete/5
[HttpPost]
[ValidateAntiForgeryToken]
0 references
public ActionResult Delete(int id, IFormCollection collection)...
```

#### The detail of functions in ProductController (Web App MVC).

```
public ProductController()
{
    client = new HttpClient();
    var contentType = new MediaTypeWithQualityHeaderValue("application/json");
    client.DefaultRequestHeaders.Accept.Add(contentType);
    ProductApiUrl = "http://localhost:53633/api/products";
}

public async Task<IActionResult> Index()
{
    HttpResponseMessage response = await client.GetAsync(ProductApiUrl);
    string strData = await response.Content.ReadAsStringAsync();

    var options = new JsonSerializerOptions
    {
        PropertyNameCaseInsensitive = true
    };
    List<Product> listProducts = JsonSerializer.Deserialize<List<Product>>(strData, options);
    return View(listProducts);
}
```







#### Step 04. Create View

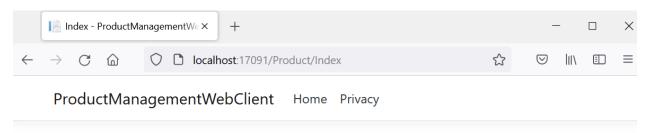
```
@model IEnumerable<BusinessObjects.Product>
@{
   ViewData["Title"] = "Index";
}
<h1>Index</h1>
>
   <a asp-action="Create">Create New</a>
<thead>
       @Html.DisplayNameFor(model => model.ProductId)
          @Html.DisplayNameFor(model => model.ProductName)
          @Html.DisplayNameFor(model => model.UnitPrice)
          </thead>
  @foreach (var item in Model)
      {
         >
               @Html.DisplayFor(modelItem => item.ProductId)
            >
               @Html.DisplayFor(modelItem => item.ProductName)
            >
               @Html.DisplayFor(modelItem => item.UnitPrice)
            >
               @Html.ActionLink("Details", "Details", new { /* id=item.PrimaryKey */ }) |
               @Html.ActionLink("Delete", "Delete", new { /* id=item.PrimaryKey */ })
            }
```







## Step 05. Test the function of Web Client



## **Product List**

#### Create New

ProductId	ProductName	UnitPrice	e	
2	Chai	20.00	Edit   Details   Delete	
3	Chang	40.00	Edit   Details   Delete	
4	Aniseed Syrup	60.00	Edit   Details   Delete	
5	Chef Anton's Cajun Seasoning	10.00	Edit   Details   Delete	

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## Activity 07: Build and run Project. Test all CRUD actions

Note: Choose the option for multiple startup projects.

