ME 3001 Lecture - Roots of Non-Linear Equations

• What is a Non-Linear Equation?

" an equation whose graph does not form a straight line"

• Different Types of Non-Linear Equations

- Polynomials (excluding first order)

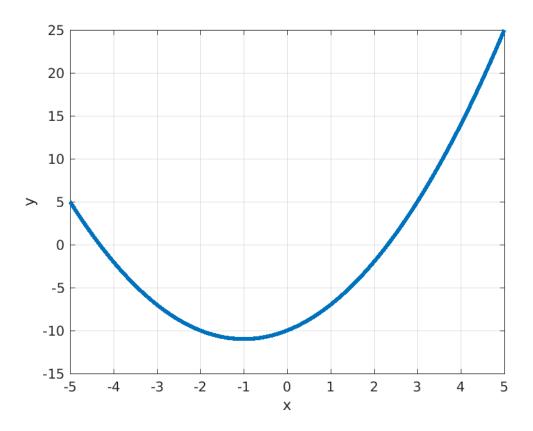
- Transcendentals

" a transcendental function "transcends" algebra in that it cannot be expressed in terms of a finite sequence of the algebraic operations of addition, multiplication, and root extraction. Examples of transcendental functions include the exponential function, the logarithm, and the trigonometric functions. "

- * Exponentials
- * Logarithms
- $* \ Trigonometrics \\$
- What does "Solve the Equation" mean?

• Let us do a simple example

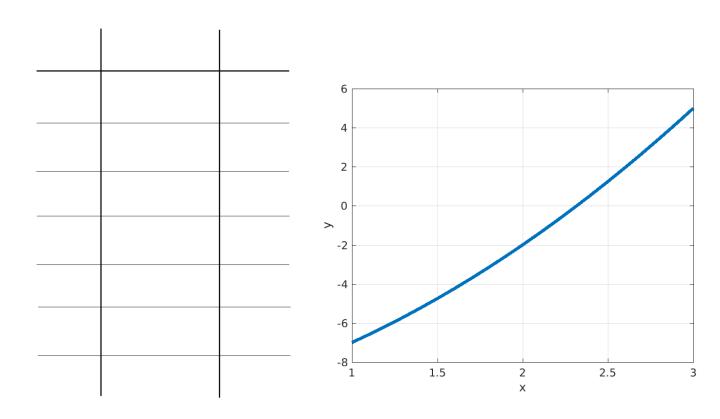
$$y = x^2 + 2x - 10$$



• Method 1 - The Incremental Search

- We are looking for where the line crosses the x-axis, so how can we tell if this happens?
- Let us investigate with our simple example.

$$y = x^2 + 2x - 10$$



• Method 2 - The Bisection Method

- different than the previous method because it is a $\mathit{bracketing}$ method
- It is a faster method in general but can you think of any tradeoffs?

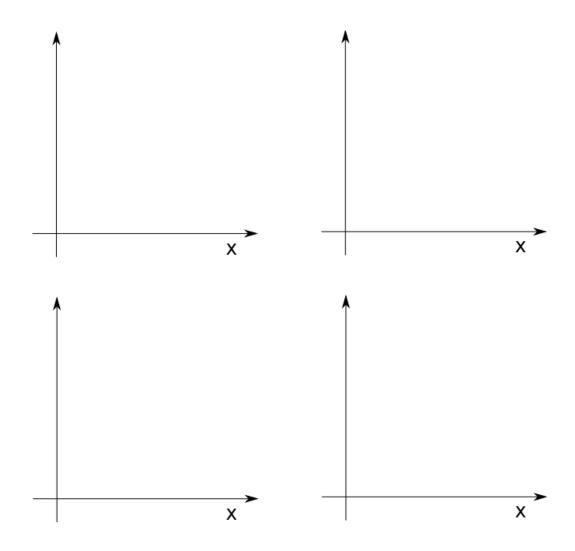


•	Advantages,	Disadvantages,	and Pitfalls

• It is useful to have generalized methods

- A solution technique for the general problem
- Standard set of steps or algorithm for finding the solution

• The general root-finding problem



• REMINDER - Homework 1 is posted on ilearn DUE: Wednesday, Sep. 5

• REMINDER - Instructions for Installing MATLAB on your computer have been posted on ilearn.