

Time Response - Lecture 1

ME3050 - Dynamics Modeling and Controls

March 29, 2020

Time Response of First Order Systems

Lecture 1 - Time Response of First Order Systems

- Welcome Back!
- Free Response of a First Order Model
- Stability in Dynamic Systems
- Forced Response of a First Order Model

Welcome to New Video Lectures

Welcome Back!

- Things are going to be different but we will still learn!
- These new outlines should help keep me/us on track.
- The material will be organized in 20-30 min videos, and you can watch them at anytime.

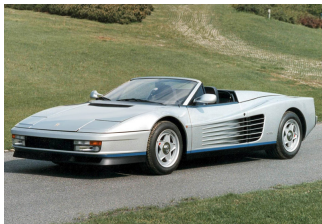
Welcome to Chapter 8 - *Time Response*

Chapter 8 - System Analysis in the Time Domain

We have jumped forward a bit into chapter 8 but that is ok.
We will go back into Ch6/7 when soon.

Model and EOM

Consider the model of the moving mass we derived.



The EOM is:

$$m\dot{v} + cv = 0$$

Solution with Laplace Transforms Method

$$\mathcal{L}\{m\dot{v} + cv = 0\} \implies m[sV(s) - v(0)] + cV(s) = 0$$

$$(ms + c)V(s) = \frac{mv(0)}{(ms+c)} = \frac{V(0)}{s + \frac{c}{m}}$$

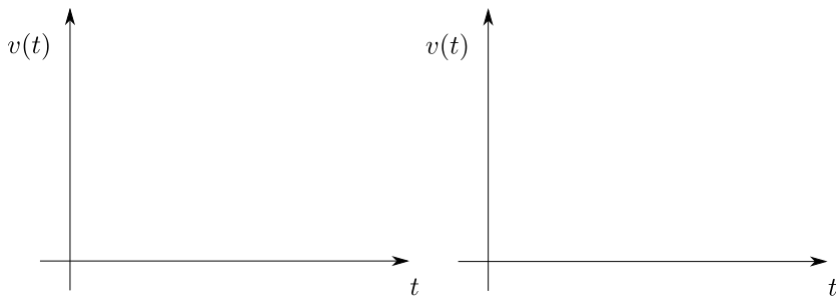
We can find the expected result from the table.

$$v(t) = v(0)e^{-\frac{c}{m}t} = v(0)e^{-\frac{t}{\tau}} \quad \text{with} \quad \tau =$$

Sketch Response Equation

Sketch the System Response in the time Domain.

$$v(t) = v(0)e^{-\frac{t}{\tau}}$$



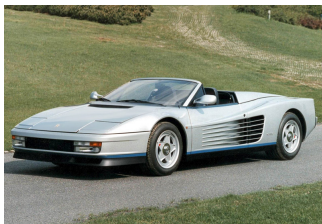
Is this a stable system? What does that mean?

Stability in Dynamic Systems

A dynamic system is stable if ...

Step Input Function

Consider the model subject to a Step Input, $f(t)$.



$$m\dot{v} + cv = f(t)$$

$$f(t) = \begin{cases} 0 & t < 0 \\ F & t \geq 0 \end{cases}$$

Solution with Laplace Transforms Method - Step 1

The method of Laplace Transforms is shown.

$$\mathcal{L}\{m\dot{v} + cv = F\} \implies m[sV(s) - v(0)] + cV(s) = \frac{F}{s}$$

$$(ms + c)V(s) = \frac{F}{s} + mv(0)$$

Solve for $V(s)$.

$$V(s) = \frac{F}{s(ms+c)} + \frac{mv(0)}{ms+c}$$

Solution with Laplace Transforms Method - Step 2

Expand $V(s)$ as a partial fraction.

$$V(s) = \frac{F}{s(ms+c)} + \frac{mv(0)}{ms+c} \implies \frac{F}{s(ms+c)} = \frac{a}{s} + \frac{b}{ms+c}$$

'Cover up' to find the coefficients.

$$a = \frac{F}{m \times 0 + c} \quad \text{and} \quad b = \frac{F}{\frac{-c}{m}} = \frac{-Fm}{c}$$

This leads to a form that can be inverted with the table.

$$V(s) = \frac{F}{c} \left\{ \frac{1}{s} - \frac{1}{s + \frac{c}{m}} \right\} + \frac{v(0)}{s + \frac{c}{m}}$$

Solution with Laplace Transforms Method - Step 3

Can you find these terms in the Table of Laplace Transforms?

$$V(s) = \frac{F}{c} \left\{ \frac{1}{s} - \frac{1}{s + \frac{c}{m}} \right\} + \frac{v(0)}{s + \frac{c}{m}}$$

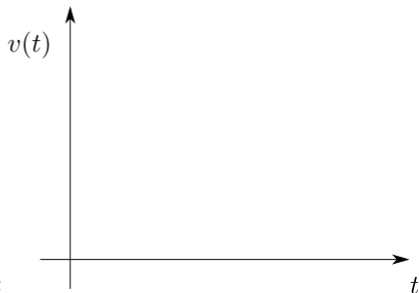
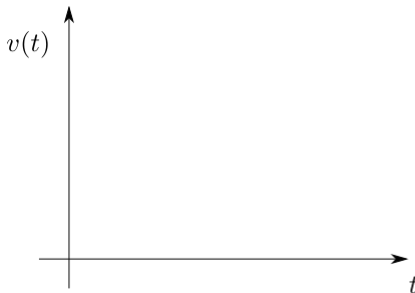
The inverse Laplace transform of $V(s)$ gives the time response.

$$v(t) = \frac{F}{c} \{1 - e^{-\frac{t}{\tau}}\} + v(0)e^{-\frac{t}{\tau}} = \{v(0) - \frac{F}{c}\}e^{-\frac{t}{\tau}} + \frac{F}{c}$$

Sketch Response Equation

Sketch the System Response in the time Domain.

$$v(t) = \left\{ v(0) - \frac{F}{c} \right\} e^{-\frac{t}{\tau}} + \frac{F}{c}$$



Is this a stable system?

Components of the Response

In these forms we can see the different components of the response.

$$v(t) = \frac{F}{c} \{1 - e^{-\frac{t}{\tau}}\} + v(0)e^{-\frac{t}{\tau}} = \{v(0) - \frac{F}{c}\}e^{-\frac{t}{\tau}} + \frac{F}{c}$$

- Forced Response
- Free Response
- Transient Response
- Steady-State Response

References

- System Dynamics, Palm III, Third Edition - Section 8.1 - Response of First Order Systems - pg. 475