

Lecture Module - ODE Review

ME3050 - Dynamic Modeling and Controls

Mechanical Engineering

Tennessee Technological University

Topic 1 - Classification of Differential Equations

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- Definitions
- Classification
- Engineering Applications
- Example

What is a Differential Equation?

Definition:

A **differential equation** is an equation which describes a function and one or more of its _____ of the _____
_____ with respect to the _____.

Standard Form of an ODE

Ordinary Differential Equations are written in the following form.

$$a_n \frac{dy^{(n)}}{d^{(n)}x} + a_{n-1} \frac{dy^{(n-1)}}{d^{(n-1)}x} + \dots + a_2 \frac{dy^2}{d^2x} + a_1 \frac{dy}{dx} + a_0 y = f(x)$$

The apostrophe is commonly used for the derivative.

$$a_n y^{(n)} + a_{n-1} y^{(n-1)} + \dots + a_2 y'' + a_1 y' + a_0 y = f(x)$$

If time is the independent variable the equation changes slightly.

Is the differential equation ordinary or partial?

An **ordinary** differential equation has _____ independent variable and _____ dependent variable.

A **partial** differential equation has _____ independent variable _____ dependent variable.

What is the order of the equation?

The **order** of a differential equation is the

present in the equation.

What is the degree of the equation?

The **degree** of a differential equation is the _____
of its highest derivative, after the equation has been made rational
and integral in all of its derivatives.

Is the differential equation linear or non-linear?

An ordinary differential equation is _____ if the following statements are true.

- 1 *The dependent variable and its derivatives are of the first degree.*
- 2 *The coefficients are constants or dependent on the independent variable.*

If either rule is broken, the equation is _____-_____.

Engineering Applications

Differential equations are used to describe physical systems in many areas of engineering. An equation that represents a physical (or theoretical) system is known as a _____.

- Solid Mechanics
- Kinematics and Dynamics
- Heat Transfer and Thermodynamics
- Fluid Mechanics

Example - Mathematical Model

Newton's Second Law

$$\Sigma \mathbf{F} = m\mathbf{a}$$

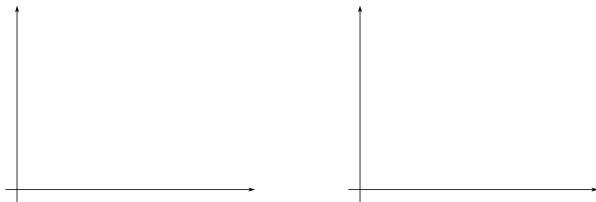
leads to an *equation of motion*.

$$\dot{y} + \frac{c}{m}y = f(t)$$



Example - Solution

The **solution** to a differential equation describes the _____ as a function of the _____.



There are many different methods for finding the solution.