

Module 4 - Steady State Circuits

ME3023 - Measurements in Mechanical Systems

Mechanical Engineering

Tennessee Technological University

Topic 1 - Components, Units, and Symbols

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- Common Passive Components
- Important Electrical Quantities
- Units and Symbols
- Types of Switches

Common Passive Components

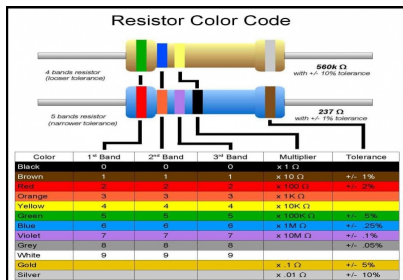
_____ components affect the behavior of a circuit in different ways but they do not generate power and can only _____ energy or transform it into _____.
_____ components on the other hand...

-
-
-

Most circuits require an _____ for operation. A voltage source is used in most applications however current sources are also available and are needed for specialized electrical applications.

Common Passive Components

Components are identified by color codes and numbering systems. However it is always a good idea to measure for yourself because a marking can be incorrect or a component may be damaged.



Codes of Ceramic Disc Capacitor

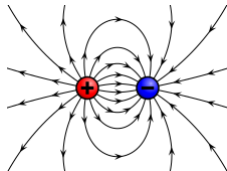
www.circuitspedia.com

Picofarad pF	Nanofarad nF	Microfarad μF	CODE	Picofarad pF	Nanofarad nF	Microfarad μF	CODE
10	0.01	0.00001	100	4700	4.7	0.0047	472
15	0.015	0.000015	150	5000	5.0	0.005	502
22	0.022	0.000022	220	5600	5.6	0.0056	562
33	0.033	0.000033	330	6800	6.8	0.0068	682
47	0.047	0.000047	470	10000	10	0.01	103
100	0.1	0.0001	101	15000	15	0.015	153
120	0.12	0.00012	121	22000	22	0.022	223
130	0.13	0.00013	131	33000	33	0.033	333
150	0.15	0.00015	151	47000	47	0.047	473
180	0.18	0.00018	181	68000	68	0.068	683
220	0.22	0.00022	221	100000	100	0.1	104
330	0.33	0.00033	331	150000	150	0.15	154
470	0.47	0.00047	471	200000	200	0.2	254
560	0.56	0.00056	561	220000	220	0.22	224
680	0.68	0.00068	681	330000	330	0.33	334
750	0.75	0.00075	751	470000	470	0.47	474
820	0.82	0.00082	821	680000	680	0.68	684
1000	1.0	0.001	102	1000000	1000	1.0	105
1500	1.5	0.0015	152	1500000	1500	1.5	155
2000	2.0	0.002	202	2000000	2000	2.0	205
2200	2.2	0.0022	222	2200000	2200	2.2	225
3300	3.3	0.0033	332	3300000	3300	3.3	335

Important Electrical Quantities

- **Charge** - the physical property of matter that causes it to experience a force when placed in an

_____.



- **Voltage** - the difference in electric potential between two points ... can be caused by _____, by electric current through a _____, by time-varying magnetic fields, or _____.
- **Current** - the _____ past a point or region. An electric current is said to exist when there is a net flow of electric charge through a region.

Important Electrical Quantities

- **Resistance** - a measure of a components _____ . The inverse quantity is electrical conductance, and is the ease with which an electric current passes.
- **Capacitance** - the _____ in electric charge of a system to the corresponding change in its electric potential (voltage).
- **Inductance** - the tendency of an electrical conductor to _____ through it. The flow of electric current creates a magnetic field around the conductor. The field strength depends on the magnitude of the current, and follows any changes in current.

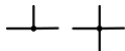
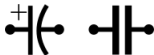
Units and Symbols

Quantity	Symbol	Unit	Abbr.
Charge	Q,q	Coulomb	C
Voltage	V,v	Volt	v
Current	I,i	Ampere	A
Resistance	R	Ohm	Ω
Capacitance	C	Farad	F
Inductance	L	Henry	H

Question: When should you use upper case or lower case letters for electrical quantities?

Units and Symbols

When working with a or building a circuit you need a diagram. Draw or find one before you begin. Here are some commonly used symbols.



Types of Switches

A switch is a mechanical-electrical device that can change from a continuous state to a dis-continuous state and they are used as a mechanical interface to a circuit. There many different types of switches for different purposes and this is not an exhaustive list.

- Toggle Switches
- Momentary Switches
- Reed Switches
- Level or Float Switches
- and many more

Types of Switches

Toggle switches are possibly the most commonly used switches and they come in many different forms.

Poles -

Throws -

