R Markdown formatting and maths examples

Dr. Felipe Campelo (adapted from Dr. Rihuan Ke)

This document provides examples of writing symbols and formulas in RMarkdown.

For each example in this file:

- 1. The code displayed in the gray box is the source code, which you can include in your *RMarkdown* file to include math formulas.
- 2. The formulas and text below the gray boxes represent the sample output of the source code in the gray box.

Please note that:

- 1. The examples are not meant to indicate absolute choices of notation, as notations vary in different subjects/settings.
- 2. You are not required to know or write all the symbols/codes displayed below, but this document can assist you in checking the source code for specific symbols/formulas when needed.

Examples

This is an inline equation a = b + c. This is a displayed equation

$$a = b + c$$
.

Note that the displayed equation is on a line by itself.

```
This is italic _abcd_ / *abcd*, and this is boldface **abcd** / __abcd__.
You can also do **_bold italics_**.
```

This is italic abcd / abcd, and this is boldface abcd / abcd. You can also do bold italics.

```
This is a list with three levels:

1. item 1
2. item 2
- item
a. another level
```

b. abcabc

item

Notice that to add more levels all you need to do is to indent with a tab (or two spaces)

This is a list with three levels:

- 1. item 1
- 2. item 2
 - item
 - a. another level
 - b. abcabc
 - item

Notice that to add more levels all you need to do is to indent with a tab (or four spaces)

the set of all real numbers \$\mathbb{R}\\$

the set of all natural numbers \$\mathbb{N}\$

the set of all rational numbers \$\mathbb{Q}\$

the set of all real numbers \mathbb{R}

the set of all natural numbers \mathbb{N}

the set of all rational numbers \mathbb{Q}

The percent character needs to be escaped with a backslash:

\$100 \%\$

The percent character needs to be escaped with a backslash:

100%

Common mathematical operators. When in math mode, use ~ or `\quad` to impose spacing:

a+b, a/b, a^b , a^b

\$a = b, \quad a \neq b, \quad a < b, \quad a \leq b, \quad a > b, \quad a \geq b.\$

Common mathematical operators. When in math mode, use \sim or \quad to impose spacing:

$$a+b, a/b, a^b, a \times b, a \cdot b$$

$$a = b$$
, $a \neq b$, $a < b$, $a \leq b$, $a > b$, $a \geq b$.

$$\frac{a}{b}, \quad \frac{f_1(a)}{f_2(b) + f_3(c)}$$

Greek letters:

\$\alpha, \beta, \mu, \lambda, \tau, \xi, \epsilon\$

Greek letters:

 $\alpha, \beta, \mu, \lambda, \tau, \xi, \epsilon, \pi$

A set of identically distributed variables following a normal distribution with mean $\mu=0$ and standard deviation $\simeq 1$:

 $X_1, \cdot X_n \sim \mathbb{N}(\mu=0, \sigma=1)$

A set of identically distributed variables following a normal distribution with mean $\mu = 0$ and standard deviation $\sigma = 1$:

 $X_1, \cdots, X_n \sim \mathcal{N}(\mu = 0, \sigma = 1)$

Superscripts and subscripts:

 a_b , \quad a^b , \quad a^{10} , \quad b^{-1} \$

Superscripts and subscripts: a_b , a^b , a^{10} , b^{-1}

 $b^{1/2} = \sqrt{b}$

Use `\left` and `\right` together with parentheses, brackets etc. to automatically adjust the size:

\$\left[a, \frac{b}{c}\right]\$

 $\left(\frac{n=1}^{\int \int {\int (1)^n }\right}$

Use \left and \right together with parentheses, brackets etc. to automatically adjust the size:

 $\left[a,\frac{b}{c}\right]$

 $\left\{\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n}\right\}$

Top annotations:

 $\tilde{X}, \quad \tilde{X}, \quad \tilde{X}$

Top annotations:

 \tilde{X} , \tilde{X} , \hat{X} , \tilde{X} , \bar{X}

Set operations:

\$A \cap B, \quad A \cup B\$

 $\alpha_{k=1}^K A_k, \quad \c_{k=1}^K A_k$

\$A \backslash B

 $a \in \mathbb{R}, \quad a \in \mathbb{R}$

\$\emptyset\$

\$A \subseteq B\$

Set operations:

$$A \cap B$$
, $A \cup B$

$$\cap_{k=1}^K A_k, \cup_{k=1}^K A_k$$

 $A \backslash B$

 $a \in \mathbb{R}, \quad a \notin \mathbb{R}$

Ø

$$A \subseteq B$$

$$\{w_1, w_2, \cdots, w_K\}$$

Multi-level subscripting:

\$A_i\$, \$A_{i_1}\$

Multi-level subscripting:

 A_i, A_{i_1}

Some math font styles:

 $\mathcal{A}, \quad \mathcal{A}, \quad \mathcal{A}$

Some math font styles:

$$\mathbf{N}, \quad \mathcal{N}, \quad \mathbb{N}, \quad N$$

Expressions:

$$\{(a,b) \mid a + b = 3 \}$$

 $X_i < \text{q25} - 1.5 \times \text{IQR}, \quad \text{vai} > \text{1.5} + 1.5 \times \text{IQR}$

\${\rm Cov}(X, Y), \ {\rm Var}(X)\$

 $\sum_{i=0}^{i=0}^{i=0}^{i=0}^{i=0}^{i=0}$

 $\{n\}\subset\{n\} = \frac{n!}{k!(n-k)!}$

Expressions:

$$\{(a,b)|a+b=3\}$$

$$A := \{1, 2\}$$

$$X_i < q25 - 1.5 \times IQR$$
, or $X_i > q75 + 1.5 \times IQR$

Cov(X, Y), Var(X)

```
\sum_{i=0}^{\infty} a_i, \prod_{i=0}^{\infty} a_i\binom{n}{k} = \frac{n!}{k!(n-k)!}
```

```
Conditional functions:
```

```
\[
F(x) = \begin{cases}
1 & \mbox{if } x = 0 \\
0 & \mbox{otherwise} \\
\end{cases}
\]
```

Conditional functions:

$$F(x) = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{if } x = 0 \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

Integrals, limits, partial derivatives, gradients:

 $\int a^b f(x) dx$

 $\frac{\pi^2}{\pi^2}$

 $\alpha f(\vec{x})$

 $\displaystyle \inf f(n)$

Integrals, partial derivatives, gradients:

$$\int_{a}^{b} f(x) dx$$

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial x}f, \frac{\partial^2}{\partial x^2}f$$

 $\nabla f(\vec{x})$

 $\lim_{n\to\infty} f(n)$

Norms:

\$\| A \|_2\$

Norms:

 $||A||_{2}$