



Questions

69. Write a C++ program to overload a function to add two integer numbers and two floating-point numbers separately.

Absolute

Power

Sort

Factorial

Arrays

Sum

Area

Concatenate

Maximum

Plus Equal

Add

(~)

0

||

*

Equal

<<

Plus

Increment

Run

Save

```
1 #include<iostream>
2 using namespace std;
3 int add(int);
4 int add(int,int);
5 float add(float,int,int);
6 int main()
7 {
8     int s,r,b;
9     float h;
10    cin>>s>>r>>b>>h;
11    cout<<"addition 1: "<<add(s)<<endl;
12    cout<<"addition 2: "<<add(r,b)<<"\n";
13    cout<<"addition 3: "<<add(h,r,b);
14    return 0;
15 }
16 int add(int s)
17 {
18     return (s+s);
19 }
20 int add(int r,int b)
21 {
22     return (r+b);
23 }
24 float add(float h,int r,int b)
25 {
26     return (h+r+b);
27 }
```

10 5 5 4.7



Questions

68. Write a C++ program to overload the += operator to add two objects of a user-defined class.

Absolute

Power

Sort

Factorial

Arrays

Sum

Area

Concatenate

Maximum

Plus Equal

Add

(~)

0

||

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Equal

<<

Plus

Increment

Run

Save

```
1 #include<iostream>
2 using namespace std;
3 class num
4 {
5     private:
6     int n;
7     public:
8     void getnum(int x)
9     {
10         n=x;
11     }
12     void dispnum(void)
13     {
14         cout<<"addition is: "<<n;
15     }
16     num operator+=(num&obj)
17     {
18         num x;
19         x.n=this->n+obj.n;
20         return (x);
21     }
22 };
23 int main()
24 {
25     num num1,num2,sum;
26     num1.getnum(100);
27     num2.getnum(20);
28     sum=num1+=num2;
29     sum.dispnum();
30     cout<<endl;
31     return 0;
32 }
```

Your INPUT go's here! Give only values. do not give like a=10



Questions

70. Write a C++ program to overload a function to find the maximum value from two integer numbers, two floating-point numbers, and two characters separately.

Absolute

Power

Sort

Factorial

Arrays

Sum

Area

Concatenate

Maximum

Plus Equal

Add

(~)

0

||

*

Equal

<<

Plus

Increment

Run

Save

```
1 #include<iostream>
2 using namespace std;
3 int max(int,int);
4 float max(float,float);
5 int main()
6 {
7     int a,b;
8     float c,d;
9     cin>>a>>b>>c>>d;
10    cout<<"maximum value 1: "<<max(a,b)<<endl;
11    cout<<"maximum value 2: "<<max(c,d);
12    return 0;
13 }
14 int max(int a,int b)
15 {
16     if(a>b)
17         return a;
18     else
19         return b;
20 }
21 float max(float c,float d)
22 {
23     if(c>d)
24         return c;
25     else
26         return d;
27 }
```

1208 213 33.43 33.44



Questions

72. Write a C++ program to overload a function to calculate the area of a square, a rectangle, and a circle separately.

Absolute

Power

Sort

Factorial

Arrays

Sum

Area

Concatenate

Maximum

Plus Equal

Add

(~)

0

||

*

Equal

<<

Plus

Increment

Run

Save

```
1 #include<iostream>
2 using namespace std;
3 int square(int);
4 int rect(int,int);
5 float circle(float,int);
6 int main()
7 {
8     int a,l,b,r;
9     float pi=3.14;
10    cin>>a>>l>>b>>r;
11    cout<<"area of square: "<<square(a)<<"\n";
12    cout<<"area of rectangle: "<<rect(l,b)<<"\n";
13    cout<<"area of circle: "<<circle(pi,r);
14    return 0;
15 }
16 int square(int a)
17 {
18     return (a*a);
19 }
20 int rect(int l,int b)
21 {
22     return (l*b);
23 }
24 float circle(float pi,int r)
25 {
26     return (pi*r*r);
27 }
```

```
4
5 6
10
```



Questions

75. Write a C++ program to overload a function to find the factorial of an integer number and the factorial of a floating-point number separately.

Absolute

Power

Sort

Factorial

Arrays

Sum

Area

Concatenate

Maximum

Plus Equal

Add

(-)

0

||

*

Equal

<<

Plus

Increment

Run

Save

```
1 #include<iostream>
2 using namespace std;
3 int fact(int);
4 float fact(float);
5 int main()
6 {
7     int n;
8     float m;
9     cin>>n>>m;
10    cout<<"factorial of "<<n<<" = "<<fact(n)<<endl;
11    cout<<"factorial of "<<m<<" = "<<fact(m);
12    return 0;
13 }
14 int fact(int n)
15 {
16     if(n>1)
17         return n*fact(n-1);
18     else
19         return 1;
20 }
21 float fact(float m)
22 {
23     if(m>1)
24         return m*fact(m-1);
25     else
26         return 1;
27 }
```

5
4.9



Questions

77. Write a C++ program to overload a function to calculate the power of an integer number and the power of a floating-point number separately.

Absolute

Power

Sort

Factorial

Arrays

Sum

Area

Concatenate

Maximum

Plus Equal

Add

(~)

0

||

*

Equal

<<

Plus

Increment

Run

Save

```

1 #include<iostream>
2 #include<cmath>
3 using namespace std;
4 int power(int,int);
5 float power(float,int);
6 int main()
7 {
8     int n,m,c;
9     float k;
10    cin>>n>>m;
11    cin>>k>>c;
12    cout<<"power of "<<n<<" and "<<m<<" = "<<pow(n,m)<<endl;
13    cout<<"power of "<<k<<" and "<<c<<" = "<<pow(k,c);
14    return 0;
15 }
16 int power(int n,int m)
17 {
18     int i,product=n;
19     for(i=0;i<m-1;i++)
20     {
21         product*=n;
22     }
23     return product;
24 }
25 float product(float k,int c)
26 {
27     int i,product=k;
28     for(i=0;i<c-1;i++)
29     {
30         product*=k;
31     }
32     return product;
33 }

```

2 3 3.5 6



Questions

78. Write a C++ program to overload a function to find the absolute value of an integer number and the absolute value of a floating-point number separately.

Absolute

Power

Sort

Factorial

Arrays

Sum

Area

Concatenate

Maximum

Plus Equal

Add

(-)

0

||

*

Equal

<<

Plus

Increment

Run

Save

```
1 #include<iostream>
2 using namespace std;
3 int ab(int);
4 float ab(float);
5 int main()
6 {
7     int n;
8     float m;
9     cin>>n>>m;
10    cout<<"absolute of "<<n<<" = "<<ab(n)<<"\n";
11    cout<<"absolute of "<<m<<" = "<<ab(m);
12    return 0;
13 }
14 int ab(int n)
15 {
16     if(n>0)
17         return n;
18     else
19         return n*(-1);
20 }
21 float ab(float m)
22 {
23     if(m>0)
24         return m;
25     else
26         return m*(-1);
27 }
```

```
-3
-5.2
```