# Exploiting docker Containers

The inside-out approach

## **ESSENTIAL THEORY**

- Namespaces
- Control Groups
- Union File System
- Capabilities

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### Namespaces

Namespaces provide a layer of isolation. Each aspect of a container runs in a separate namespace and its access is limited to that namespace.

Docker Engine uses namespaces such as the following on Linux:

- PID: Process isolation
- NET: Managing network interfaces
- **IPC**: Managing access to IPC resources
- MNT: Managing filesystem mount points
- UTS: Isolating kernel and version identifiers

Each process is in one namespace of each type

### Control Groups (cgroups)

A cgroup limits an application to a specific set of resources. It allows Docker Engine to share available hardware resources to containers and optionally enforce limits and constraints. For example, you can limit the memory available to a specific container.

A cgroup is itself a type of namespace.

### Union File System (unionfs)

Union mounting is a way of combining multiple directories into one that appears to contain their combined contents.

Many images that are used spin up our containers are quite bulky whether. It would be quite expensive to allocate that much space every time a container is created from these images. Thanks to union filesystem, Docker only needs to create thin layer on top of the image and rest of it can be shared between all the containers.

### Capabilities

The Linux kernel is able to break down the privileges of the root user into distinct units referred to as capabilities.

This breaking down of root privileges into granular capabilities allows you to:

- Remove individual capabilities from the root user account, making it less powerful/dangerous.
- Add privileges to non-root users at a very granular level.

By default, Docker drops all capabilities except those needed using a whitelist approach.

## OFFENSIVE OPERATIONS

- Inside a container
- On a host running container(s)
- In a network with other host(s) exposing Docker API
- In a code repository containing the Dockerfile/docker-compose.yml file(s)

- Breakout/Escape, Extract Secrets
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- 1. Are you root?
- 2. Which OS environment is running inside the container?
- 3. Which OS & kernel are running on the host?
- 4. Which processes are running?
- 5. Which capabilities do the processes in the container have?
- 6. Is the container privileged?
- 7. What volumes are mounted?
- 8. What's in the environmental variable?
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#### How to exploit a Docker Container...

- 1. ...with CAP\_SYS\_ADMIN capability
- 2. ...with CAP\_DAC\_READ\_SEARCH capability
- 3. ...with CAP\_DAC\_READ\_SEARCH & CAP\_DAC\_OVERRIDE capabilities
- 4. ...with CAP\_SYS\_PTRACE capability & shared PID namespace with host
- 5. ...with CAP\_SYS\_MODULE capability
- 6. ...which is privileged
- 7. ...with mounted Docker Socket



## **QUESTIONS?**

Mank you