

AWS DevOps Project: Scalable E-Commerce Platform

Objective

Deploy a robust, scalable e-commerce platform using AWS services and DevOps best practices.

Architecture Overview

- **Frontend: React** (deployed on Amazon S3 + CloudFront)
 - **Backend API: FastAPI** (deployed on ECS Fargate)
 - **Database: Amazon RDS** (PostgreSQL/MySQL)
 - **Authentication: Amazon Cognito**
 - **Storage: Amazon S3** for product images and static files
 - **CI/CD: AWS CodePipeline + CodeBuild + CodeDeploy + SonarQube** (for code quality)
 - **Infrastructure as Code (IaC): Terraform**
 - **Monitoring & Logging: Amazon CloudWatch + Kibana**
 - **Security: AWS WAF, IAM roles, and Security Groups**
 - **Automation: Lambda functions** for scheduled tasks
 - **Secrets Management: AWS Secrets Manager** for secure credential handling
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Step 1: Infrastructure Setup (IaC with Terraform)

- 1. Create VPC**
 - **Create a VPC with CIDR block 10.0.0.0/16**
- 2. Add Subnets**
 - **Public subnet 1: 10.0.1.0/24**
 - **Public subnet 2: 10.0.2.0/24**
 - **Private subnet 1: 10.0.3.0/24**
 - **Private subnet 2: 10.0.4.0/24**
- 3. Add Internet Gateway and NAT Gateway**
 - **Create an IGW and attach it to the VPC.**

- Add a NAT Gateway in the public subnet.
 - 4. Create Route Tables
 - Public Route Table with IGW route.
 - Private Route Table with NAT Gateway route.
 - 5. Deploy ECS Cluster with Fargate tasks
 - Use Terraform to create:
 - ECS Cluster
 - ECS Service with Fargate launch type
 - 6. Create an ALB for routing traffic.
 - 7. Launch RDS Instance for Database
 - Enable Multi-AZ for redundancy.
 - 8. Deploy S3 Buckets for Storage
 - One bucket for static content and another for product images.
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Step 2: Backend API Setup (FastAPI + Docker)

1. Write a Dockerfile for FastAPI:

FROM python:3.11-slim

WORKDIR /app

COPY requirements.txt .

RUN pip install -r requirements.txt

COPY . .

CMD ["uvicorn", "main:app", "--host", "0.0.0.0", "--port", "8000"]

2. Push the Docker image to Amazon ECR:

docker build -t fastapi-app .

docker tag fastapi-app:latest

<AWS_ACCOUNT_ID>.dkr.ecr.<AWS_REGION>.amazonaws.com/fastapi-app:latest

docker push

<AWS_ACCOUNT_ID>.dkr.ecr.<AWS_REGION>.amazonaws.com/fastapi-app:latest

3. Create an ECS Task Definition and ECS Service.

Step 3: Frontend Deployment (React + S3 + CloudFront)

1. Build the React app:

npm run build

2. Upload build files to S3:

aws s3 sync ./build s3://<YOUR_BUCKET_NAME> --delete

3. Create a CloudFront distribution with your S3 bucket as the origin.

Step 4: CI/CD Pipeline Setup

1. Create a CodePipeline with the following steps:

- **Source:** Connect to your GitHub repository.
- **Build:** Use CodeBuild to build the backend Docker image and React app.
- **Code Quality Check:** Integrate SonarQube for code quality analysis.
- **Deploy:** ECS service for backend and S3 for frontend.

2. Sample buildspec.yml file for CodeBuild with SonarQube:

version: 0.2

phases:

install:

commands:

- **echo "Installing dependencies..."**
- **npm install**

build:

commands:

- **npm run build**
- **docker build -t fastapi-app .**
- **sonar-scanner -Dsonar.projectKey=my_project -Dsonar.host.url=<SONARQUBE_URL> -Dsonar.login=<SONARQUBE_TOKEN>**

post_build:

commands:

```
- docker push  
<AWS_ACCOUNT_ID>.dkr.ecr.<AWS_REGION>.amazonaws.com/fastapi-app:latest  
  
- echo "Build complete."
```

Step 5: Database Setup (RDS)

1. Launch a PostgreSQL or MySQL RDS instance.
 2. Create a security group allowing ECS tasks to connect securely.
 3. Use Secrets Manager to manage database credentials.
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Step 6: Monitoring & Logging

1. Enable CloudWatch metrics for ECS service.
 2. Create CloudWatch alarms for:
 - High CPU utilization
 - Memory usage spikes
 - Failed ECS task deployments
 3. Use Kibana for improved log visualization.
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Step 7: Security & Scaling

1. Use AWS WAF for enhanced security.
 2. Implement IAM policies with least-privilege access.
 3. Enable ECS auto-scaling for dynamic resource allocation.
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Step 8: Automation with AWS Lambda

1. Create a Lambda function to purge old Docker images in ECR.
 2. Automate RDS backup using scheduled Lambda functions.
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Step 9: Documentation & Cleanup

1. Write clear documentation on setup, deployment, and maintenance.
 2. Use cleanup scripts for temporary resources.
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Bonus Enhancements

- ✓ Add caching with Amazon ElastiCache (Redis)
 - ✓ Implement Blue-Green Deployment for zero downtime
 - ✓ Integrate Amazon SES for email notifications
 - ✓ Use CloudFormation for faster replication
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Key Learning Outcomes

- ✓ Hands-on with ECS, RDS, and S3
- ✓ Infrastructure as Code (IaC) using Terraform
- ✓ Efficient CI/CD pipeline using CodePipeline
- ✓ Enhanced code quality check with SonarQube integration
- ✓ Secure architecture with WAF, IAM, and VPC
- ✓ Real-time monitoring and alerting using CloudWatch and Kibana