

Problem Set-8
MTH-204, 204A
Abstract Algebra

1. Let R be a ring in which every $x \in R$ satisfies $x^2 = x$. Prove that R must be commutative.
2. Give an example of a ring R and ideals I_1, I_2, I_3 and J such that $J \subseteq I_1 \cup I_2 \cup I_3$ but $J \not\subseteq I_k$ for any $k = 1, 2, 3$.
3. If I is an ideal of R , let $\text{Ann}(I) = \{x \in R : xu = 0 \text{ for all } u \in I\}$. Prove that $\text{Ann}(I)$ is an ideal of R .
4. If I is an ideal of R let $[R : I] = \{x \in R : rx \in I \text{ for every } r \in R\}$. Prove that $[R : I]$ is an ideal of R and that it contains I .
5. Prove that any homomorphism of a field is either one-to-one or takes each element into 0.
6. Determine all ring homomorphisms from \mathbb{R} to \mathbb{R} .
7. Find all the units of the ring of Gaussian integers $\mathbb{Z}[i]$.
8. Let R be a commutative ring with 1. If every proper ideal of R is prime, show that R is a field.
9. Let R be a ring. Prove that the set of all matrices over R form a ring under matrix addition and matrix multiplication. **What are all the ideals of this ring ?**
10. Let R be a ring in which $x^3 = x$ for every $x \in R$. Prove that R is a commutative ring.