

### Question 1 - Bellman Ford Algorithm

<b>a</b>	inf	-3	-3	-4	-6	-6
<b>b</b>	inf	inf	0	-2	-2	-2
<b>c</b>	inf	3	3	3	3	3
<b>d</b>	inf	4	3	3	2	0
<b>e</b>	inf	2	0	0	0	0
<b>s</b>	0	0	0	0	0	0
	<b>0</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>5</b>

### Question 2 - Optimal Triangulation

- 2.5 marks are awarded for writing the correct recursive formulation along with the base case.
- 1 mark is deducted if the base case is missing.
- 1.5 marks are awarded for providing a clear justification.

### Question 3 a)- Optimal Subpath Theory

- 1 mark is awarded only if the property is well stated.

### Question 3 b)- Graph violating the property

- 4 marks are awarded if the graph shown violates the property.
- 1 mark is deducted if there are two optimal paths reaching 'y'.

### Question 4 - On multiplying adjacency matrix

- 4a) 1 mark awarded for answering "Degree of x"
- 4b) 0.5 mark deducted if it simply mentions  $C[i,j]$  is "not equal to zero" if there exists a path of length 2 from i to j .
- 4b)1 mark awarded for answering  $C[i,j]$  = shows the "number of paths" of length 2 from i to j
- 4 c)1 mark awarded if the student has misinterpreted the question and has answered '2'
- 4 c)2 marks are awarded for  $\text{floor}(n/2) + 1$

## Question 5 - Integrality of Maximum Flow

- 2 marks awarded for stating the correct theorem
- 1 mark deducted for not stating “if all edge capacities are integers”
- 1 mark deducted if it is only implied that for all edges the flow will be integers instead of stating it properly.

## Question 6a - Number of Triangles present

- Full marks are awarded for using the blackbox once, applying the correct conditions, and calculating the exact number of triangles.
- 1–2 marks are deducted if there are mistakes in applying the correct conditions or in calculating the exact number of triangles.
- No deduction applies if all steps are correct.

## Question 6b - Transitive Reduction

- You must have multiplied the adjacency matrix  $A$  with the transitive closure  $A^+$  and proceeded correctly from there.
- Any other approach that leads to higher complexity than required (e.g., solving using topological sort) has been awarded 0 marks.

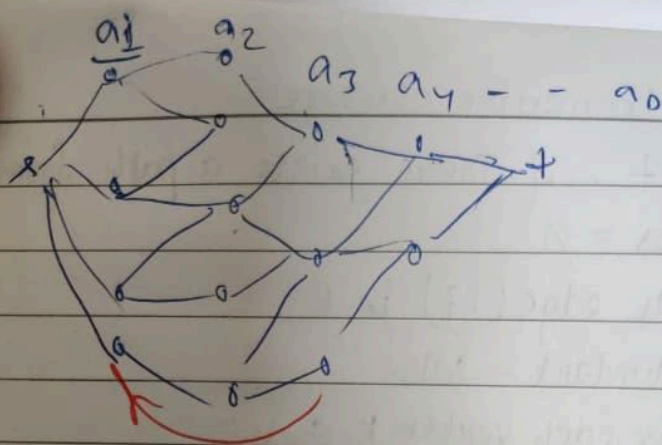
## Question 7a - Ford Fulkerson (Time complexity)

- 1 mark is awarded for stating the correct bound  $O(m f^*)$ .
- 1 mark is awarded for providing the correct justification.
- Justification: The flow increases by one unit per iteration, leading to  $f^*$  iterations, and each iteration takes  $(m + n)$  time.

## Question 7b - Ford Fulkerson (Proof of Time Complexity)

- 2 marks are awarded for correctly categorizing the vertices in BFS depth order.
- 3 marks are awarded for identifying that the total flow cannot exceed  $n_{(i)} \times n_{(i+1)}$ , where  $n_{(i)}$  is the number of vertices at distance  $i$  from the source.
- 7 marks are awarded for correctly applying the AM–GM inequality.
- 8 marks are awarded for providing the complete answer.

Sample Solution for 7b:



every st cut (let it be b/w  $a_i$  and  $a_{i+1}$ )

No of edges

$$= \text{at max } a_i \times a_{i+1}$$

$\therefore$  This is upper bound

Now sum of all adjacent pairs

$$\sum_{i=0}^{n-1} a_i + a_{i+1}$$

$$= a_0 + 2 \sum_{i=1}^{n-1} a_i + a_n$$

$$= 2 \sum_{i=0}^n a_i - (a_0 + a_n)$$

$$= 2n - (\text{something})$$

$$\leq 2n$$

There will exist one  $i$  for which

$$a_i + a_{i+1} \leq \frac{2n}{n}$$

(Pigeonhole)

For some  $i$

$$\frac{a_i + a_{i+1}}{2} \leq \frac{n}{D}$$

$$\sqrt{a_i a_{i+1}} \leq \frac{a_i + a_{i+1}}{2} \leq \frac{n}{D}$$

By AM GM

$$a_i a_{i+1} \leq \left( \frac{a_i + a_{i+1}}{2} \right)^2 \leq \left( \frac{n}{D} \right)^2$$

{ New  $D = O(n^{2/3})$

$$(a_i a_{i+1}) \leq \left( \frac{n}{n^{2/3}} \right)^2$$

$$\text{Some cut} \leq n^{2/3}$$

$$f^* \leq n^{2/3}$$