

### Assignment 3 : Functions of several variables (Continuity and Differentiability)

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1. Identify the points, if any, where the following functions fail to be continuous:

$$(a) \ f(x, y) = \begin{cases} xy & \text{if } xy \geq 0 \\ -xy & \text{if } xy < 0 \end{cases}$$

$$(b) \ f(x, y) = \begin{cases} xy & \text{if } xy \text{ is rational} \\ -xy & \text{if } xy \text{ is irrational.} \end{cases}$$

2. Consider the function  $f : \mathbb{R}^2 \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$  defined by

$$f(x, y) = \begin{cases} \frac{x^2 y^2}{x^2 y^2 + (x-y)^2} & \text{if } (x, y) \neq (0, 0) \\ 0 & \text{if } (x, y) = (0, 0) \end{cases}$$

Show that the function satisfy the following:

- (a) The iterated limits  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \left[ \lim_{y \rightarrow 0} f(x, y) \right]$  and  $\lim_{y \rightarrow 0} \left[ \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} f(x, y) \right]$  exist and equals 0;
- (b) The limit  $\lim_{(x, y) \rightarrow (0, 0)} f(x, y)$  does not exist;
- (c) The function  $f(x, y)$  is not continuous at  $(0, 0)$ ;
- (d) The partial derivatives of  $f$  exist at  $(0, 0)$ .

3. Let

$$f(x, y) = \begin{cases} (x^2 + y^2) \sin \frac{1}{x^2 + y^2} & \text{if } (x, y) \neq (0, 0) \\ 0 & \text{if } (x, y) = (0, 0). \end{cases}$$

Show that  $f$  is differentiable at every point of  $\mathbb{R}^2$  but the partial derivatives are not continuous at  $(0, 0)$ .

4. Let  $f(x, y) = |xy|$  for all  $(x, y) \in \mathbb{R}^2$ . Show that

- (a)  $f$  is differentiable at  $(0, 0)$ .
- (b)  $f_x(0, y_0)$  does not exist if  $y_0 \neq 0$ .

5. Suppose  $f : \mathbb{R}^2 \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$  is a function with  $f_x(x, y) = f_y(x, y) = 0$  for all  $(x, y)$ . Then show that  $f(x, y) = c$ , a constant.

**Assignment 4: Directional derivatives, Maxima, Minima**

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1. Let  $f : \mathbb{R}^2 \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$  be defined by

$$f(x, y) = \begin{cases} \frac{x^2 y}{x^2 + y^2} & \text{if } (x, y) \neq (0, 0) \\ 0 & \text{if } (x, y) = (0, 0). \end{cases}$$

Show that the directional derivative of  $f$  at  $(0, 0)$  in all directions exist but  $f$  is not differentiable at  $(0, 0)$ .

2. Let  $f(x, y) = x^2 e^y + \cos(xy)$ . Find the directional derivative of  $f$  at  $(1, 2)$  in the direction  $(\frac{3}{5}, \frac{4}{5})$ .
3. Find the equation of the surface generated by the normals to the surface  $x + 2yz + xyz^2 = 0$  at all points on the  $z$ -axis.
4. Examine the following functions for local maxima, local minima and saddle points:
- (a)  $4xy - x^4 - y^4$
  - (b)  $x^3 - 3xy^2$