COE 0147 Spring 2013 Lab 2 Solution: Immediate Values, Memory, and System Calls

Part 1: Immediate Values .data: #Question 1: What is the machine code (in hexadecimal) of these instructions? #Replace MACHINECODE1 with the machine code of your first instruction. #Replace MACHINECODE2 with the machine code of your second instruction. machine_code_1: .asciiz "3C08FACE" machine_code_2: .asciiz "3508BEEF" #Question 2: What instruction format are these instructions (R, I, or J)? #Replace with your answer for the instruction format (R, I, J). instruction_format: .asciiz "I" #Question 3: What are the values (in hexadecimal) of the immediate field in each instructions? #Replace IMMEDIATEFIELD1 with the immediate field for the first instruction. #Replace IMMEDIATEFIELD2 with the immediate field for the first instruction. immediate_field_1: .asciiz "FACE" immediate_field_2: .asciiz "BEEF" .text: #-----#Place here your instructions to put 0xFADEDCAB into \$t0. lui \$t0, 0xFACE ori \$t0, \$t0, 0xBEEF #DO NOT MODIFY *ANYTHING* BELOW THIS LINE #-----#The following code uses system calls (syscalls) #to print out the result of your code and your answers to the questions.

Part 2: Memory

```
.data
```

```
x: .half 15
y: .half 6
z: .half 0
```

.text

```
la $t0, x #Address of x is now in $t0 lh $s0, 0($t0) #Value of x is in $s0 lh $s1, 2($t0) #Value of y is in $s1
```

```
#compute z #z = x + y add $s2, $s0, $s1
```

```
sh $s2, 4($t0) #Store z's new value to z's address #This will overwrite the old value sh $s2, 2($t0) #Store z's new value to y's address sh $s2, 0($t0) #Store z's new value to x's address
```

Part 3: System Calls

```
.data
prompt1:
              .asciiz "What is the first value?\n"
prompt2:
                .asciiz "What is the second value?\n"
result_part_1: .asciiz "The difference of "
and_str:     .asciiz " and "
is_str:     .asciiz " is "
.text
#print "What is the first value?"
la $a0, prompt1
li $v0, 4
syscall
li $v0, 5 #Read integer syscall
syscall
#Now, the first number is in $v0.
#Copy it $v0's value to $s0 for safe keeping.
move $s0, $v0
#print "What is the second value?"
la $a0, prompt2
li $v0, 4
syscall
li $v0, 5 #Read integer syscall
syscall
#Now, the second number is in $v0.
#Copy it $v0's value to $s1 for safe keeping.
move $s1, $v0
#print "The difference of..."
la $a0, result_part_1
li $v0, 4
syscall
#Print out the first number.
move $a0, $s0
li $v0, 1
syscall
#print " and "
la $a0, and_str
li $v0, 4
syscall
#print out the first number.
move $a0, $s1
li $v0, 1
syscall
```

```
#print " is "
la $a0, is_str
li $v0, 4
syscall

#Subtract $s1 from $s0 and put the result in $a0.
sub $a0, $s0, $s1
li $v0, 1
syscall
```