# MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

# Section 1: Product & Company Identification

Product Name: Gorilla Cleaner Safety Solvent (aerosol)

Product Number (s): BD1049

**Product Use:** Heavy Duty Degreaser

Manufactured For:

Barnes Distribution General Information (866) 438-6767

The Galleria/Tower at Erieview M-F 8AM – 5PM

1301 East 9<sup>th</sup> Street, Ste #700 24-Hr Emergency (303) 623-5716

Cleveland, OH 44114 (877) 740-5015

### **Section 2: Hazards Identification**

#### **Emergency Overview**

**WARNING:** Vapor Harmful. Contents Under Pressure.

Appearance & Odor: Colorless liquid; irritating odor at high concentrations.

#### **Potential Health Effects:**

ACUTE EFFECTS:

EYE: May cause pain and slight eye irritation. Corneal injury is unlikely. Vapors may irritate eyes.

SKIN: Prolonged or repeated exposure may cause skin irritation. May cause drying or flaking of skin. A

single prolonged exposure is not likely to result in the material being absorbed through skin in harmful

amounts.

INHALATION: Low level exposure may cause anesthetic or irritant effects. Higher exposure levels may lead to

dizziness and drunkenness. Progressively higher levels or longer exposure may cause

unconsciousness and death.

INGESTION: Single dose oral toxicity is considered to be low. Swallowing large amounts may cause serious injury,

even death. If aspirated into lungs, during swallowing or vomiting, liquid may be rapidly absorbed

through the lungs and result in injury to other body systems.

CHRONIC EFFECTS: Chronic immersion of skin in this liquid may lead to absorption through skin. This may cause

numbness in the immersed area. Excessive inhalation of vapors may increase sensitivity to

epinephrine and increase myocardial irritability.

TARGET ORGANS: Central nervous system. Possibly peripheral nervous system, liver or kidney.

Medical Conditions Aggravated by Exposure: Unknown

See Section 11 for toxicology and carcinogenicity information on product ingredients.

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# Section 3: Composition/Information on Ingredients

COMPONENT	CAS NUMBER	% by Wt.
Trichloroethylene (TCE)	79-01-6	95 – 99
1,2-Butylene Oxide	106-88-7	0.5
Carbon Dioxide	124-38-9	1 - 5

#### Section 4: First Aid Measures

Eye Contact: Immediately flush with plenty of water for 15 minutes. Call a physician if irritation persists.

Skin Contact: Remove contaminated clothing and wash affected area with soap and water. Call a physician if

irritation persists. Wash contaminated clothing prior to re-use.

Inhalation: Remove person to fresh air. Keep person calm. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If

breathing is difficult give oxygen. Call a physician.

Ingestion: Do NOT induce vomiting. Call a physician immediately.

Note to Physicians: Because rapid absorption may occur through lungs if aspirated and cause systemic effects, the

decision of whether to induce vomiting or not should be made by a physician. If layage is

performed, suggest endotracheal and/or esophageal control. Danger from lung aspiration must be

weighed against toxicity when considering emptying the stomach. Exposure may increase myocardial irritability. Do not administer sympathomimetic drugs unless absolutely necessary. No

specific antidote. Supportive care.

# **Section 5: Fire-Fighting Measures**

**Flammable Properties:** This product is nonflammable in accordance with aerosol flammability definitions.

(See 16 CFR 1500.3(c)(6)) However, it can be made to burn under certain conditions.

Flash Point: None (TCC) Upper Explosive Limit: 44.8% Autoignition Temperature: 788°F / 420°C Lower Explosive Limit: 8.0%

Fire and Explosion Data:

Suitable Extinguishing Media: Use media as appropriate for surrounding fire.

Products of Combustion: Hydrogen chloride, trace amounts of phosgene, chlorine, and carbon monoxide.

Explosion Hazards: Aerosol containers, when exposed to heat from fire, may build pressure and explode.

Protection of Fire-Fighters: Firefighters should wear self-contained, NIOSH-approved breathing apparatus for

protection against suffocation and possible toxic decomposition products. Proper eye and skin protection should be provided. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool and to knock down vapors which may result from product decomposition. Gases may

accumulate in low areas.

#### Section 6: Accidental Release Measures

Personal Precautions: Use personal protection recommended in Section 8. Do not breathe vapors.

Environmental Precautions: Take precautions to prevent contamination of ground and surface waters. Do not flush into

sewers or storm drains.

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Methods for Containment & Clean-up:

Dike area to contain spill. Ventilate the area with fresh air. If in confined space or limited air circulation area, clean-up workers should wear appropriate respiratory protection. Recover or absorb spilled material using an absorbent designed for chemical spills. Place used absorbents into proper waste containers.

### Section 7: Handling and Storage

Handling Procedures: Vapors of this product are heavier than air and will collect in low areas. Make sure ventilation

removes vapors from low areas. Do not eat, drink or smoke while using this product. Use caution around energized equipment. The metal container will conduct electricity if it contacts a live source. This may result in injury to the user from electrical shock and/or flash fire. For

product use instructions, please see the product label.

Storage Procedures: Store in a cool dry area out of direct sunlight. Aerosol cans must be maintained below 120°F /

49°C to prevent cans from rupturing.

Aerosol Storage Level: I

# Section 8: Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

#### **Exposure Guidelines:**

	OSHA		ACGIH		OTHER		
COMPONENT	TWA	STEL	TWA	STEL	TWA	SOURCE	UNIT
Trichloroethylene (TCE)	100	200 (v)	10	25	5	mfr	ppm
1,2-Butylene oxide	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.	2	AIHA	ppm
Carbon dioxide	5000	30000 v	5000	30,000	N.E.		ppm
N.E. – Not Established (c) – ceiling (s) – skin (v) – vacated							

mfr - manufacturer's recommendation

#### **Controls and Protection:**

Engineering Controls: Area should have ventilation to provide fresh air. Local exhaust ventilation is generally

preferred because it can control the emissions of the contaminant at the source, preventing dispersion into the general work area. Use mechanical means if necessary to maintain vapor levels below the exposure guidelines. If working in a confined space, follow applicable OSHA

regulations.

Respiratory Protection: None required for normal work where adequate ventilation is provided. If engineering controls

are not feasible or if exposure exceeds the applicable exposure limits, use a NIOSH-approved cartridge respirator with organic vapor cartridges. Air monitoring is needed to determine actual employee exposure levels. Use a self-contained breathing apparatus in confined spaces and

for emergencies.

Eye/face Protection: For normal conditions, wear safety glasses. Where there is reasonable probability of liquid

contact, wear splash-proof goggles.

Skin Protection: Use protective gloves such as PVA and Viton®. Also, use full protective clothing if there is

prolonged or repeated contact of liquid with skin.

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# Section 9: Physical and Chemical Properties

Physical State: Liquid Color: Colorless

Odor: Irritating odor at high concentrations

Odor Threshold: ND

Specific Gravity: 1.46 @ 70°F / 21°C

Initial Boiling Point: 189°F / 87°C

Freezing Point: ND

Vapor Pressure: 60 mmHg @ 68°F / 20°C Vapor Density: 4.53 (air = 1)

Evaporation Rate: very fast

Solubility: 0.1 g / 100 g @ 77°F / 25°C (in water)

Coefficient of water/oil distribution: ND

pH: NA

Volatile Organic Compounds: wt %: 97.0 g/L: 1400 lbs./gal: 11.66

### Section 10: Stability and Reactivity

Stability: Stable

Conditions to Avoid: Avoid direct sunlight or ultraviolet sources. Avoid open flames, welding arcs, or other high

temperature sources which induce thermal decomposition.

Incompatible Materials: Avoid contact with metals such as: aluminum powders, magnesium powders, potassium,

sodium, and zinc powder. Avoid unintended contact with amines. Avoid contact with strong

bases and strong oxidizers.

Hazardous Decomposition Products: Hydrogen chloride, trace amounts of chlorine and phosgene

Possibility of Hazardous Reactions: No

# **Section 11: Toxicological Information**

Long-term toxicological studies have not been conducted for this product. The following information is available for components of this product.

#### **Acute Toxicity:**

<u>Component</u>	Oral LD50 (rat)	Dermal LD50 (rabbit)	Inhalation LC50 (rat)
Trichloroethylene (TCE)	5400 mg/kg	> 2000 mg/kg	12,500 ppm/4H
1,2-Butylene oxide	1180 mg/kg	1760 mg/kg	No data
Carbon dioxide	No data	No data	470,000 ppm/30M

#### **Chronic Toxicity:**

	OSHA	IARC	NTP		
<u>Component</u>	<u>Carcinogen</u>	Carcinogen	<u>Carcinogen</u>	<u>Irritant</u>	<u>Sensitizer</u>
Trichloroethylene (TCE)	No	Group 2A	Anticipated Carcinogen	eye, skin	Yes
1,2-Butylene oxide	No	Group 2B	No	eye, skin	No
Carbon dioxide	No	No	No	No	No

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Reproductive Toxicity: No information available Teratogenicity: No information available

Mutagenicity: trichloroethylene in vitro mutagenicity studies were negative

animal mutagenicity studies were predominantly negative

1,2-butylene oxide in vitro mutagenicity studies were positive

animal mutagenicity studies were negative

Synergistic Effects: No information available

### **Section 12: Ecological Information**

Ecological studies have not been conducted for this product. The following information is available for components of this product.

Ecotoxicity: Material is moderately toxic to aquatic organisms on an acute basis.

Persistence / Degradability: Biodegradation may occur under both aerobic and anaerobic conditions.

Bioconcentration potential is low (BCF less than 100).

Mobility in Environment: Potential for mobility in soil is high.

### Section 13: Disposal Considerations

Waste Classification: The dispensed liquid product is a RCRA hazardous waste for toxicity with the following potential

waste codes: U228, F001, F002, D040. (See 40 CFR Part 261.20 – 261.33)

Empty aerosol containers may be recycled. Any liquid product should be managed as a

hazardous waste.

All disposal activities must comply with federal, state, provincial and local regulations. Local regulations may be more stringent than state, provincial or national requirements.

# **Section 14: Transport Information**

US DOT (ground): UN1950, Aerosols, nonflammable, 2.2 (6.1), Limited Quantity\*\*

ICAO/IATA (air): UN1950, Aerosols, nonflammable, containing substances in Division 6.1, PGIII, 2.2 (6.1),

Limited Quantity

IMO/IMDG (water): UN1950, Aerosols, 2.2 (6.1)

Special Provisions: \*\*This product can be classified and labeled as 'Consumer Commodity, ORM-D' for domestic

ground shipping until January 1, 2014.

If shipping as limited quantity by ground, note that shipping papers are not required.

# **Section 15: Regulatory Information**

#### **U.S. Federal Regulations:**

Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA):

All ingredients are either listed on the TSCA inventory or are exempt.

Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act (CERCLA):

Reportable Quantities (RQ's) exist for the following ingredients: trichloroethylene ( 100 lbs) 1,2-butylene oxide (100 lbs)

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Spills or releases resulting in the loss of any ingredient at or above its RQ require immediate notification to the National Response Center (800-424-8802) and to your Local Emergency Planning Committee.

Superfund Amendments Reauthorization Act (SARA) Title III:

Section 302 Extremely Hazardous Substances (EHS): None

Section 311/312 Hazard Categories: Fire Hazard No

Reactive Hazard No Release of Pressure Yes Acute Health Hazard Yes Chronic Health Hazard Yes

Section 313 Toxic Chemicals: This product contains the following substances subject to the reporting requirements

of Section 313 of Title III of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of

1986 and 40 CFR Part 372:

trichloroethylene (96.5%), 1,2-butylene oxide (0.5%)

Clean Air Act:

Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs): trichloroethylene, 1,2-butylene oxide

Occupational Safety and Health Administration:

This product is regulated by the Hazard Communications Standard.

**U.S. State Regulations:** 

California Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act (Prop 65):

This product may contain the following chemicals known to the state of

California to cause cancer, birth defects or other reproductive harm: trichloroethylene

Consumer Products VOC Regulations: In states with consumer products VOC regulations, this product is not for retail

sale. It is for manufacturing use only.

State Right to Know:

New Jersey: 79-01-6, 106-88-7, 124-38-9
Pennsylvania: 79-01-6, 106-88-7, 124-38-9
Massachusetts: 79-01-6, 106-88-7, 124-38-9
Rhode Island: 79-01-6, 106-88-7, 124-38-9

**Canadian Regulations:** 

Canadian DSL Inventory: All ingredients are either listed on the DSL Inventory or are exempt.

WHMIS Hazard Class: A, D2B

**European Union Regulations:** 

RoHS Compliance: This product is compliant with Directive 2002/95/EC of the European Parliament and of the

Council of 27 January 2003. This product does not contain any of the restricted substances as

listed in Article 4(1) of the RoHS Directive.

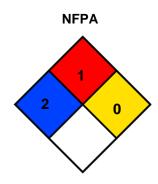
Additional Regulatory Information: None

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### Section 16: Other Information

HMIS® (II)		
Health:	2	
Flammability:	1	
Reactivity:	0	
PPE:	В	

Ratings range from 0 (no hazard) to 4 (severe hazard)



Prepared By: Michelle Rudnick

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Changes since last revision: Section 14: ICAO/IATA

The information contained in this document applies to this specific material as supplied. It may not be valid for this material if it is used in combination with any other materials. This information is accurate to the best of our knowledge or obtained from sources believed to be accurate. Before using any product, read all warnings and directions on the label.

ACGIH: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

CAS: Chemical Abstract Service
CFR: Code of Federal Regulations
DOT: Department of Transportation
DSL: Domestic Substance List

g/L: grams per Liter

HMIS: Hazardous Materials Identification System IARC: International Agency for Research on Cancer

IATA: International Air Transport Association
ICAO: International Civil Aviation Organization
IMDG: International Maritime Dangerous Goods
IMO: International Maritime Organization

lbs./gal: pounds per gallon LC: Lethal Concentration

LD: Lethal Dose

NA: Not Applicable ND: Not Determined

NIOSH: National Institute of Occupational Safety & Health

NFPA: National Fire Protection Association

NTP: National Toxicology Program

OSHA: Occupational Safety and Health Administration

PMCC: Pensky-Martens Closed Cup PPE: Personal Protection Equipment

ppm: Parts per Million

RoHS: Restriction of Hazardous Substances

STEL: Short Term Exposure Limit

TCC: Tag Closed Cup
TWA: Time Weighted Average

WHMIS: Workplace Hazardous Materials Information

System

CTRL#: 09653/00458