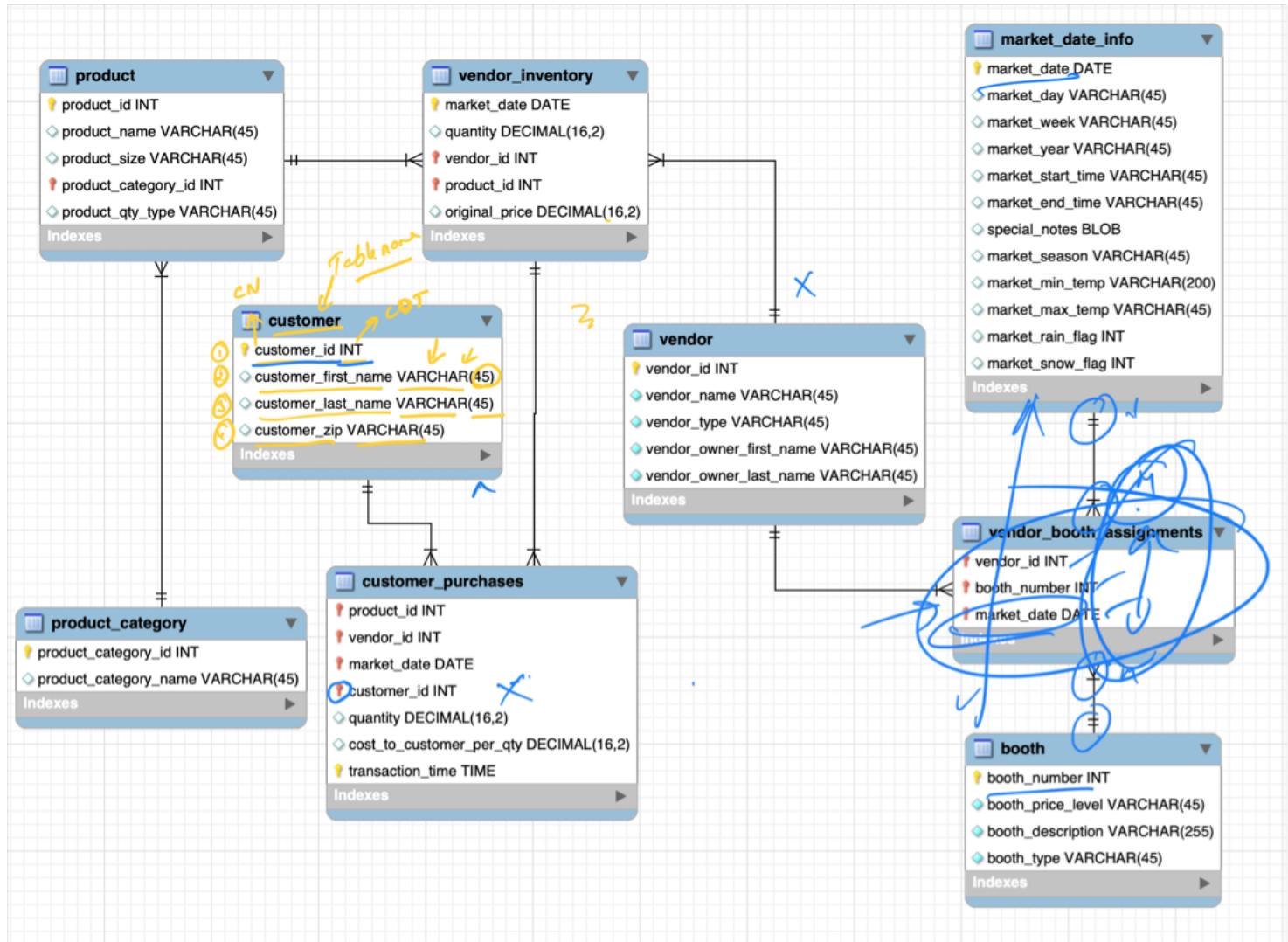


## Agenda

- a. What is database?
  - b. DB schema Design
  - c. Concept of keys
  - d. Types of relationships
  - e. Data warehouses
  - f. Setting up Bigquery.



Rules :-

① 9:02 PM

② class will of 2 hrs

09:00<sub>AM</sub> - 10:00 → 11:00 PM

break  
(5 mins)



③ Doubt clearing session

11:00 to 11:30

④ By default, 2 times critical = 3 times

⑤ Question tab → ask questions (DCS)

⑥ Commitment { ① Assignments / Assessments  
⑤ Ratings (1 - 5)

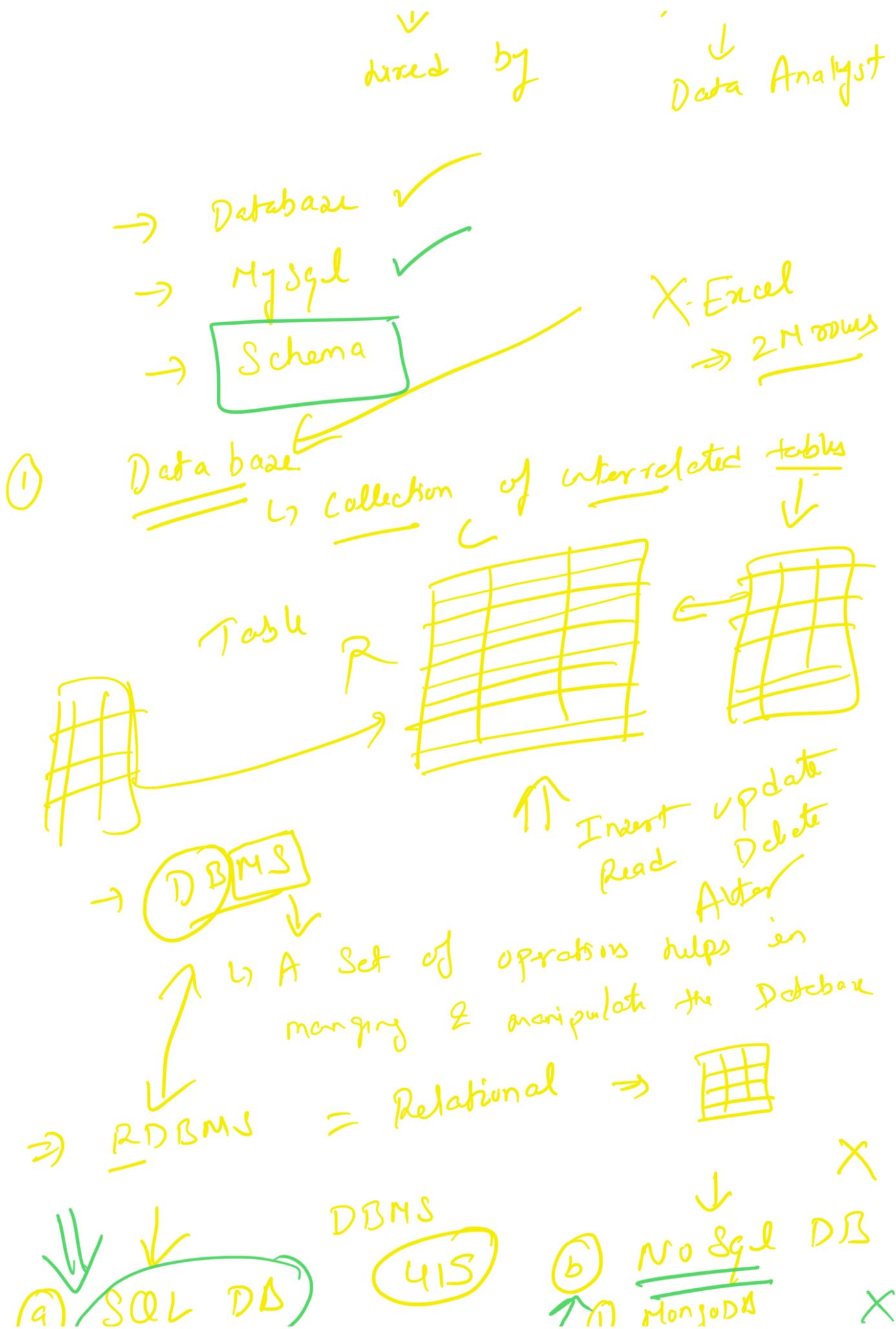
⑦ 12 classes  
↳ 10<sup>th</sup> → Business can study  
↳ Project  
↳ 14 days

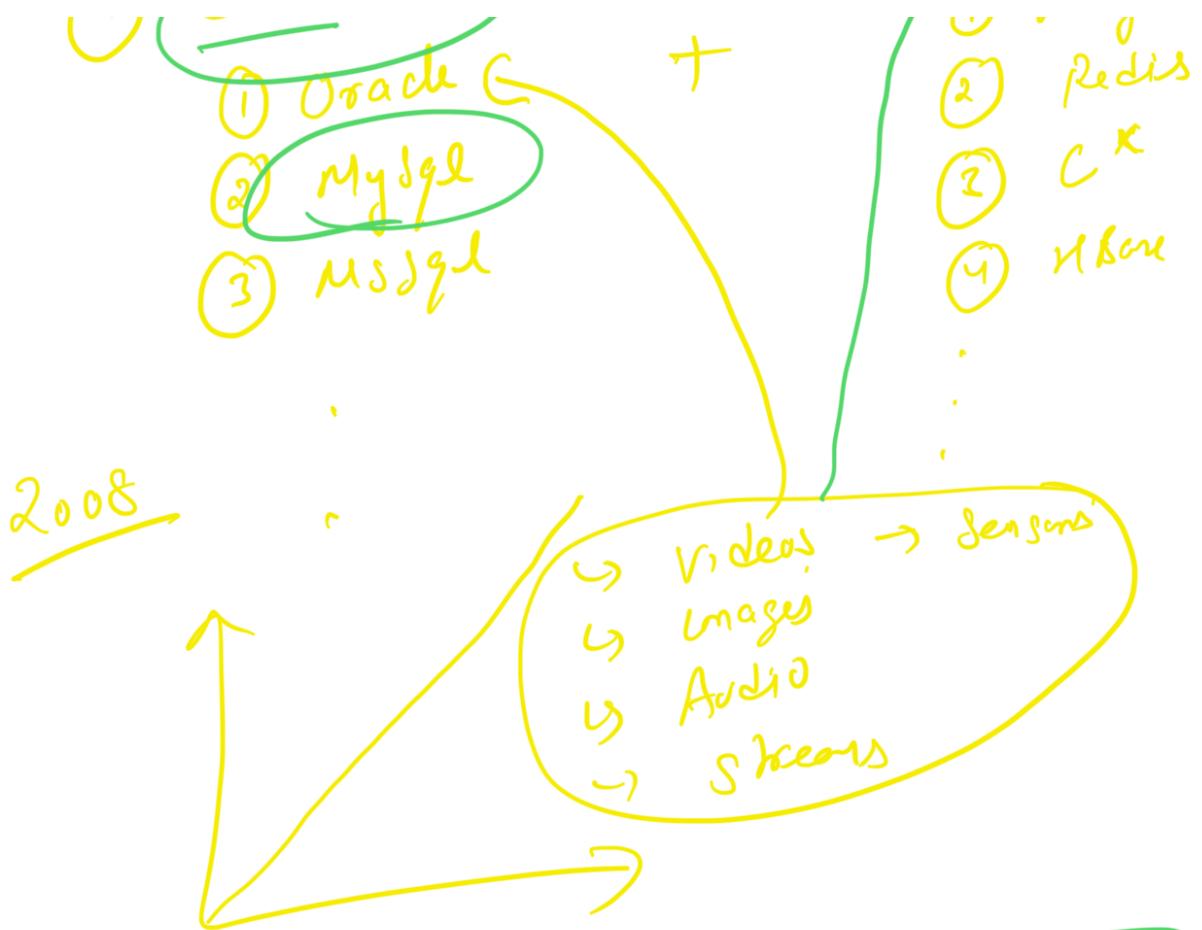
⑧ +  
↳ Model test = 70% ⇒ P

Amazon Fresh

1

→ DA





char (size)

↓

char(10)

↓  
only 1 value

Gender =

M-	↖
F-	↖
O-	↖

Lgbtg X

① char(4)

a) char

c) varchar X

d) An X

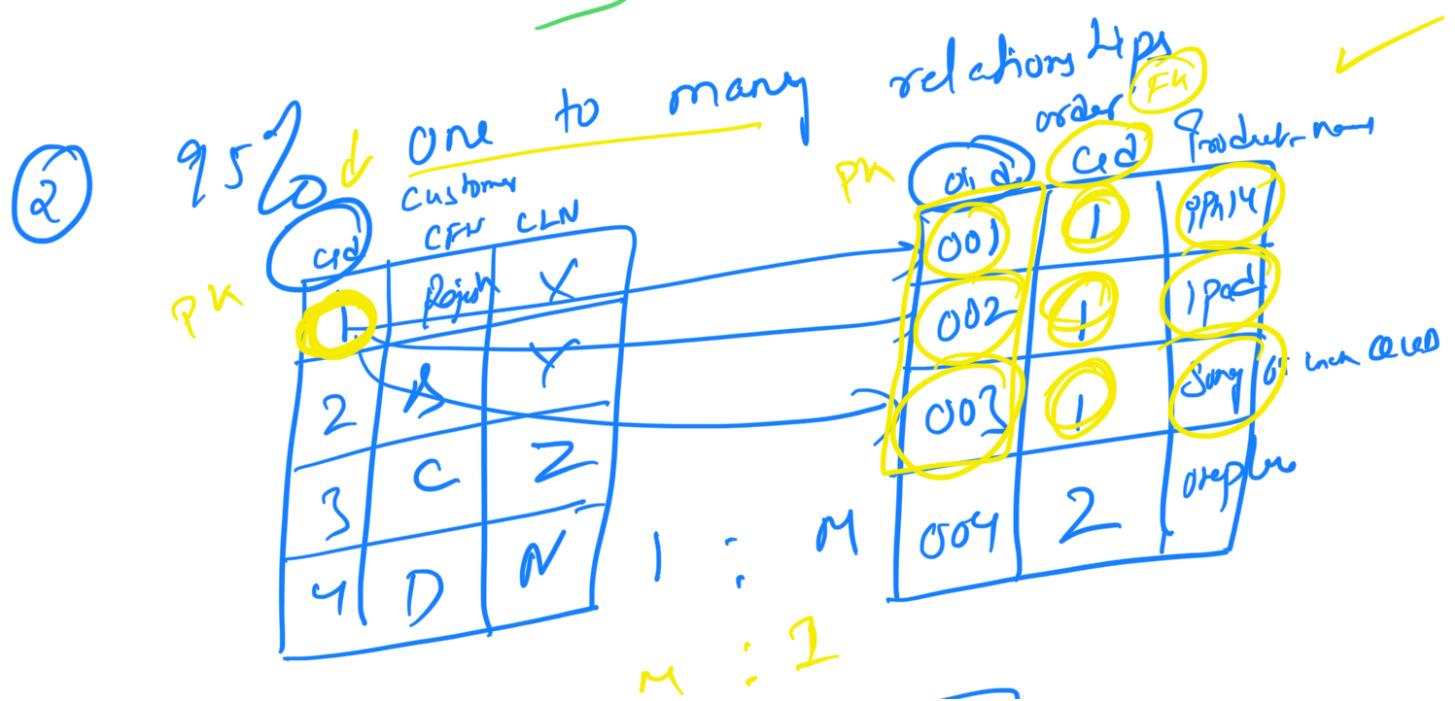
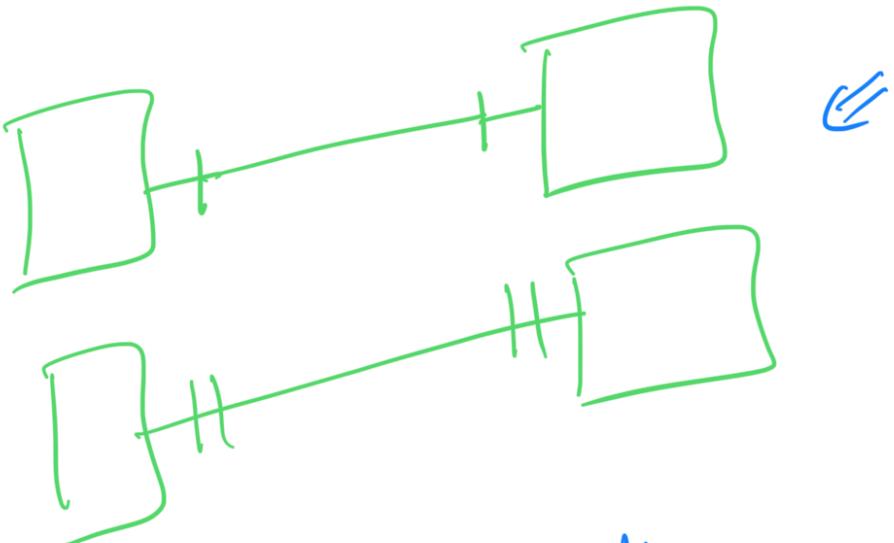
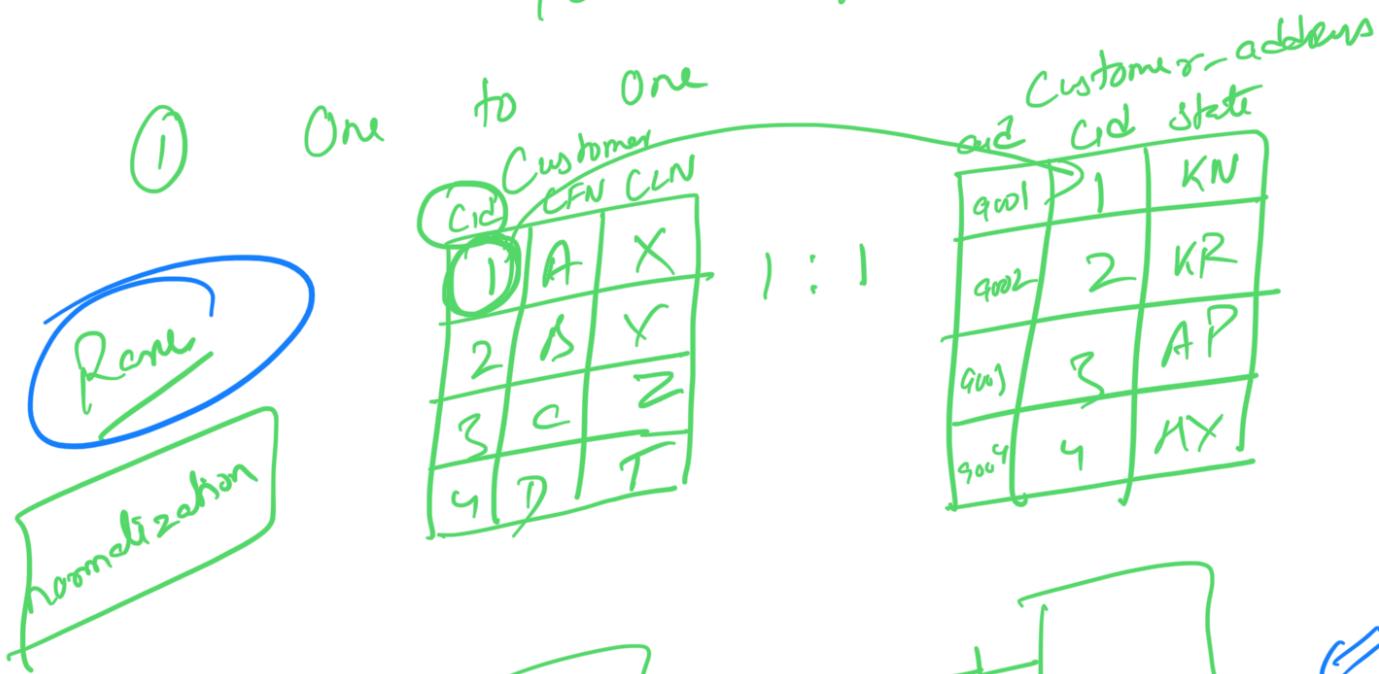
= 4  
≥ 4

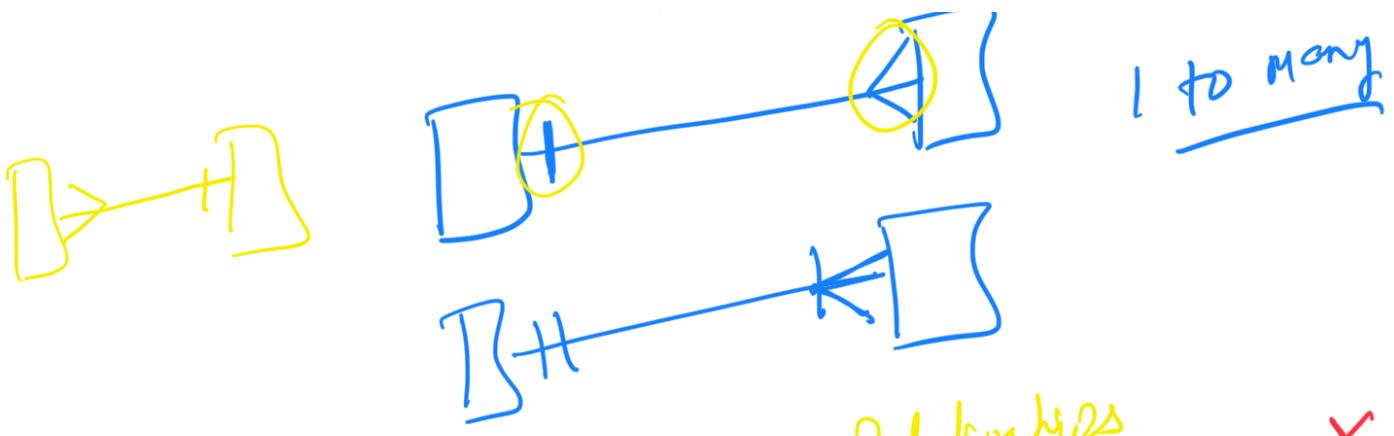
② varchar(10)

Anit I Singh ✓  
Anit J Singh chandu X

(a)  $L = 10$

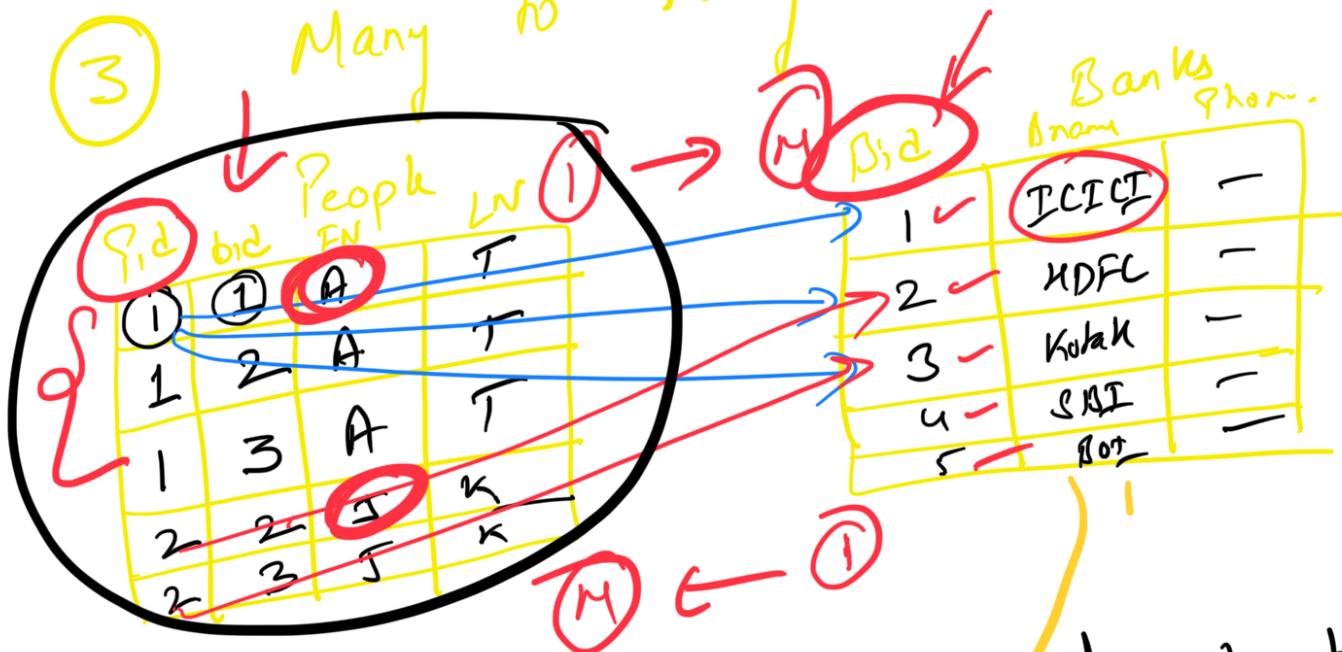
Relationships  $\rightarrow$





Many Relationships

X



The diagram illustrates the relationship between a composite primary key (PK), junction tables, and badge tables.

**Composite Primary Key (PK):** A box labeled "PK" contains two fields:  $P_1, d \rightarrow B, c$ . An arrow points from this PK to a "Compound (Composite)" label, which is circled in yellow.

**Junction Table:** A grid labeled "Junction" has columns  $P_{1,d}$  and  $B, c$ . The first row is circled in yellow. The second column is labeled "Task".

**Badge Table:** A grid labeled "Badge table" has columns  $P_{1,d}$  and  $B, c$ . The first row is circled in yellow. The second column is labeled "Task".

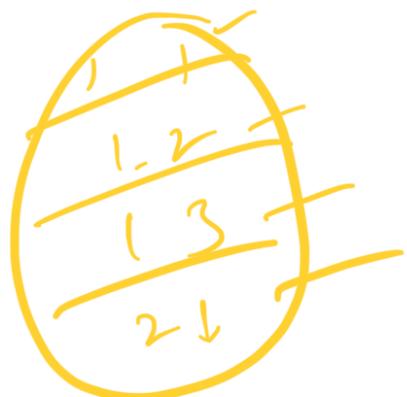
**Equivalencies:** Three equations are shown:  $a = b$ ,  $b = c$ , and  $a = c$ , all circled in yellow.

**Relationships:**

- An arrow points from the PK to the Junction table.
- An arrow points from the Junction table to the Badge table.
- A large arrow labeled "M" points from the PK to the Badge table.
- A small arrow points from the PK to the Badge table.

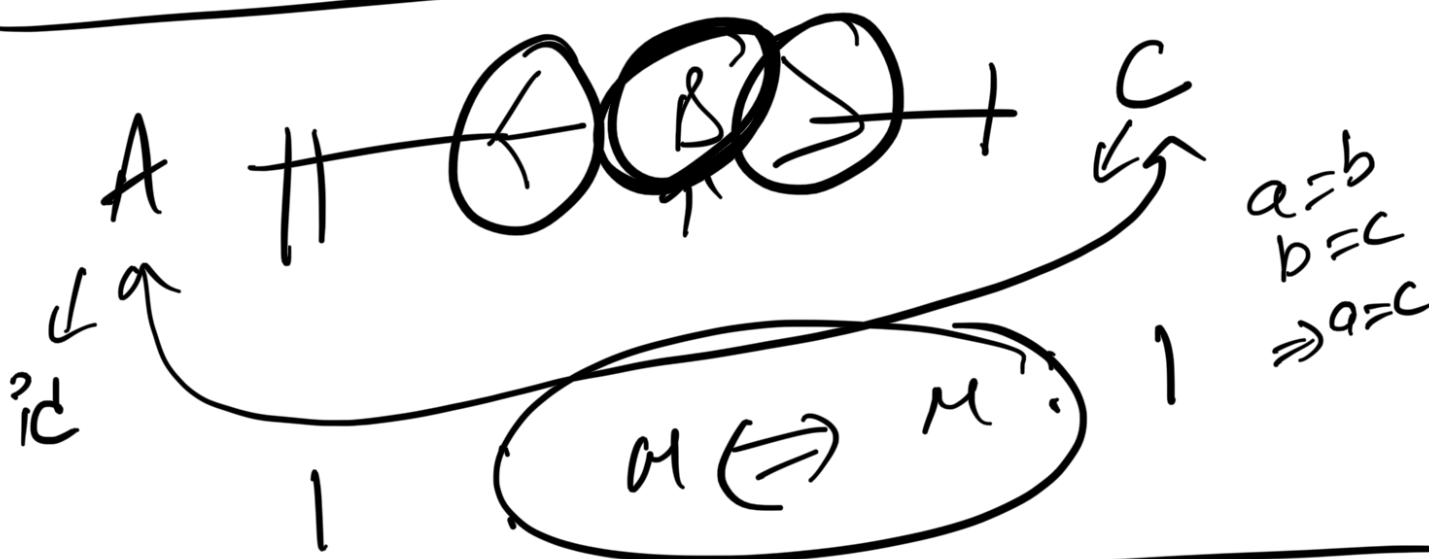
**Bottom Left Grid:** A grid with columns  $P_{1,d}$ ,  $FN$ , and  $LN$ . The  $FN$  column has a value "A" with an arrow pointing to it. The  $LN$  column has a value "X".

**Bottom Right Grid:** A grid with columns  $P_{1,d}$  and  $B, c$ . The first row is circled in yellow. The second column is labeled "Task".



$$1 \text{ col} = \frac{PK}{4}$$

$\Rightarrow 1 \text{ col} = \underline{\text{Composite PK}}$



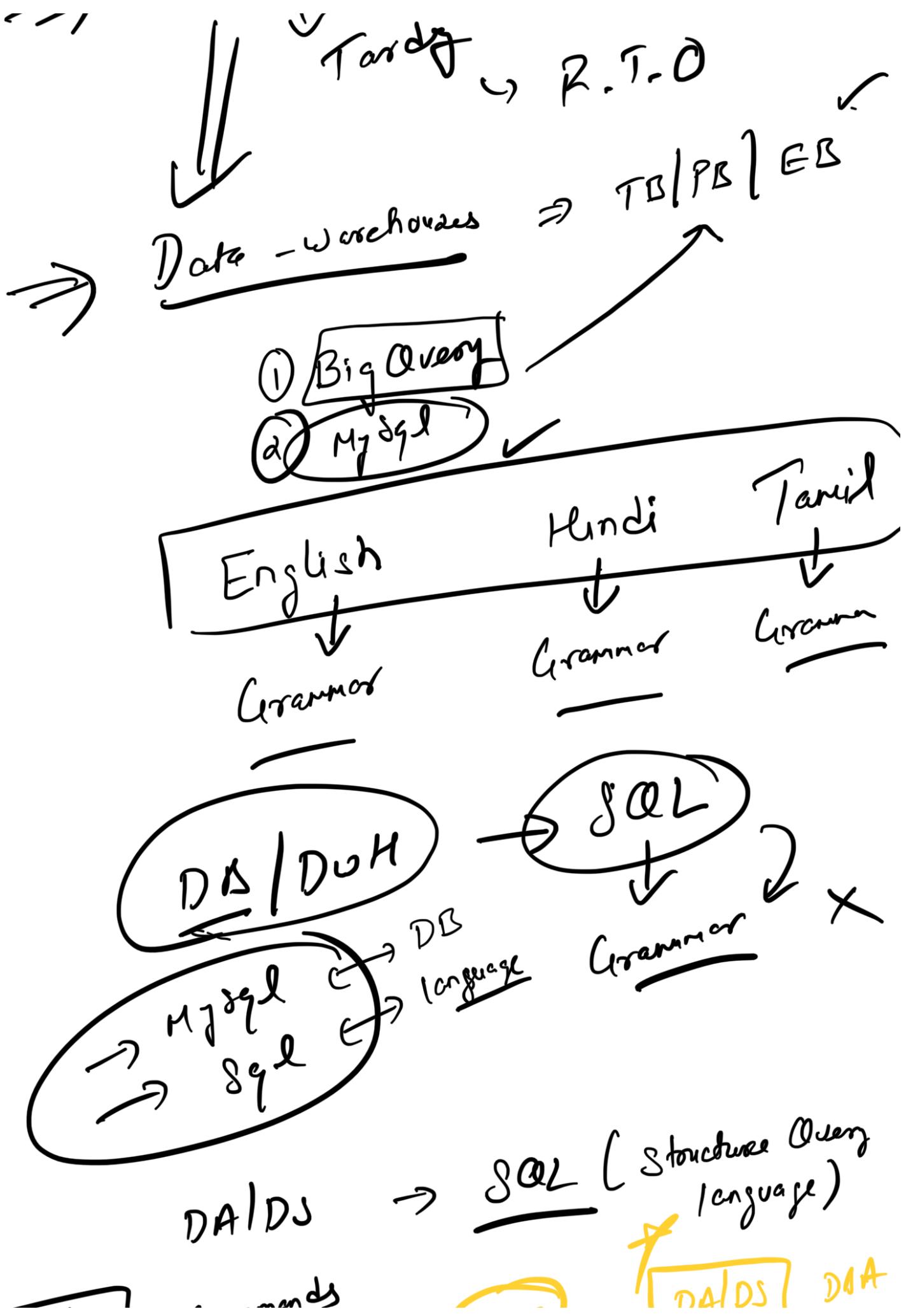
Day 2 :-

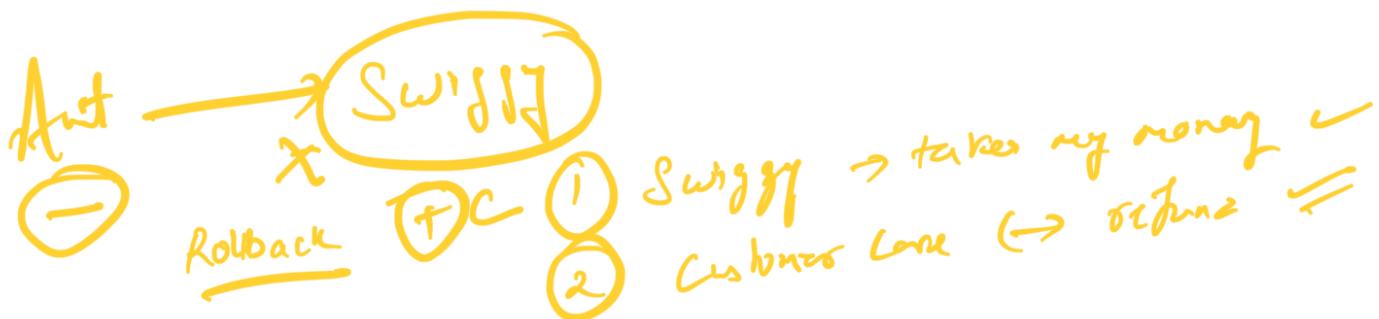
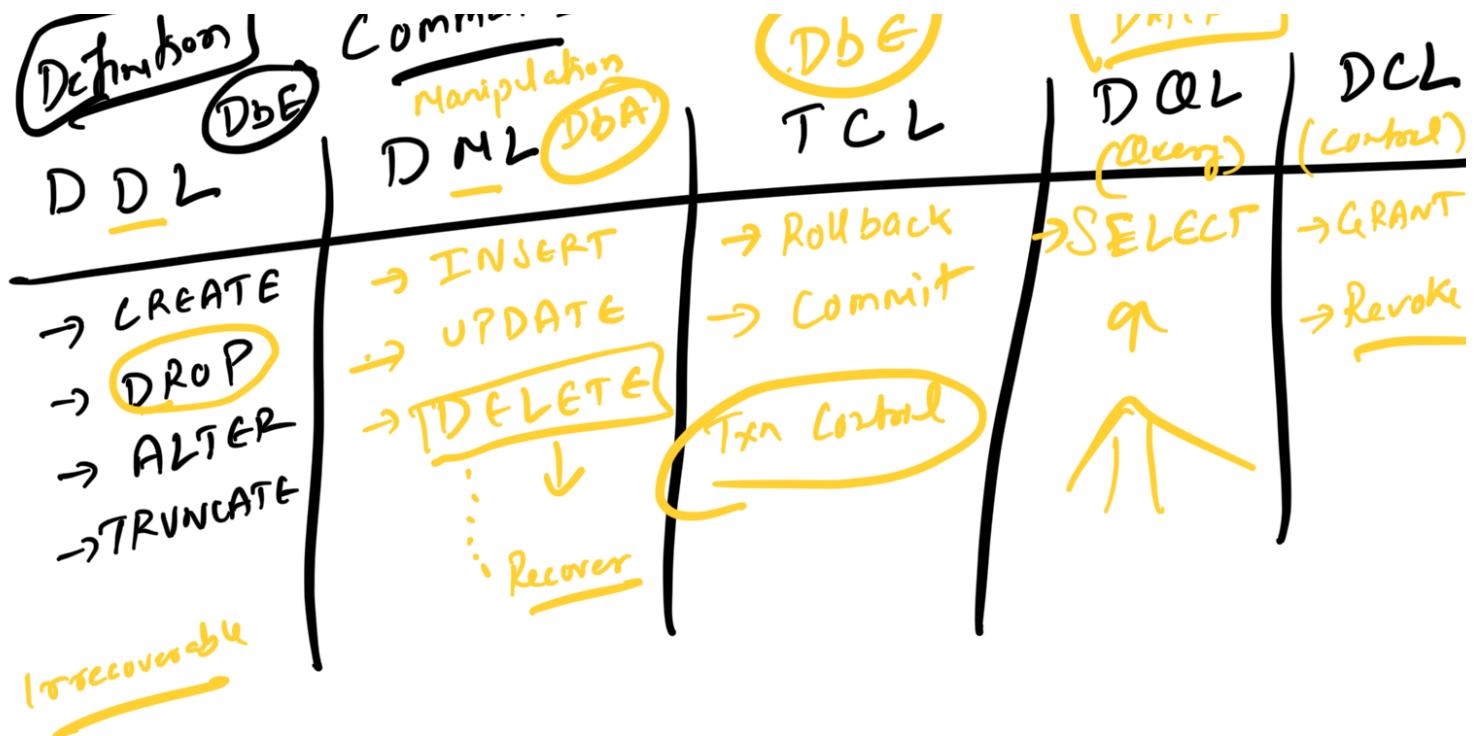
$$\frac{DA}{DS} \Rightarrow \text{Database}$$

$1 \text{ GB} = 10^2 \text{ MB}$

$\rightarrow AB / TB / PB$   
 $\rightarrow \text{Analytics} / \text{Reporting} / \text{Dashboards}$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{\text{Database}}{1} = \underline{AB - TB} \quad \checkmark$$





## DQL

### ① SELECT

Syntax:

- ① **SELECT** (col, cols)
- ② **FROM** (table)
- ③ **WHERE** (filter)
- ④ **GROUP BY** (grouping)
- ⑤ **HAVING** (filter b/w GP)
- ⑥ **ORDER BY** (Sorting) (col, w/s)  
...TT / Alphabetic

V @ LINL' COM A

Employees

Sal (IMP) Dept\_id

id	name	sal	Dept_id
1	Anil	400	IT
2	Sushma	1000	IT
3	Amit	400	IT
4	Aliga	1300	IT
5	Sushma	1400	IT
6	Ananya	1300	IT

id	name	sal	Dept_id
5	Sushma	1400	IT
4	Ali	1300	IT
6	Ali	1100	IT
2	Sushma	1000	IT
1	Amit	400	IT
3	Ananya	1300	IT

✓ Order by job desc;

Order by sal desc,

name;

Amit  $\leq 400$   
Anil  $\leq 400$   
Anil  $\geq 1300$   
Ananya  $\geq 1300$   
Aliga  $\geq 1300$

id	name	sal	Dept_id
5	Sushma	1400	IT
4	Aliga	1300	IT
6	Ananya	1300	IT
2	Sushma	1000	IT
3	Amit	400	IT
1	Anil	400	IT