Multicollinearity

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1. Introduction

Multicollinearity refers to a situation in which two or more **explanatory variables** in a multiple regression model are highly linearly related.

2. Data

```
library(readr)
bloodpressure <- read_csv("bloodpressure.csv")
bloodpressure</pre>
```

```
# A tibble: 20 x 9
             Pt
                    ΒP
                          Age Weight
                                         BSA
                                                Dur Pulse Stress
    ...1
                                                            <dbl>
   <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <
                                <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl>
                   105
                                 85.4
                                                5.1
                                                        63
 1
        1
              1
                           47
                                       1.75
                                                                33
 2
        2
              2
                   115
                           49
                                 94.2
                                       2.1
                                                3.8
                                                        70
                                                                14
 3
        3
              3
                   116
                           49
                                 95.3
                                       1.98
                                                8.2
                                                        72
                                                                10
 4
        4
                                       2.01
                                                5.8
                                                        73
                                                                99
              4
                   117
                           50
                                 94.7
 5
       5
              5
                   112
                           51
                                 89.4
                                       1.89
                                                7
                                                        72
                                                                95
 6
       6
              6
                   121
                           48
                                 99.5
                                       2.25
                                                        71
                                                                10
                                                9.3
 7
       7
              7
                   121
                           49
                                 99.8 2.25
                                                2.5
                                                                42
8
       8
                                                                 8
              8
                   110
                           47
                                 90.9 1.9
                                                6.2
                                                        66
9
       9
              9
                   110
                           49
                                 89.2
                                      1.83
                                                7.1
                                                        69
                                                                62
10
                                 92.7 2.07
      10
             10
                   114
                           48
                                                5.6
                                                        64
                                                                35
11
                           47
                                 94.4
                                       2.07
                                                5.3
                                                        74
                                                                90
      11
             11
                   114
                                       1.98
12
      12
             12
                   115
                           49
                                 94.1
                                                5.6
                                                        71
                                                                21
13
                                       2.05
                                              10.2
                                                                47
      13
             13
                   114
                           50
                                 91.6
                                                        68
                           45
                                 87.1 1.92
                                                5.6
                                                        67
                                                                80
14
      14
             14
                   106
15
                           52
                                        2.19
                                                                98
      15
             15
                   125
                                101.
                                              10
                                                        76
16
      16
             16
                           46
                                 94.5
                                      1.98
                                                7.4
                                                        69
                                                                95
                   114
17
                                 87
                                        1.87
      17
             17
                   106
                           46
                                                3.6
                                                        62
                                                                18
18
                                 94.5
                                       1.9
                                                        70
                                                                12
      18
             18
                   113
                           46
                                                4.3
19
      19
             19
                   110
                           48
                                 90.5
                                      1.88
                                                9
                                                        71
                                                                99
                                 95.7 2.09
                                                7
                                                                99
20
      20
             20
                   122
                           56
                                                        75
```

2.1 Variable description

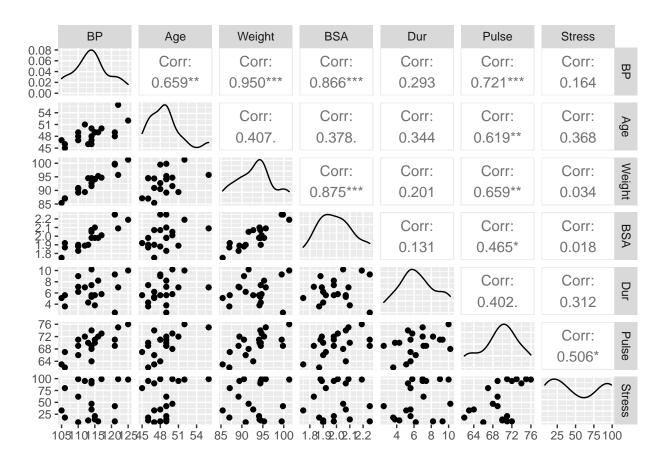
- 1. Y: BP (blood pressure, in mmHg)
- 2. X_1 : Age (in years)
- 3. X_2 : Weight (in kg)

- 4. X_3 : BSA (body surface area, in sq m)
- 5. X_4 : Dur (duration of hypertension)
- 6. X_5 : Pulse (basal pulse)
- 7. X_6 : Stress (stress index)

3. How to detect multicollinearity?

1. Correlation matrix and scatterplot matrix

This is limiting. It is possible that the pairwise correlations between variables are small, but a linear dependence exists among three or even more variables in the dataset. Hence, we use **variance inflation factors (VIF)** to detect multicollinearity.



2. Variance Inflation Factors (VIF)

Variance inflation factor for j^{th} variable

$$VIF_j = \frac{1}{1 - R_j^2}$$

where R_i^2 is the R^2 value obtained by regressing the j^{th} predictor on the remaining predictors.

```
library(broom)
bp <- lm(BP ~ Age + Weight + BSA + Dur + Pulse + Stress, data=bloodpressure)</pre>
bp
Call:
lm(formula = BP ~ Age + Weight + BSA + Dur + Pulse + Stress,
   data = bloodpressure)
Coefficients:
                        Weight BSA 0.969920 3.776491
(Intercept)
                                                   Dur
                                                             Pulse
                 Age
            0.703259
-12.870476
                                                         -0.084485
                                              0.068383
    Stress
  0.005572
summary(bp)
lm(formula = BP ~ Age + Weight + BSA + Dur + Pulse + Stress,
   data = bloodpressure)
Residuals:
            1Q Median
                            ЗQ
-0.93213 -0.11314 0.03064 0.21834 0.48454
Coefficients:
            Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
(Intercept) -12.870476 2.556650 -5.034 0.000229 ***
           Age
          Weight
           3.776491 1.580151 2.390 0.032694 *
BSA
          Dur
Pulse
         -0.084485 0.051609 -1.637 0.125594
Stress
          0.005572 0.003412 1.633 0.126491
Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
Residual standard error: 0.4072 on 13 degrees of freedom
Multiple R-squared: 0.9962,
                          Adjusted R-squared: 0.9944
F-statistic: 560.6 on 6 and 13 DF, p-value: 6.395e-15
```

4. Calculate VIF

```
library(car)
vif(bp)
```

BSA Pulse Weight Dur Stress 1.762807 8.417035 5.328751 1.237309 4.413575 1.834845

5. Illustration of the output for weight variable

Build a regression model taking weight as the dependent variable and remaining x variables as the independent variables.

```
weight <- lm(Weight ~ Age + BSA + Dur + Pulse + Stress, data=bloodpressure)
weight</pre>
```

Call:

lm(formula = Weight ~ Age + BSA + Dur + Pulse + Stress, data = bloodpressure)

Coefficients:

(Intercept) Age BSA Dur Pulse Stress 19.674438 -0.144643 21.421654 0.008696 0.557697 -0.022997

summary(weight)

Call:

lm(formula = Weight ~ Age + BSA + Dur + Pulse + Stress, data = bloodpressure)

Residuals:

Min 1Q Median 3Q Max -2.7697 -1.0120 0.1960 0.6955 2.7035

Coefficients:

Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|) (Intercept) 19.674438 9.464742 2.079 0.05651 . 0.206491 -0.700 0.49510 Age -0.144643 BSA 21.421654 3.464586 6.183 2.38e-05 *** 0.205134 0.042 0.96678 Dur 0.008696 0.159853 3.489 0.00361 ** Pulse 0.557697 Stress -0.022997 0.013079 -1.758 0.10052

Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1

Residual standard error: 1.725 on 14 degrees of freedom Multiple R-squared: 0.8812, Adjusted R-squared: 0.8388 F-statistic: 20.77 on 5 and 14 DF, p-value: 5.046e-06

$$VIF_{w}eight = \frac{1}{1 - R_{w}^{2}eight} = \frac{1}{1 - 0.8812} = 8.42$$

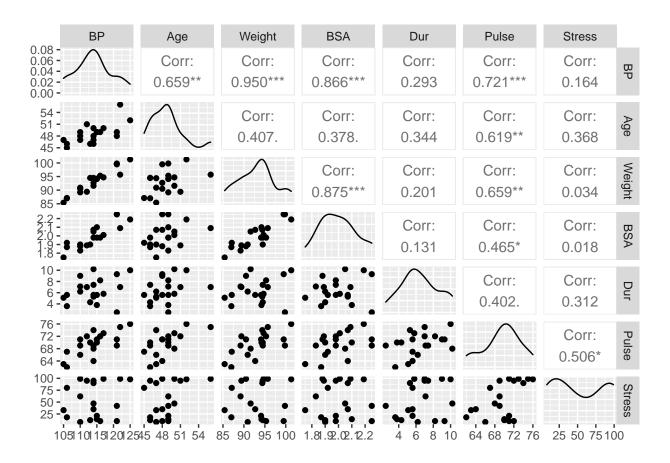
VIFs exceeding 4 indicates high multicollinearity while VIFs exceeding 10 are considered evidence of serious multicollinearity requiring correction.

6. What to do now?

One solution is to remove some of the variables with high VIF. Variables Weight, BSA and Pulse have high VIF values. If we review the pairwise correlations again, we can see Weight and BSA are highly correlated. We can choose to remove either predictor from the model.

Which one to remove? In-class discussion.

library(GGally)
ggpairs(bloodpressure[, -c(1, 2)])



New model without Pulse and BSA

```
library(broom)
bp2 <- lm(BP ~ Age + Weight + Dur + Stress, data=bloodpressure)</pre>
Call:
lm(formula = BP ~ Age + Weight + Dur + Stress, data = bloodpressure)
Coefficients:
(Intercept)
                          Weight
                                                 Stress
                  Age
                                        Dur
-15.869829
             0.683741
                         1.034128
                                    0.039889
                                               0.002184
summary(bp2)
Call:
lm(formula = BP ~ Age + Weight + Dur + Stress, data = bloodpressure)
Residuals:
    Min
               Median
                            3Q
                                   Max
            1Q
-1.11359 -0.29586 0.01515 0.27506 0.88674
Coefficients:
            Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
(Intercept) -15.869829 3.195296 -4.967 0.000169 ***
            Weight
            Dur
Stress
           0.002184 0.003794 0.576 0.573304
Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
Residual standard error: 0.5505 on 15 degrees of freedom
Multiple R-squared: 0.9919,
                          Adjusted R-squared: 0.9897
F-statistic: 458.3 on 4 and 15 DF, p-value: 1.764e-15
vif(bp2)
```

Age Weight Dur Stress 1.468245 1.234653 1.200060 1.241117

Ackowledgement

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