

# SN74AHCT1G14 Single Schmitt-Trigger Inverter Gate

## 1 Features

- Operating range 4.5V to 5.5V
- Max  $t_{pd}$  of 8ns at 5V
- Low power consumption, 1 $\mu$ A max  $I_{CC}$
- $\pm 8$ mA output drive at 5V
- Inputs are TTL-voltage compatible
- Latch-up performance exceeds 250 mA per JESD 17

## 2 Applications

- [Enable or disable a digital signal](#)
- [Controlling an indicator LED](#)
- [Translation between communication modules and system controllers](#)

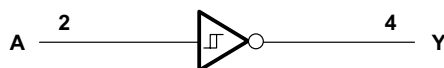
## 3 Description

The SN74AHCT1G14 contains a single inverter gate. The device performs the Boolean function  $Y = \bar{A}$ .

### Package Information

PART NUMBER	PACKAGE <sup>(1)</sup>	PACKAGE SIZE <sup>(2)</sup>	BODY SIZE <sup>(3)</sup>
SN74AHCT1G14	DBV (SOT-23, 5)	2.9mm x 2.8mm	2.9mm x 1.6mm
	DCK (SC-70, 5)	2.00mm x 1.25mm	2.00mm x 1.25mm

- (1) For all available packages, see the orderable addendum at the end of the data sheet.
- (2) The package size (length x width) is a nominal value and includes pins, where applicable.
- (3) The body size (length x width) is a nominal value and does not include pins.



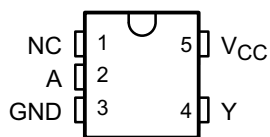
Logic Diagram (positive Logic)



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## 4 Pin Configuration and Functions



NC – No internal connection

See [Section 11](#) for dimensions.

**Figure 4-1. DBV or DCK Package 5-Pin SOT-23 or SC70 (Top View)**

**Table 4-1. Pin Functions**

PIN		TYPE <sup>(1)</sup>	DESCRIPTION
NO.	NAME		
1	NC	—	No connect
2	A	I	Data Input
3	GND	—	Ground
4	Y	O	Data Output
5	V <sub>CC</sub>	—	Power

(1) Signal Types: I = Input, O = Output, I/O = Input or Output

## 5 Specifications

### 5.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)<sup>(1)</sup>

		MIN	MAX	UNIT
V <sub>CC</sub>	Supply voltage range	–0.5	7	V
V <sub>I</sub> <sup>(2)</sup>	Input voltage range	–0.5	7	V
V <sub>O</sub> <sup>(2)</sup>	Output voltage range	–0.5	V <sub>CC</sub> + 0.5	V
I <sub>IK</sub>	Input clamp current	(V <sub>I</sub> < 0)	–20	mA
I <sub>OK</sub>	Output clamp current	(V <sub>O</sub> < 0 or V <sub>O</sub> > V <sub>CC</sub> )	±20	mA
I <sub>O</sub>	Continuous output current	(V <sub>O</sub> = 0 to V <sub>CC</sub> )	±25	mA
	Continuous current through V <sub>CC</sub> or GND		±50	mA
T <sub>stg</sub>	Storage temperature range	–65	150	°C

- (1) Stresses beyond those listed under *Absolute Maximum Ratings* may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, which do not imply functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under *Recommended Operating Conditions*. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

- (2) The input and output voltage ratings may be exceeded if the input and output current ratings are observed.

### 5.2 Recommended Operating Conditions

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)<sup>(1)</sup>

		MIN	MAX	UNIT
V <sub>CC</sub>	Supply voltage	4.5	5.5	V
V <sub>I</sub>	Input voltage	0	5.5	V
V <sub>O</sub>	Output voltage	0	V <sub>CC</sub>	V
I <sub>OH</sub>	High-level output current		–8	mA
I <sub>OL</sub>	Low-level output current		8	mA
T <sub>A</sub>	Operating free-air temperature	–40	125	°C

- (1) All unused inputs of the device must be held at V<sub>CC</sub> or GND to ensure proper device operation. Refer to the TI application report, *Implications of Slow or Floating CMOS Inputs*, literature number [SCBA004](#).

### 5.3 Thermal Information

THERMAL METRIC <sup>(1)</sup>		SN74AHCT1G14		UNIT
		DBV (SOT-23)	DCK (SC70)	
		5 PINS	5 PINS	
R <sub>θJA</sub>	Junction-to-ambient thermal resistance	278	289.2	°C/W

- (1) For more information about traditional and new thermal metrics, see the *Semiconductor and IC Package Thermal Metrics* application report, [SPRA953](#).

## 5.4 Electrical Characteristics

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted) <sup>(1)</sup>

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	V <sub>CC</sub>	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
V <sub>T+</sub> Positive-going input threshold voltage	T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C	4.5 V	0.9		2	V
	T <sub>A</sub> = –40°C to 85°C		0.9			
	T <sub>A</sub> = –40°C to 125°C		0.9		2	
	T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C	5.5 V	1.1		2	
	T <sub>A</sub> = –40°C to 85°C		1.1			
	T <sub>A</sub> = –40°C to 125°C		1.1		2	
V <sub>T–</sub> Negative-going input threshold voltage	T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C	4.5 V	0.5		1.6	V
	T <sub>A</sub> = –40°C to 85°C		0.5			
	T <sub>A</sub> = –40°C to 125°C		0.5		1.6	
	T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C	5.5 V	0.6		1.5	
	T <sub>A</sub> = –40°C to 85°C		0.6			
	T <sub>A</sub> = –40°C to 125°C		0.6		1.5	
ΔV <sub>T</sub> Hysteresis (V <sub>T+</sub> – V <sub>T–</sub> )	T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C	4.5 V	0.4		1.4	V
	T <sub>A</sub> = –40°C to 85°C		0.4			
	T <sub>A</sub> = –40°C to 125°C		0.4		1.4	
	T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C	5.5 V	0.5		1.6	
	T <sub>A</sub> = –40°C to 85°C		0.4			
	T <sub>A</sub> = –40°C to 125°C		0.5		1.6	
V <sub>OH</sub> High level output voltage	T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C	4.5 V	4.4	4.5		V
	T <sub>A</sub> = –40°C to 85°C		4.4			
	T <sub>A</sub> = –40°C to 125°C		4.4			
	T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C		3.94			
	T <sub>A</sub> = –40°C to 85°C		3.88			
	T <sub>A</sub> = –40°C to 125°C		3.7			
V <sub>OL</sub> Low level output voltage	T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C	4.5 V			0.1	V
	T <sub>A</sub> = –40°C to 85°C				0.1	
	T <sub>A</sub> = –40°C to 125°C				0.1	
	T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C				0.36	
	T <sub>A</sub> = –40°C to 85°C				0.44	
	T <sub>A</sub> = –40°C to 125°C				0.55	

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted) <sup>(1)</sup>

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	V <sub>CC</sub>	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
I <sub>I</sub> Input leakage current	V <sub>I</sub> = 5.5 V or GND	0 V to 5.5 V			±0.1	μA
					±1	
					±1	
I <sub>CC</sub> Supply current	V <sub>I</sub> = V <sub>CC</sub> or GND, I <sub>O</sub> = 0	5.5 V			1	μA
					10	
					10	
C <sub>i</sub> Input Capacitance	V <sub>I</sub> = V <sub>CC</sub> or GND	5 V		2	10	pF
					10	
					10	

(1) Recommended T<sub>A</sub> = –40°C to 125°C

## 5.5 Switching Characteristics

over recommended operating free-air temperature range, V<sub>CC</sub> = 5 V ± 0.5 V (unless otherwise noted) (see [Load Circuit and Voltage Waveforms](#))

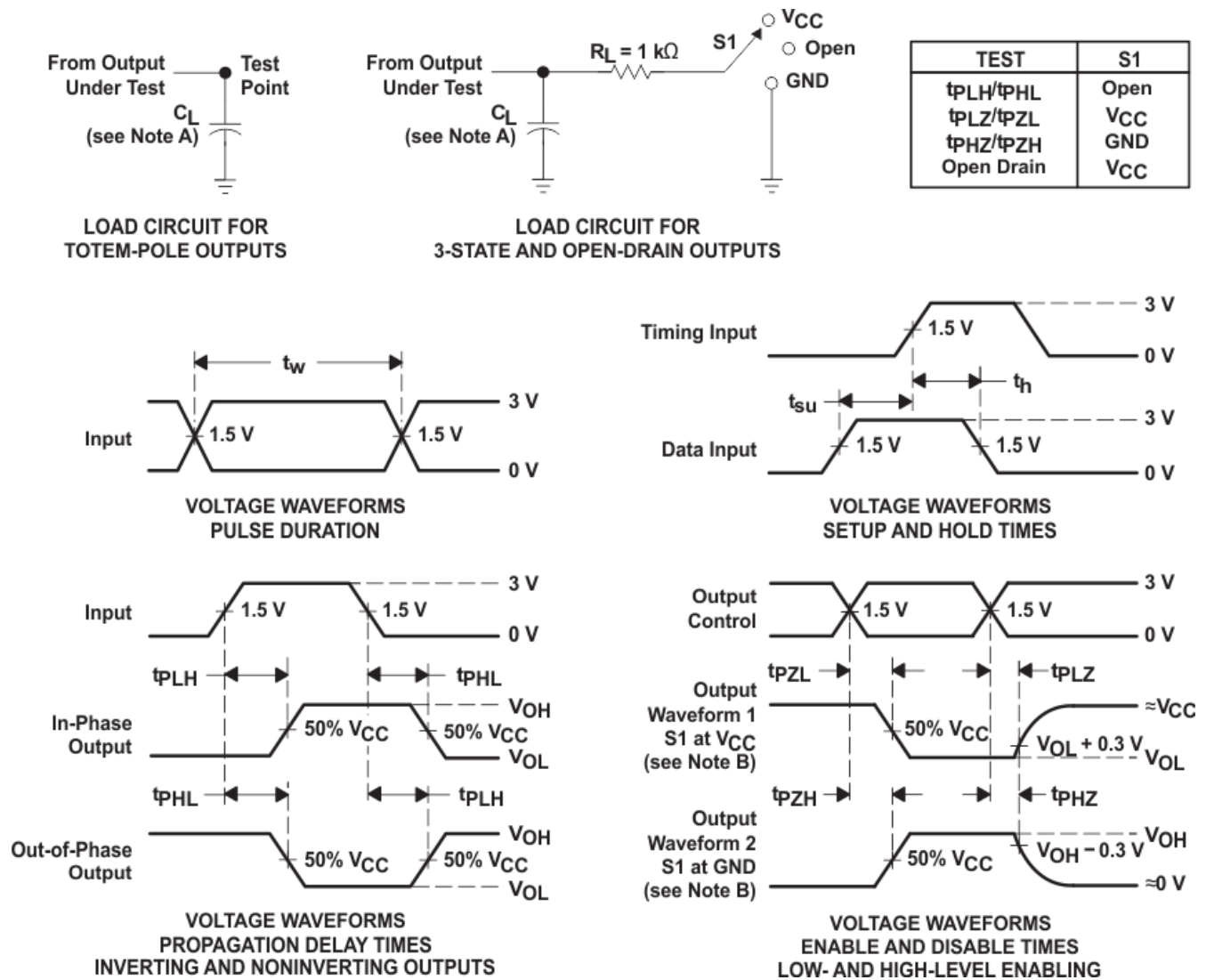
PARAMETER	FROM (INPUT)	TO (OUTPUT)	OUTPUT CAPACITANCE	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
t <sub>PLH</sub>	A	Y	C <sub>L</sub> = 15 pF	T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C		4	7	ns
				T <sub>A</sub> = −40°C to 85°C	1		8	
				T <sub>A</sub> = −40°C to 125°C	1		9	
t <sub>PHL</sub>				T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C		4	7	
				T <sub>A</sub> = −40°C to 85°C	1		8	
				T <sub>A</sub> = −40°C to 125°C	1		9	
t <sub>PLH</sub>	A	Y	C <sub>L</sub> = 50 pF	T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C		5.5	8	ns
				T <sub>A</sub> = −40°C to 85°C	1		9	
				T <sub>A</sub> = −40°C to 125°C	1		10	
t <sub>PHL</sub>				T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C		5.5	8	
				T <sub>A</sub> = −40°C to 85°C	1		9	
				T <sub>A</sub> = −40°C to 125°C	1		10	

## 5.6 Operating Characteristics

V<sub>CC</sub> = 5 V, T<sub>A</sub> = 25°C

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	TYP	UNIT
C <sub>pd</sub> Power dissipation capacitance	No load, f = 1 MHz	12	pF

## 6 Parameter Measurement Information



- A.  $C_L$  includes probe and jig capacitance.
- B. Waveform 1 is for an output with internal conditions such that the output is low except when disabled by the output control. Waveform 2 is for an output with internal conditions such that the output is high except when disabled by the output control.
- C. All input pulses are supplied by generators having the following characteristics:  $PRR \leq 1\text{ MHz}$ ,  $Z_O = 50\ \Omega$ ,  $t_r \leq 3\text{ ns}$ ,  $t_f \leq 3\text{ ns}$ .
- D. The outputs are measured one at a time with one input transition per measurement.
- E. All parameters and waveforms are not applicable to all devices.

**Figure 6-1. Load Circuit and Voltage Waveforms**

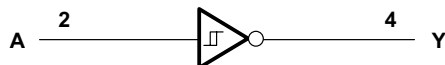
## 7 Detailed Description

### 7.1 Overview

The SN74AHCT1G14 contains a single inverter gate. The device performs the Boolean function  $Y = \bar{A}$ .

The device functions as an independent inverter gate, but because of the Schmitt action, gates may have different input threshold levels for positive- ( $V_{T+}$ ) and negative-going ( $V_{T-}$ ) signals.

### 7.2 Functional Block Diagram



### 7.3 Device Functional Modes

INPUTS <sup>(1)</sup>	OUTPUT <sup>(2)</sup>
A	Y
H	L
L	H

- (1) H = High Voltage Level, L = Low Voltage Level, X = Don't Care
- (2) H = Driving High, L = Driving Low, Z = High Impedance State



## 8 Application and Implementation

### Note

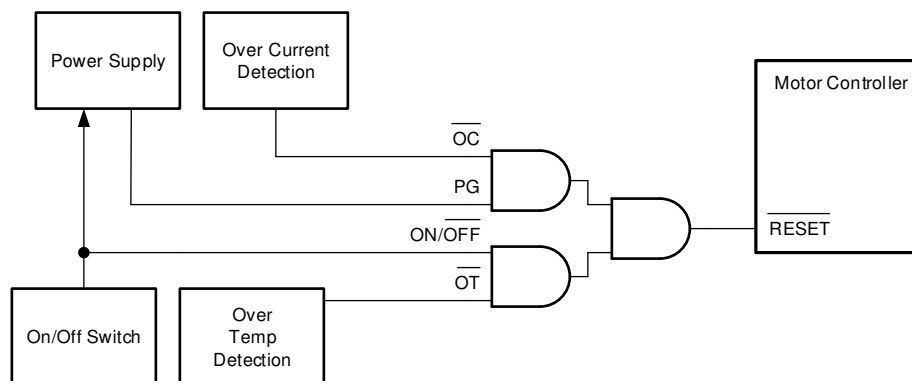
Information in the following applications sections is not part of the TI component specification, and TI does not warrant its accuracy or completeness. TI's customers are responsible for determining suitability of components for their purposes, as well as validating and testing their design implementation to confirm system functionality.

### 8.1 Application Information

In this application, three 2-input AND gates are combined to produce a 4-input AND gate function as shown in [Typical Application Block Diagram](#). The fourth gate can be used for another application in the system, or the inputs can be grounded and the channel left unused.

The SN74AHCT1G14 is used to directly control the  $\overline{\text{RESET}}$  pin of a motor controller. The controller requires four input signals to all be HIGH before being enabled, and should be disabled in the event that any one signal goes LOW. The 4-input AND gate function combines the four individual reset signals into a single active-low reset signal.

### 8.2 Typical Application



**Figure 8-1. Typical Application Block Diagram**

#### 8.2.1 Design Requirements

##### 8.2.1.1 Power Considerations

Ensure the desired supply voltage is within the range specified in the *Recommended Operating Conditions*. The supply voltage sets the electrical characteristics of the device as described in the *Electrical Characteristics* section.

The positive voltage supply must be capable of sourcing current equal to the maximum static supply current,  $I_{CC}$ , listed in the *Electrical Characteristics*, and any transient current required for switching.

The ground must be capable of sinking current equal to the total current to be sunk by all outputs of the SN74AHCT1G14 plus the maximum supply current,  $I_{CC}$ , listed in the *Electrical Characteristics*, and any transient current required for switching. The logic device can only sink as much current that can be sunk into its ground connection. Be sure to not exceed the maximum total current through GND listed in the *Absolute Maximum Ratings*.

The SN74AHCT1G14 can drive a load with a total capacitance less than or equal to 50 pF while still meeting all of the data sheet specifications. Larger capacitive loads can be applied; however, it is not recommended to exceed 50 pF.

The SN74AHCT1G14 can drive a load with total resistance described by  $R_L \geq V_O / I_O$ , with the output voltage and current defined in the *Electrical Characteristics* table with  $V_{OL}$ . When outputting in the HIGH state, the output

voltage in the equation is defined as the difference between the measured output voltage and the supply voltage at the  $V_{CC}$  pin.

Total power consumption can be calculated using the information provided in the [CMOS Power Consumption and Cpd Calculation](#) application note.

Thermal increase can be calculated using the information provided in the [Thermal Characteristics of Standard Linear and Logic \(SLL\) Packages and Devices](#) application note.

#### CAUTION

The maximum junction temperature,  $T_{J(max)}$  listed in the *Absolute Maximum Ratings*, is an additional limitation to prevent damage to the device. Do not violate any values listed in the *Absolute Maximum Ratings*. These limits are provided to prevent damage to the device.

#### 8.2.1.2 Input Considerations

Input signals must cross to be considered a logic LOW, and to be considered a logic HIGH. Do not exceed the maximum input voltage range found in the *Absolute Maximum Ratings*.

Unused inputs must be terminated to either  $V_{CC}$  or ground. The unused inputs can be directly terminated if the input is completely unused, or they can be connected with a pull-up or pull-down resistor if the input will be used sometimes, but not always. A pull-up resistor is used for a default state of HIGH, and a pull-down resistor is used for a default state of LOW. The drive current of the controller, leakage current into the SN74AHCT1G14 (as specified in the *Electrical Characteristics*), and the desired input transition rate limits the resistor size. A 10-k $\Omega$  resistor value is often used due to these factors.

Refer to the *Feature Description* section for additional information regarding the inputs for this device.

#### 8.2.1.3 Output Considerations

The ground voltage is used to produce the output LOW voltage. Sinking current into the output will increase the output voltage as specified by the  $V_{OL}$  specification in the *Electrical Characteristics*.

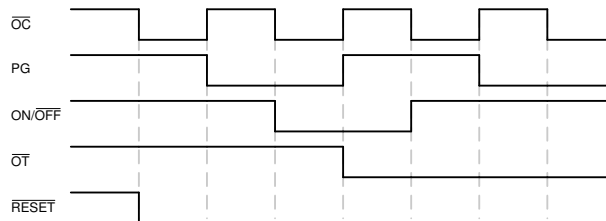
Unused outputs can be left floating. Do not connect outputs directly to  $V_{CC}$  or ground.

Refer to the *Feature Description* section for additional information regarding the outputs for this device.

## 8.2.2 Detailed Design Procedure

1. Add a decoupling capacitor from  $V_{CC}$  to GND. The capacitor needs to be placed physically close to the device and electrically close to both the  $V_{CC}$  and GND pins. An example layout is shown in the *Layout* section.
2. Ensure the capacitive load at the output is  $\leq 50$  pF. This is not a hard limit; it will, however, ensure optimal performance. This can be accomplished by providing short, appropriately sized traces from the SN74AHCT1G14 to one or more of the receiving devices.
3. Ensure the resistive load at the output is larger than  $(V_{CC} / I_{O(max)}) \Omega$ , so that the maximum output current from the *Absolute Maximum Ratings* is not violated. Most CMOS inputs have a resistive load measured in  $M\Omega$ ; much larger than the minimum calculated previously.
4. Thermal issues are rarely a concern for logic gates; the power consumption and thermal increase, however, can be calculated using the steps provided in the application report, [CMOS Power Consumption and Cpd Calculation](#).

## 8.2.3 Application Curves



**Figure 8-2. Application Timing Diagram**

## 8.3 Power Supply Recommendations

The power supply can be any voltage between the minimum and maximum supply voltage rating located in the *Recommended Operating Conditions*. Each  $V_{CC}$  terminal should have a good bypass capacitor to prevent power disturbance. A 0.1- $\mu$ F capacitor is recommended for this device. It is acceptable to parallel multiple bypass capacitors to reject different frequencies of noise. The 0.1- $\mu$ F and 1- $\mu$ F capacitors are commonly used in parallel. The bypass capacitor should be installed as close to the power terminal as possible for best results, as shown in the following layout example.

## 8.4 Layout

### 8.4.1 Layout Guidelines

When using multiple-input and multiple-channel logic devices, inputs must never be left floating. In many cases, functions or parts of functions of digital logic devices are unused (for example, when only two inputs of a triple-input AND gate are used or only 3 of the 4 buffer gates are used). Such unused input pins must not be left unconnected because the undefined voltages at the outside connections result in undefined operational states. All unused inputs of digital logic devices must be connected to a logic high or logic low voltage, as defined by the input voltage specifications, to prevent them from floating. The logic level that must be applied to any particular unused input depends on the function of the device. Generally, the inputs are tied to GND or  $V_{CC}$ , whichever makes more sense for the logic function or is more convenient.

## 8.4.2 Layout Example

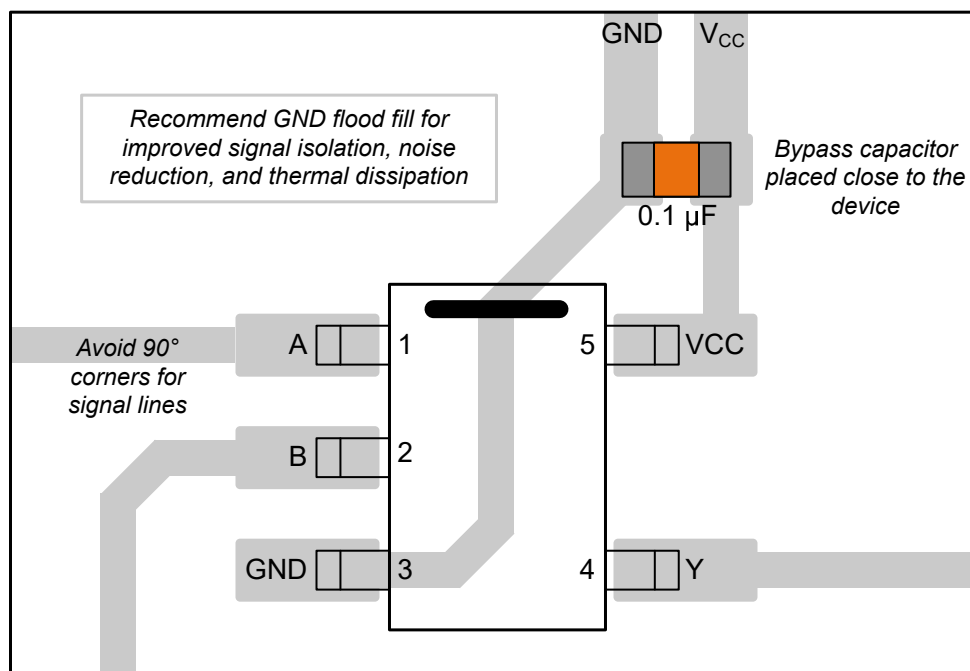


Figure 8-3. Example Layout for the SN74AHCT1G14

## 9 Device and Documentation Support

### 9.1 Documentation Support (Analog)

#### 9.1.1 Related Documentation

For related documentation, see the following:

- Texas Instruments, [CMOS Power Consumption and Cpd Calculation application note](#)
- Texas Instruments, [Designing With Logic application note](#)
- Texas Instruments, [Thermal Characteristics of Standard Linear and Logic \(SLL\) Packages and Devices application note](#)
- Texas Instruments, [Implications of Slow or Floating CMOS Inputs application note](#)

### 9.2 Receiving Notification of Documentation Updates

To receive notification of documentation updates, navigate to the device product folder on [ti.com](#). Click on *Subscribe to updates* to register and receive a weekly digest of any product information that has changed. For change details, review the revision history included in any revised document.

### 9.3 Support Resources

[TI E2E™ support forums](#) are an engineer's go-to source for fast, verified answers and design help — straight from the experts. Search existing answers or ask your own question to get the quick design help you need.

Linked content is provided "AS IS" by the respective contributors. They do not constitute TI specifications and do not necessarily reflect TI's views; see TI's [Terms of Use](#).

### 9.4 Trademarks

TI E2E™ is a trademark of Texas Instruments.

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### 9.5 Electrostatic Discharge Caution



This integrated circuit can be damaged by ESD. Texas Instruments recommends that all integrated circuits be handled with appropriate precautions. Failure to observe proper handling and installation procedures can cause damage.

ESD damage can range from subtle performance degradation to complete device failure. Precision integrated circuits may be more susceptible to damage because very small parametric changes could cause the device not to meet its published specifications.

### 9.6 Glossary

[TI Glossary](#) This glossary lists and explains terms, acronyms, and definitions.

## 10 Revision History

NOTE: Page numbers for previous revisions may differ from page numbers in the current version.

<b>Changes from Revision Q (October 2023) to Revision R (February 2024)</b>	<b>Page</b>
• Added body size to <i>Package Information</i> table.....	<a href="#">1</a>
• Updated RθJA values: DBV = 206 to 278, all values in °C/W .....	<a href="#">4</a>

<b>Changes from Revision P (June 2013) to Revision Q (October 2023)</b>	<b>Page</b>
• Added <i>Applications</i> , <i>Package Information</i> table, <i>Pin Functions</i> table, <i>Thermal Information</i> table, <i>Device Functional Modes</i> , <i>Device and Documentation Support</i> section, <i>Application and Implementation</i> section, and <i>Mechanical, Packaging, and Orderable Information</i> section .....	<a href="#">1</a>
• Updated thermal values for DCK package from RθJA = 252 to 289.2, all values in °C/W .....	<a href="#">4</a>

## 11 Mechanical, Packaging, and Orderable Information

The following pages include mechanical, packaging, and orderable information. This information is the most current data available for the designated devices. This data is subject to change without notice and revision of this document. For browser-based versions of this data sheet, refer to the left-hand navigation.

## PACKAGING INFORMATION

Orderable Device	Status (1)	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	Package Qty	Eco Plan (2)	Lead finish/ Ball material (6)	MSL Peak Temp (3)	Op Temp (°C)	Device Marking (4/5)	Samples
74AHCT1G14DBVRE4	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	5	3000	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	(B143, B14G, B14L, B14S)	<a href="#">Samples</a>
74AHCT1G14DBVRG4	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	5	3000	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	B14G	<a href="#">Samples</a>
74AHCT1G14DBVTE4	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	5	250	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	B14G	<a href="#">Samples</a>
74AHCT1G14DCKTE4	ACTIVE	SC70	DCK	5	250	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	BF3	<a href="#">Samples</a>
74AHCT1G14DCKTG4	ACTIVE	SC70	DCK	5	250	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	BF3	<a href="#">Samples</a>
SN74AHCT1G14DBVR	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	5	3000	RoHS & Green	SN	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	(36DH, 3CAF, B143, B14G, B14J, B14L, B14S)	<a href="#">Samples</a>
SN74AHCT1G14DBVT	OBSOLETE	SOT-23	DBV	5		TBD	Call TI	Call TI	-40 to 125	(B143, B14G, B14J, B14S)	
SN74AHCT1G14DCK3	ACTIVE	SC70	DCK	5	3000	RoHS & Non-Green	SNBI	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	BFY	<a href="#">Samples</a>
SN74AHCT1G14DCKR	ACTIVE	SC70	DCK	5	3000	RoHS & Green	SN	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	(1QN, BF3, BFG, BFJ, BFL, BFS)	<a href="#">Samples</a>
SN74AHCT1G14DCKT	OBSOLETE	SC70	DCK	5		TBD	Call TI	Call TI	-40 to 125	(BF3, BFG, BFJ, BFS)	

(1) The marketing status values are defined as follows:

**ACTIVE:** Product device recommended for new designs.

**LIFEBUY:** TI has announced that the device will be discontinued, and a lifetime-buy period is in effect.

**NRND:** Not recommended for new designs. Device is in production to support existing customers, but TI does not recommend using this part in a new design.

**PREVIEW:** Device has been announced but is not in production. Samples may or may not be available.

**OBSOLETE:** TI has discontinued the production of the device.

(2) **RoHS:** TI defines "RoHS" to mean semiconductor products that are compliant with the current EU RoHS requirements for all 10 RoHS substances, including the requirement that RoHS substance do not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous materials. Where designed to be soldered at high temperatures, "RoHS" products are suitable for use in specified lead-free processes. TI may reference these types of products as "Pb-Free".

**RoHS Exempt:** TI defines "RoHS Exempt" to mean products that contain lead but are compliant with EU RoHS pursuant to a specific EU RoHS exemption.

**Green:** TI defines "Green" to mean the content of Chlorine (Cl) and Bromine (Br) based flame retardants meet JS709B low halogen requirements of <=1000ppm threshold. Antimony trioxide based flame retardants must also meet the <=1000ppm threshold requirement.

- <sup>(3)</sup> MSL, Peak Temp. - The Moisture Sensitivity Level rating according to the JEDEC industry standard classifications, and peak solder temperature.
- <sup>(4)</sup> There may be additional marking, which relates to the logo, the lot trace code information, or the environmental category on the device.
- <sup>(5)</sup> Multiple Device Markings will be inside parentheses. Only one Device Marking contained in parentheses and separated by a "~" will appear on a device. If a line is indented then it is a continuation of the previous line and the two combined represent the entire Device Marking for that device.
- <sup>(6)</sup> Lead finish/Ball material - Orderable Devices may have multiple material finish options. Finish options are separated by a vertical ruled line. Lead finish/Ball material values may wrap to two lines if the finish value exceeds the maximum column width.

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**OTHER QUALIFIED VERSIONS OF SN74AHCT1G14 :**

- Automotive : [SN74AHCT1G14-Q1](#)

NOTE: Qualified Version Definitions:

- Automotive - Q100 devices qualified for high-reliability automotive applications targeting zero defects



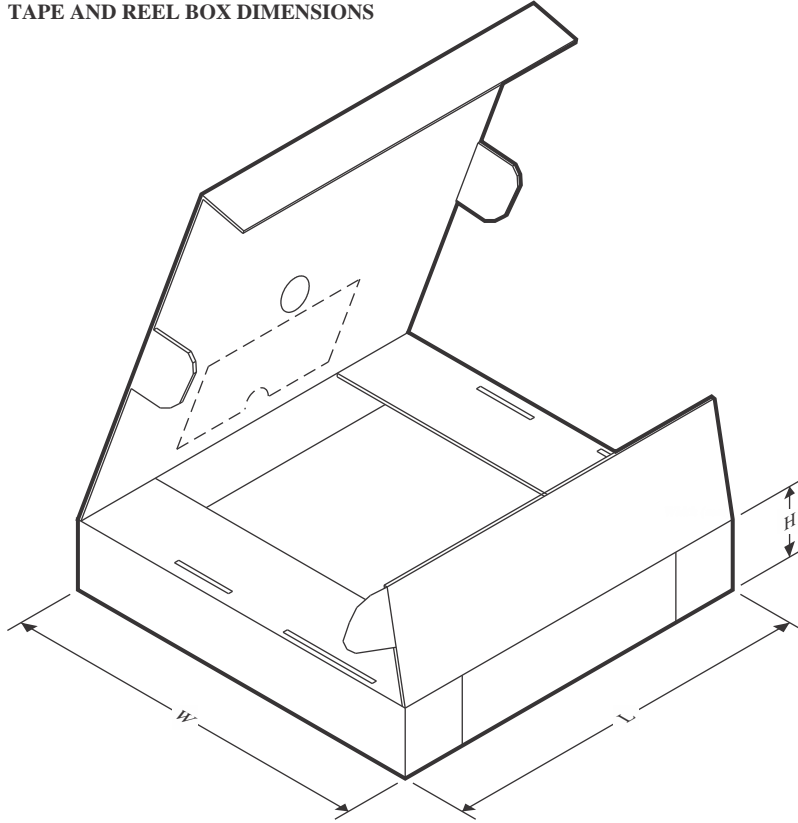
## TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION



\*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	SPQ	Reel Diameter (mm)	Reel Width W1 (mm)	A0 (mm)	B0 (mm)	K0 (mm)	P1 (mm)	W (mm)	Pin1 Quadrant
74AHCT1G14DBVRE4	SOT-23	DBV	5	3000	180.0	8.4	3.23	3.17	1.37	4.0	8.0	Q3
74AHCT1G14DBVRE4	SOT-23	DBV	5	3000	178.0	9.0	3.23	3.17	1.37	4.0	8.0	Q3
74AHCT1G14DBVRG4	SOT-23	DBV	5	3000	178.0	9.0	3.23	3.17	1.37	4.0	8.0	Q3
74AHCT1G14DCKTG4	SC70	DCK	5	250	178.0	9.2	2.4	2.4	1.22	4.0	8.0	Q3
SN74AHCT1G14DBVR	SOT-23	DBV	5	3000	180.0	8.4	3.2	3.2	1.4	4.0	8.0	Q3
SN74AHCT1G14DCKR	SC70	DCK	5	3000	180.0	8.4	2.3	2.5	1.2	4.0	8.0	Q3

## TAPE AND REEL BOX DIMENSIONS

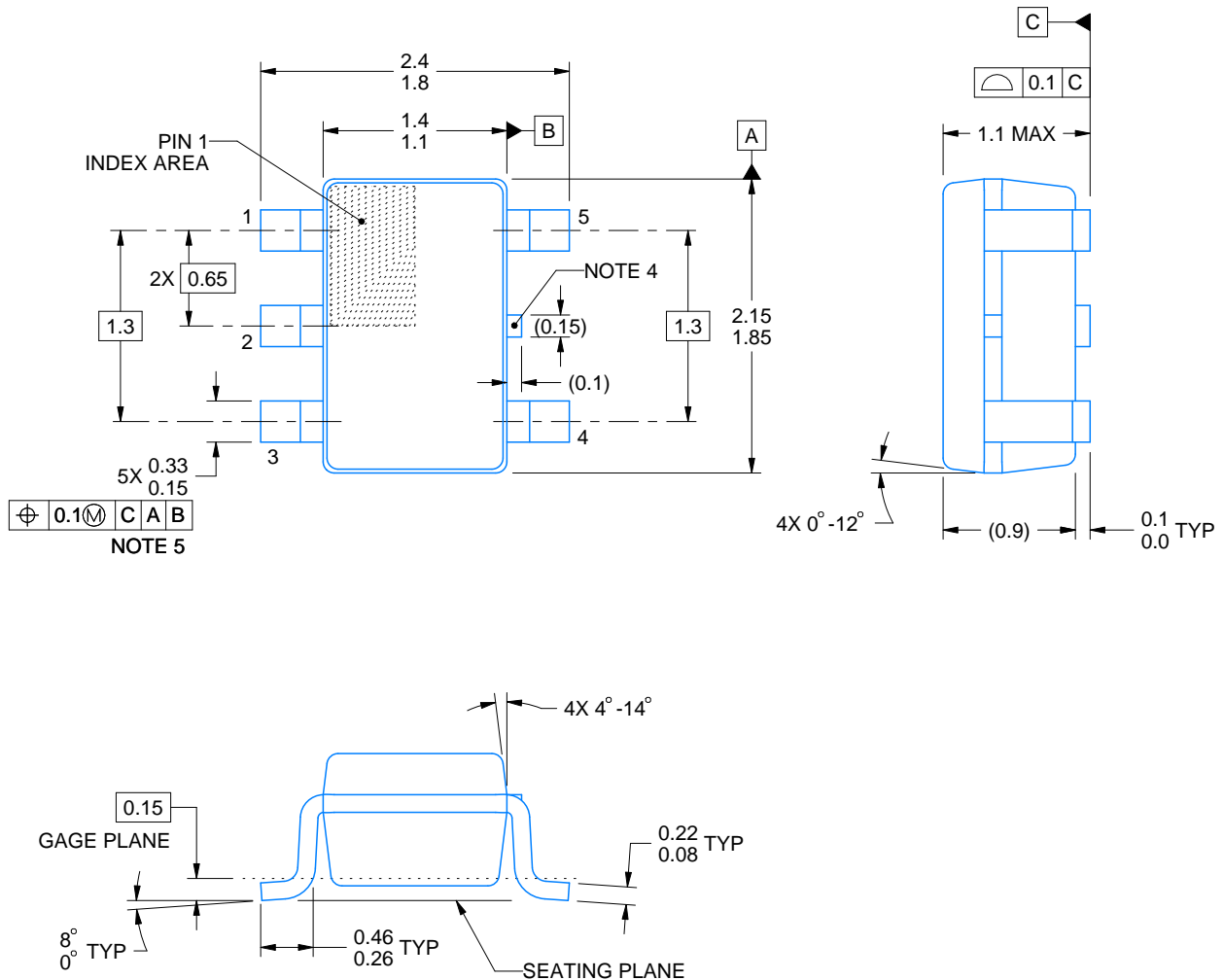


\*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	SPQ	Length (mm)	Width (mm)	Height (mm)
74AHCT1G14DBVRE4	SOT-23	DBV	5	3000	202.0	201.0	28.0
74AHCT1G14DBVRE4	SOT-23	DBV	5	3000	180.0	180.0	18.0
74AHCT1G14DBVRG4	SOT-23	DBV	5	3000	180.0	180.0	18.0
74AHCT1G14DCKTG4	SC70	DCK	5	250	180.0	180.0	18.0
SN74AHCT1G14DBVR	SOT-23	DBV	5	3000	210.0	185.0	35.0
SN74AHCT1G14DCKR	SC70	DCK	5	3000	210.0	185.0	35.0

**DCK0005A****PACKAGE OUTLINE****SOT - 1.1 max height**

SMALL OUTLINE TRANSISTOR



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**NOTES:**

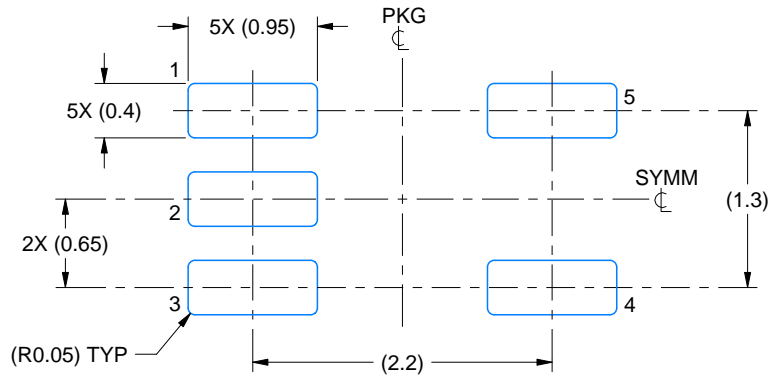
1. All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Any dimensions in parenthesis are for reference only. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M.
2. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
3. Reference JEDEC MO-203.
4. Support pin may differ or may not be present.
5. Lead width does not comply with JEDEC.
6. Body dimensions do not include mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs. Mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs shall not exceed 0.25mm per side

# EXAMPLE BOARD LAYOUT

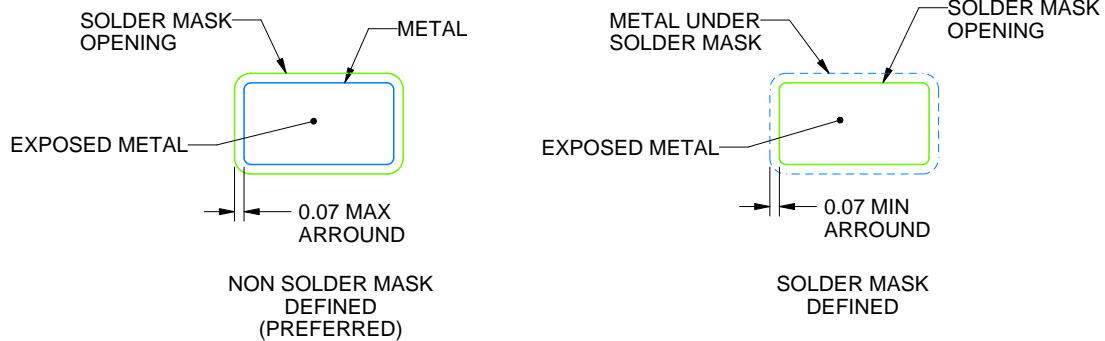
DCK0005A

SOT - 1.1 max height

SMALL OUTLINE TRANSISTOR



LAND PATTERN EXAMPLE  
EXPOSED METAL SHOWN  
SCALE:18X

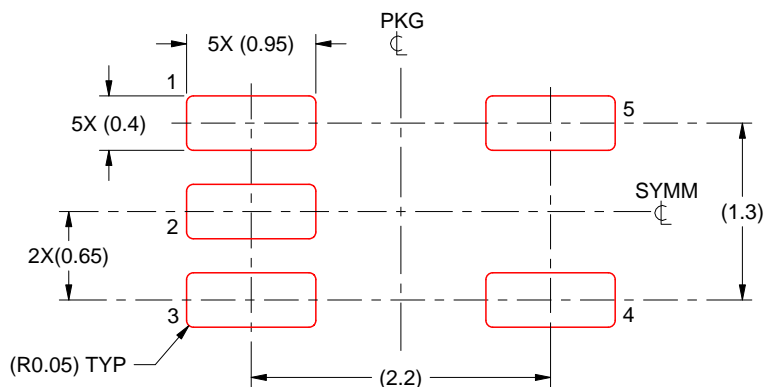


SOLDER MASK DETAILS

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NOTES: (continued)

7. Publication IPC-7351 may have alternate designs.
8. Solder mask tolerances between and around signal pads can vary based on board fabrication site.

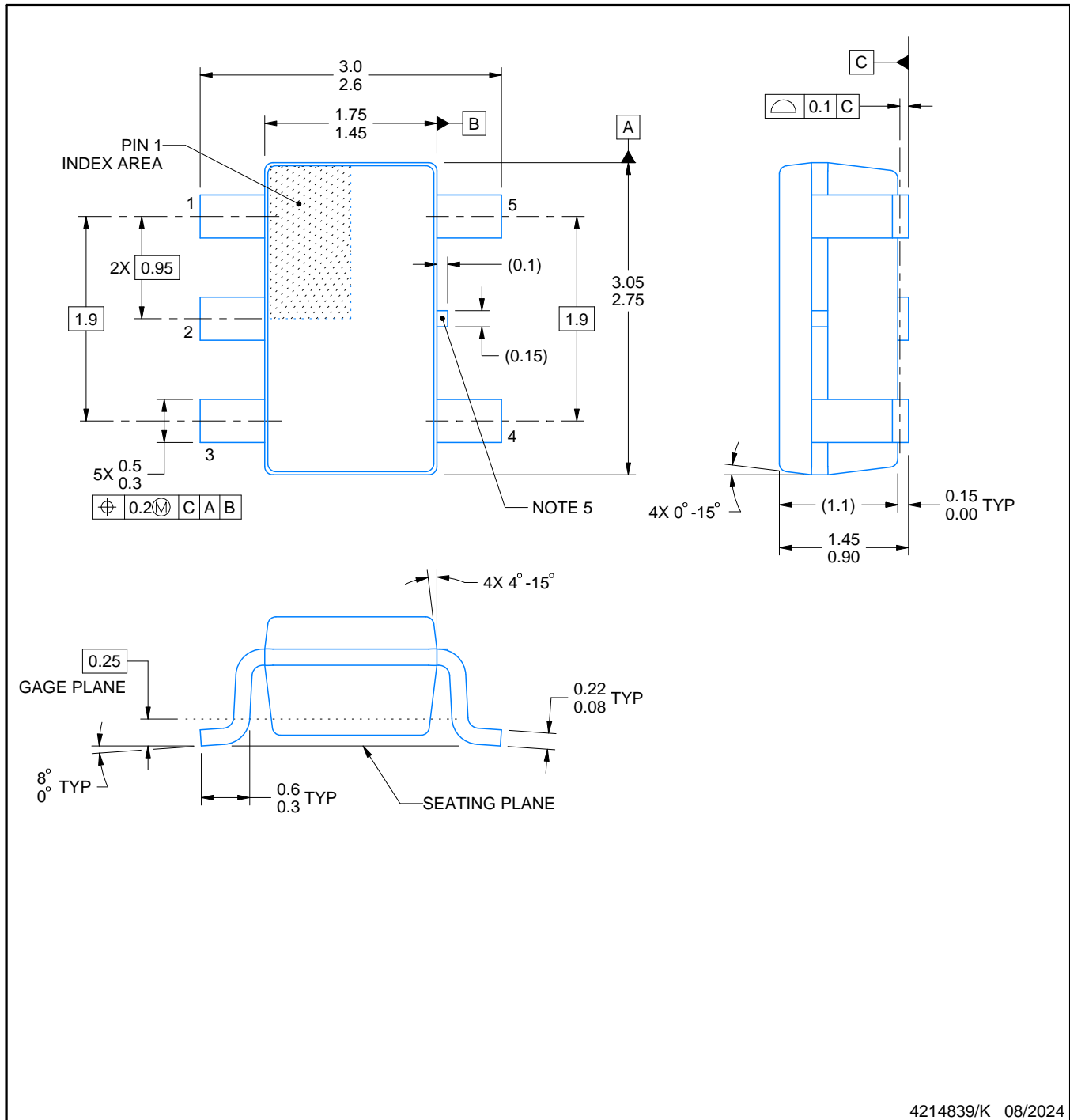


SOLDER PASTE EXAMPLE  
BASED ON 0.125 THICK STENCIL  
SCALE:18X

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NOTES: (continued)

9. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and rounded corners may offer better paste release. IPC-7525 may have alternate design recommendations.
10. Board assembly site may have different recommendations for stencil design.



## NOTES:

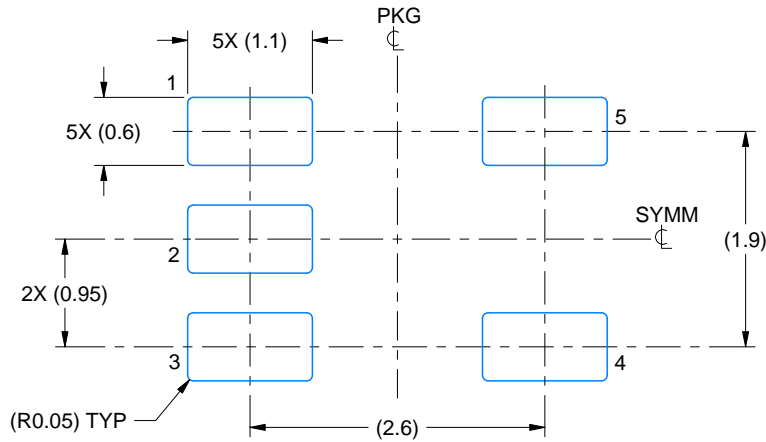
1. All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Any dimensions in parenthesis are for reference only. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M.
2. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
3. Reference JEDEC MO-178.
4. Body dimensions do not include mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs. Mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs shall not exceed 0.25 mm per side.
5. Support pin may differ or may not be present.

# EXAMPLE BOARD LAYOUT

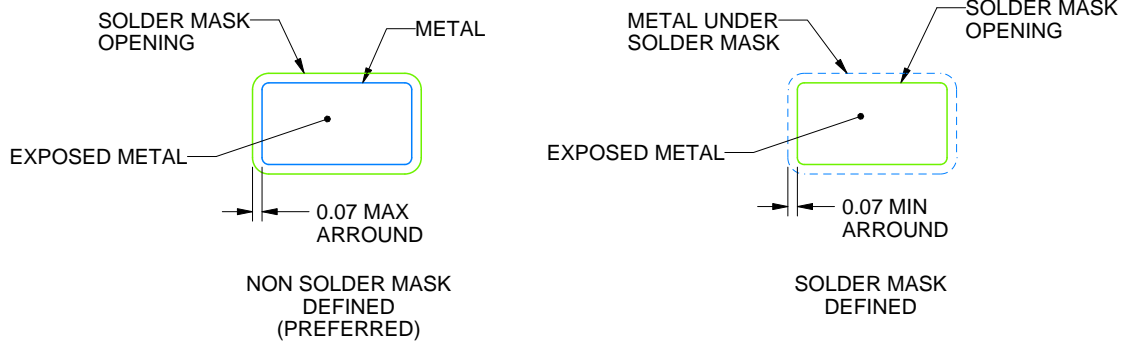
DBV0005A

SOT-23 - 1.45 mm max height

SMALL OUTLINE TRANSISTOR



LAND PATTERN EXAMPLE  
EXPOSED METAL SHOWN  
SCALE:15X



SOLDER MASK DETAILS

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NOTES: (continued)

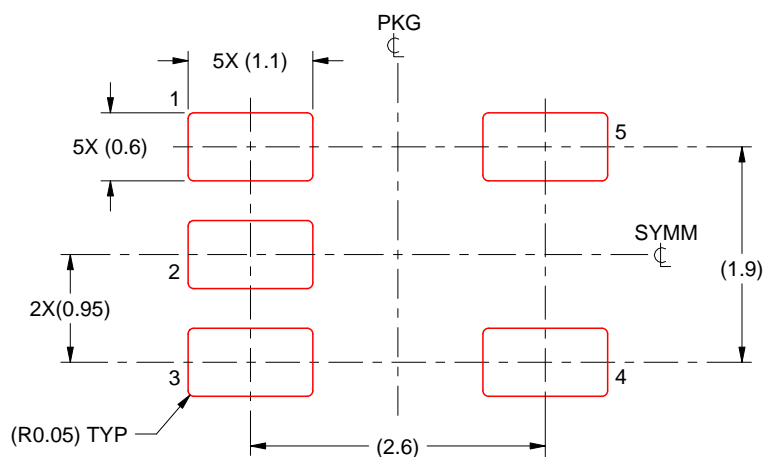
6. Publication IPC-7351 may have alternate designs.
7. Solder mask tolerances between and around signal pads can vary based on board fabrication site.

## EXAMPLE STENCIL DESIGN

DBV0005A

SOT-23 - 1.45 mm max height

SMALL OUTLINE TRANSISTOR



SOLDER PASTE EXAMPLE  
BASED ON 0.125 mm THICK STENCIL  
SCALE:15X

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NOTES: (continued)

8. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and rounded corners may offer better paste release. IPC-7525 may have alternate design recommendations.
9. Board assembly site may have different recommendations for stencil design.



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