Executive Summary

mining

Mining Software Repositories for Intelligent

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Software Maintenance

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Version Control

■ Framework for preventive maintenance

Introduction

■ Change management with version control systems

■ Improving software maintenance through software repository

■ Novelty: Metrics for localization

■ Study of Open Source projects

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Mining software repositories

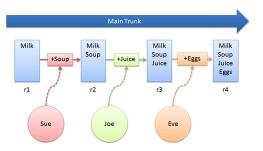
Version Control

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Outline

- 1 Version Control
- **2** Mining Software Repositories
 - Frequent Item Set Mining
 - Maintenance Challenges
- 3 Framework
- 4 Novelty
- **5** Experiments
 - Linux 2.6
 - Wine
 - Insights

Version Control



- Management of changes to computer files in a repository
- Changes identified by a number or letter code ("revision")
- Each revision associated with timestamp and person making the change
- Version control systems: CVS, Subversion, Git, ...

Version Control

Mining Software Repositories

Working Copy, Commits and Change Sets

- Working copy: Local copy of files from a repository
- Commit: Writing changes to the working copy into the repository
- Change set: Set of changes made in a single commit

commit 3d2d827f5ca5e32816194119d5c980c7e04474a6

Author: Michael S. Tsirkin <mst@redhat.com>

Mon Sep 21 17:03:51 2009 -0700 Date:

mm: move use_mm/unuse_mm from aio.c to mm/

fs/aio.c Μ

include/linux/mmu_context.h Α

Μ mm/Makefile

Α mm/mmu_context.c

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Mining software repositories

Mining software repositories

Mining Software Repositories

Software Repository Mining

- Version control systems contain large amounts of historical information: "Who changed what, why and when."
- Learn from the past to shape the future
- Automated extraction, collection. and abstraction of information from software development data



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Mining Software Repositories

Populating Version History Database



Date Author Message 23.11.2009 Zaphod Added f1, f2 rev1 Updated f1 25.11.2009 Arthur rev2 30.11.2009 Zaphod Deleted f1 rev3

Revision	Action type	File
rev1	Add	f1
rev1	Add	f2
rev2	Modify	f1
rev3	Delete	f1



Frequent Item Set Mining

- Popular method for market basket analysis
- Identify sets of products frequently bought together: Beer and diapers
- Framework applies frequent item set mining to the version history of software repositories
- Identify which code files have been frequently changed together



Source: http://research.nii.ac.jp/~uno

Frequent Item Set Mining: Transactions

- Transactions: Change sets
- Example:

```
{ fs/aio.c, include/linux/mmu_context.h,
 mm/Makefile, mm/mmu_context.c }
```

commit 3d2d827f5ca5e32816194119d5c980c7e04474a6

- fs/aio.c Μ
- include/linux/mmu_context.h Α
- mm/Makefile М
- Α mm/mmu_context.c

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Mining Software Repositories Frequent Item Set Mining

Frequent Item Set Mining: Definitions

- Transaction database contains all change sets
- Members of transactions are items
- Item set is a subset of possible items
- **Support** of an item set i: sup(i) := number of transactions tthat contain i

Mining Software Repositories Frequent Item Set Mining

Frequent Item Set Mining: Association Rules

Customers Who Bought This Item Also Bought







★★★☆ (80) \$7.99



End of the Universe by **** (122) \$11.20



**** (166) \$7.99



**** (873) \$10.20

Source: amazon.com



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- If a customer buys bread and wine, then she will probably also buy cheese
- Problem decomposed into two subproblems:
 - Finding frequent item sets with minimum support
 - Generate association rules with minimal confidence
- Confidence for association rule $R: X \rightarrow Y$: $conf(R) = conf(X \rightarrow Y) = sup(X \cup Y)/sup(X)$

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Frequent Item Set Mining: Example

Transaction IDs	Transactions (Files)
1	{1, 2, 3, 4}
2	{2, 3, 4}
3	{2, 3}
4	{1, 2, 4}
5	{1, 2, 3, 4}
6	{2, 4}

	(* 1100)
1	{1, 2, 3, 4}
2	{2, 3, 4}
3	{2, 3}
4	{1, 2, 4}
5	{1, 2, 3, 4}
6	{2,4}

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Mining Software Repositories Maintenance Challenges

Predicting Changes

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- Determines change patterns from change history of the code base
- Uses association rule mining for identifying implicit dependencies
- Change patterns can be used to recommend potentially relevant source code to a developer performing a modification task

Maintenance Challenges

- Predicting changes
 - Incomplete changes
- Traceability links
 - "Cross-language" changes
- Predicting faults
- Understanding software evolution
 - Measure change localization



Mining Software Repositories Maintenance Challenges

Predicting Changes: Incomplete Change

- Comments in modification task report of Mozilla:
 - 2002-06-12 14:14: Patch to gtk/nsFontMetricsGTK.cpp, limiting the size of fonts to twice the display height.
 - 2002-06-12 14:37: Patch misses the Xlib version.
 - A patch was later submitted with the correct changes in the X-windows font handling code in the file xlib/nsFontMetricsXlib.cpp
- gtk/nsFontMetricsGTK.cpp does not reference $xlib/nsFontMetricsXlib.cpp \rightarrow used in different configurations$
- \blacksquare Files were changed 41 times together \rightarrow change pattern
- Changing the gtk/nsFontMetricsGTK.cpp could trigger a recommendation for xlib/nsFontMetricsXlib.cpp

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Traceability Links

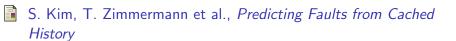
H. Kadgi et al., Mining Software Repositories for Traceability Link

- If files of difference types are co-changed with a high frequency over multiple versions \rightarrow potential traceability link
- Traceability links derived from the actual changes to files by mining software repositories
- Uses sequential-pattern mining to identify and analyze sets of files that are committed together
- Sequential-pattern mining produces ordered lists of co-changing files
- Ordering information can be used to infer directionality

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Tracea	hilitv	Links	Examp	lle
Hacca	\mathbf{D}		LAGITIE	

- Mining change sets in the Wine repository
- Changes are tested:
 - ./dlls/gdiplus/graphicspath.c -> ./dlls/gdiplus/tests/graphicspath.c
 - ./dlls/inetmib1/main.c -> ./dlls/inetmib1/tests/main.c
- Cross language changes:
 - ./dlls/rpcrt4/tests/server.c -> ./dlls/rpcrt4/tests/server.idl
 - ./dlls/dxgi/dxgi_private.h -> ./include/wine/winedxgi.idl

Thomas Weibel <weibelt@ethz.ch> Mining software repositories Mining Software Repositories Maintenance Challenges **Predicting Faults**



- Assumption: faults do not occur in isolation, but rather in bursts of several related faults
- Identifying bug fixes by mining commit messages: Searching for keywords such as "Fixed" or "Bug" and references to bug reports like "42"
- Cache locations that are likely to have faults
- By consulting the cache at the moment a fault is fixed, a developer can detect likely fault-prone locations

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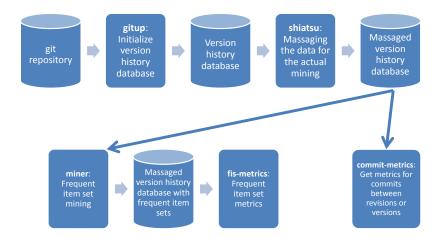
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Git

Architecture



Framework

■ Free distributed version control system

- Initially designed and developed for Linux kernel development
- Every working directory is a full-fledged repository:

Framework

- Complete history
- Full revision tracking capabilities
- Not dependent on network access or a central server
- Easily convert repositories of other version control systems like Subversion into Git repositories
- Only need to write mining and analysis tools for one format rather than many

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Populating the Version History Database

- Gitup generates logfile and initializes versions history database
- Shiatsu massages the data to be used by the metrics applications
 - Set modularization according to specified directory depth
 - Remove deleted files
 - Set number of modifications
 - Heuristics for file moves
- Massaged version history database is used to generate frequent item sets and calculate metrics



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Preventing Maintenance

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Our framework can help with solving all mentioned maintenance challenges:

- Predicting changes
 - Incomplete changes
- Traceability links
 - "Cross-language" changes
- Predicting faults
- Understanding software evolution
 - Measure change localization

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Insights

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Novelty

Change Localization: Example

■ Well localized: Touches only one module

dlls/ntdll/signal_i386.c
dlls/ntdll/thread.c

■ Badly localized: Touches four modules out of five possible

if1632/thunk.c
include/process.h
loader/task.c
scheduler/process.c
scheduler/thread.c

■ Not localized at all: Touches all possible modules

```
files/dos_fs.c
scheduler/syslevel.c
tools/winapi-check
```

Change Localization

- A change is well localized, if it touches only one or very few modules
- A change is not well localized, if it touches many modules
- Apply change localization for frequent item sets

Hypothesis 1 4 1

Changes in frequent item sets in well modularized software systems are localized

Change Localization Metrics

- Value between 0 and 1
- 0: Not localized at all
- 1: Fully localized

$$\sum_{i=\mathsf{FIS}_1}^{\mathsf{FIS}_n} 1 - \left(\mathsf{if}\left(i.\mathsf{modules_touched} = 1, 0, \frac{i.\mathsf{modules_touched}}{i.\mathsf{files_touched}}\right)\right)$$

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Experiments Linux 2.6

Linux 2.6

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Experiments

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- Unix-like operating system kernel
- Repository checked out on November 19, 2009
- 25, 277 code files
- 168,800 commits
- Frequent item set mining:
 - Minimum number of commits (modifications) for code files: 4
 - Minimum support: 4
 - Maximum size of commits (number of code files): 50



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Experiments Linux 2.6

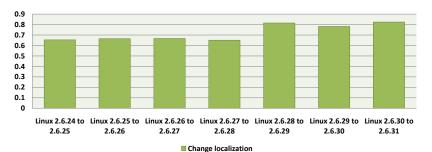
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Linux 2.6: Frequent Item Set Metrics



2500
2000
1500
500
Linux 2.6.24 to Linux 2.6.25 to Linux 2.6.26 to Linux 2.6.27 to Linux 2.6.28 to Linux 2.6.29 to Linux 2.6.30 to 2.6.25
2.6.25
2.6.26
2.6.27
2.6.28
2.6.29
2.6.30
2.6.31

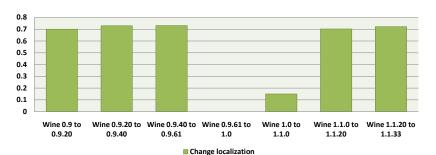
Wine

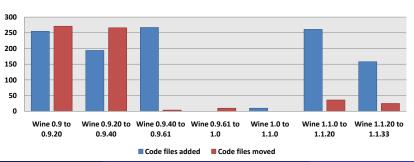
- Allows execution of Microsoft Windows programs on Unix-like operating systems
- Repository checked out on November 20, 2009
- 3,479 code files
- 63,864 commits
- Frequent item set mining:
 - Minimum number of commits (modifications) for code files: 4
 - Minimum support: 4
 - Maximum size of commits (number of code files): 50



Experiments Wine

Wine: Frequent Item Set Metrics





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Outro

Future Work

- Use framework to mine software repositories of commercial systems
- Compare localization metrics of Open Source and Closed Source systems
- Use the frequent item sets extracted to come up with a better modularization
- Publish research in the form of a paper

Experiments Insights

Insights

- Code file moves increase localization
- Adding of many code files decrease localization
- Adding of code files can clear effect of moves on localization
- Stable versions contain mostly bug fixes
 - ⇒ low localization, only few moves and adds
- Unstable versions contain mostly new features
 - ⇒ high localization, many moves and adds

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Summary

- Mining software repositories for intelligent software maintenance
- Applications of frequent item set mining in improving software maintainability
- Framework for preventing software maintenance
- New metrics for change localization
- Localization of frequent item sets of Open Source projects

