

TUGAS KECIL 3
IF2211 STRATEGI ALGORITMA

**Implementasi Algoritma A* untuk Menentukan Lintasan
Terpendek**

Semester II
Tahun Ajaran 2020/2021



Disusun oleh :

Ridho Daffasyah
Thomas Ferdinand Martin

13519038
13519099

TEKNIK INFORMATIKA
SEKOLAH TEKNIK ELEKTRO DAN INFORMATIKA
INSTITUT TEKNOLOGI BANDUNG
2021

A. Kode Program

```
# Ridho Daffasyah 13519038
# Thomas Ferdinand Martin 13519099
# Algoritma Pencarian Jalur A*

import networkx as nx
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import math
from collections import deque
%matplotlib notebook

'''INISIASI CLASS'''
class Node:

    def __init__(self, name):
        self.name = name
        self.neighbours = []
        self.f = 0
        self.g = 0
        self.h = 0
        self.x = 0
        self.y = 0

    def AddNeighbour(self, neighbour):
        self.neighbours.append(neighbour)

    def GetG(self, g):
        return self.g

    def GetH(self, h):
        return self.h

    def GetNeighbour(self):
        return self.neighbours

    def FindF(self):
        return self.g + self.h

class Graph:

    def __init__(self):
        self.ListOfNode = []
        self.ListOfNodePosition = []
        self.AdjMatrix = []
        self.nNode = 0

    def InsertNode(self, node):
```

```

        self.ListOfNode.append(node)
def GetNode(self, idx):
    try:
        return self.ListOfNode[idx]
    except:
        return None
def GetNodeNeighbour(self, idx):
    return self.ListOfNode[idx].GetNeighbour()
def ReadFromFile(self, filename):
    try:
        f = open("'" + filename, "r")
    except:
        print("Salah memasukkan nama file")
        return
    i = 0
    lines = f.readlines()
    # Get n node
    self.nNode = int(lines[0].replace("\n", ""))
    # Get position
    for i in range (self.nNode):
        line = lines[i+1].replace("\n", "").split("|")
        # ["A", "2,3"]
        # versi 1
        node = Node(line[0])
        node.x = line[1].split(",")[0]
        node.y = line[1].split(",")[1]
        self.ListOfNode.append(node)
        # versi 2
        x = line[1].split(",")[0]
        y = line[1].split(",")[1]
        self.ListOfNodePosition.append((float(x), float(y)))
    # Get tetangga
    i = 0
    for i in range (self.nNode):
        line = lines[self.nNode+1+i].replace("\n", "").split(",")
        # Get Node
        node = self.ListOfNode[i]
        j = 0
        for adj in line[1:]:
            if adj == "1":
                node.AddNeighbour(self.ListOfNode[j])
                j+=1
        self.ListOfNode[i] = node

```

```

def PrintGraph(self):
    for node in self.ListOfNode:
        print(node.name, end=" ")
        for neighbour in node.neighbours:
            print(neighbour.name, end=" ")
        print("")

def distance(self, node1, node2):
    if node1 == None or node2 == None:
        return 0
    return math.sqrt(pow((float)(node1.x)-(float)(node2.x),2) +
pow((float)(node1.y)-(float)(node2.y),2))

def HaversineDistance(self, node1, node2):
    R = 6378137
    dlat = self.rad((float)(node1.x) - (float)(node2.x))
    dlong = self.rad((float)(node1.y) - (float)(node2.y))
    a = math.sin(dlat/2) * math.sin(dlat/2) +
math.cos(self.rad(node1.x))*math.cos(self.rad(node2.x))*math.sin(dlong/2)*m
ath.sin(dlong/2)
    c = math.asin(math.sqrt(a))
    d = R *c
    return d

def rad(self, x):
    return (float)(x)*math.pi/180

def bobot(self, node_name1, node_name2):
    node1 = self.ListOfNode[self.GetNodeIdx(node_name1)]
    node2 = self.ListOfNode[self.GetNodeIdx(node_name2)]
    if node1.name in node2.neighbours:
        return self.distance(node1, node2)
    return 0

def IsNodeInSet(self, node, list_node):
    for nodes in list_node:
        if node == nodes:
            return True
    return False

def GetNodeIdx(self, node_name):
    i = 0
    for node in self.ListOfNode:

```

```

        if node.name == node_name:
            return i
        i+=1

def GetListOfNode(self):
    return self.ListOfNode

def getLowestF(self, openSet, fScore):
    lowest = float("inf")
    lowestNode = None
    for node in openSet:
        if fScore[node] < lowest:
            lowest = fScore[node]
            lowestNode = node
    return lowestNode

def reconstructPath(self, cameFrom, goal):
    path = deque()
    node = goal
    path.appendleft(node)
    while node in cameFrom:
        node = cameFrom[node]
        path.appendleft(node)
    return path

def getNodeFromName(self, node_name):
    for node in self.ListOfNode:
        if node.name == node_name:
            return node

def aStar(graph, start, goal):
    #Inisialisasi open list dan closed list
    start = graph.getNodeFromName(start)
    goal = graph.getNodeFromName(goal)

    cameFrom = {}
    openSet = set([start])
    closedSet = set()

    gScore = {} #untuk simpan nilai g
    fScore = {} #untuk simpan nilai f

    gScore[start] = 0 #set g score start node dengan 0
    fScore[start] = gScore[start]+graph.HaversineDistance(start,goal) #set

```

```

f score start node

#iterasi selama openSet tidak 0
while (len(openSet) != 0):
    #set current node dengan node yang punya lowest f
    current = graph.getLowestF(openSet, fScore)
    #jika current node sama dengan yang dicari
    if current == goal:
        return (graph.reconstructPath(cameFrom, goal), fScore[current])
    #remove current node dari openSet
    openSet.remove(current)
    #tambahkan current node ke closedSet
    closedSet.add(current)
    #lakukan pencarian nilai f ke semua tetangga dari current node
    if (len(goal.neighbours)!=0):
        for neighbour in current.neighbours:
            node_neighbour = graph.getNodeFromName(neighbour.name)
            tentative_gScore = gScore[current] +
graph.HaversineDistance(current, node_neighbour)
            if node_neighbour in closedSet:
                continue
            if node_neighbour in gScore:
                if tentative_gScore > gScore[node_neighbour]:
                    continue
            if node_neighbour not in closedSet or tentative_gScore <
gScore[node_neighbour]:
                cameFrom[node_neighbour] = current
                gScore[node_neighbour] = tentative_gScore
                fScore[node_neighbour] = gScore[node_neighbour] +
graph.HaversineDistance(node_neighbour,goal)
                if node_neighbour not in openSet:
                    openSet.add(node_neighbour)
        else :
            print("Tidak bisa akses kesana")
    path = deque()
    return (path, 0)

# Tuple node untuk visualisasi graf
def TupleOfEdge(listofnode, matrix, listofpos):
    listoftuple = []
    for i in range(len(listofnode)):
        for j in range(i, len(listofnode)):
            if matrix[i][j] == '1':

```

```

        edge = (listofnode[i], listofnode[j], {'weight':
round(HaversineDistance(i, j, listofpos), 2), 'node_size': 500})
        listoftuple.append(edge)
    return listoftuple

def rad(x):
    return x*math.pi/180
# Tidak terpakai
def LongLatToXY(long, lat):
    return (6378137*math.cos(lat)*math.cos(long),
6378137*math.cos(lat)*math.sin(long))
def LongLatToX(long, lat):
    return (6378137*math.cos(lat)*math.cos(long))
def LongLatToY(long, lat):
    return (6378137*math.cos(lat)*math.sin(long))
def PrintHeuristic(nodes, nodespos, goal_node):
    idx = 0
    for i in range(len(nodes)):
        if nodes[i] == goal_node:
            idx = i
            break
    print("Jarak dari " + goal_node + " dalam meter : ")
    i = 0
    for node in nodespos:
        print(nodes[i], end=" : ")
        print(HaversineDistance(idx, i, nodespos))
        i+=1

'''INPUT NAMA FILE'''
filepath = "../test/"
file = input("Masukkan nama file: ")

''' FOR VISUALIZATION '''
astar_graph = Graph()
filename = filepath + file
try:
    f = open(filename, "r")
    astar_graph.ReadFromFile(filename)
    i = 0
    lines = f.readlines()
    ListOfNode = []
    ListOfNodePosition = []
    # Get n node

```

```

nNode = int(lines[0].replace("\n", ""))
AdjMatrix = [[] for i in range (nNode)]
# Get position
for i in range (nNode):
    line = lines[i+1].replace("\n", "").split("|")
    x = line[1].split(",")[0]
    y = line[1].split(",")[1]
    ListOfNodePosition.append((float(x), float(y)))
# Get tetangga
for i in range (nNode):
    line = lines[nNode+1+i].replace("\n", "").split(",")
    adj = line[1:]
    # Get Node
    ListOfNode.append(line[0])
    AdjMatrix[i] = adj
except:
    print("Salah memasukkan nama file")

''' GRAPH VISUALIZATION '''
%matplotlib notebook
plt.figure(figsize=(8, 8))
G = nx.Graph()

# Menambahkan node
idx = 0
for node in ListOfNode:
    lat = ListOfNodePosition[idx][0]
    long = ListOfNodePosition[idx][1]
    G.add_node(node, pos=(lat*100, long*100))
    idx+=1

# Menambahkan sisi pada graf dengan bobot masing-masing sisi
G.add_edges_from(TupleOfEdge(ListOfNode, AdjMatrix, ListOfNodePosition))

# label untuk bobot pada graf
labels = nx.get_edge_attributes(G, "weight")

# Layout untuk menggambarkan graf dengan representasi pos
position=nx.get_node_attributes(G,'pos')
layout = nx.spring_layout(G, pos=position)
nx.draw(G, layout, with_labels=True, font_size = 7)

# Menambahkan label bobot

```



```

nx.draw_networkx_edge_labels(G, pos=layout, edge_labels=labels, font_size =
6)

plt.axis("off")
plt.title("Tampilan Peta")
plt.show()

''' INPUT NODE ASAL DAN TUJUAN '''
print("Daftar simpul: ")
index = 1
for node in ListOfNode:
    print(index, end="")
    print(". " + node)
    index+=1
start_node = input("Masukkan nama node asal: ")
goal_node = input("Masukkan nama node tujuan: ")
print()
# Perhitungan path
try:
    (path,weight) = aStar(aster_graph, start_node, goal_node)
except:
    print("Titik awal atau tujuan tidak sesuai")
if (path):
    print("Jalur : ")
    for i in range(len(path)):
        print(path[i].name)
    print("Total Jarak : ", end="")
    print(weight, end=" ")
    print("meter")
else:
    print("Tidak ada jalur")

print()
''' ROUTE VISUALIZATION '''
%matplotlib notebook

# Tampilkan h(n)
PrintHeuristic(ListOfNode, ListOfNodePosition, goal_node)

routes = []
for route in path:
    routes.append(route.name)

```

```

# make a tuple untuk visualisasi
edges = []
for i in range (len(routes)-1):
    edges.append((routes[i], routes[i+1]))

plt.figure(figsize=(8, 8))

# sisi graf
nx.draw_networkx_edges(
    G, layout, edgelist=edges, width=6, alpha=0.5, edge_color="b",
    style="dashed"
)

# label sisi
nx.draw_networkx_edge_labels(G, pos=layout, edge_labels=labels, font_size =
8)

# warna node
color_map = []
for node in G:
    if node == start_node or node == goal_node:
        color_map.append('red')
    else:
        if node in routes:
            color_map.append('blue')
        else:
            color_map.append('green')

# insert layout
nx.draw(G, layout, node_color=color_map, with_labels=True, font_size = 6)
#plt.xlim(-1.5, 1.5)
#plt.ylim(-1.5, 1.5)
plt.axis("off")
plt.show()

"""DRAW MAP"""
from ipyleaflet import (
    Map, basemaps, basemap_to_tiles,
    Circle, Marker, Rectangle, LayerGroup, AntPath
)
from ipywidgets import HTML

arraypos = []

```

```

for i in range(len(astar_graph.ListOfNode)):
    coord = [float(ListOfNodePosition[i][0]),
float(ListOfNodePosition[i][1])]
    arraypos.append(coord)

# map center
center = ListOfNodePosition[0]
m = Map(center=center, zoom=15)

# map marker min 2
# TODO Label?, icon
marker = Marker(location=center, draggable=False)
marke2 = Marker(location=ListOfNodePosition[1], draggable=False)

# Create layer group
layer_group = LayerGroup(layers=(marker, marke2))
markers = []

# Create some layers
for position in ListOfNodePosition:
    marker = Marker(location=position, draggable=False)
    markers.append(marker)
    layer_group.add_layer(marker)

labels = []
if (path):
    for line in ListOfNode:
        message = HTML()
        labels.append(message)
        message.value = line
    i = 0
    for mark in markers:
        mark.popup = labels[i]
        i+=1
m.add_layer(layer_group)
m

""""DRAW ROUTE""""
# Get position based on path
coord = []
if(path):
    for i in range(len(path)):

```

```

        # catat posisi node
        point = [float(path[i].x), float(path[i].y)]
        coord.append(point)

# Draw Path
mPath = Map(center=(path[0].x, path[0].y), zoom=15)
markerStart = Marker(location=(path[0].x, path[0].y), draggable=False,
    rise_on_hover=True)
markerGoal = Marker(location=(path[len(path)-1].x, path[len(path)-1].y),
    draggable=False, rise_on_hover=True)

layer_group = LayerGroup(layers=(markerStart, markerGoal))
mPath.add_layer(layer_group)

#TODO: Hover pop up label
messageStart = HTML()
messageGoal = HTML()

messageStart.value = path[0].name
messageGoal.value = path[len(path) - 1].name

markerStart.popup = messageStart
markerGoal.popup = messageGoal

ant_path = AntPath(
    locations=coord,
    dash_array=[1, 10],
    delay=1000,
    color='#7590ba',
    pulse_color='#3f6fba'
)
layer_group.add_layer(ant_path)

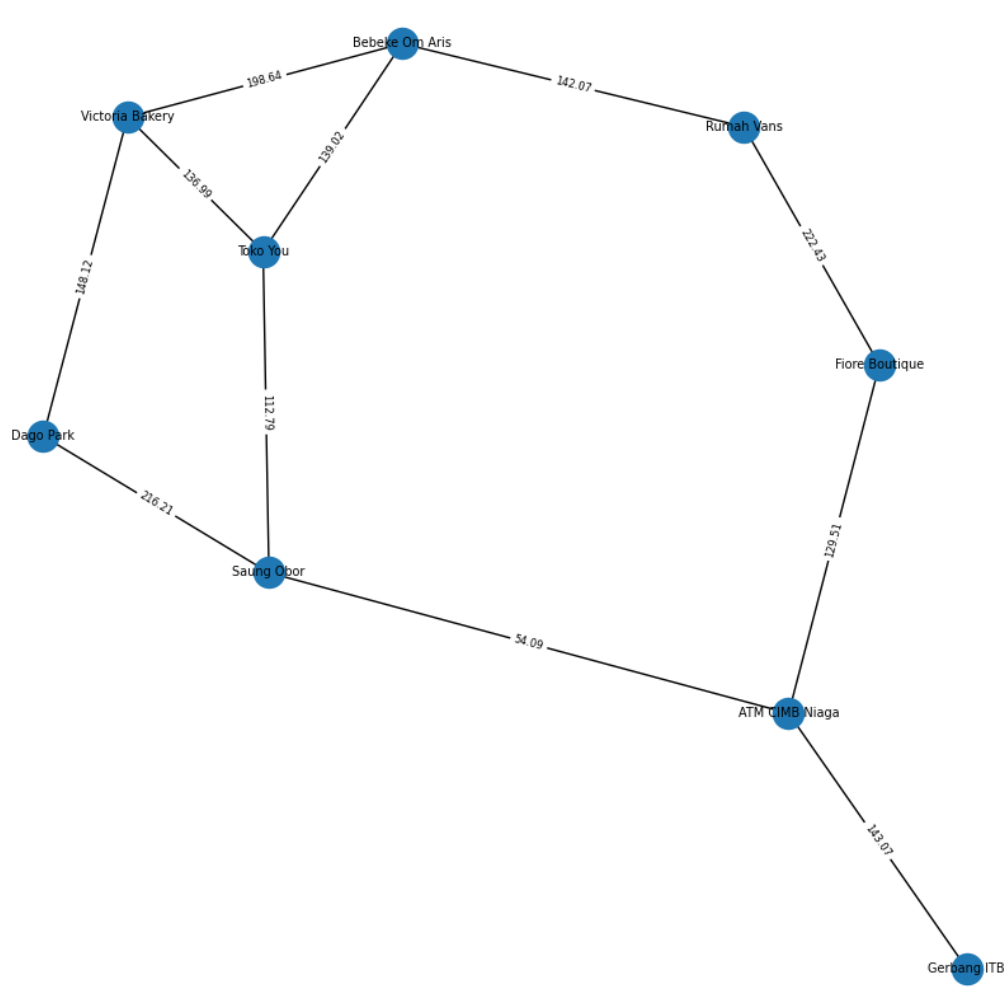
mPath

```

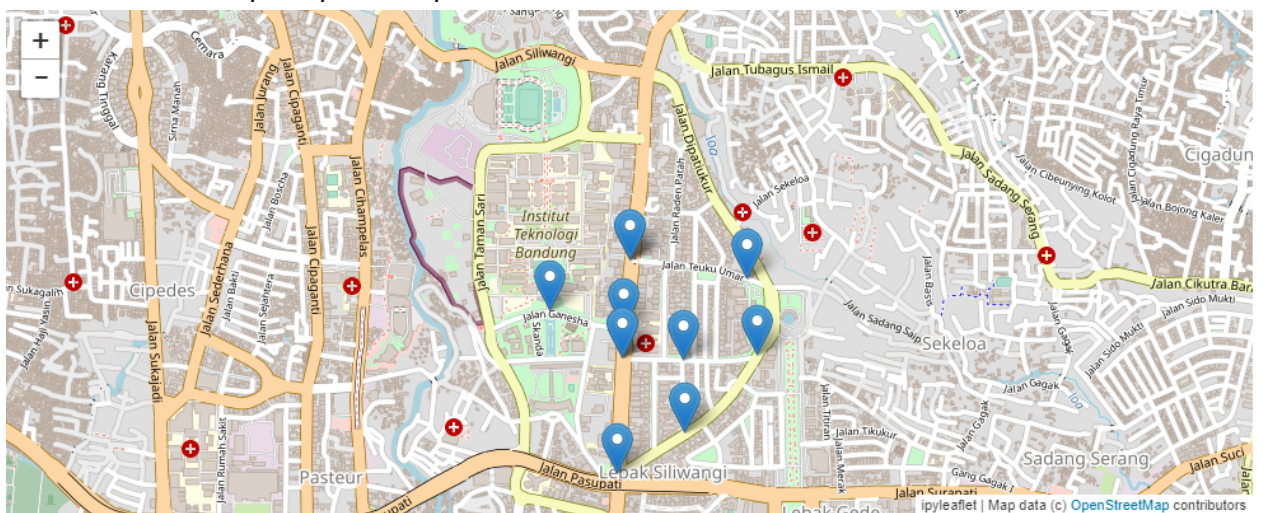
B. Graf Input

1. Peta ITB

- a. Graf berbobot peta jalan sekitar ITB:



b. Tampilan pada map:



c. File input:

```
9
Fiore Boutique|-6.89148,107.61313
Saung Obor|-6.89477,107.61289
Toko You|-6.89484,107.61493
Dago Park|-6.89865,107.6127
Victoria Bakery|-6.8973,107.61501
Bebeke Om Aris|-6.89467,107.61744
ATM CIMB Niaga|-6.8938,107.61295
Gerbang ITB|-6.89321,107.61043
Rumah Vans|-6.89214,107.6171
Fiore Boutique,0,0,0,0,0,0,1,0,1
Saung Obor,0,0,1,1,0,0,1,0,0
Toko You,0,1,0,0,1,1,0,0,0
Dago Park,0,1,0,0,1,0,0,0,0
Victoria Bakery,0,0,1,1,0,1,0,0,0
Bebeke Om Aris,0,0,1,0,1,0,0,0,1
ATM CIMB Niaga,1,1,0,0,0,0,0,1,0
Gerbang ITB,0,0,0,0,0,0,1,0,0
Rumah Vans,1,0,0,0,0,1,0,0,0
```

d. Input dari simpul Gerbang ITB ke Bebeke Om Aris:

Daftar simpul:

1. Fiore Boutique
2. Saung Obor
3. Toko You
4. Dago Park
5. Victoria Bakery
6. Bebeke Om Aris
7. ATM CIMB Niaga
8. Gerbang ITB
9. Rumah Vans

Masukkan nama node asal: Gerbang ITB

Masukkan nama node tujuan: Bebeke Om Aris

Jalur :

Gerbang ITB

ATM CIMB Niaga

Saung Obor

Toko You

Bebeke Om Aris

Total Jarak : 448.9702270008344 meter

Jarak dari Bebeke Om Aris dalam meter :

Fiore Boutique : 297.06158867993724

Saung Obor : 251.48203029533326

Toko You : 139.01804533770667

Dago Park : 343.03765604291306

Victoria Bakery : 198.6411556782538

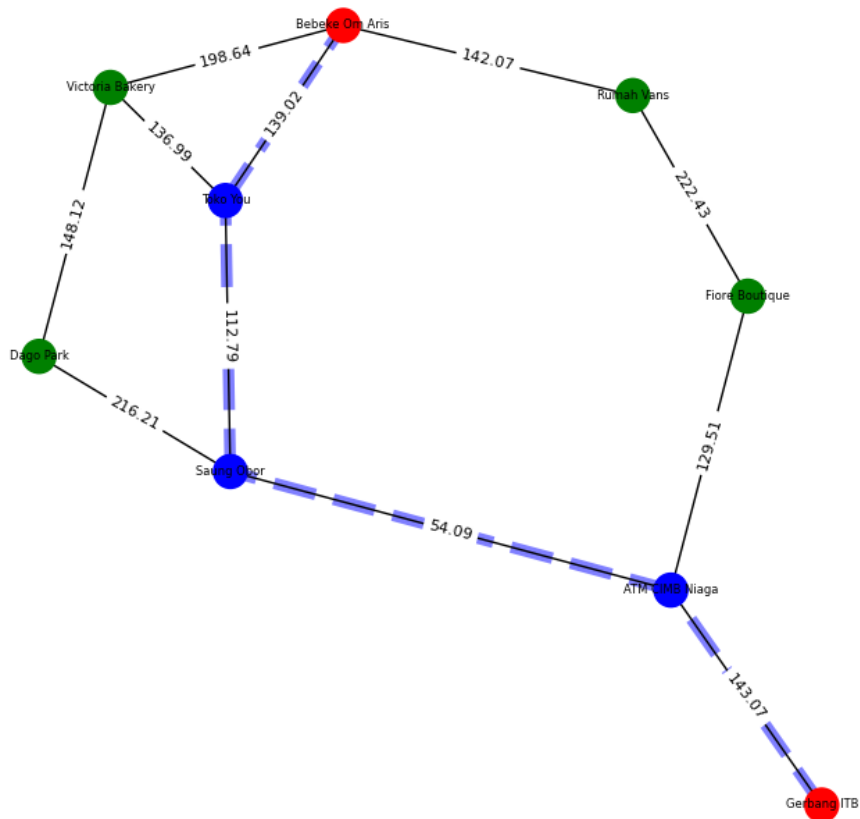
Bebeke Om Aris : 0.0

ATM CIMB Niaga : 252.7866600883181

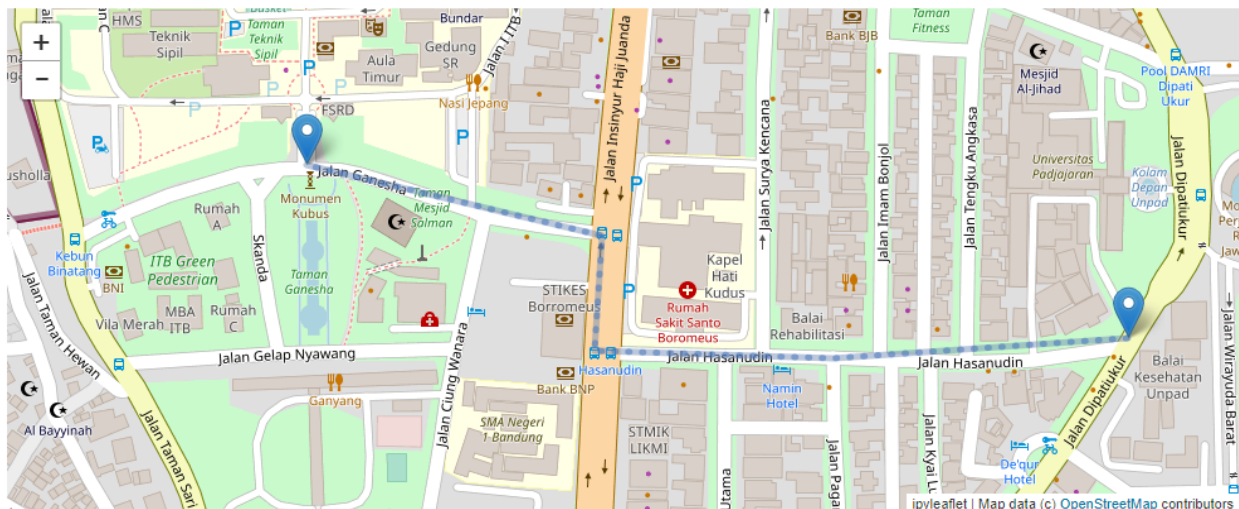
Gerbang ITB : 395.78621925439415

Rumah Vans : 142.06690426539743

e. Visual Graf

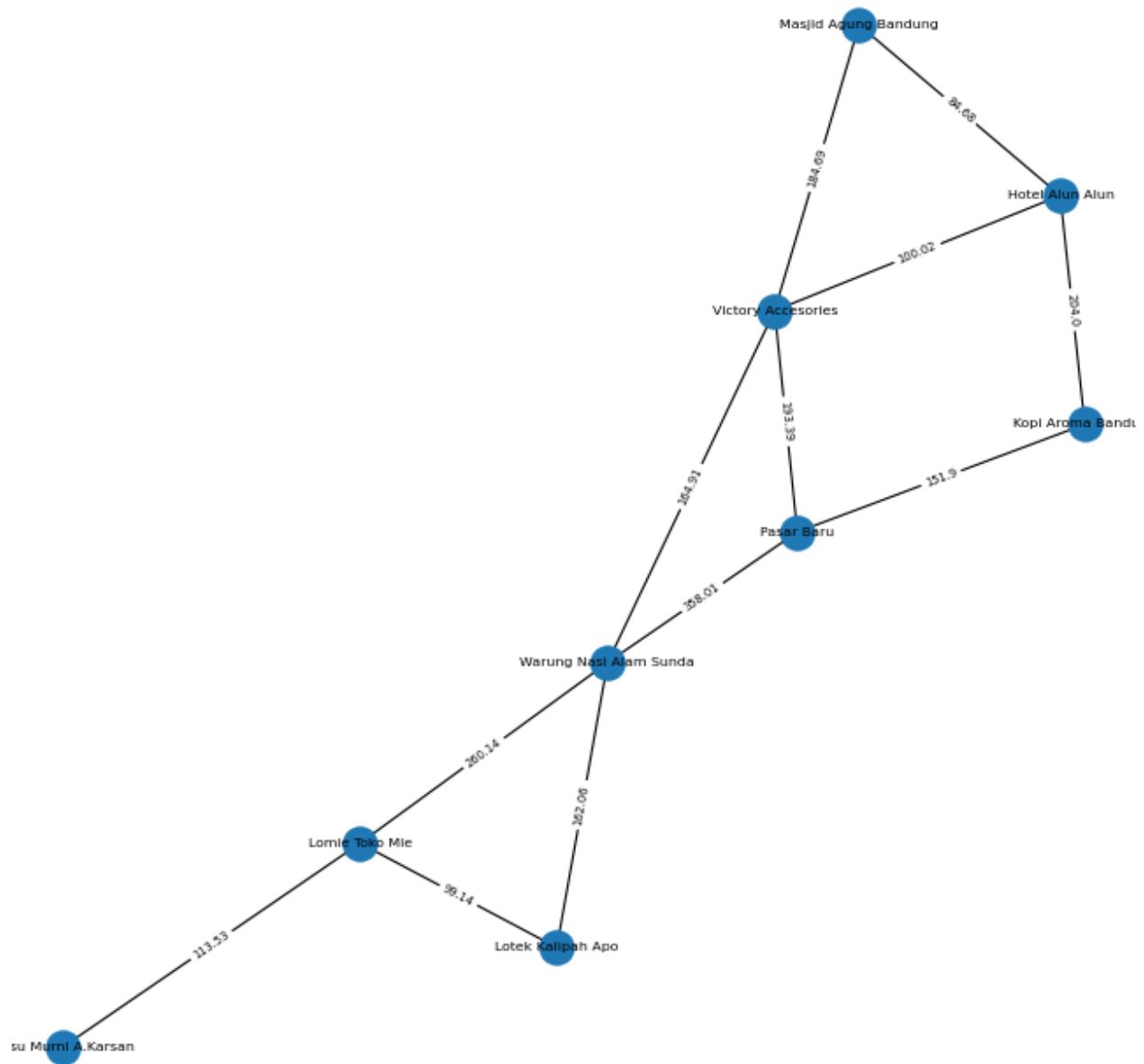


f. Tampilan pada Peta



2. Peta Alun-alun Bandung

a. Graf berbobot peta Alun-alun Bandung



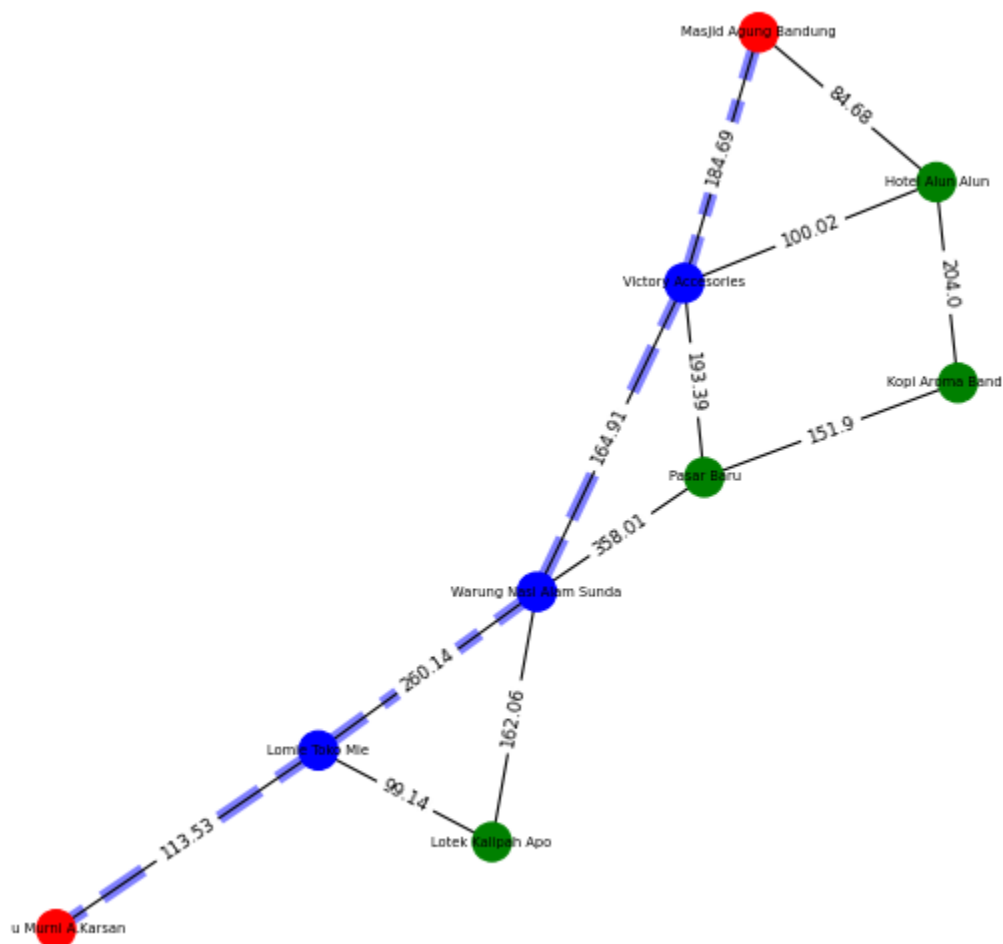
b. Tampilan pada map

Masukkan node asal: Masjid Agung Bandung
Masukkan node tujuan: Susu Murni A.Karsan

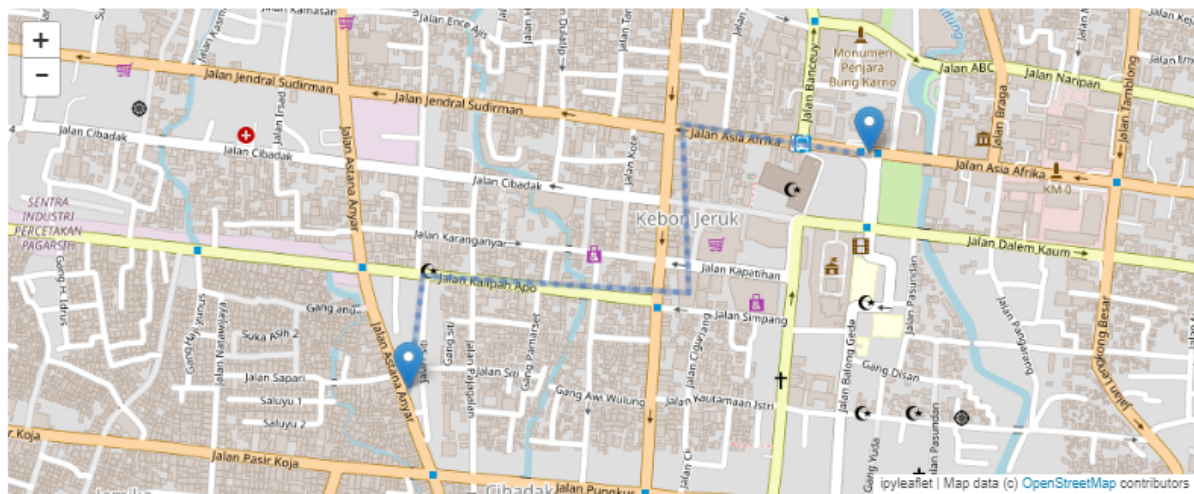
Jalur :
Masjid Agung Bandung
Victory Accesories
Warung Nasi Alam Sunda
Lomie Toko Mie
Susu Murni A.Karsan
Total Jarak : 723.266011959406 meter

Jarak dari Susu Murni A.Karsan dalam meter :
Masjid Agung Bandung : 505.3248182164872
Victory Accesories : 374.3562895662381
Warung Nasi Alam Sunda : 290.42349189475897
Lotek Kalipah Apo : 163.514213787177
Lomie Toko Mie : 113.52865226405426
Susu Murni A.Karsan : 0.0
Pasar Baru : 515.6517711343055
Kopi Aroma Bandung : 597.952302418558
Hotel Alun Alun : 441.12851670420423

e. Visual graf

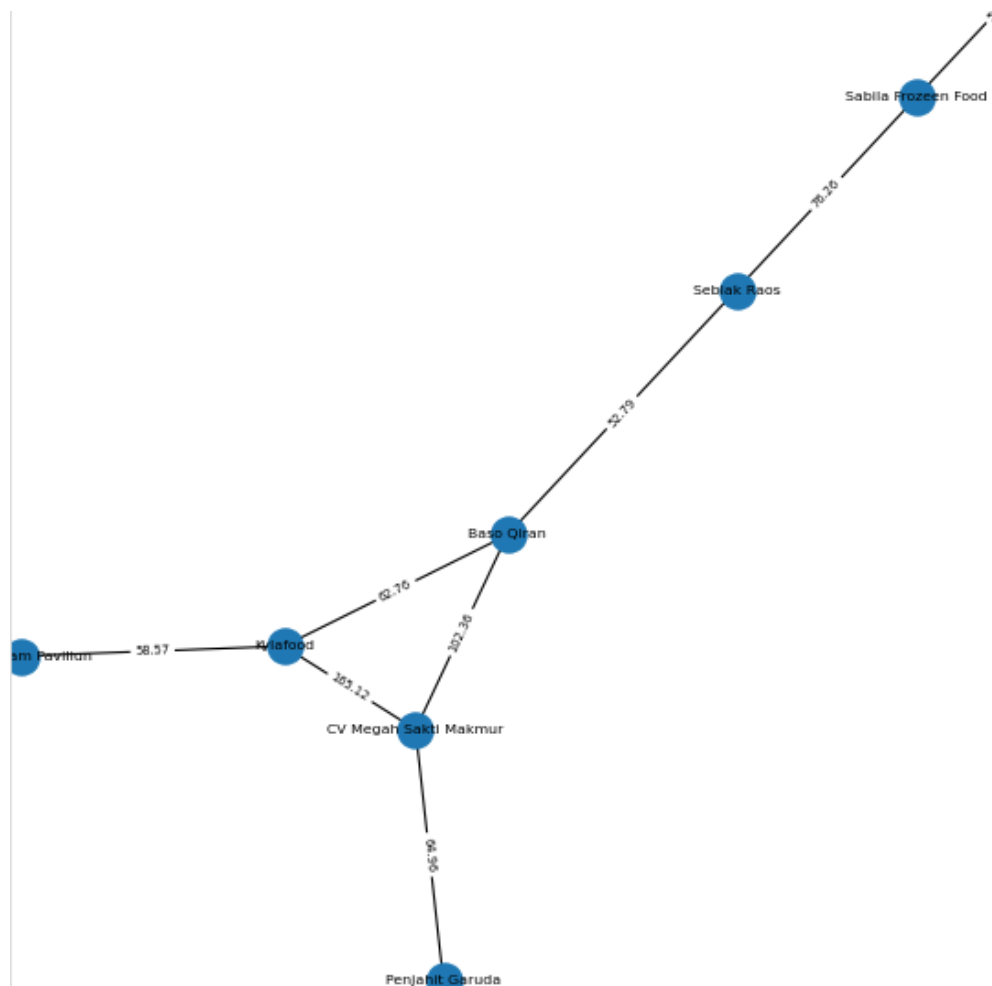


f. Tampilan pada peta

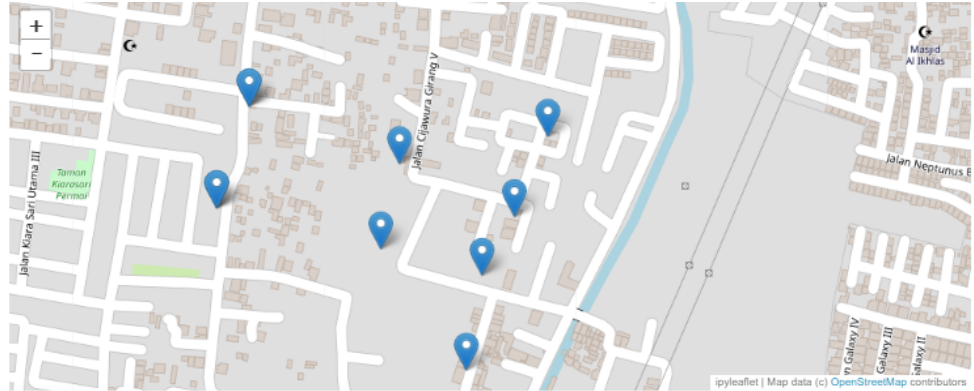


3. Peta Buahbatu

a. Graf berbobot peta Buahbatu



b. Tampilan pada map



c. File Input

```

8
Penjahit Garuda|-6.947530837186421,107.64870581755453
CV Megah Sakti Makmur|-6.948643766902244,107.64835176602242
Baso Qiran|-6.949091068056918,107.65014884597933
Seblak Raos|-6.948164515182551,107.6503526938769
Sabila Frozeen Food|-6.948734292155658,107.65160796763203
Masakan Rumah Ibu Rien|-6.947860988847261,107.6519727480186
Kylafood|-6.9493732935721715,107.6512485517171
Kost Tanam Paviliun|-6.9504116689757955,107.65107689035113
Penjahit Garuda,0,1,0,0,0,0,0
CV Megah Sakti Makmur,1,0,1,0,0,0,1,0
Baso Qiran,0,1,0,1,0,0,1,0
Seblak Raos,0,0,1,0,1,0,0,0
Sabila Frozeen Food,0,0,0,1,0,1,0,0
Masakan Rumah Ibu Rien,0,0,0,0,1,0,0,0
Kylafood,0,1,1,0,0,0,0,1
Kost Tanam Paviliun,0,0,0,0,0,0,1,0

```

d. Input simpul dari Penjahit Garuda ke Kost Tanam Paviliun

```

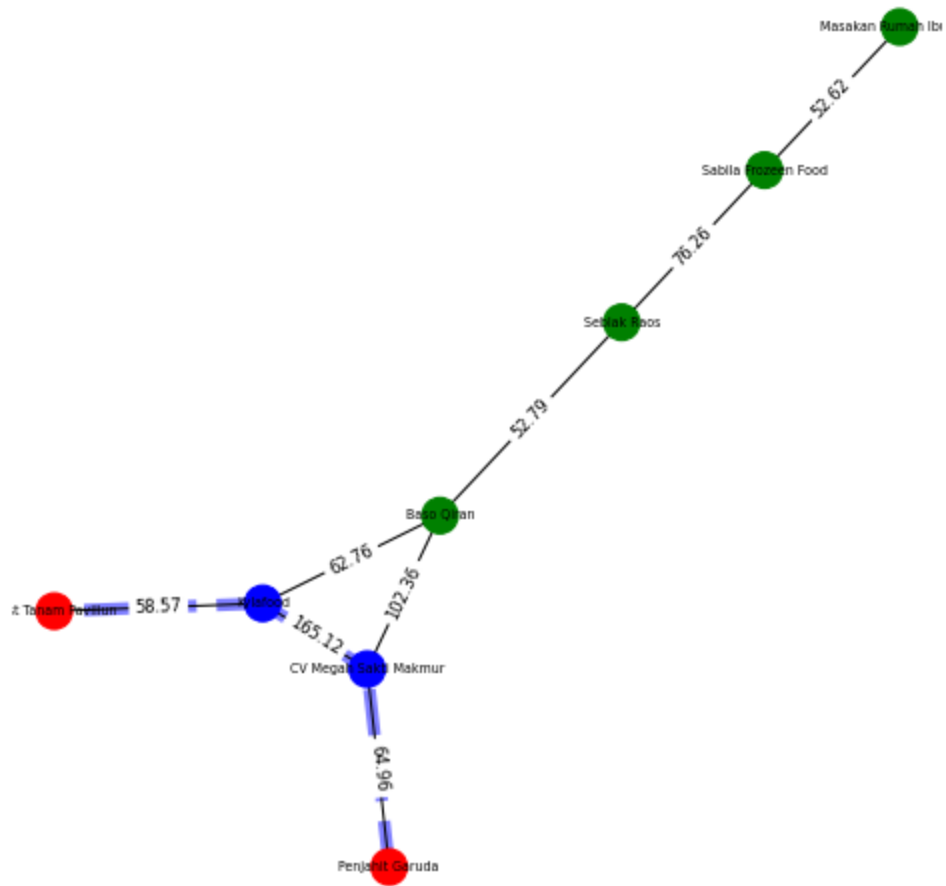
Masukkan node asal: Penjahit Garuda
Masukkan node tujuan: Kost Tanam Paviliun

Jalur :
Penjahit Garuda
CV Megah Sakti Makmur
Kylafood
Kost Tanam Paviliun
Total Jarak : 288.6499313722112 meter

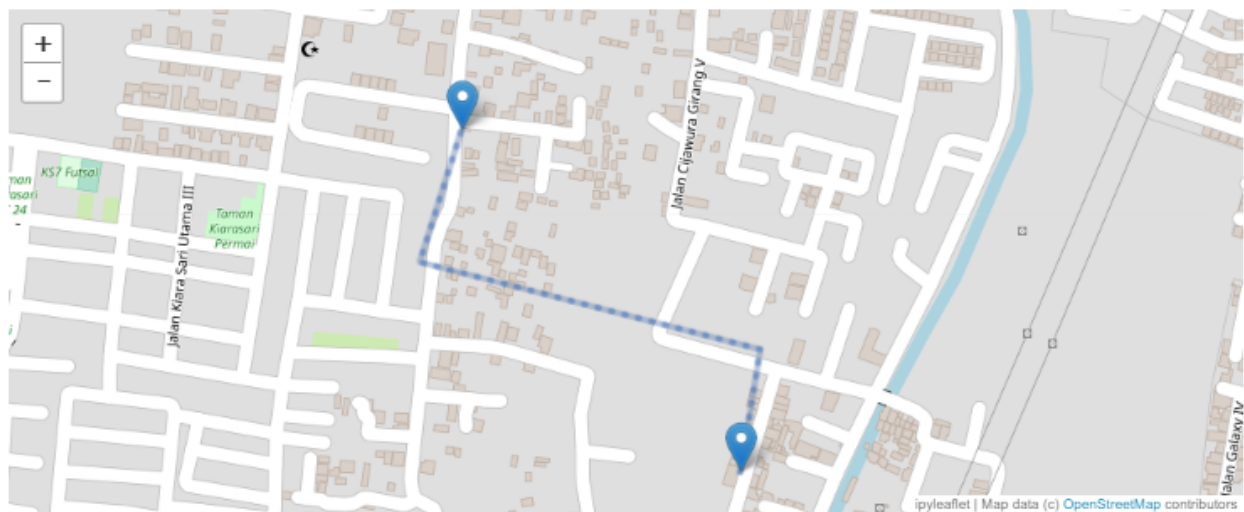
Jarak dari Kost Tanam Paviliun dalam meter :
Penjahit Garuda : 207.05789229862077
CV Megah Sakti Makmur : 179.86850340338302
Baso Qiran : 89.62158582796617
Seblak Raos : 131.32024021482366
Sabila Frozeen Food : 97.86475892619467
Masakan Rumah Ibu Rien : 150.35120166174616
Kylafood : 58.568749851312916
Kost Tanam Paviliun : 0.0

```

e. Visual Graf

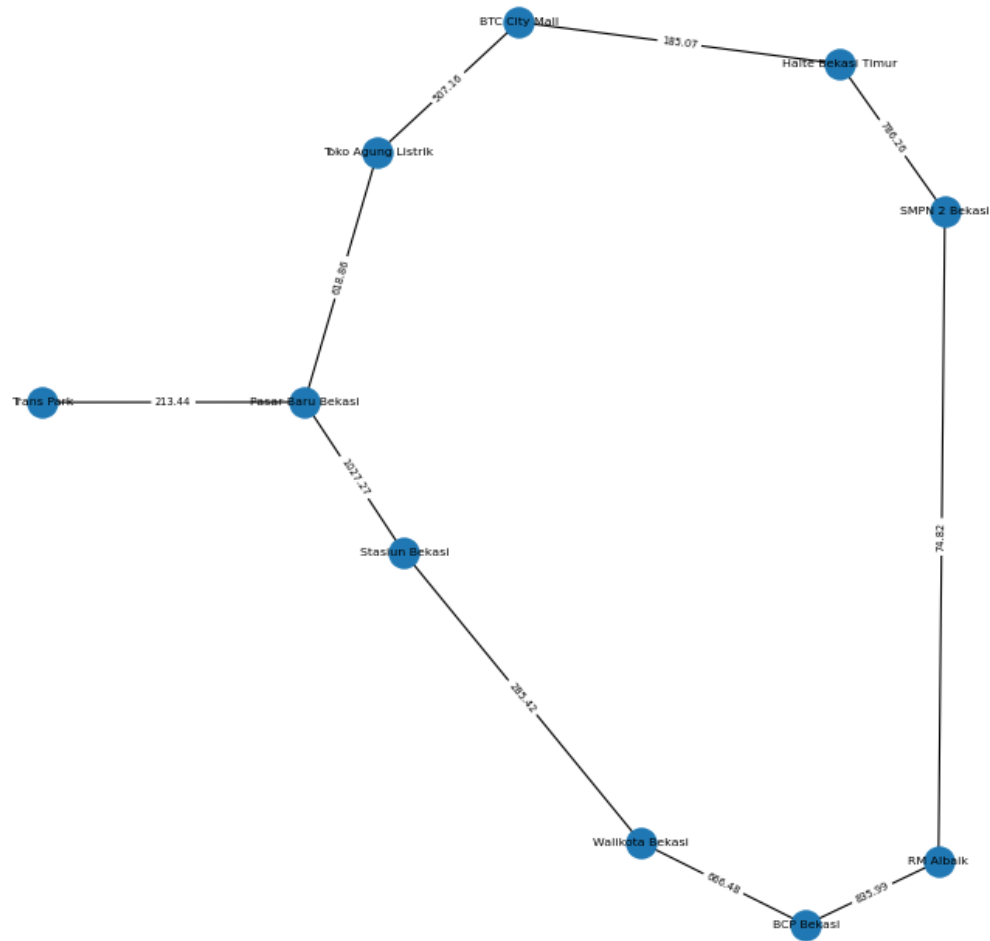


f. Tampilan pada peta

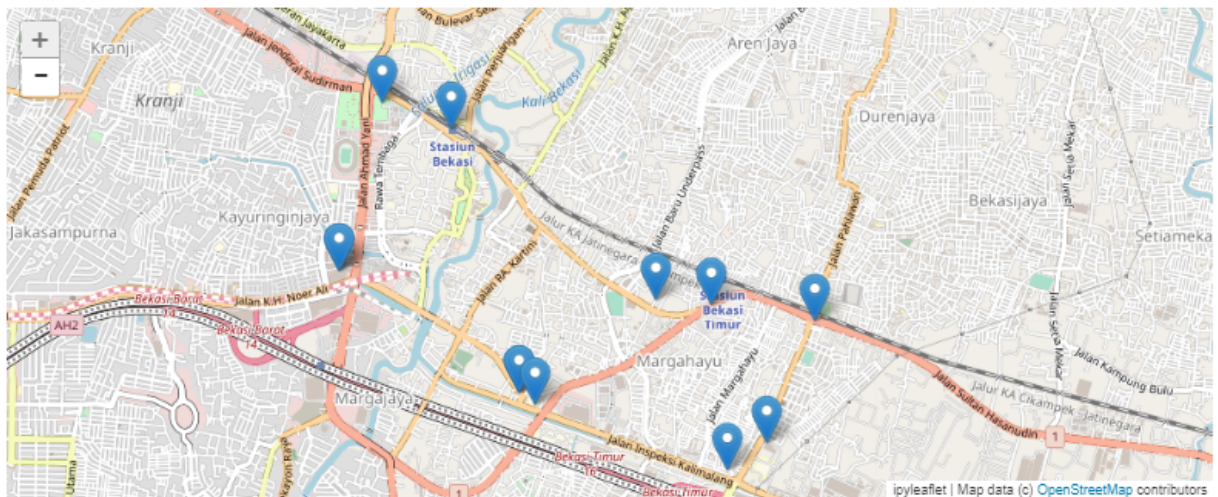


4. Peta Kota Bekasi

a. Graf berbobot peta Kota Bekasi :



b. Tampilan pada map :



c. File Input :

```
10
BCP Bekasi|-6.246476216598358,106.99142746081678
RM Albaik|-6.254879360543884,107.00395091345622
SMPN 2 Bekasi|-6.255711227408035,107.00501306822787
Halte Bekasi Timur|-6.260309280448163,107.01845009642575
BTC City Mall|-6.258426929757609,107.02120740722451
Toko Agung Listrik|-6.249932721458352,107.02452473658256
Trans Park|-6.24880569171188,107.01727848591052
Pasar Baru Bekasi|-6.248495349743966,107.01343353641539
Stasiun Bekasi|-6.236641593254381,106.99920276703072
Walikota Bekasi|-6.234863385553174,106.9943643713209
BCP Bekasi,0,1,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,1
RM Albaik,1,0,1,0,0,0,0,0,0,0
SMPN 2 Bekasi,0,1,0,1,0,0,0,0,0,0
Halte Bekasi Timur,0,0,1,0,1,0,0,0,0,0
BTC City Mall,0,0,0,1,0,1,0,0,0,0
Toko Agung Listrik,0,0,0,0,0,0,1,0,1,0,0
Trans Park,0,0,0,0,0,1,0,1,0,0
Pasar Baru Bekasi,0,0,0,0,0,0,1,0,1,0
Stasiun Bekasi,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,1,0,1
Walikota Bekasi,1,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,1,0
```

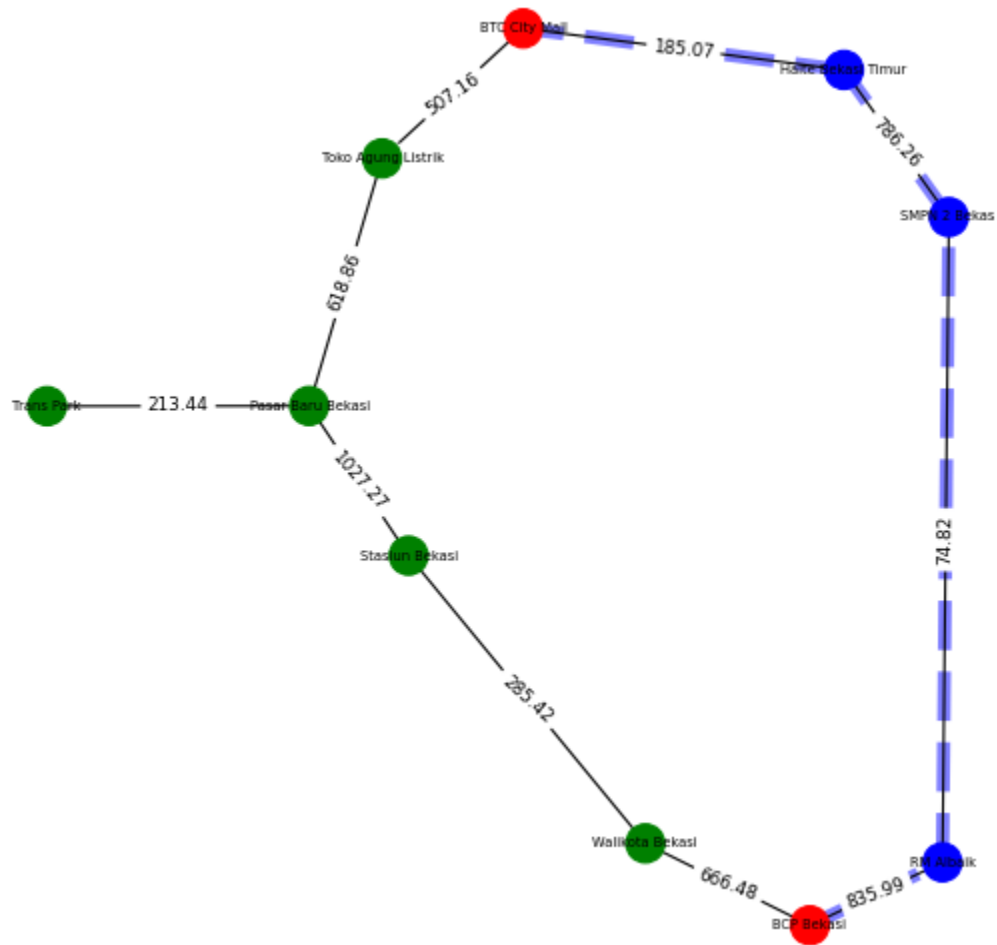
d. Input dari simpul BCP Bekasi ke BTC City Mall :

```
Masukkan node asal: BCP Bekasi
Masukkan node tujuan: BTC City Mall

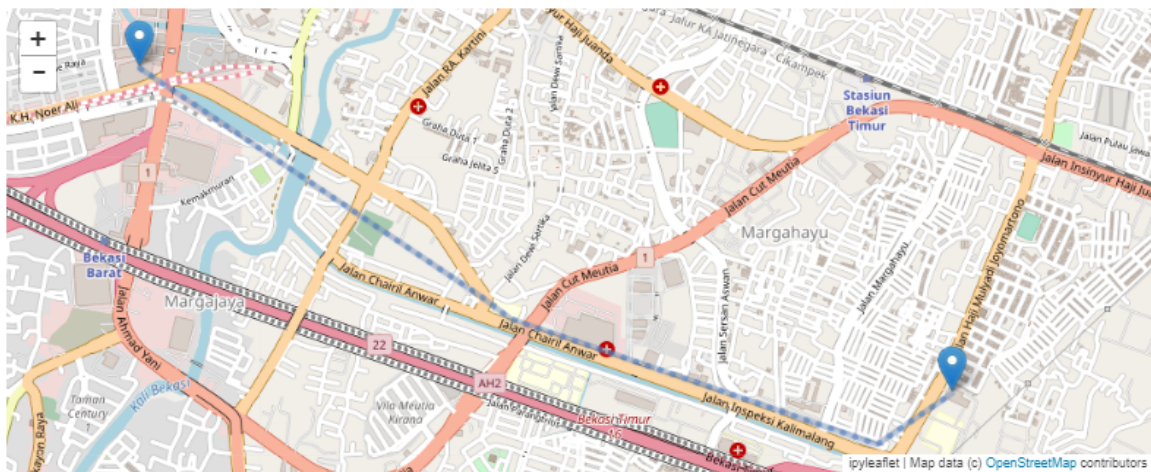
Jalur :
BCP Bekasi
RM Albaik
SMPN 2 Bekasi
Halte Bekasi Timur
BTC City Mall
Total Jarak : 1882.1380539113961 meter

Jarak dari BTC City Mall dalam meter :
BCP Bekasi : 1776.8850880006623
RM Albaik : 974.975367072752
SMPN 2 Bekasi : 908.6636830662081
Halte Bekasi Timur : 185.06869356254134
BTC City Mall : 0.0
Toko Agung Listrik : 507.1627535023503
Trans Park : 577.9547820729655
Pasar Baru Bekasi : 700.4117310266762
Stasiun Bekasi : 1718.3190144108023
Walikota Bekasi : 1981.4074876875777
```


e. Visual graf :



f. Tampilan pada peta



C. Alamat Kode

<https://github.com/thomas-fm/AStarMap.git>

1	Program dapat menerima input graf	✓
2	Program dapat menghitung lintasan terpendek	✓
3	Program dapat menampilkan lintasan terpendek serta jaraknya	✓
4	Bonus: Program dapat menerima input peta dengan Google Map API dan menampilkan peta	(menampilkan saja)