

# $\Theta_{lm}^2$ in the Hydrogen atom

`SphericalHarmonicY`[ $l, m, \theta, \phi$ ] gives the spherical harmonic  $Y_l^m(\theta, \phi)$ . It is the angular solution found in the Hydrogen atom.

The spherical harmonics are orthonormal with respect to integration over the surface of the unit sphere.

For  $l \geq 0$ ,  $Y_l^m(\theta, \phi) = \sqrt{(2l+1)/(4\pi)} \sqrt{(l-m)!/(l+m)!} P_l^m(\cos(\theta)) e^{im\phi}$  where  $P_l^m$  is the associated Legendre function.

For  $l \leq -1$ ,  $Y_l^m(\theta, \phi) = Y_{-(l+1)}^m(\theta, \phi)$

## Examples: Spherical Harmonics

```
Y00 = SphericalHarmonicY[0, 0, θ, ϕ];
Y10 = SphericalHarmonicY[1, 0, θ, ϕ];
Y11 = SphericalHarmonicY[1, 1, θ, ϕ];
Y20 = SphericalHarmonicY[2, 0, θ, ϕ];
Y21 = SphericalHarmonicY[2, 1, θ, ϕ];
Y22 = SphericalHarmonicY[2, 2, θ, ϕ];
Y30 = SphericalHarmonicY[3, 0, θ, ϕ];
Y31 = SphericalHarmonicY[3, 1, θ, ϕ];
Y32 = SphericalHarmonicY[3, 2, θ, ϕ];
Y33 = SphericalHarmonicY[3, 3, θ, ϕ];
```

$$-\frac{1}{2} e^{i\phi} \sqrt{\frac{3}{2\pi}} \sin[\theta]$$

The usual  $\Theta_{lm}^2 = Y_{lm} * Y_{lm}^*$

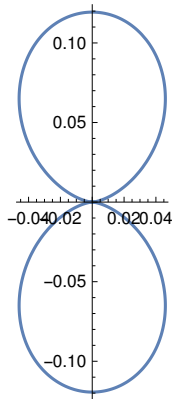
```

Θ00 = Simplify[Y00 * Conjugate[Y00], Element[{θ, φ}, Reals]];
Θ10 = Simplify[Y10 * Conjugate[Y10], Element[{θ, φ}, Reals]];
Θ11 = Simplify[Y11 * Conjugate[Y11], Element[{θ, φ}, Reals]];
Θ20 = Simplify[Y20 * Conjugate[Y20], Element[{θ, φ}, Reals]];
Θ21 = Simplify[Y21 * Conjugate[Y21], Element[{θ, φ}, Reals]];
Θ22 = Simplify[Y22 * Conjugate[Y22], Element[{θ, φ}, Reals]];
Θ30 = Simplify[Y30 * Conjugate[Y30], Element[{θ, φ}, Reals]];
Θ31 = Simplify[Y31 * Conjugate[Y31], Element[{θ, φ}, Reals]];
Θ32 = Simplify[Y32 * Conjugate[Y32], Element[{θ, φ}, Reals]];
Θ33 = Simplify[Y33 * Conjugate[Y33], Element[{θ, φ}, Reals]];

```

$$\frac{3 \sin^2[\theta]}{8 \pi}$$

PolarPlot[Θ<sub>11</sub>, {θ, 0, 2 Pi}]



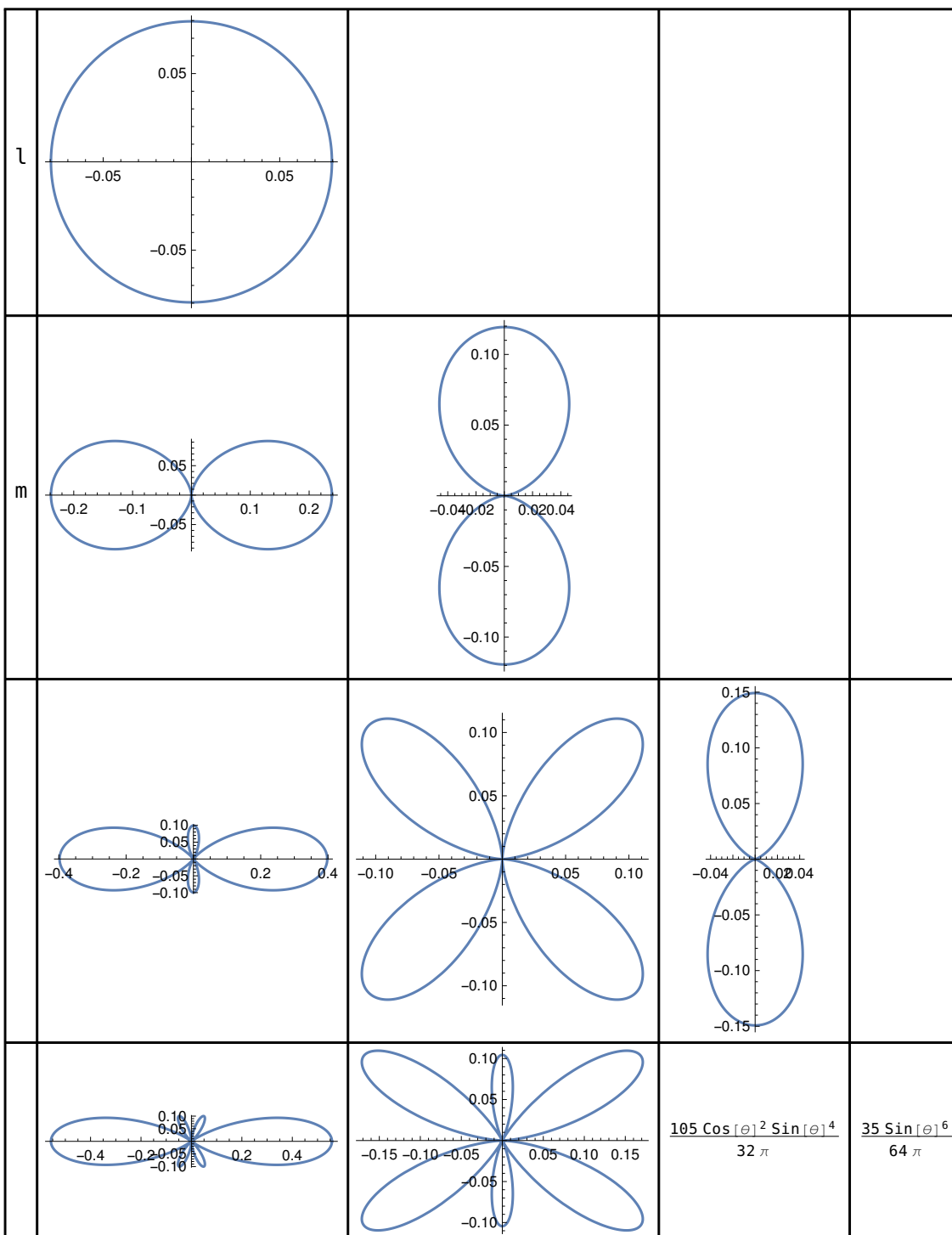
```

Grid[{{{"l", Θ00, , }, {"m", Θ10, Θ11, },
{ , Θ20, Θ21, Θ22, }, { , Θ30, Θ31, Θ32, Θ33 }}, Frame → All]

```

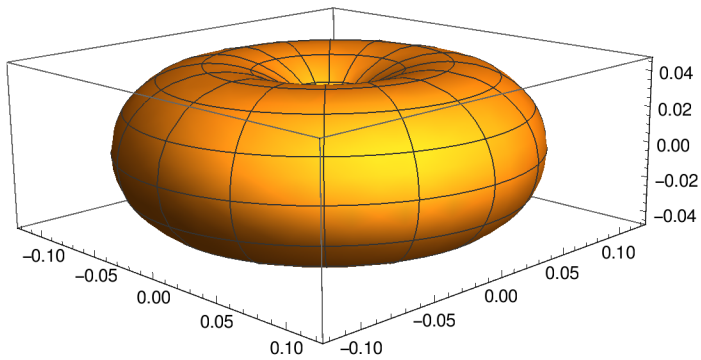
l	$\frac{1}{4 \pi}$			
m	$\frac{3 \cos^2[\theta]}{4 \pi}$	$\frac{3 \sin^2[\theta]}{8 \pi}$		
	$\frac{5 (1 + 3 \cos[2 \theta])^2}{64 \pi}$	$\frac{15 \sin[2 \theta]^2}{32 \pi}$	$\frac{15 \sin[\theta]^4}{32 \pi}$	
	$\frac{7 \cos[\theta]^2 (1 - 5 \cos[2 \theta])^2}{64 \pi}$	$\frac{21 (3 + 5 \cos[2 \theta])^2 \sin[\theta]^2}{256 \pi}$	$\frac{105 \cos[\theta]^2 \sin[\theta]^4}{32 \pi}$	$\frac{35 \sin[\theta]^6}{64 \pi}$

```
Grid[{{"l", PolarPlot[ $\Theta_{00}$ , { $\theta$ , 0, 2 Pi}], , , },
{"m", PolarPlot[ $\Theta_{10}$ , { $\theta$ , 0, 2 Pi}], PolarPlot[ $\Theta_{11}$ , { $\theta$ , 0, 2 Pi}], , },
{, PolarPlot[ $\Theta_{20}$ , { $\theta$ , 0, 2 Pi}], PolarPlot[ $\Theta_{21}$ , { $\theta$ , 0, 2 Pi}],
PolarPlot[ $\Theta_{22}$ , { $\theta$ , 0, 2 Pi}], },
{, PolarPlot[ $\Theta_{30}$ , { $\theta$ , 0, 2 Pi}], PolarPlot[ $\Theta_{31}$ , { $\theta$ , 0, 2 Pi}],  $\Theta_{32}$ ,  $\Theta_{33}$ }}, Frame -> All]
```

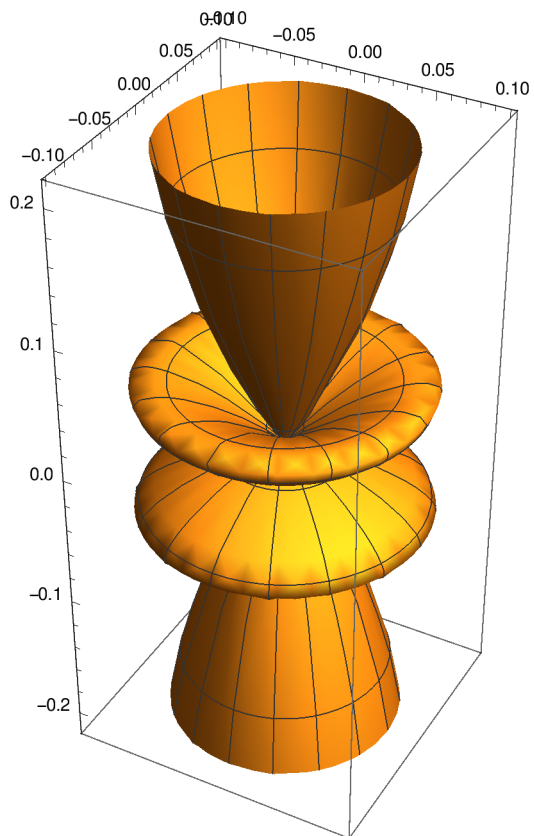


## Polar 3 D

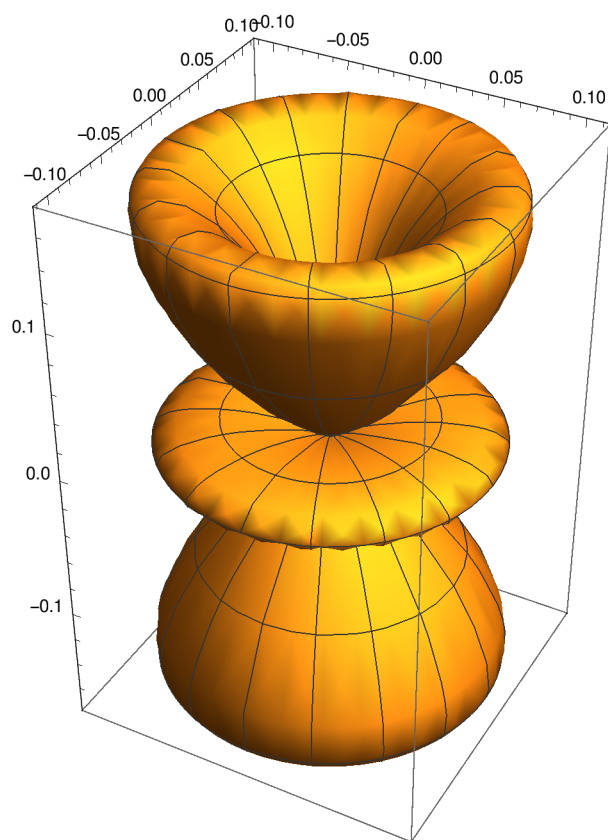
`SphericalPlot3D[ $\Theta_{11}$ , { $\theta$ , 0,  $\Pi$ }, { $\phi$ , 0,  $2 \Pi$ }]`



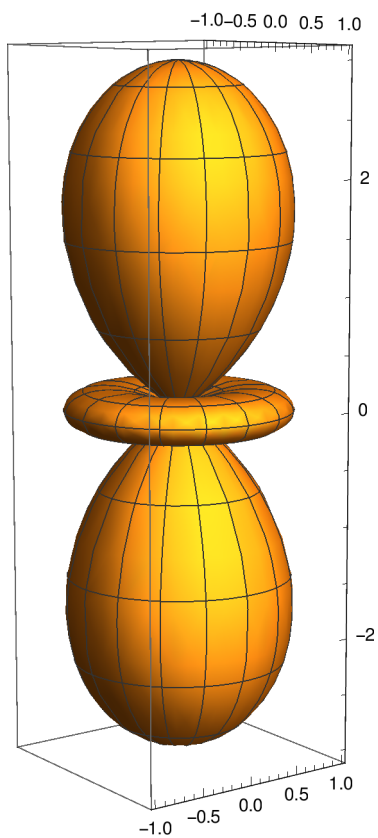
`SphericalPlot3D[ $\Theta_{30}$ , { $\theta$ , 0,  $\Pi$ }, { $\phi$ , 0,  $2 \Pi$ }]`



**SphericalPlot3D**[ $\theta_{31}$ , { $\theta$ , 0,  $\pi$ }, { $\phi$ , 0,  $2\pi$ }]



**SphericalPlot3D**[ $1 + 2 \cos[2 \theta]$ , { $\theta$ , 0,  $\pi$ }, { $\phi$ , 0,  $2 \pi$ }]



Plot an eigenfunction to the Laplace equation in spherical coordinates :

```
GraphicsGrid@Table[
  SphericalPlot3D[Evaluate@Abs@SphericalHarmonicY[l, m,  $\theta$ ,  $\phi$ ], { $\theta$ , 0, Pi}, { $\phi$ , 0, 2 Pi},
    PlotRange → 0.6, Mesh → None, Boxed → False, Axes → None], {l, 0, 3}, {m, 0, l}]
```



