

Every table in a relational database should have a **primary key**. A primary key is one **field that uniquely identifies each record**.

This is essential for carrying out operations across database tables and for creating and deleting database entires. It is also a safeguard: it means you can always identify a record by itself and don't have to rely on generic queries to identify it.

Sometimes you will have a dedicated field such as `UNIQUE_ID` for the primary key. Other times you can use an existing field to fulfil that function (a bit like using the **key** attribute in React). In both cases the following constraints **must be met**:

1. No two records can have the **same** primary key data
2. The primary key value should **never be reused**. Thus, if a record is deleted from the table, it should not be re-allocated to a new record.
3. A primary key value **must not be modified** once it has been created
4. A primary key **must have a value**; it cannot be `null`