

# PRACTICAL CONCURRENT -&- PARALLEL PROGRAMMING



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# PRACTICAL CONCURRENT - & - PARALLEL PROGRAMMING

## MESSAGE-PASSING CONCURRENCY I / II



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# Introduction

## Problem:

- **Sharing & Mutability!**



## Solutions:

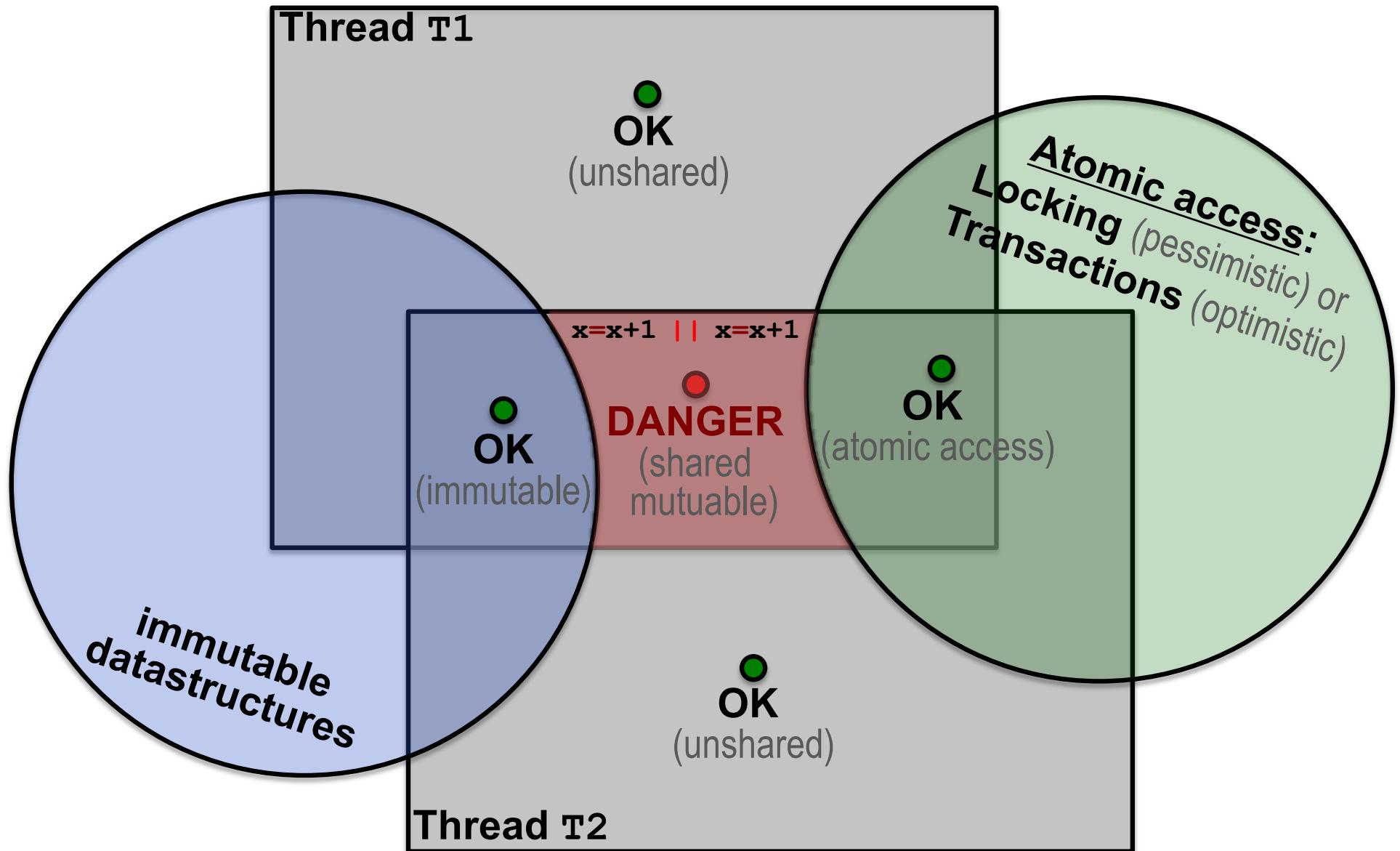
- **1) Atomic access (to shared resources):**
  - **a) Locking** (pessimistic concurrency) "synchronized"
  - **b) Transactions** (optimistic concurrency)
- **2) Eliminate mutability:**
  - E.g., functional programming "final"
- **3) Eliminate sharing...:** *message passing concurrency*

# PROBLEM:

## Sharing && Mutability!

**SOLUTIONS:**

- 1) atomic access!  
locking or transactions  
NB: avoid deadlock!
- 2) avoid mutability!
- 3) avoid sharing...

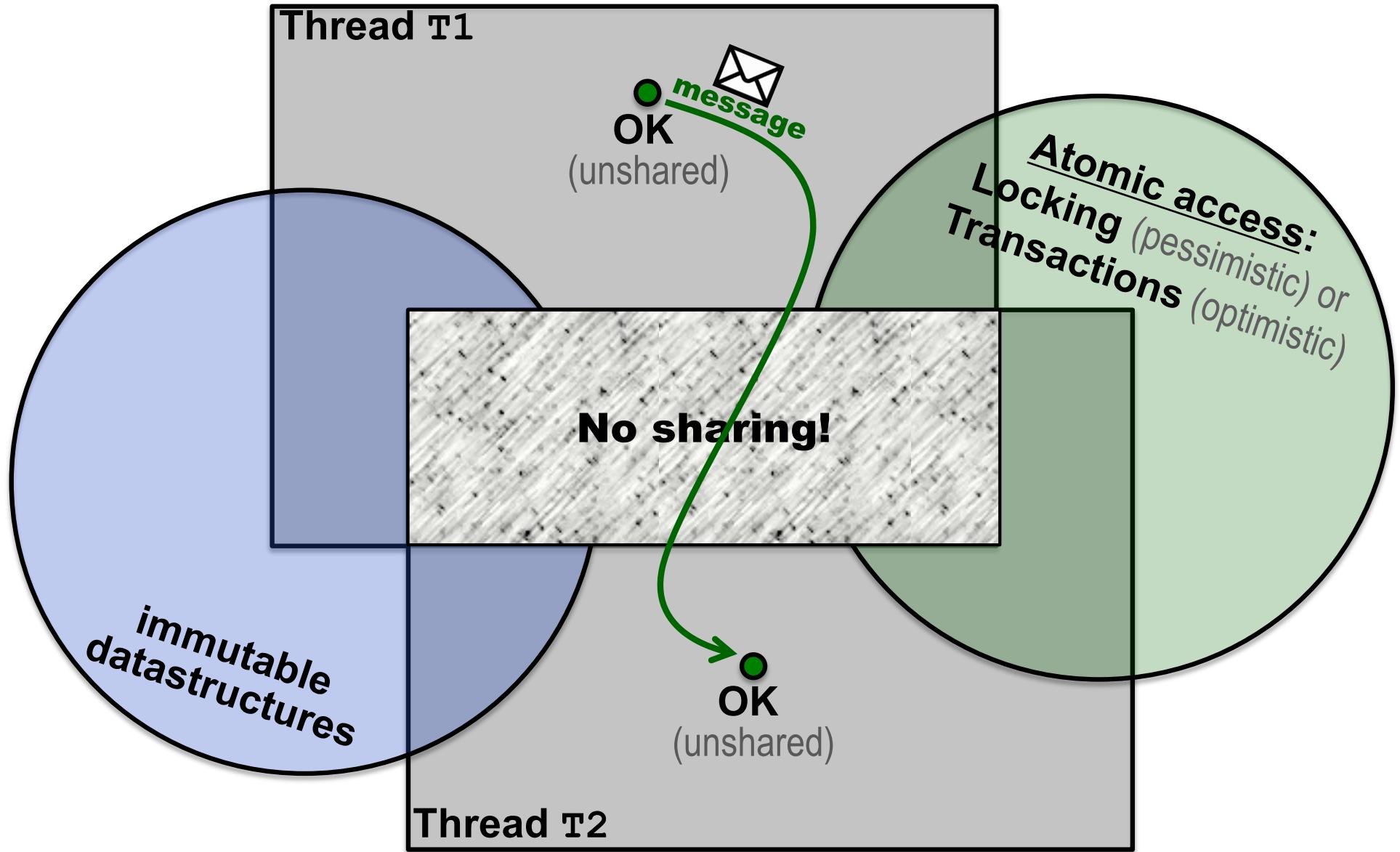


# PROBLEM:

## Sharing && Mutability!

**SOLUTIONS:**

- 1) atomic access!  
locking or transactions  
NB: avoid deadlock!
- 2) avoid mutability!
- 3) avoid sharing...



# World Wide Web...

In a **distributed setting**,  
there's **no shared memory**:

- Communication is achieved  
**via "message passing"**
  - (between concurrently executing servers)



## Message Passing Concurrency:

- Same idea (**message passing**)  
usable in non-distributed setting:
  - (between processes, inside a server)



# Synchronous Message Passing



Send:

```
send v to q;
```

- Sender process **p** **sends** value **v** to receiver process **q**
- Sending process **p** **blocked** until process **q** receives **v**

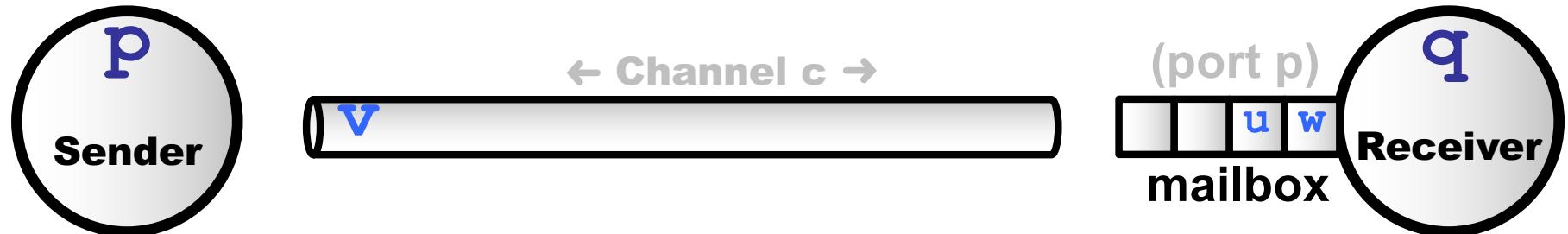
Receive:

```
v = receive();
```

- Receiver process **q** attempts to **receive** a value **v**
- Receiver process **q** is **blocked** until value received

■ **Synchronous** (i.e., no message buffering)!

# Asynchronous Message Passing



## Send:

```
send v to q;
```

- Sender process **p** **sends** value **v** to process **q**'s mailbox
- Sending process **p** **continues after sending**

## Receive: **v = receive();**

- Receiver process **q** attempts to **receive v** from its inbox
- Receiver process **q** is **blocked** until inbox is non-empty

■ **Asynchronous** (i.e., messages are buffered)!

# Forms of Message Passing

---

## ■ Operations:

- send
- receive

## ■ Symmetry:

- symmetric (send and receive)
- asymmetric (send xor receive)

## ■ Synchronicity:

- synchronous (e.g., phone)
- asynchronous (e.g., email)
- rendez-vous (e.g., barrier)

## ■ Buffering:

- unbuffered (e.g., blocking)
- buffered (e.g., non-blocking)

## ■ Multiplicity:

- one-to-one
- one-to-many (broadcasting)

## ■ Addressing:

- direct (naming processes)
  - 127.98.13.251
- indirect (naming addresses)
  - pcpp.itu.dk

## ■ Reception:

- unconditional (all messages)
- selective (only certain msgs)

## ■ Anonymity:

- anonymous
- non-anonymous

# Philosophy & Expectations !

---

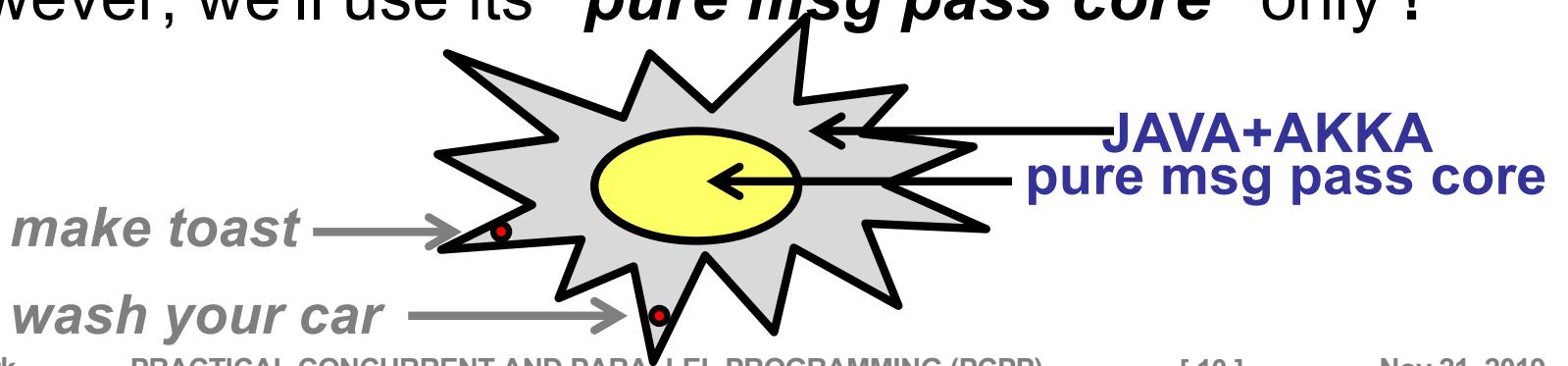
## ■ ERLANG:

- We'll use as message passing *specification language*
- You have to-be-able-to *read* simple ERLANG programs
  - (i.e., not *write*, nor *modify*)

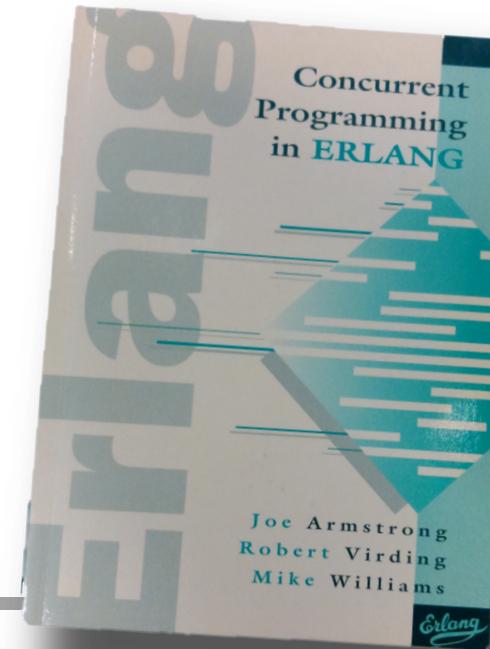
## ■ JAVA+AKKA:

- We'll use as msg passing *implementation language*
- You have 2-b-a-2 *read/write/modify* JAVA+AKKA p's
- However, we'll use its "*pure msg pass core*" only !

NB: we're  
not going  
to use all of  
its fantazilions  
of



# An ERLANG Tutorial



***"Concurrent Programming in ERLANG"***

( Joe Armstrong, Robert Virding, Claes Wikström, Mike Williams )

[ Ericsson 1994 ]

# ERLANG

---

- Named after Danish mathematician  
**Agner Krarup ERLANG:**

...credited for inventing:

- ***traffic engineering***
- ***queueing theory***
- ***telephone network analysis***



[ [http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Agner\\_Krarup\\_Erlang](http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Agner_Krarup_Erlang) ]

- The ERLANG language:

[ [http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Erlang\\_%28programming\\_language%29](http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Erlang_%28programming_language%29) ]

- by Ericsson in 1986      (Ericsson Language? :-)

# The ERLANG Language (1986)

---

- Functional language with...:
  - **message passing concurrency !!!**
  - **garbage collection**
  - **eager evaluation**
  - **single assignment**
  - **dynamic typing**

*"Though all concurrency is explicit in ERLANG, processes communicate using message passing instead of shared variables, which removes the need for explicit locks."*

-- Wikipedia

- Designed by **Ericsson** to support...:  
*distributed, fault-tolerant, soft-real-time, non-stop applications*
- It supports "**hot swapping**":
  - i.e., code can be changed without stopping a system!

# Hello World

- Hello World  
(in ERLANG)

```
% hello world program:  
-module(helloworld)  
-export([start/0]).  
  
start() ->  
    io:fwrite("Hello world!\n").
```

An actor named "start" taking zero arguments (i.e., arity zero)

- Output:

```
Hello world!
```

- Try it out:

[ [www.tutorialspoint.com/compile\\_erlang\\_online.php](http://www.tutorialspoint.com/compile_erlang_online.php) ]

# Online ERLANG Compiler



The screenshot shows a web browser window for [tutorialspoint.com](http://tutorialspoint.com). The main content is from the **codingground** website, which offers an online Erlang compiler. The interface has two main sections: a code editor on the left and a results viewer on the right.

**Code Editor (Left):**

- The tab bar includes **Execute** (highlighted in green), **Share**, **helloworld.erl**, and **STDIN**.
- The code area contains the following Erlang code:

```
1 % hello world program
2 -module(helloworld).
3 -export([start/0]).
4
5 start() ->
6     io:fwrite("Hello, world!\n").
```

**Results Viewer (Right):**

- The tab bar includes **Result** (highlighted in blue).
- The output window displays the command used to compile and run the code, followed by the resulting output:

```
$erlc *.erl
$erl -noshell -s helloworld start -s init stop
Hello, world!
```

A large green arrow points from the code editor towards the results viewer.

[ [www.tutorialspoint.com/compile\\_erlang\\_online.php](http://www.tutorialspoint.com/compile_erlang_online.php) ]

# Online ERLANG Compiler

---

- Online ERLANG Compiler:

[ [www.tutorialspoint.com/compile\\_erlang\\_online.php](http://www.tutorialspoint.com/compile_erlang_online.php) ]

- Documentation:

[ <http://www.erlang.org/doc/man/io.html> ]

- Simple usage:

- One module called: `helloworld`
- Export one function called: `start/0`
- Call *your code* from `start()` and `io:write` output

```
-module(helloworld).  
-export([start/0]).  
  
yourcode(...) -> ...  
  
start() -> Val = yourcode(...), % single assign: unchangable!  
          io:write(Val).           % NB: use fwrite for strings!
```

# Factorial

- Factorial  
(in ERLANG)

```
% factorial program:  
-module(mymath).  
-export([start/0, factorial/1]).  
  
factorial(0) -> 1;  
factorial(N) -> N * factorial(N-1).  
  
start() -> io:write(factorial(6)).
```

- Usage:

```
> mymath:factorial(6).  
720
```

- Try it out:

[ [www.tutorialspoint.com/compile\\_erlang\\_online.php](http://www.tutorialspoint.com/compile_erlang_online.php) ]

# Modularization: Import / Export

- Factorial  
(in ERLANG)

```
-module(mymath).  
-export([double/1]).  
  
double(X) -> times(X, 2). % public  
  
times(X, N) -> X * N.      % private
```

- Usage:

```
> mymath:double(10).  
20
```

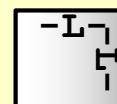
```
> mymath:times(5,2).  
** undef'd fun': mymath:double/2 **
```

- Try it out:

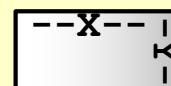
[ [www.tutorialspoint.com/compile\\_erlang\\_online.php](http://www.tutorialspoint.com/compile_erlang_online.php) ]

# Pattern Matching

```
-module(mymath).  
-export([area/1]).  
  
area( {square, L} ) ->  
    L * L;  
area( {rectangle, X, Y} ) ->  
    X * Y;  
area( {circle, R} ) ->  
    3.14159 * R * R;  
area( {triangle, A, B, C} ) ->  
    S = (A + B + C)/2,  
    math:sqrt(S*(S-A)*(S-B)*(S-C)).
```



% patterns in purple!



% immutable assignment

```
> Thing = {triangle, 6, 7, 8}.  
{triangle,6,7,8}  
> mymath:area(Thing).  
20.3332
```

# Values (with lists and tuples)

---

- Numbers: 42, -99, 3.1415, 6.626e-34, ...
- Atoms: abc, hello\_world, 'with space', ...
- Tuples: {}, { 1, 2, 3 }, { { x, 1}, { 2, y, 3 } }
- Lists: [], [ 1, 2, 3 ], [ [ x, 1 ], [ 2, y, 3 ] ]

```
PCPP =  
  {course, "Practical Concurrent and Parallel Programming",  
   {master, 7.5, { fall, 2017 } }  
   { teachers, [ 'Riko Jacob', 'Matteo Ceccarello', 'Claus Brabrand' ] },  
   { students, [ aaa, bbb, ccc, ... ] }  
 }
```

String (really just  
list of characters)

- Recall: *dynamically typed*

# Lists: `member/2`

---

- **[H | T]** is (standard) "**head-tail constructor**":
  - H is the **head**; i.e., *the first element* (one element)
  - T is the **tail**; i.e., *the rest of the list* (zero-or-more)

```
-module(mylists).                                ...for list
-export([member/2]).                           construction
                                               de-construction
member( [], [] ) -> false;
member( X, [X|_] ) -> true;
member( X, [_|T] ) -> member(X, T).
```

```
> mylists:member(3, [1,3,2]).  
true
```

```
> mylists:member(4, [1,3,2]).  
false
```

# Lists: append/2

- **[H | T]** is (standard) "**head-tail constructor**":
  - H is the **head**; i.e., *the first element* (one element)
  - T is the **tail**; i.e., *the rest of the list* (zero-or-more)

```
-module(mylists).                                ...for list
-export([append/2]).                           construction
                                                de-construction
append( [], L ) -> L;
append( [H|L1], L2 ) -> [H|append(L1, L2)].    and re-construction
```

```
> mylists:append([], [a,b])
[a,b]
```

```
> mylists:append([1,2], [3,4])
[1,2,3,4]
```

# **Message Passing in ERLANG!**

---

# Actor: Send / Receive / Spawn

## ■ Send:

- `Pid ! M` // Message M is sent to process Pid
- `Pid ! {some, {complex, structured, [m,s,g]}, 42}`

## ■ Receive:

- ```
receive
    pattern1 -> ...
    ;
    pattern2 -> ...
end
```
- ```
receive
    {init,N} when N>0 -> ...
    ;
    {init,N} -> ...
end
```

## ■ Spawn:

- `MyActorId = 'spawn' (mymodule,myactor,[a,r,g,s])`

# Order of Receiving Messages

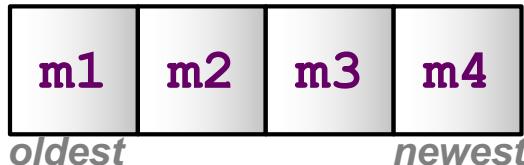
## ■ Semantics:

```
for (M: message) {  
    for (P: pattern) {  
        M~P (i.e., M matches P)?  
    }  
}
```

*This is what happens inside each actor.*

## ■ Example:

mailbox:



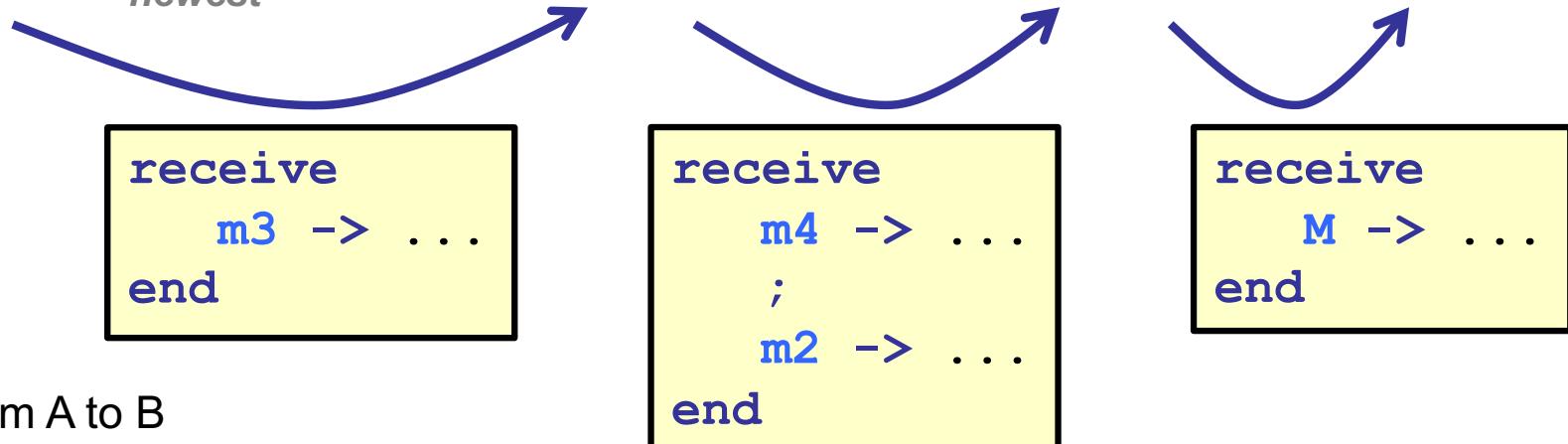
mailbox:



mailbox:



mailbox:



### Guarantee:

Msgs sent from A to B  
will arrive in order sent

# 5 Examples (ERLANG & JAVA+AKKA)

---

## 1) HelloWorld:

The "Hello World" of message passing; one message is sent to **one actor**.

## 2) Ecco:

A **person actor** sends a msg to an **ecco actor** that responds with three suffix messages (used for ye olde "hvad drikker møller" kids joke).

## 3) Broadcast:

Three **person actors** unsubscribe/subscribe to a **broadcast actor** that forwards subsequent incoming msgs to subscribed persons.

## 4) Primer:

An **actor primer** is created that when initialized with **N=7** creates a **list[]** of that many **slave actors** to factor primes for it. Main bombards the prime actor with msgs ( $p \in [2..100]$ ) that are evenly distributed among the slaves according to **list[p%n]**.

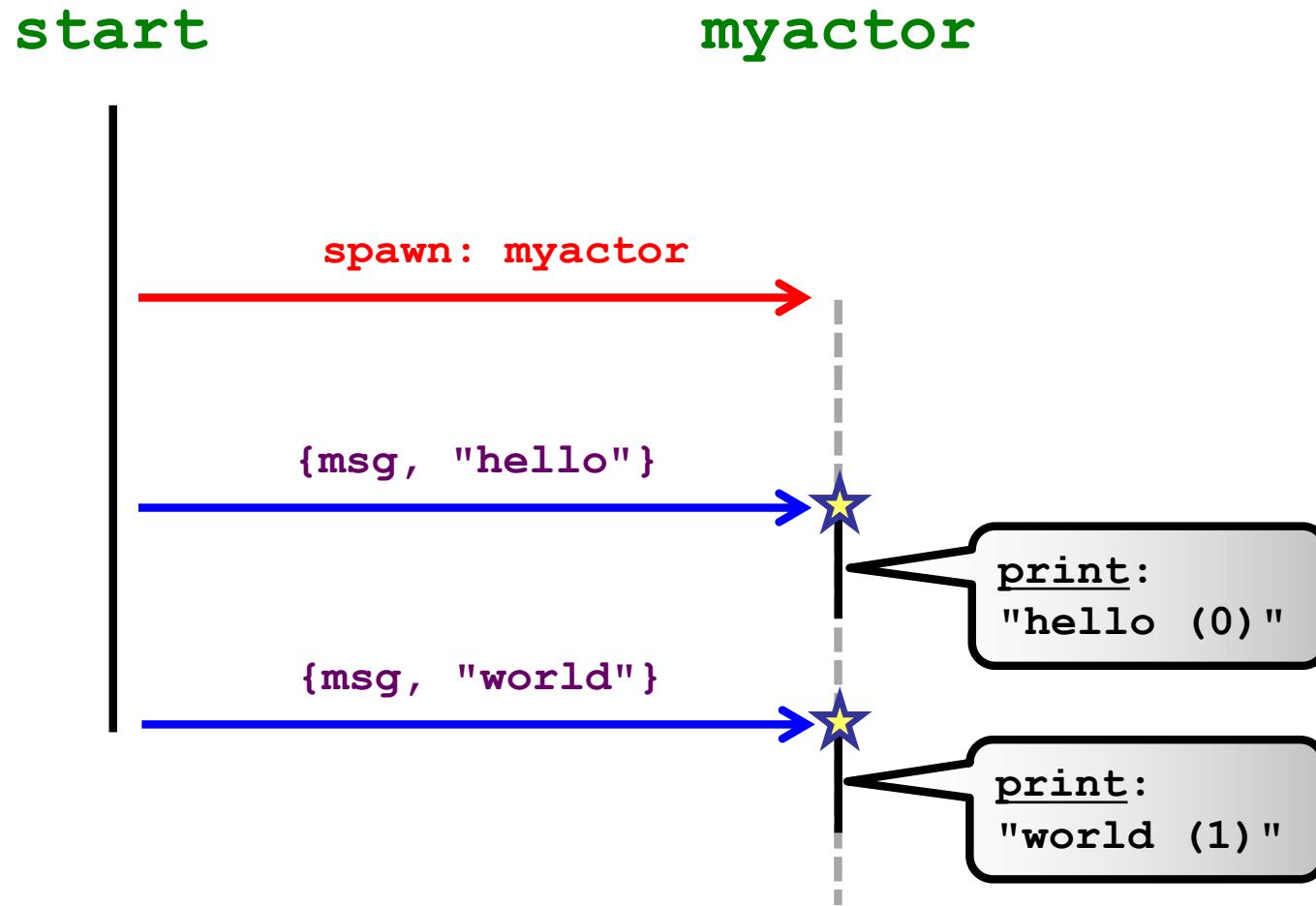
## 5) ABC:

// ~earlier in course

Two **clerk actors** each bombard a **bank actor** with 100 transfer-random-amount-x-from-an-account-to-other-account msgs. The banks transfer the money by sending deposit(+x) to one **account actor** and deposit(-x) to the other **account actor**. (The system is called ABC as in Account/Bank/Clerk.)

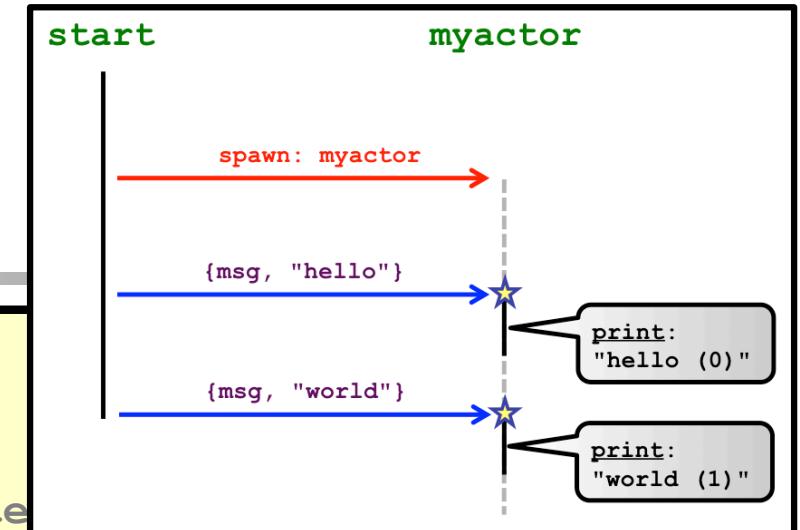
# 1) HelloWorld

**LEGEND:**  
**send, receive, msgs**  
**actors, spawn,**  
**rest.**



# 1) HelloWorld.erl

```
-module(helloworld).
-export([start/0,myactor/1]).  
  
myactor(Count) -> %% can have (local) state
    receive
        {msg, Msg} ->
            io:fwrite(Msg ++ " ("),
            io:write(Count),
            io:fwrite("\n"),
            myactor(Count + 1)
    end.  
  
start() ->
    MyActor = 'spawn'(helloworld, myactor, [0]),
    MyActor ! {msg, "hello"},
    MyActor ! {msg, "world"}.
```



hello (0)  
world (1)

Note that due to a some error between the online compiler and the GUI, you (for some reason) have to write spawn as 'spawn'.

# 1) HelloWorld.java

```

import java.io.*;
import akka.actor.*;

// -- MESSAGE
In JAVA+AKKA,
we want to pass
immutable
msgs
Otherwise,
we're back to
shared mutable!
class MyMessage implements Serializable { // must be Serializable:
    public final String s;
    public MyMessage(String s) { this.s = s; }
}

// -- ACTOR ----

class MyActor extends UntypedActor {
    private int count = 0; // can have (local) state: "myactor(Count) -> ..."

    public void onReceive(Object o) throws Exception { // reacting to message:
        if (o instanceof MyMessage) {
            MyMessage message = (MyMessage) o;
            System.out.println(message.s + " (" + count + ")");
            count++;
        }
    }
}

```

In JAVA+AKKA, we want to pass immutable  
msgs  
Otherwise, we're back to shared mutable!

```

sequenceDiagram
    participant start
    participant myactor
    start->>myactor: spawn: myactor
    activate myactor
    myactor->>start: {msg, "hello"}
    activate start
    start->>myactor: {msg, "world"}
    activate myactor
    myactor->>start: print: "hello (0)"
    activate start
    myactor->>start: print: "world (1)"
    deactivate start
    deactivate myactor

```

start

myactor

spawn: myactor

{msg, "hello"}

{msg, "world"}

print: "hello (0)"

print: "world (1)"

hello (0)

world (1)

# 1) HelloWorld.java

```
// -- MAIN -----
public class HelloWorld {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        final ActorSystem system = ActorSystem.create("HelloWorldSystem");

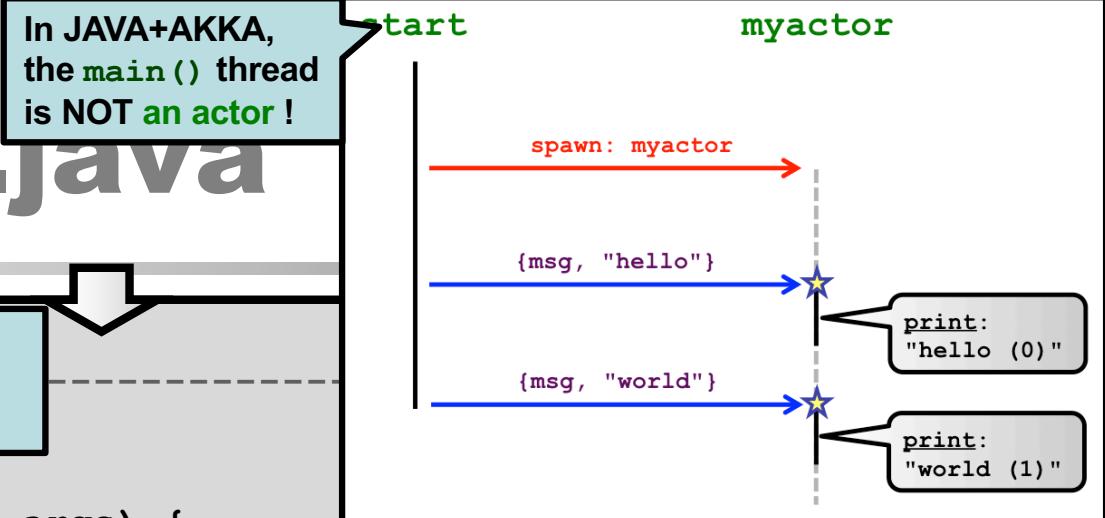
        final ActorRef myactor =
            system.actorOf(Props.create(MyActor.class), "myactor");

        myactor.tell(new MyMessage("hello"), ActorRef.noSender());
        myactor.tell(new MyMessage("world"), ActorRef.noSender());

        try {
            System.out.println("Press return to terminate...");
            System.in.read();
        } catch(IOException e) {
            e.printStackTrace();
        } finally {
            system.shutdown();
        }
    }
}
```

In JAVA+AKKA,  
the `main()` thread  
is NOT an actor !

In JAVA+AKKA,  
the `main()`  
thread is NOT an  
actor !



hello (0)  
world (1)

# 1) HelloWorld.java

Download:

[scala.jar](#)

[akka-actor.jar](#)

## ■ Compile:

```
javac -cp scala.jar:akka-actor.jar HelloWorld.java
```

## ■ Run:

```
java -cp scala.jar:akka-actor.jar:akka-config.jar:. HelloWorld
```

## ■ Output:

```
hello (0)  
world (1)
```

# EXERCISE: HelloWorld Variant

```
-module(helloworld).  
-export([start/0,myactor/1]).  
  
myactor(X) ->  
    receive  
        {msg, Msg} ->  
            io:fwrite(Msg ++ " ()",  
                      io:fwrite(X),  
                      io:fwrite("\n"),  
                      myactor(X ++ Msg))  
    end.  
  
start() ->  
    MyActor = 'spawn'(helloworld, myactor, [""]),
    MyActor ! {msg, "aaa"},
    MyActor ! {msg, "bbb"},
    MyActor ! {msg, "ccc"}.
```

## EXERCISE:

- 1) What does this program do?
- 2) Run this Erlang program
- 3) Adapt this program to Java
- 4) Run your Java program

## 2) Ecco

- From Old Danish Kids Joke:

- [ <http://www.tordenskjoldssoldater.dk/ekko.html> ]

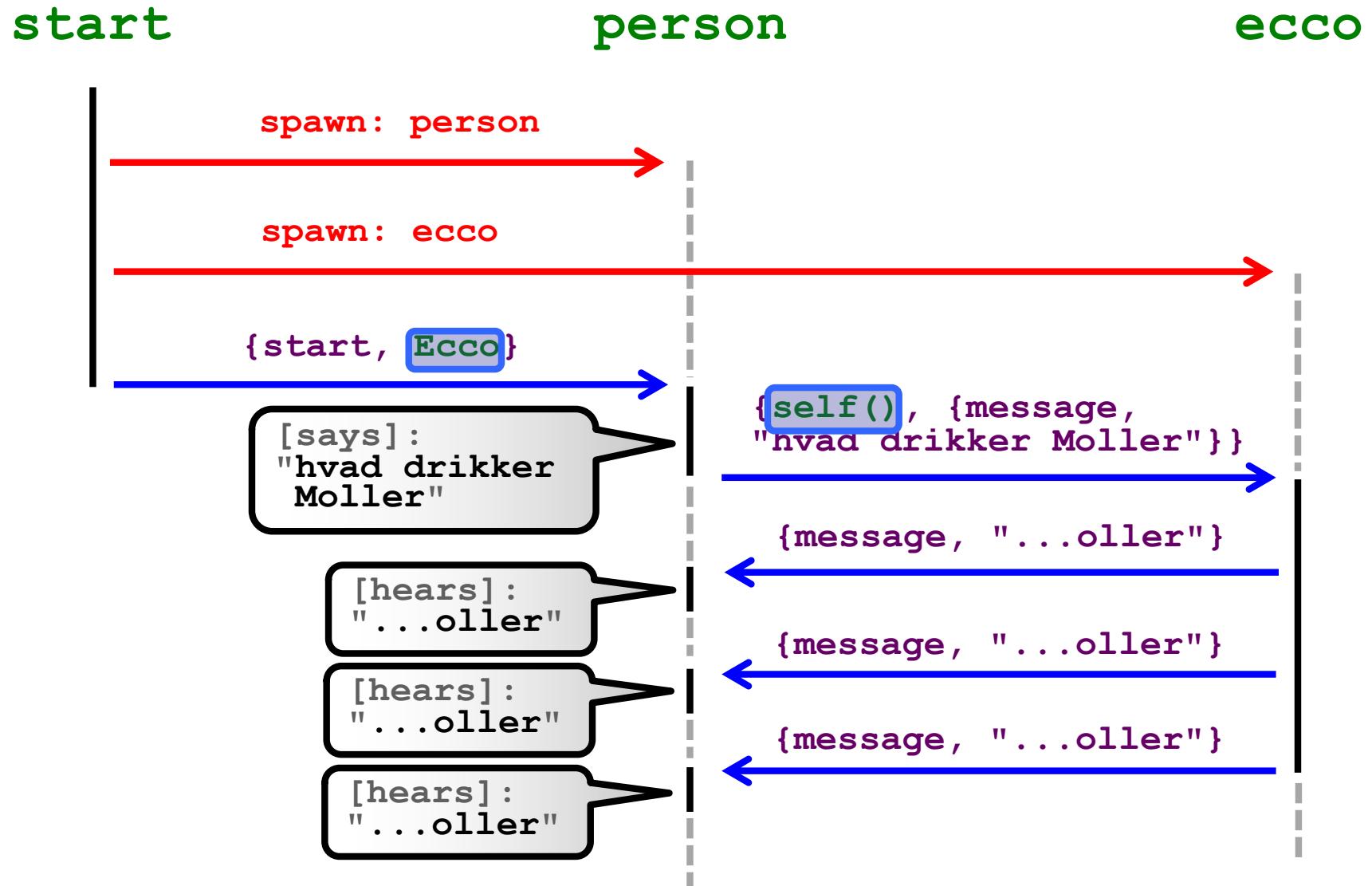


- Huge graffiti in Nordhavnen, Copenhagen:



[ <https://www.flickr.com/photos/unacivetta/5745925102/> ]

## 2) Ecco



## 2) Ecco.erl

```

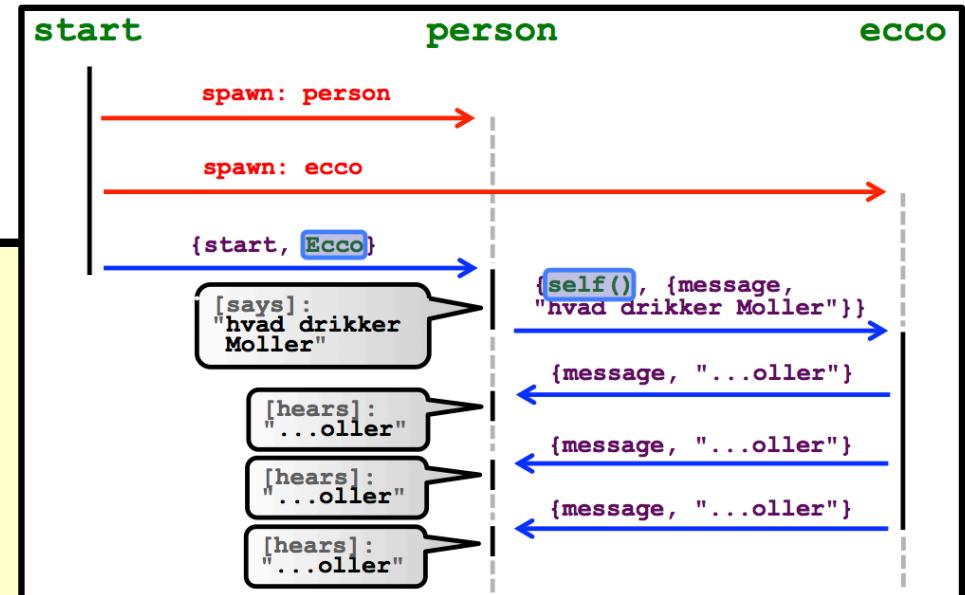
-module(helloworld).
-export([start/0, person/0, ecco/0]).


person() ->
    receive
        {start,Pid} ->
            S = "hvad drikker Moller",
            io:fwrite("[says]: " ++ S ++ "\n"),
            Pid ! {self(), {message,S}} ;
        {message, S} ->
            io:fwrite("[hears]: " ++ S ++ "\n")
    end,
    person().

ecco() ->
    receive
        {Sender,{message,S}} ->
            Sub = suffix(S,5),
            Sender ! {message,Sub},
            Sender ! {message,Sub},
            Sender ! {message,Sub},
            ecco()
    end.

start() ->
    Person = 'spawn'(helloworld, person, []),
    Ecco = 'spawn'(helloworld, ecco, []),
    Person ! {start,Ecco}.

```



```

suffix(S,N) when length(S) =< N -> "..." ++ S;
suffix([_|T],N) -> suffix(T,N).

```

```

[says]: hvad drikker Moller
[hears]: ...oller
[hears]: ...oller
[hears]: ...oller

```

## 2) Ecco.java

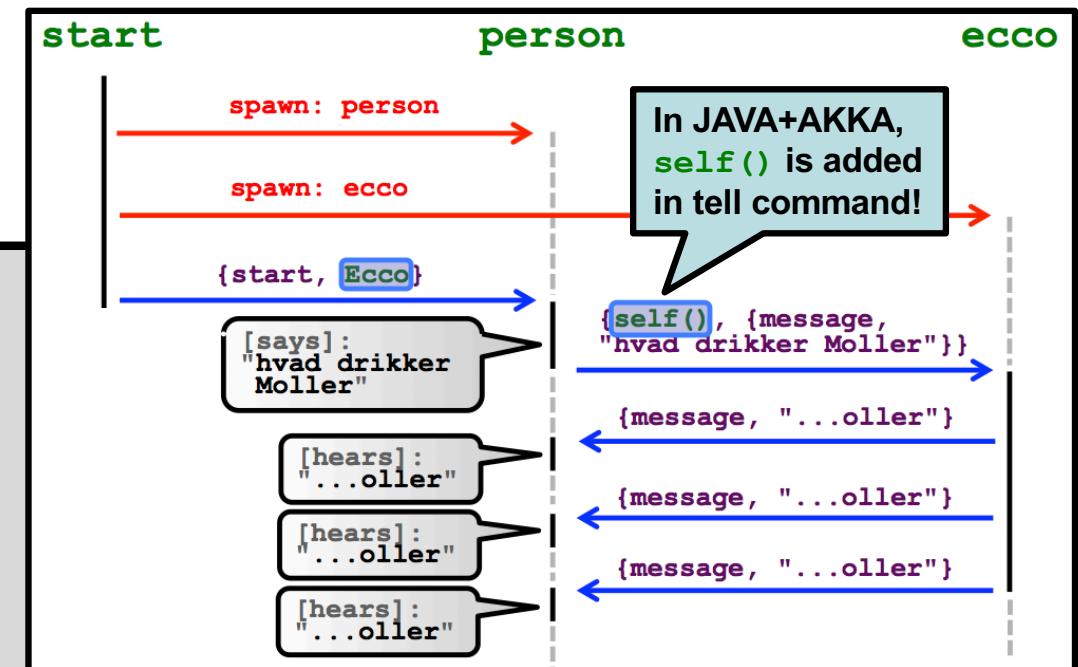
```
import java.io.*;
import akka.actor.*;
```

// -- MESSAGES -----

```
class StartMessage implements Serializable {
    public final ActorRef ecco;
    public StartMessage(ActorRef ecco) {
        this.ecco = ecco;
    }
}
```

```
class Message implements Serializable {
    public final String s;
    public Message(String s) {
        this.s = s;
    }
}
```

Used for...:  
**person ← ecco**  
...and also for:  
**person → ecco**



[says]: hvad drikker Moller  
[hears]: ...oller  
[hears]: ...oller  
[hears]: ...oller

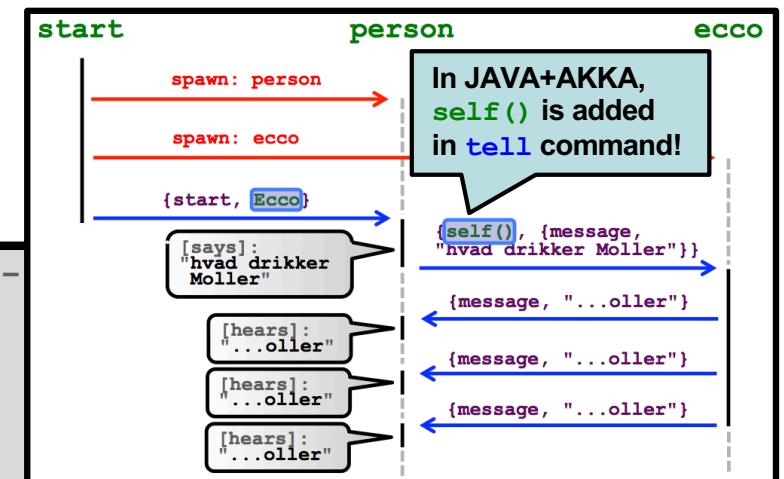
## 2) Ecco.java

```
// -- ACTORS --

class PersonActor extends UntypedActor {
    public void onReceive(Object o) throws Exception {
        if (o instanceof StartMessage) {
            StartMessage start = (StartMessage) o;
            ActorRef ecco = start.ecco;
            String s = "hvad drikker moller";
            System.out.println("[says]: " + s);
            ecco.tell(new Message(s), getSelf());
        } else if (o instanceof Message) {
            Message m = (Message) o;
            System.out.println("[hears]: " + m.s);
        }
    }
}

class EccoActor extends UntypedActor {
    public void onReceive(Object o) throws Exception {
        if (o instanceof Message) {
            Message m = (Message) o;
            String s = m.s;
            Message reply;
            if (s.length()>5) reply = new Message("..." + s.substring(s.length()-5));
            else reply = new Message("...");
            getSender().tell(reply, getSelf());
            getSender().tell(reply, getSelf());
            getSender().tell(reply, getSelf());
        }
    }
}
```

Here, could also have been:  
ActorRef.noSender()



[says]: hvad drikker Moller  
 [hears]: ...oller  
 [hears]: ...oller  
 [hears]: ...oller

# 2) Ecco.java

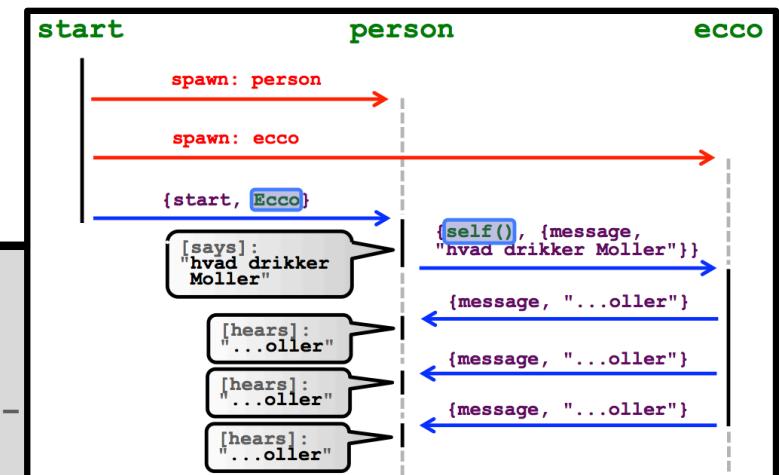
```
// -- MAIN --
public class Ecco {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        final ActorSystem system = ActorSystem.create("EccoSystem");

        final ActorRef person =
            system.actorOf(Props.create(PersonActor.class), "person");

        final ActorRef ecco =
            system.actorOf(Props.create(EccoActor.class), "ecco");

        person.tell(new StartMessage(ecco, ActorRef.noSender()));

        try {
            System.out.println("Press return to terminate...");
            System.in.read();
        } catch(IOException e) {
            e.printStackTrace();
        } finally {
            system.shutdown();
        }
    }
}
```



```
[says]: hvad drikker Moller
[hears]: ...oller
[hears]: ...oller
[hears]: ...oller
```

# 2) Ecco.java

---

## ■ Compile:

```
javac -cp scala.jar:akka-actor.jar Ecco.java
```

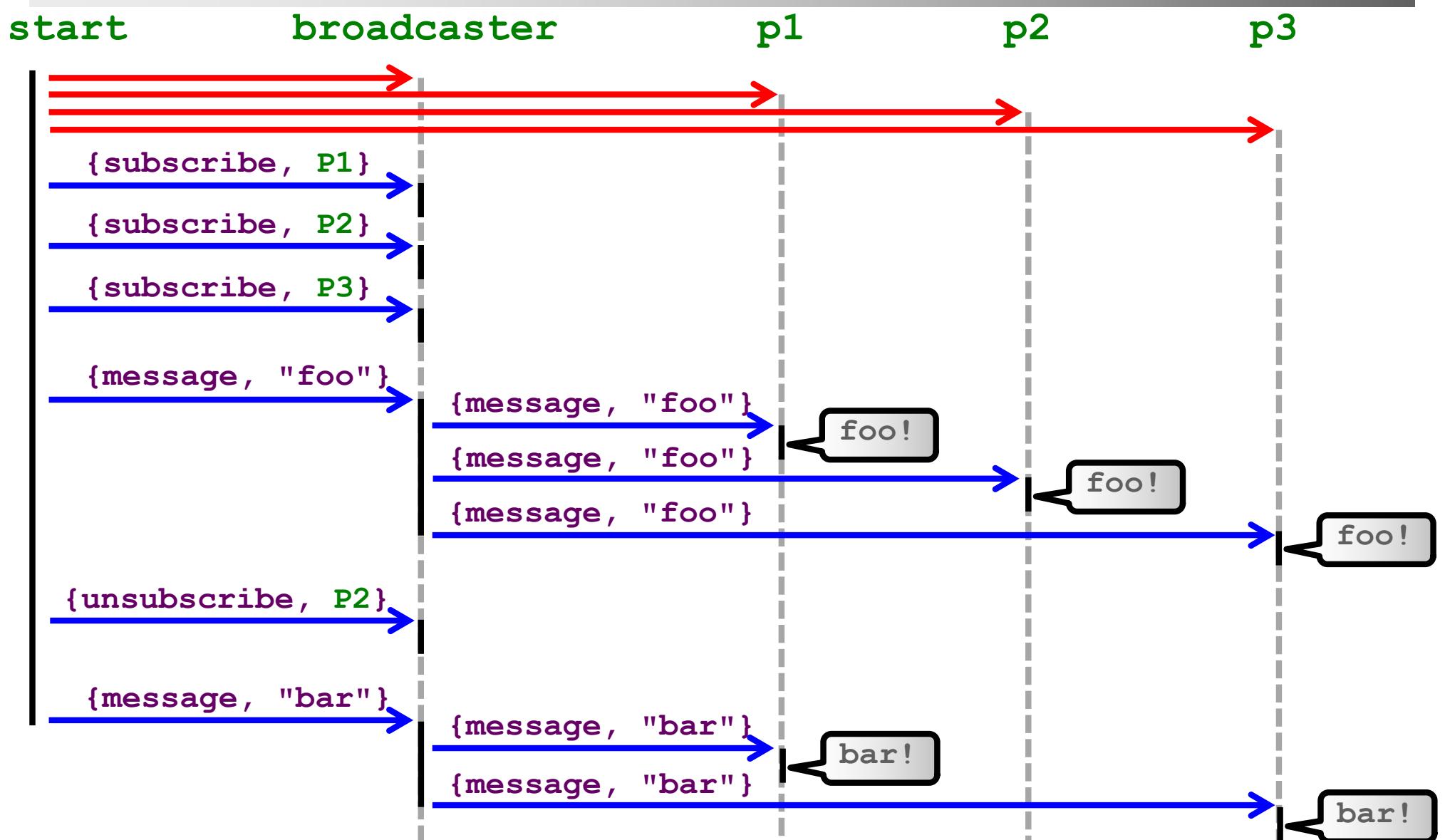
## ■ Run:

```
java -cp scala.jar:akka-actor.jar:akka-config.jar:. Ecco
```

## ■ Output:

```
Press return to terminate...
[says]: hvad drikker moller
[hears]: ...oller
[hears]: ...oller
[hears]: ...oller
```

# 3) Broadcast



# 3) Broadcast.erl

```

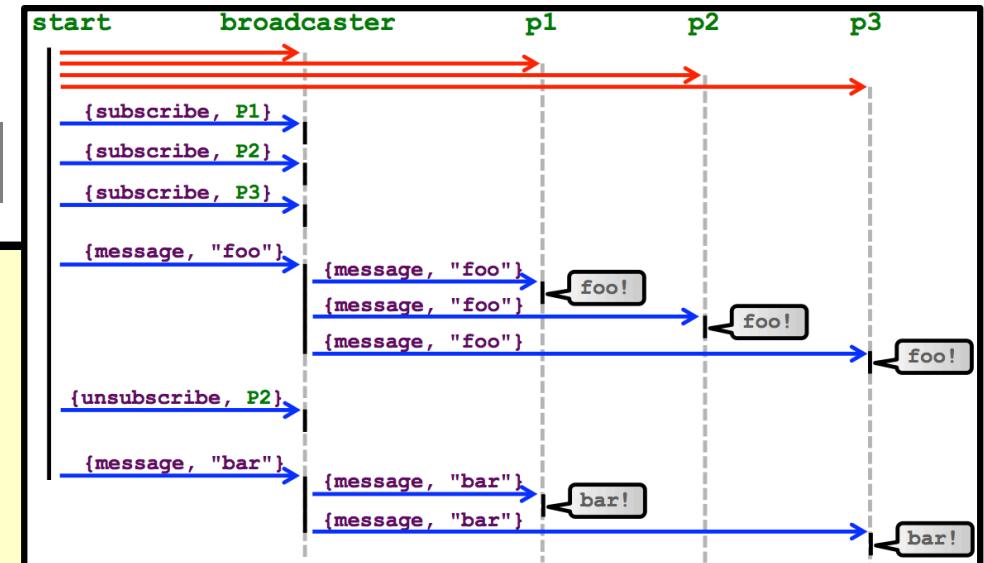
-module(helloworld).
-export([start/0,person/0,broadcaster/1]).

person() ->
    receive
        {message,M} ->
            io:fwrite(M ++ "\n"),
            person()
    end.

broadcast([],_) -> true;
broadcast([Pid|L],M) ->
    Pid ! {message,M},
    broadcast(L,M).

broadcaster(L) ->
    receive
        {subscribe,Pid} ->
            broadcaster([Pid|L]);
        {unsubscribe,Pid} ->
            broadcaster(lists:delete(Pid,L));
        {message,M} ->
            broadcast(L,M),
            broadcaster(L)
    end.

```



```

start() ->
    Broadcaster = 'spawn'(helloworld,broadcaster,[]),
    P1 = 'spawn'(helloworld,person,[]),
    P2 = 'spawn'(helloworld,person,[]),
    P3 = 'spawn'(helloworld,person,[]),
    Broadcaster ! {subscribe,P1},
    Broadcaster ! {subscribe,P2},
    Broadcaster ! {subscribe,P3},
    Broadcaster ! {message,"Purses half price!"},
    Broadcaster ! {unsubscribe,P2},
    Broadcaster ! {message,"Shoes half price!!"}.

```

purses half price!  
purses half price!  
purses half price!  
shoes half price!!  
shoes half price!!

# 3) Broadcast.java

```

import java.util.*;
import java.io.*;
import akka.actor.*;

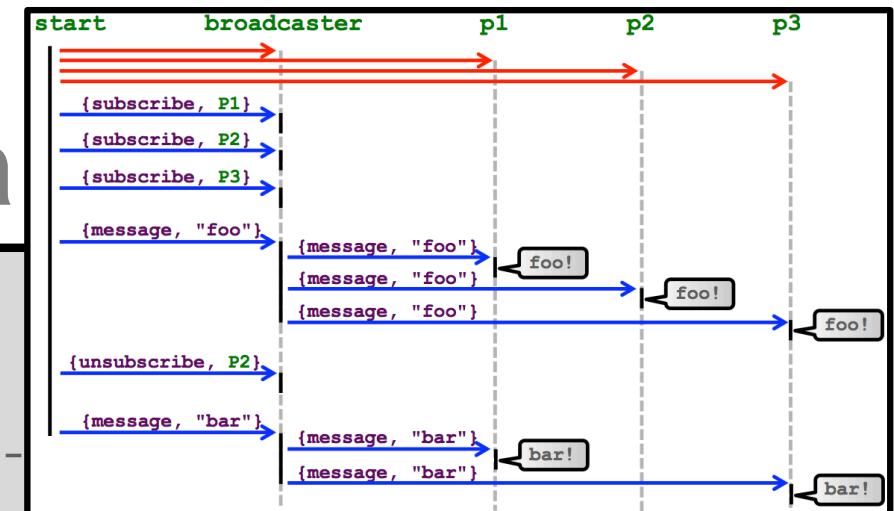
// -- MESSAGES ----

class SubscribeMessage implements Serializable {
    public final ActorRef subscriber;
    public SubscribeMessage(ActorRef subscriber) {
        this.subscriber = subscriber;
    }
}

class UnsubscribeMessage implements Serializable {
    public final ActorRef unsubscribe;
    public UnsubscribeMessage(ActorRef unsubscribe) {
        this.unsubscribe = unsubscribe;
    }
}

class Message implements Serializable {
    public final String s;
    public Message(String s) {
        this.s = s;
    }
}

```



purses half price!  
purses half price!  
purses half price!  
shoes half price!!  
shoes half price!!

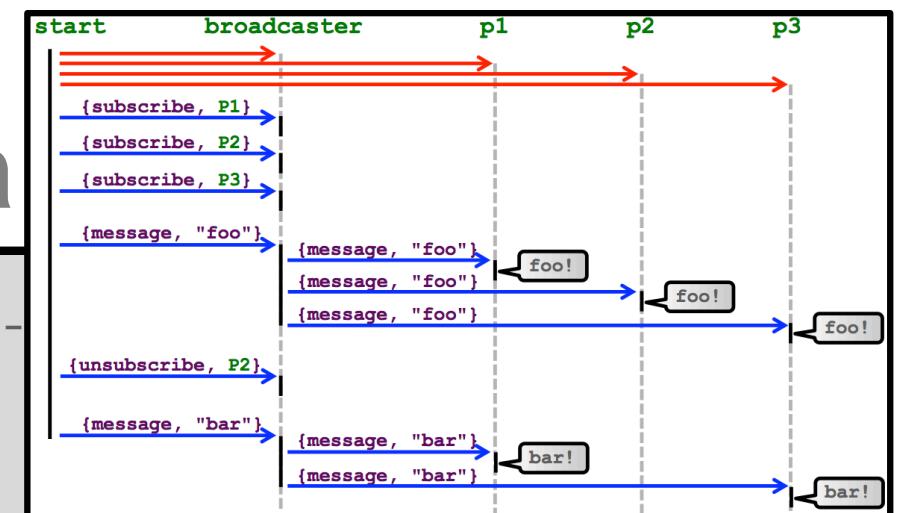
# 3) Broadcast.java

```
// -- ACTORS -->

class BroadcastActor extends UntypedActor {
    private List<ActorRef> list =
        new ArrayList<ActorRef>();

    public void onReceive(Object o) throws Exception {
        if (o instanceof SubscribeMessage) {
            list.add(((SubscribeMessage) o).subscriber);
        } else if (o instanceof UnsubscribeMessage) {
            list.remove(((UnsubscribeMessage) o).unsubscriber);
        } else if (o instanceof Message) {
            for (ActorRef person : list) {
                person.tell(o, getSelf());
            }
        }
    }
}

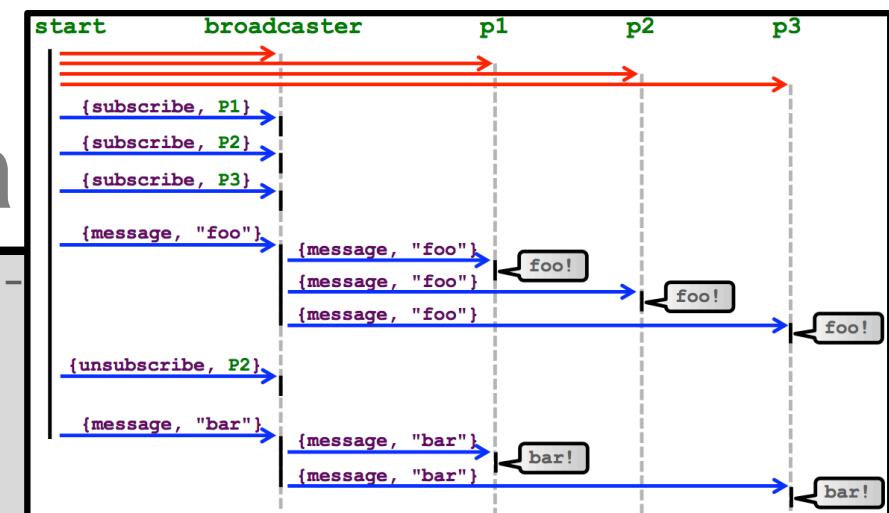
class PersonActor extends UntypedActor {
    public void onReceive(Object o) throws Exception {
        if (o instanceof Message) {
            System.out.println((Message) o).s;
        }
    }
}
```



purses half price!  
purses half price!  
purses half price!  
shoes half price!!  
shoes half price!!

# 3) Broadcast.java

```
// -- MAIN --
public class Broadcast {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        final ActorSystem system =
            ActorSystem.create("EccoSystem");
        final ActorRef broadcaster =
            system.actorOf(Props.create(BroadcastActor.class), "broadcaster");
        final ActorRef p1 = system.actorOf(Props.create(PersonActor.class), "p1");
        final ActorRef p2 = system.actorOf(Props.create(PersonActor.class), "p2");
        final ActorRef p3 = system.actorOf(Props.create(PersonActor.class), "p3");
        broadcaster.tell(new SubscribeMessage(p1), ActorRef.noSender());
        broadcaster.tell(new SubscribeMessage(p2), ActorRef.noSender());
        broadcaster.tell(new SubscribeMessage(p3), ActorRef.noSender());
        broadcaster.tell(new Message("purses half price!"), ActorRef.noSender());
        broadcaster.tell(new UnsubscribeMessage(p2), ActorRef.noSender());
        broadcaster.tell(new Message("shoes half price!!"), ActorRef.noSender());
        try {
            System.out.println("Press return to terminate...");
            System.in.read();
        } catch(IOException e) {
            e.printStackTrace();
        } finally {
            system.shutdown();
        }
    }
}
```



purses half price!  
purses half price!  
purses half price!  
shoes half price!!  
shoes half price!!

# 3) Broadcast.java

---

## ■ Compile:

```
javac -cp scala.jar:akka-actor.jar Broadcast.java
```

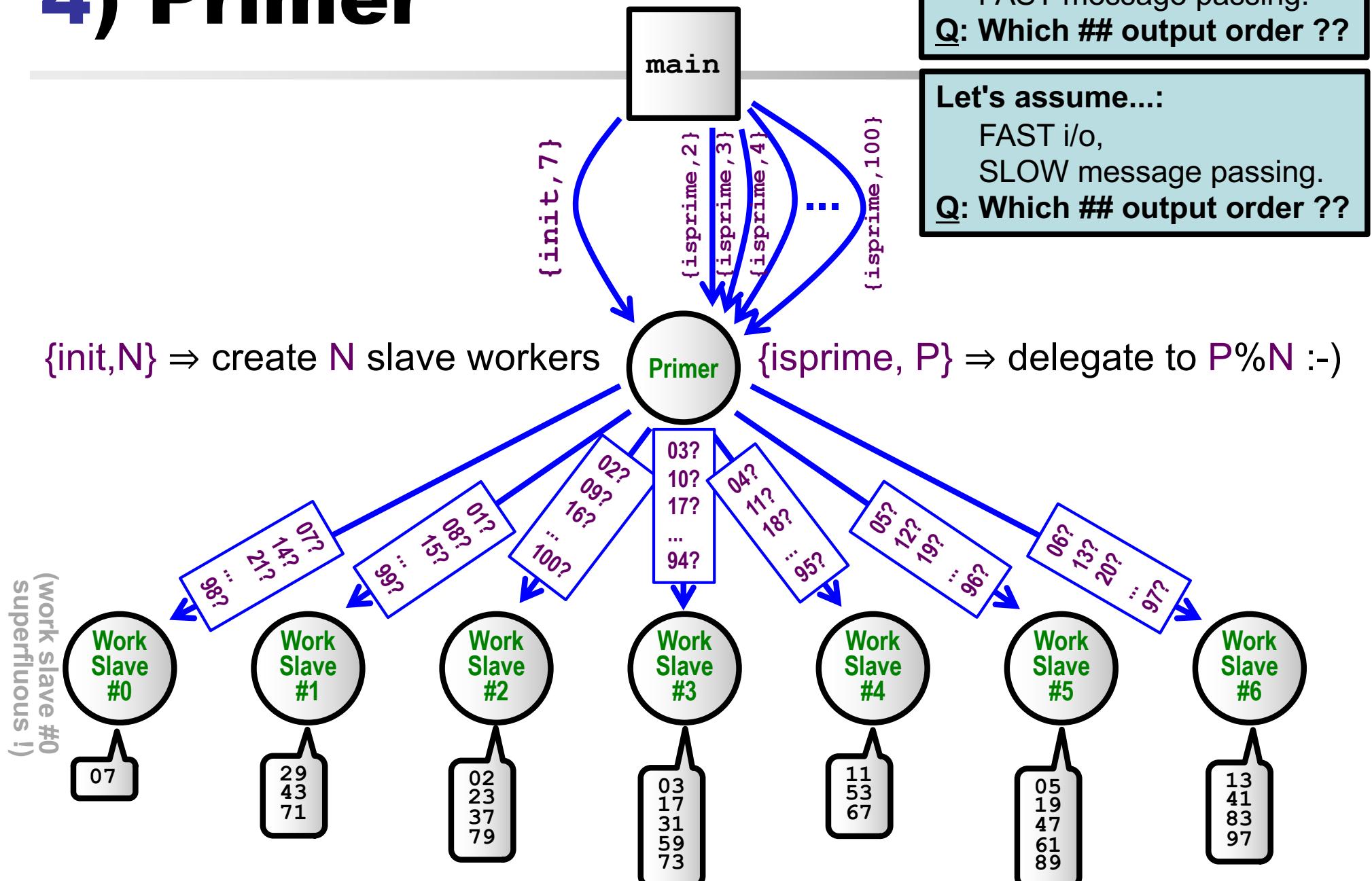
## ■ Run:

```
java -cp scala.jar:akka-actor.jar:akka-config.jar:. Broadcast
```

## ■ Output:

```
purses half price!
purses half price!
purses half price!
shoes half price!!
shoes half price!!
```

# 4) Primer



# 4) Primer.erl

```

-module(helloworld).
-export([start/0, slave/1, primer/1]).


is_prime_loop(N,K) ->
    K2 = K * K, R = N rem K,
    case (K2 =< N) and (R /= 0) of
        true -> is_prime_loop(N, K+1);
        false -> K
    end.

is_prime(N) ->
    K = is_prime_loop(N,2),
    (N >= 2) and (K*K > N).

n2s(N) ->
    lists:flatten(io_lib:format("~p", [N])).

slave(Id) ->
    receive
        {isprime, N} ->
            case is_prime(N) of
                true -> io:fwrite("(" ++ n2s(Id) ++ ") " ++ n2s(N) ++ "\n");
                false -> []
            end,
            slave(Id)
    end.

```

## Slave

**Primer**

```

create_slaves(Max,Max) -> [] ;
create_slaves(Id,Max) ->
    Slave = 'spawn'(helloworld, slave, [Id]),
    [Slave|create_slaves(Id+1,Max)].

primer(Slaves) ->
    receive
        {init, N} when N=<0 ->
            throw({nonpositive,N}) ;
        {init, N} ->
            primer(create_slaves(0,N)) ;
        {isprime, _} when Slaves == [] ->
            throw({uninitialized}) ;
        {isprime, N} when N=<0 ->
            throw({nonpositive,N}) ;
        {isprime, N} ->
            SlaveId = N rem length(Slaves),
            lists:nth(SlaveId+1, Slaves)
            ! {isprime,N},
            primer(Slaves)
    end.

spam(_, N, Max) when N>=Max -> true;
spam(Primer, N, Max) ->
    Primer ! {isprime, N},
    spam(Primer, N+1, Max).

start() ->
    Primer =
        'spawn'(helloworld, primer, []),
    Primer ! {init,7},
    spam(Primer, 2, 100).

```

# 4) Primer.java

```
import java.util.*;
import java.io.*;
import akka.actor.*;

// -- MESSAGES ----

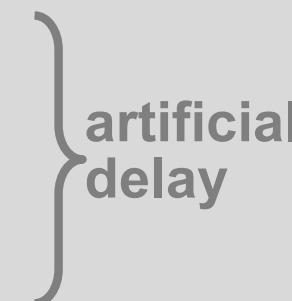
class InitializeMessage implements Serializable {
    public final int number_of_slaves;
    public InitializeMessage(int number_of_slaves) {
        this.number_of_slaves = number_of_slaves;
    }
}

class IsPrimeMessage implements Serializable {
    public final int number;
    public IsPrimeMessage(int number) {
        this.number = number;
    }
}
```



# 4) Primer.java

```
// -- SLAVE ACTOR -----  
  
class SlaveActor extends UntypedActor {  
    private boolean isPrime(int n) {  
        int k = 2;  
        while (k * k <= n && n % k != 0) k++;  
        return n >= 2 && k * k > n;  
    }  
  
    private int delay(int n) {  
        int res = 0;  
        for (int i=0; i<10000000*n; i++) {  
            res = res + i;  
        }  
        return res;  
    }  
  
    public void onReceive(Object o) throws Exception {  
        if (o instanceof IsPrimeMessage) {  
            int p = ((IsPrimeMessage) o).number;  
            if (delay(p)==p) System.out.println("will not happen: "); // artificial delay  
            if (isPrime(p)) System.out.println("(" + p%7 + ") " + p);  
        }  
    }  
}
```




# 4) Primer.java

```
// -- PRIME ACTOR -----
class PrimeActor extends UntypedActor {
    List<ActorRef> slaves;

    private List<ActorRef> createSlaves(int n) {
        List<ActorRef> slaves = new ArrayList<ActorRef>();
        for (int i=0; i<n; i++) {
            ActorRef slave =
                getContext().actorOf(Props.create(SlaveActor.class), "p" + i);
            slaves.add(slave);
        }
        return slaves;
    }

    public void onReceive(Object o) throws Exception {
        if (o instanceof InitializeMessage) {
            InitializeMessage init = (InitializeMessage) o;
            int n = init.number_of_slaves;
            if (n<=0) throw new RuntimeException("!!! non-positive number!");
            slaves = createSlaves(n);
            System.out.println("initialized (" + n + " slaves ready to work)!");
        } else if (o instanceof IsPrimeMessage) {
            if (slaves==null) throw new RuntimeException("!!! uninitialized!");
            int n = ((IsPrimeMessage) o).number;
            if (n<=0) throw new RuntimeException("!!! non-positive number!");
            int slave_id = n % slaves.size();
            slaves.get(slave_id).tell(o, getSelf());
        }
    }
}
```

# 4) Primer.java

```
// -- MAIN -----  
  
public class Primer {  
    private static void spam(ActorRef primer, int min, int max) {  
        for (int i=min; i<max; i++) {  
            primer.tell(new IsPrimeMessage(i), ActorRef.noSender());  
        }  
    }  
  
    public static void main(String[] args) {  
        final ActorSystem system = ActorSystem.create("PrimerSystem");  
        final ActorRef primer =  
            system.actorOf(Props.create(PrimeActor.class), "primer");  
        primer.tell(new InitializeMessage(7), ActorRef.noSender());  
        try {  
            System.out.println("Press return to initiate...");  
            System.in.read();  
            spam(primer, 2, 100);  
            System.out.println("Press return to terminate...");  
            System.in.read();  
        } catch (IOException e) {  
            e.printStackTrace();  
        } finally {  
            system.shutdown();  
        }  
    }  
}
```



# 4) Primer.java

## ■ Compile:

```
javac -cp scala.jar:akka-actor.jar Primer.java
```

## ■ Run:

```
java -cp scala.jar:akka-actor.jar:akka-config.jar:. Primer
```

## ■ Output:

```
press return to initiate...
initialized (7 slaves ready to work!)

(2) 2
(3) 3
Press return to terminate...
(0) 7
(5) 5
(4) 11
(6) 13
(3) 17
(5) 19
(2) 23
(1) 29
(3) 31
```

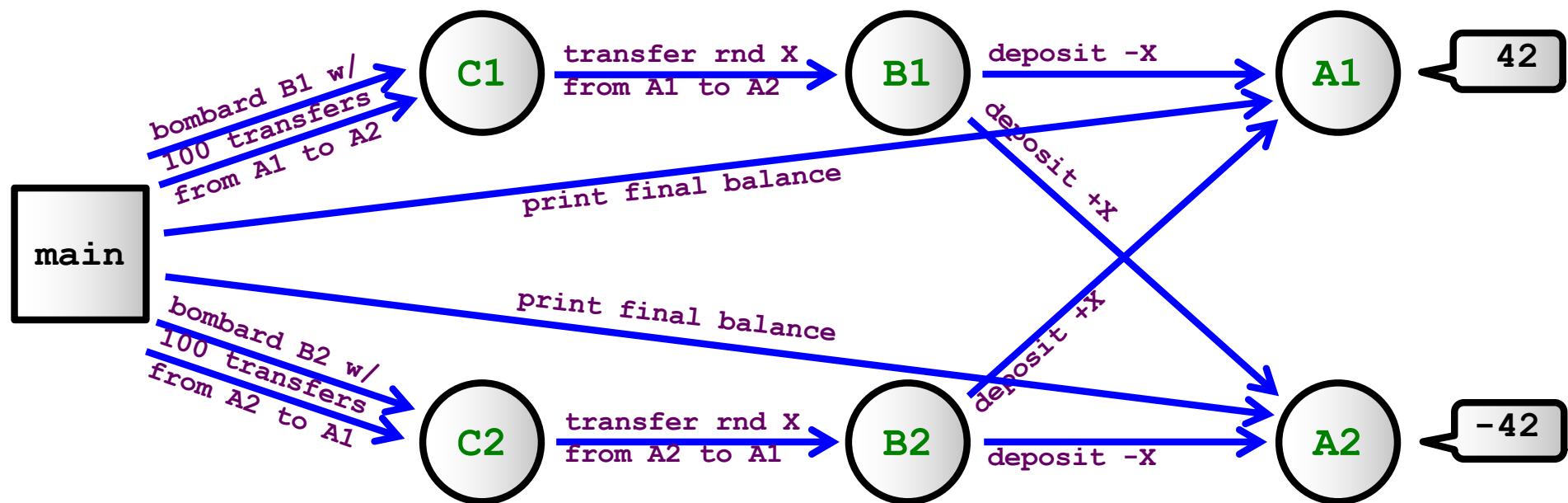
```
(2) 37
(6) 41
(1) 43
(5) 47
(4) 53
(3) 59
(5) 61
(4) 67
(1) 71
(3) 73
(2) 79
(6) 83
(5) 89
(6) 97
```

# **Mandatory Hand-in Exercise**

---

For Message Passing

# 5) ABC (Clerk / Bank / Account)



# 5) ABC.erl

```
-module(helloworld).
-export([start/0,
        account/1,bank/0,clerk/0]).

%% -- BASIC PROCESSING -----
n2s(N) -> lists:flatten( %% int2string
    io_lib:format("~p", [N])). %% HACK!

random(N) -> random:uniform(N) div 10.

%% -- ACTORS -----

account(Balance) ->
    receive
        {deposit,Amount} ->
            account(Balance+Amount) ;
        {printbalance} ->
            io:fwrite(n2s(Balance) ++ "\n")
    end.

bank() ->
    receive
        {transfer,Amount,From,To} ->
            From ! {deposit,-Amount},
            To ! {deposit,+Amount},
            bank()
    end.
```

```
ntransfers(0,_,_,_) -> true;
ntransfers(N,Bank,From,To) ->
    R = random(100),
    Bank ! {transfer,R,From,To},
    ntransfers(N-1,Bank,From,To).

clerk() ->
    receive
        {start,Bank,From,To} ->
            random:seed(now()),
            ntransfers(100,Bank,From,To),
            clerk()
    end.

start() ->
    A1 = 'spawn' (helloworld,account,[0]),
    A2 = 'spawn' (helloworld,account,[0]),
    B1 = 'spawn' (helloworld,bank,[ ]),
    B2 = 'spawn' (helloworld,bank,[ ]),
    C1 = 'spawn' (helloworld,clerk,[ ]),
    C2 = 'spawn' (helloworld,clerk,[ ]),
    C1 ! {start,B1,A1,A2},
    C2 ! {start,B2,A2,A1},
    timer:sleep(1000),
    A1 ! {printbalance},
    A2 ! {printbalance}.
```

# 5) ABC.java

# ( Skeleton )

```

import java.util.Random; import java.io.*; import akka.actor.*;
// -- MESSAGES -----
class StartTransferMessage implements Serializable { /* TODO */ }
class TransferMessage implements Serializable { /* TODO */ }
class DepositMessage implements Serializable { /* TODO */ }
class PrintBalanceMessage implements Serializable { /* TODO */ }

// -- ACTORS -----
class AccountActor extends UntypedActor { /* TODO */ }
class BankActor extends UntypedActor { /* TODO */ }
class ClerkActor extends UntypedActor { /* TODO */ }

// -- MAIN -----
public class ABC { // Demo showing how things work:
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        final ActorSystem system = ActorSystem.create("ABCSystem");

        /* TODO (CREATE ACTORS AND SEND START MESSAGES) */

        try {
            System.out.println("Press return to inspect...");
            System.in.read();

            /* TODO (INSPECT FINAL BALANCES) */

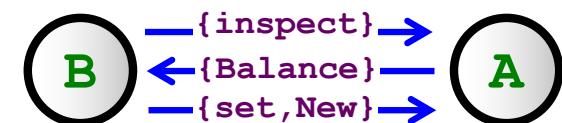
            System.out.println("Press return to terminate...");
            System.in.read();
        } catch(IOException e) {
            e.printStackTrace();
        } finally {
            system.shutdown();
        }
    }
}

```

## MANDATORY HAND-IN!

**a) Implement ABC.java**  
 (as close to ABC.erl as possible,  
 but without using "tail-recursion")

**b) Answer question:**  
 What happens if we replace  
 {deposit,  $\pm$ Amount} w/ the msgs?:



### \*\*\* OUTPUT \*\*\*

```

Press return to inspect...
Press return to terminate...
Balance = 42
Balance = -42
  
```

**Thx!**

---

*Questions?*