

# COMPARISON OF THE PERFORMANCE OF TWO MULTI-LAYER PERCEPTRONS IN MNIST DATASET

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## Source code

The Source code used to train the model can be found [here](#)(colab link) and [github link](#)

I trained the MNIST dataset in two models. The model summary of the two models is as shown in the images below

### Model 1

Model: "sequential\_7"

Layer (type)	Output Shape	Param #
flatten_7 (Flatten)	(None, 784)	0
dense_14 (Dense)	(None, 100)	78500
dense_15 (Dense)	(None, 10)	1010

=====  
Total params: 79,510  
Trainable params: 79,510  
Non-trainable params: 0

### Model 2

Model: "sequential\_8"

Layer (type)	Output Shape	Param #
flatten_8 (Flatten)	(None, 784)	0
dense_16 (Dense)	(None, 50)	39250
dense_17 (Dense)	(None, 35)	1785
dense_18 (Dense)	(None, 10)	360

=====  
Total params: 41,395  
Trainable params: 41,395  
Non-trainable params: 0

A comparison on both the model training is tabulated below:

Criteria	Model 1	Model 2
# of Hidden layers	1	2
# of parameters	63610	42,310
Total # of neurons	80	110

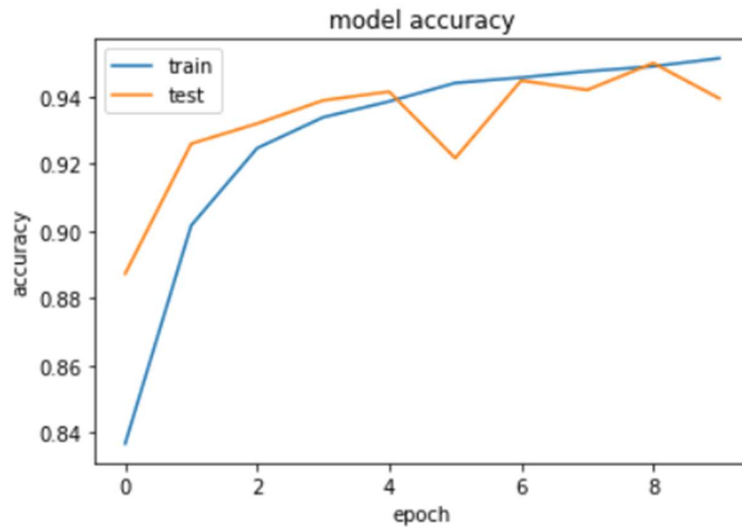
Both the models were trained with same Loss function (cross entropy), same optimization function (Adam) and the same number of epochs(ten).

Validation Accuracy of Model 1 = 93.95%

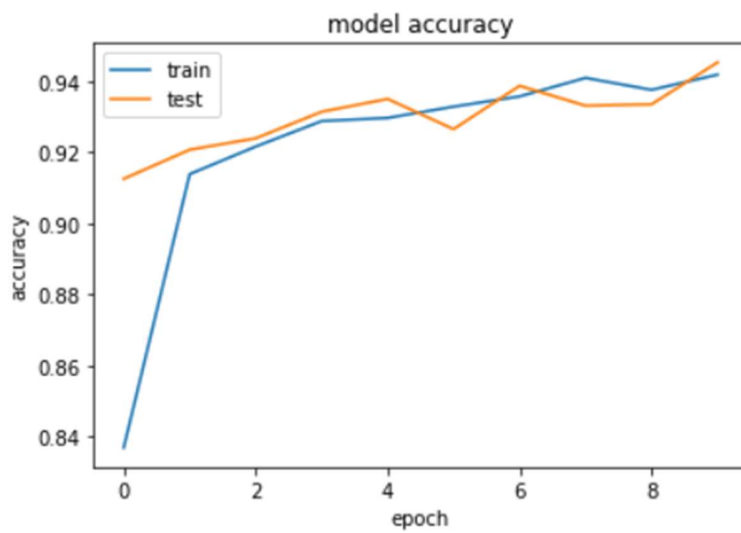
Validation Accuracy of Model 2 =94.54%

## Accuracy vs Epoch Plots

### Model 1



### Model 2



## **Inference**

The 2<sup>nd</sup> Model is more accurate than the 1<sup>st</sup> model.

Both the models are trained though 10 epochs.

The 1<sup>st</sup> model has more parameters than the 2<sup>nd</sup> model.

But the second model has more hidden layers and so it is able to give better predictions with better accuracy.

The 1<sup>st</sup> model gets overfitted towards the end of the 10<sup>th</sup> epoch and tends to lose its generalization ability.