

```

        Lecture 17 Demo Program 1, Character List Alphabetization
#       Lecture 17 Demo Program 1, Character List Alphabetization
# Alphabetizes a sequence of ASCII lower-case letters and prints out the resulting
# alphabetized list.
# The list of letters is in the data declaration and contains all 26 alphabet
# letters in random order.

# $t0 -- Pointer to current spot in letters
# $t1 -- Holds the "upstream compare character"
# $t2 -- Holds the current character being analyzed
# $t7 -- Pointer to the first character in string

        .text
main:    la $t0, string      # Load the string address into $t0
        la $t7, string      # Load the string address into $t7
comp:    lb $t1, 0($t0)      # Load first two characters to be compared
        lb $t2, 1($t0)
        beqz $t2, done      # If the new character = 0, done
        ble $t1, $t2, count # If characters in correct order, get next character
        jal rev             # Characters not in correct order; go to reverse
        j comp              # Character in correct position; get next character
count:   addi $t0, $t0, 1    # Increment current character address
        j comp              # Return to next character compare

done:    la $a0, string      # Print out alphabetized string + CR
        li $v0, 4
        syscall
        li $v0, 10          # Done; end program.
        syscall

# Character reverse routine follows
rev:     sub $sp, $sp, 4     # Store contents of $ra on the stack
        sw $ra, ($sp)       # Decrement stack pointer.
        sb $t1, 1($t0)      # Exchange two character positions
        sb $t2, 0($t0)
        beq $t0, $t7, goback # If at first position in the string, done

        sub $t0, $t0, 1     # Decrement the letter pointer.
        lb $t1, 0($t0)      # Compare letter to next "upstream" letter
        lb $t2, 1($t0)
        ble $t1, $t2, goback # If letter is properly placed, done
        jal rev             # Not done yet; move back another position

goback:  addi $t0, $t0, 1    # Reverse done; move back to current position
        lw $ra, ($sp)
        addi $sp, $sp, 4
        jr $ra

        .data
string:  .ascii z "qwertyui opasdfghjkl zxcvbnm" # Characters list
# End of Lecture 17 Demo Program 1.

```