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Lecture 15 Demo Program 3, Nested Loops
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# SPIM code to initialize the elements of a 2-d array using a pointer
                 Register Assignments
 $t0 = Pointer to current beginning of row
 $t1 = Row counter and index
 $t2 = Column counter and index
# $t3 = Pointer to current address to store data
# $t4 = Value to be stored in each array element
       . data
ar2:
       . space 1600
                            # Array of 400 integers (4 bytes each) in 20X20 array
        . text
        Ia $t0, ar2
mai n:
                            # Initialize pointer to start of array
        move $t1, $0
                            # Initialize row counter/index
        Ii $t4,0x4ff6
                            # Put value to be loaded in array in $t4
        move $t2,$0
                            # Initialize column counter/index
rl oop:
                            # Initialize col. pointer to 1st element of row
        move $t3, $t0
        sw $t4,0($t3)
                            # Store value in current array element
cl oop:
        addi $t2, $t2, 1
                            # Increment column counter/index by 1
                            # Go to next row if column counter = 20
        beq $t2, 20, nxtrow
                            # Increment the column pointer
        addi $t3, $t3, 4
        j cloop
                            # Go back and do another column
nxtrow: addi $t1, $t1, 1
                            # Increment row counter/index by 1
        beq $t1, 20, end add $t0, $t0, 80
                            # Leave row loop if row counter = 20
                            # Increment the beginning-of-row pointer by
                                 the number of bytes in a row
                            # Start next row
        j rloop
end:
        Ii $v0, 10
                            # Reach here if row loop is done
        syscal I
                            # End of program
        End of file Lecture 15 Demo Program 3
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