

ROS2 Foundations

Day 2

Visualization, Launch Nodes, Services & Actions

From the Visualization in ROS2 to Using Launch Files for Topics,
Services and Actions

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UEB

URDF (Unified Robot Description Format)

- XML format describing robot links, joints, sensors, visuals, and collisions.
- Good for static robots, hard to reuse or parametrize.
- Used in: RViz, Gazebo, TF2, MoveIt

Xacro (XML Macros)

- Adds macros, variables, conditionals to URDF.
- Write DRY code: reuse repeated parts, easily generate variants.
- Process with: `ros2 run xacro xacro mybot.xacro > mybot.urdf`

URDF Example Snippet 1/2

URDF example snippet

```
<robot name="my_robot">
  <link name="base_link">
    <visual>
      <geometry>
        <box size="1 1 1"/>
      </geometry>
    </visual>
  </link>

  <joint name="joint1" type="continuous">
    <parent link="base_link"/>
    <child link="wheel_link"/>
    <origin xyz="0 1 0" rpy="0 0 0"/>
    <axis xyz="0 0 1"/>
  </joint>
```

URDF example snippet

```
<link name="wheel_link">
  <visual>
    <geometry>
      <cylinder radius="0.2" length="0.05"/>
    </geometry>
  </visual>
</link>
</robot>
```

Core elements:

- In Xacro: you can define arguments, properties, macros

Xacro example snippet

```
<xacro:property name="wheel_radius" value="0.05"/>  
<xacro:macro name="wheel" params="name x y">
```

Xarco Example Snippet 1/2

Xarco example snippet

```
<?xml version="1.0"?>
<robot xmlns:xacro="http://ros.org/wiki/xacro"
  name="xacro_robot">

  <!-- Parameters -->
  <xacro:property name="wheel_radius" value="0.2"/>
  <xacro:property name="wheel_thickness" value="0.05"/>
```

Xarco Example Snippet 2/3

Xarco example snippet

```
<!-- Macro -->
<xacro:macro name="wheel" params="name x y">
  <link name="${name}_link">
    <visual>
      <geometry>
        <cylinder radius="${wheel_radius}" length=
          "${wheel_thickness}"/>
      </geometry>
      <origin xyz="${x} ${y} 0"/>
    </visual>
  </link>
</xacro:macro>
```

Xarco example snippet

```
<!-- Use macro -->  
<xacro:wheel name="front_left" x="1" y="1"/>  
<xacro:wheel name="front_right" x="1" y="-1"/>  
<xacro:wheel name="rear_left" x="-1" y="1"/>  
<xacro:wheel name="rear_right" x="-1" y="-1"/>  
  
</robot>
```


URDF vs Xacro – Summary

Summary:

- **URDF (Unified Robot Description Format):** static, no support for variables, loops, or reuse
- **Xacro (XML Macros):** Enables reuse and easier parameter tuning.

Typical Workflow:

- Write robot model as .xacro file.
- Launch using RViz or Gazebo via launch file (launch/view_robot.launch.py).
- Maintain only .xacro; generate .urdf if needed for inspection.

1/2 Steps to Create a Xacro-based Robot Package

Minimal ROS 2 Package Setup (Xacro + Launch)

- **Workspace + Package**

```
source /opt/ros/humble/setup.bash
mkdir -p ~/ros2_ws/src && cd ~/ros2_ws/src
ros2 pkg create --build-type ament_cmake my_robot_description
```

- **URDF and Launch Setup**

```
cd my_robot_description && mkdir urdf launch
nano urdf/my_robot.xacro      # paste your robot model
touch launch/robot_display.launch.py
```

- **CMakeLists.txt**

```
find_package(ament_cmake REQUIRED)
install(DIRECTORY urdf/ DESTINATION share/${PROJECT_NAME}/urdf)
install(DIRECTORY launch/ DESTINATION share/${PROJECT_NAME}/launch)
ament_package()
```

2/2 Steps to Create a Xacro-based Robot Package

- **package.xml**

```
<exec_depend>xacro</exec_depend>
```

```
<exec_depend>robot_state_publisher</exec_depend>
```

- **Build + Launch**

```
cd ~/ros2_ws && colcon build
```

```
source install/setup.bash
```

```
ros2 launch my_robot_description robot_display.launch.py
```

RViz2 – 3D Visualization Tool

What is RViz2?

- 3D visualization tool for ROS 2 data streams.
- Visualizes robot state, sensor data, coordinate frames, and environment.
- Helps you debug and understand what your robot sees and does.

Common Uses:

- View URDF robot models and TF tree.
- Plot sensor data like LIDAR, cameras, IMUs.
- Inspect published topics (e.g., velocity commands, paths).
- Set navigation goals or markers interactively.

Launch Example:

```
ros2 run rviz2 rviz2
```

Gazebo – Simulation Environment for ROS 2

What is Gazebo?

- Open-source 3D simulator with physics engine for robotics.
- Used to test robot models, sensors, and algorithms in a realistic virtual environment.

Key Features:

- Physics simulation (gravity, collisions, inertia).
- Sensor simulation (camera, LIDAR, IMU).
- Plugin interface for actuators, controllers, and custom behavior.
- Supports URDF/Xacro-based robot models.

Common Uses

- Validate robot designs and code before deploying to real hardware.
- Simulate complex environments with obstacles and terrain.
- Run automated experiments and integration tests in a reproducible way.

Gazebo vs. RViz - When to Use Which Tool?

- Use **Gazebo** for simulating the real world
- Use **RViz** to inspect and debug what's happening inside your robot.

Feature	Gazebo	RViz
Purpose	Full physics-based simulation	Visualization of sensor data and frames
Physics engine	✓ Gravity, collisions, dynamics	✗ No physics
Sensor simulation	✓ Virtual camera, LIDAR, IMU	✗ Only displays existing data
Robot control testing	✓ Simulate motion, actuators	✗ Read-only view
TF frames	✓ Publishes frames	✓ Visualizes TF tree
Typical use	Test control	Debug data, perception, TF
Performance	Heavier (sim engine)	Lightweight

Launch Files – Why and How?

What are Launch Files?

- Launch files automate the startup of multiple ROS 2 nodes.
- Written in Python using `launch` and `launch_ros` libraries.

Why Use Launch Files?

- Manual startup of nodes is tedious and error-prone.
- Encapsulate complex startup logic in one place.
- Reuse across simulations, hardware tests, and deployments.

Typical Use Case:

- Start a robot description node (URDF/Xacro)
- Launch a controller (e.g. diff drive plugin)
- Bring up RViz or Gazebo with matching configuration

Run a Launch File

```
ros2 launch my_package my_launch_file.py
```

Launch Files - Example

Python-based launch system

- Start multiple nodes with shared config.
- Set parameters, remappings, names, namespaces.

Example

```
from launch import LaunchDescription
from launch_ros.actions import Node

def generate_launch_description():
    return LaunchDescription([
        Node(
            package='my_robot',
            executable='talker',
            parameters=[{'rate': 10.0}]
        )
    ])
```


Service Node – Explained

Key Ideas:

- A **service server** waits for requests on a named service.
- It uses a **callback function** to handle incoming requests.
- Each request triggers the callback exactly once, with a response returned.

Key Methods:

- `create_service` sets up the service and callback.
- `request` contains input data from the client.
- `return response` sends data back to the client.

Key Implementation:

- Define the service interface in a dedicated package.
- Implement the service logic in a separate (e.g., functional) package.

1/17 Service - Create Interface Package

- It is highly recommended to place service interface definitions in a dedicated package.
- The implementation of the corresponding service node can reside in a separate package.

Create new package in /src/day02

```
ros2 pkg create \  
  --build-type ament_cmake \  
  radio_station_interfaces
```

2/17 Service - Create Interface Package

- Create file that defines the interface of request and response message.
- Location: <package_name_service>/srv/<service_name>.srv

srv/GetNowPlaying.srv

```
# Request (none needed in our specific case)
```

```
---
```

```
# Response
```

```
string station_name
```

```
string song_title
```

```
string artist_name
```

3/17 Service - Create Interface Package

Replace in CMakeLists.txt with the following

```
cmake_minimum_required(VERSION 3.5)
project(<package_name>)

find_package(ament_cmake REQUIRED)
find_package(rosidl_default_generators REQUIRED)

rosidl_generate_interfaces(${PROJECT_NAME}
  "srv/<service_type>"
)

ament_export_dependencies(rosidl_default_runtime)
ament_package()
```

Replace <> first with radio_station_interfaces and second
GetNowPlaying.srv.

4/17 Service - Create Interface Package

Add following lines to package.xml

```
<buildtool_depend>ament_cmake</buildtool_depend>

<build_depend>rosidl_default_generators</build_depend>
<exec_depend>rosidl_default_runtime</exec_depend>

<member_of_group>rosidl_interface_packages</member_of_group>
```

5/17 Service - Server and Client Node Creation

Create new package if it does not exist yet

```
ros2 pkg create --build-type ament_python <package_name>
```

Replace <package_name> with radio_station

Add dependencies into package.xml

```
<exec_depend>package_name_interface</exec_depend>
```

In our case use radio_communication_interfaces.

Hint: Even if a package is typically available, it's good practice to declare it explicitly to avoid issues in other environments. (Common packages are: rclpy and std_msgs))

6/17 Service - Server Node Creation

Add the following in setup.py

```
from glob import glob
import os

data_files=[
    (os.path.join('share', package_name, 'srv'),
     glob('srv/*.srv')),
],
'console_scripts': [
    'get_current_song_service =
      service_server =
        radio_station.get_now_playing_server:main',
],
```

7/17 Service - Server Node Creation

```
get_now_playing_service.py, class <Service>(Node)
```

```
from GetNowPlaying.srv import GetNowPlaying
```

```
class GetNowPlaying(Node):  
    def __init__(self):  
        super().__init__('get_now_playing')  
        self.srv = self.create_service(  
            <Service Data Type>,  
            '<Service Name>',  
            self.<callback_function>  
        )
```

Replace <> with:

GetNowPlaying, 'get_now_playing', handle_request

8/17 Service - Server Node Creation

```
get_now_playing_server.py, class <Service>(Node)
def handle_request(self, request, response):
    response.station_name = "Radio Educativa 100.3 FM"
    response.song_title = "Bohemian Rhapsody"
    response.artist_name = "Queen"
    self.get_logger().info("Returned current track info.")
    return response
```

9/17 Service - Server Node Creation

```
get_now_playing_service.py, main()
```

```
def main(args=None):  
    rclpy.init(args=args)  
    node = SongServiceNode()  
    rclpy.spin(node)  
    rclpy.shutdown()  
  
if __name__ == '__main__':  
    main()
```

Build the package

```
colcon build --packages-select radio_communication  
source install/setup.bash
```

11/17 Service - Client Node Creation

If you want to test your Service Server or do not need/want to create the Server Client use this command in the terminal to call the Service.

Start the Server in one Terminal:

```
ros2 run radio_station service_server
```

Call the Service from a Second Terminal

```
ros2 service call <service_name> <service_data_type>
```

Replace <> with: `/get_now_playing &
radio_station_interfaces/srv/GetNowPlaying.srv`

13/17 Service - Service Node Creation

Add the following in setup.py

```
'console_scripts': [  
    'get_current_song_service =  
        'service_server =  
            radio_station.get_now_playing_server:main',  
    '<entry_point_name> =  
        <package_name>.<service_file_name>:main',  
],
```

Replace <> with:

service_client, radio_station, get_now_playing_client

14/17 Service - Client Node Creation

```
get_now_playing_client.py, class NowPlayingClient(Node)
def __init__(self):
    super().__init__('now_playing_client_sol')
    self.client
        = self.create_client(<service_data_type>, '<service_name>')

    while not self.client.wait_for_service(timeout_sec=1.0):
        self.get_logger().info(
            'Waiting for now playing service...')

    self.request = <service_data_type>.Request()
    self.send_request()
```

Replace <> with:

GetNowPlaying, get_now_playing, GetNowPlaying

15/17 Service - Client Node Creation

```
get_now_playing_client.py, class NowPlayingClient(Node)
```

```
def send_request(self):  
    future = self.client.call_async(self.request)  
    future.add_done_callback(self.handle_response)
```

16/17 Service - Client Node Creation

```
get_now_playing_client.py, class NowPlayingClient(Node)
```

```
def handle_response(self, future):
    try:
        response = future.result()
        self.get_logger().info(
            f"Now Playing:\n"
            f"Station: {response.station_name}\n"
            f"Song: {response.song_title}\n"
            f"Artist: {response.artist_name}\n"
        )
    except Exception as e:
        self.get_logger().error(f'Service call failed: {e}')
    finally:
        self.get_logger().info("Shutting down client node.")
        rclpy.shutdown()
```


17/17 Service - Client Node Creation

get_now_playing_client.py

```
def main(args=None):
    rclpy.init(args=args)
    node = NowPlayingClient()
    rclpy.spin(node)

if __name__ == '__main__':
    main()
```

Action Server – Explained

Key Ideas:

- An **action server** accepts long-running goals from clients.
- It provides **feedback during execution** and a final **result**.
- Clients may cancel or get status updates during execution.

Key Methods:

- `create_action_server` sets up the action and callbacks.
- `goal_callback` determines whether to accept a goal.
- `execute_callback` performs the action logic and provides feedback.
- `result` is returned once the goal completes.

Key Implementation:

- Define the `.action` interface in a dedicated interface package.
- Use `rclpy.action.ActionServer` for Python or `rclcpp::ActionServer` in C++.
- Handle feedback and cancellation logic within the execution callback.

1/14 Action – Create Interface Package

Create package + directory

```
# Skip this command if you already followed the steps for creating a  
ros2 pkg create <pkg_name_interfaces> --build-type ament_cmake
```

```
# Important
```

```
mkdir <pkg_name_interfaces>/action
```

Replace <pkg_name_interfaces> with radio_station_interfaces

Include inside package:

- action/ChooseSong.action
- Updated CMakeLists.txt (+ rosidl_generate_interfaces)
- Updated package.xml (see slide 3/8)

2/14 Action – Create Interface Package

action/ChooseSong.action

```
# Goal: what caller tells DJ
```

```
string song_name
```

```
---
```

```
# Result: final DJ reply
```

```
bool    success
```

```
string final_message
```

```
---
```

```
# Feedback: in-progress updates
```

```
float32 progress_pct
```

```
string  status_line
```

3/14 Action – Create Interface Package

CMakeLists.txt essentials

```
find_package(ament_cmake REQUIRED)
find_package(rosidl_default_generators REQUIRED)

rosidl_generate_interfaces(${PROJECT_NAME}
  "action/ChooseSong.action"
)
ament_package()
```

package.xml additions

```
<buildtool_depend>ament_cmake</buildtool_depend>
<build_depend>rosidl_default_generators</build_depend>
<exec_depend>rosidl_default_runtime</exec_depend>

<member_of_group>rosidl_interface_packages</member_of_group>
```

4/14 Action – Create Interface Package

One-time build

```
cd ~/workspace  
colcon build --packages-select radio_station_interfaces  
source install/setup.bash
```

Result: generated headers & Python modules for ChooseSong.

5/14 Action - Server Node Creation

Create Python package + deps

```
ros2 pkg create <package_name> --build-type ament_python \  
--dependencies rclpy <package_name_interfaces>
```

Replace <package_name> with radio_station and
<package_name_interfaces> with radio_station_interfaces.

Add entry point and data files in setup.py

```
entry_points={  
    'console_scripts': [  
        'radio_dj = radio_station.server_node:main',  
    ],  
},
```

6/14 Action - Server Node Creation

radio_station/radio_station/action_server_node.py

Import the following:

```
from rclpy.node import Node
from rclpy.action import ActionServer
from radio_station_interfaces.action import ChooseSong
import rclpy
import time
```


7/14 Action - Server Node Creation

radio_station/action_server_node.py

```
class ActionServerNode(Node)
```

```
def __init__(self):  
    super().__init__('action_server_node')  
    self._srv = ActionServer(  
        self,  
        <Action_Interface_Type>,  
        '<Name_of_Action>',  
        <call_back_function_when_action_is_called>  
    )
```

Replace <> with:

ChooseSong, choose_song, self.execute_cb

8/14 Action - Server Node Creation

```
radio_station/action_server_node.py  
class ActionServerNode(Node)
```

```
    async def execute_cb(self, goal_handle):  
        song = goal_handle.request.song_name  
        for pct in range(0, 101, 5):  
            fb = ChooseSong.Feedback(progress_pct=float(pct),  
                                     status_line=f"Playing {song}")  
            goal_handle.publish_feedback(fb)  
            await asyncio.sleep(1)  
  
        res = ChooseSong.Result(success=True,  
                                final_message=f"Finished {song}")  
        # Tell ROS2 goal has been reached  
        goal_handle.succeed()  
  
        return res
```

9/14 Action - Client Node Creation

setup.py – second entry point

```
'console_scripts': [  
    'radio_dj = radio_station.server_node:main',  
    'song_requester = radio_station.client_node:main',  
],
```

radio_station/client_node.py (core logic)

```
goal = ChooseSong.Goal(song_name="Bohemian Rhapsody")  
client.send_goal_async(goal,  
    feedback_callback=lambda fb:  
        node.get_logger().info(f"DJ: {fb.feedback.status_line}"))
```

10/14 Action - Server Node Creation

radio_station/radio_station/action_client_node.py

Import the following:

```
import rclpy
from rclpy.node import Node
from rclpy.action import ActionClient
from radio_station_interfaces.action import ChooseSong
```

11/14 Action - Client Node Creation

```
radio_station/client_node.py: class SongRequester(Node)
```

```
def __init__(self, song):
    super().__init__('song_requester')
    self._action_client = ActionClient(self, ChooseSong,
        'choose_song')
    self._song = song
    self._action_client.wait_for_server()
    self.send_request()

def send_request(self):
    goal = ChooseSong.Goal(song_name=self._song)
    self._send_future = self._action_client.send_goal_async(
        goal,
        feedback_callback=self.feedback_cb)
    self._send_future.add_done_callback(self.goal_response_cb)
```

12/14 Action - Client Node Creation

```
radio_station/client_node.py: class SongRequester(Node)
```

```
def feedback_cb(self, feedback_msg):  
    fb = feedback_msg.feedback  
    self.get_logger().info(f"DJ says: {fb.status_line}")  
  
def goal_response_cb(self, future):  
    goal_handle = future.result()  
    result_future = goal_handle.get_result_async()  
    result_future.add_done_callback(self.result_cb)  
  
def result_cb(self, future):  
    result = future.result().result  
    self.get_logger().info(f"DJ final: {result.final_message}")  
    rclpy.shutdown()
```

13/14 Action - Client Node Creation

radio_station/client_node.py

```
def main():  
    rclpy.init()  
    requester = SongRequester("Bohemian Rhapsody")  
    rclpy.spin(requester)  
  
if __name__ == '__main__':  
    main()
```

14/14 Action - Running the Radio Action

Build everything

```
colcon build  
source install/setup.bash
```

Run:

- 1 Terminal 1 (DJ): `ros2 run radio_station radio_dj`
- 2 Terminal 2 (Caller): `ros2 run radio_station song_requester`

Watch the feedback stream and final message!