

# Getting Started with PHP-FFI

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#### About me

- Senior PHP Developer
- Linux, PHP, MySQL since 2001
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#### What is PHP-FFI?

- PHP Foreign Function Interface
- PHP extension
- requires PHP 7.4
- currently experimental
- allows
  - loading of shared libraries (.so)
  - calling C functions and accessing C data structures
  - in pure PHP during runtime
- requires converting PHP types to C types

#### source:

php.net/manual/en/intro.ffi.php phpconference.com/blog/php-ffi-and-what-it-can-do-for-you/



#### PHP-FFI use cases

- call C/C++ as shared libraries
  - allows direct hardware access (e.g. webcams, GPU)
  - gives more performance (e.g. image or video rendering)
  - integrate databases that have no PHP integration (e.g. DuckDB)
- call Go / Rust compiled as shared libraries
- easier than writing PHP extensions

source: github.com/gabrielrcouto/awesome-php-ffi

#### What is Go?

- programming language
- designed by Google
- statically typed
- memory safety, fast garbage collection
- more performance and concurrency
- can be compiled as a shared library
  - → combining PHP and Go gives a lot of new opportunities

source: en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Go\_(programming\_language)

#### PHP-Example: Ackermann function

```
<?php
function ackermann(int $n, int $m): int {
    if (\$n == 0) {
        return $m + 1;
    } else if (\underline{\$m} == 0) {
        return ackermann($n - 1, 1);
    } else {
        return ackermann(\$n - 1, ackermann(\$n, \$m - 1));
echo ackermann(3, 11);
// time php -dopcache.enable cli=0 ackermann.php # 12.8s
// time php -dopcache.enable cli=1 ackermann.php # 4.8s
// time php -dopcache.enable cli=1 -dopcache.jit buffer size=32M ackermann.php # 3.2s
source: en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Ackermann function
        rosettacode.org/wiki/Ackermann function
```

# Go-Example: Ackermann function

```
package main
import "C"
func main() {
    println(ackermann(3, 11));
//export ackermann
func ackermann(n int, m int) int {
    if n == 0 {
        return m + 1
    } else if m == 0 {
        return ackermann(n-1, 1)
    return ackermann(n-1, ackermann(n, m-1))
  time go run ackermann.go # 0.7s
// go build ackermann.go && time ./ackermann # 0.5s (C/C++/Rust: 0.2s)
```



# Calling Go from PHP

```
// create ackermann.so and ackermann.h:
// go build -o ackermann.so -buildmode=c-shared ackermann.go
<?php
error reporting(E ALL);
$ffi = FFI::cdef('long ackermann(long n, long m);', DIR . '/ackermann.so');
echo $ffi->ackermann(3, 11);
unset($ffi);
// time php -dffi.enable=1 ackermann.php # 0.5s
// cat ackermann.h | grep -E "ackermann|GoInt;|GoInt64"
// typedef long long GoInt64;
// typedef GoInt64 GoInt;
// extern GoInt ackermann(GoInt n, GoInt m);
```

#### Using complex data types

```
// php
$ffi = FFI::cdef('long ackermann(char* input);', DIR . '/ackermann.so');
$result = $ffi->ackermann json(json encode([3, 11]));
echo json_decode(FFI::string($result));
FFI:: free ($result); // avoid memory leak
unset($ffi);
// qo
import "encoding/json"
//export ackermann json
func ackermann json(input *C.char) *C.char {
   var params [2]int
   err := json.Unmarshal([]byte(C.GoString(input)), &params)
   if err != nil { return nil }
   data, err := json.Marshal(ackermann(params[0], params[1]))
    if err != nil { return nil }
    return C.CString(string(data))
```



# Checking memory leaks

```
// php
$ffi = FFI::cdef('long ackermann(char* input);', DIR . '/ackermann.so');
for (\$i=0; \$i < 10000000) {
   $result = $ffi->ackermann json(json encode([0, 1]));
   FFI::free($result);
}
unset($ffi);
php -dffi.enable=1 ackermann.php &
while :; do pmap -x `pgrep php` | grep total; sleep 1; done
total kB
              1489596
                        44040
                               16884
total kB
              1489596 43864 16708
total kB
              1489596 44568 17412
total kB
              1489596 44048 16892
total kB
              1489596
                      43896 16740
```



#### What is DuckDB?

- embedded database (similar to SQLite)
- optimized for analytical queries (OLAP)
- optimized for large tables, large resultsets
- column storage, 1 database = 1 single file
- vectorized query execution engine
- open source
- very fast

but: no PHP extension available

source: duckdb.org/docs/why\_duckdb

# Using DuckDB

```
./duckdb
v0.2.6 8295e245d
D .open test.db
D PRAGMA enable profiling;
D CREATE TABLE test1 AS SELECT * FROM read_csv_auto('test.csv.gz');
 Total Time: 8.63s
D SELECT count(*) FROM test1;
 Total Time: 0.0166s |
 count_star()
 50000000
D DESCRIBE test1;
                        | Null | Key | Default | Extra |
    Field
              Type
 customer_id | INTEGER |
                         YES
 product_id | INTEGER | YES
```

#### Getting started with DuckDB

- download libduckdb-linux-amd64.zip
- extract duckdb.h and libduckdb.so
- C preprocessor directives are not supported in header files
  - remove "#ifdef \_\_cplusplus...#endif" from duckdb.h
  - remove "DUCKDB\_API" from duckdb.h
  - remove lines with "duckdb\_bind\_uint8", "duckdb\_bind\_uint16"
- FFI::cdef(\$header, \$soLibrary) Creates a new FFI object
- FFI::new(\$type) Creates a C data structure
- FFI::addr(\$ptr) Creates an unmanaged pointer to C data

#### How to integrate DuckDB?

```
duckdb / examples / embedded-c / main.c
ម master ▼
48 lines (46 sloc) 1.38 KB
      #include "duckdb.h"
      #include <stdio.h>
      int main() {
  5
         duckdb_database db = NULL;
          duckdb_connection con = NULL;
  6
          duckdb_result result; -
  8
  9
         if (duckdb_open(NULL, &db) == DuckDBError) { ~
              fprintf(stderr, "Failed to open database\n");
 11
              goto cleanup;
         if (duckdb_connect(db, &con) == DuckDBError) { -
 14
              fprintf(stderr, "Failed to open connection\n");
              goto cleanup;
         if (duckdb_query(con, "CREATE TABLE integers(i INTEGER, j INTEGER)
              fprintf(stderr, "Failed to query database\n");
              goto cleanup;
         if (duckdb_query(con, "INSERT INTO integers VALUES (3, 4), (5, 6),
              fprintf(stderr, "Failed to query database\n");
              goto cleanup;
 24
         if (duckdb_query(con, "SELECT * FROM integers", &result) == DuckDE
              fprintf(stderr, "Failed to query database\n");
 27
              goto cleanup;
```

```
<?php
  $ffi = FFI::cdef(
    file get contents( DIR . '/duckdb.h'),
    DIR . '/libduckdb.so');
  $db = $ffi->new('duckdb database');
$ $con = $ffi->new('duckdb connection');
 $result = $ffi->new('duckdb result');
  $ffi->duckdb open(null, FFI::addr($db));
  $ffi->duckdb connect($db, FFI::addr($con));
  $query = 'select current date;';
  $ffi->duckdb query(
    $con, $query, FFI::addr($result));
  $val = $ffi->duckdb value varchar(
    <u>FFI</u>::addr($result), 0, 0);
  echo FFI::string($val);
```



# Cleanup resources

```
<?php
       if (duckdb_query(con, "SELECT * FROM integers", &result) == D
           fprintf(stderr, "Failed to query database\n");
                                                                  FFI::free($val);
27
           goto cleanup;
       // print the names of the result
                                                                  $ffi->duckdb_destroy_result(
       for (size_t i = 0; i < result.column_count; i++) {
                                                                        FFI::addr($result)
           printf("%s ", result.columns[i].name);
31
                                                                  );
       printf("\n");
34
       // print the data of the result
       for (size_t row_idx = 0; row_idx < result.row_count; row_idx+
                                                                  $ffi->duckdb disconnect(FFI::addr($con));
           for (size_t col_idx = 0; col_idx < result,column_count; c
               char *val = duckdb value varchar(&result, col idx, ro
                                                                  FFI::free($con);
               printf("%s ", val);
               duckdb_free(val);
                                                                  $ffi->duckdb close(FFI::addr($db));
           printf("\n");
41
                                                                  FFI::free($db);
42
       // duckdb_print_result(
43
    cleanup:
       duckdb_destroy_result(&result)
                                                                  unset($ffi);
       duckdb_disconnect(&con);
       duckdb_close(&db);
47
48
```



# **DEMO**

Thanks for listening!

Questions?

slides and sources:

github.com/thomasbley/php-go-integration github.com/thomasbley/php-duckdb-integration



