223.9

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Problem. Suppose V is a complex inner product space. Prove that every normal operator on V has a square root. (An operator $S \in \mathcal{L}(V)$ is called a square root of $T \in \mathcal{L}(V)$ if $S^2 = T$.)

Suppose T is a normal operator on V. By the Complex Spectral Theorem, T has an orthonormal basis of eigenvectors v_1, \ldots, v_n . Suppose $Tv_i = \lambda_i v_i$, where $\lambda_i \in \mathbf{C}$. Recall that a linear map is uniquely defined by where it sends a basis of V. Let S be the linear map defined by $Sv_i = \sqrt{\lambda_i} v_i$.

Claim.
$$S^2 = T$$
.

Proof. $S^2v_i = Tv_i$ for each basis vector v_i , so $S^2 = T$.

Note. You can view the source code for this solution here.