## 223.9

## THOMAS BREYDO

**Problem.** Suppose V is a complex inner product space. Prove that every normal operator on V has a square root.

**Note.** An operator  $S \in \mathcal{L}(V)$  is called a *square root* of  $T \in \mathcal{L}(V)$  if  $S^2 = T$ .

Suppose T is a normal operator on V. By the Complex Spectral Theorem, T has an orthonormal basis of eigenvectors  $v_1, \ldots, v_n$ . Suppose  $Tv_i = \lambda_i v_i$ , where  $\lambda_i \in \mathbf{C}$ . Recall that a linear map is uniquely defined by where it sends a basis of V. Let S be the linear map defined by  $Sv_i = \sqrt{\lambda_i}v_i$ .

Claim.  $S^2 = T$ .

*Proof.*  $S^2v_i = Tv_i$  for each basis vector  $v_i$ , so  $S^2 = T$ .

Note. You can view the source code for this solution here.