	<pre>import numpy as np import matplotlib.</pre>							
In [2]: In [3]:	<pre>df = pd.read_excel df</pre>	("Raisin_Dataset.)	xlsx")					
Out[3]:	0       87524       442.2         1       75166       406.6         2       90856       442.2         3       45928       286.5         4       79408       352.1             895       83248       430.0         896       87350       440.7         897       99657       431.7         898       93523       476.3	Length         MinorAxisLength           246011         253.29115           290687         243.03243           267048         266.32831           340559         208.76004           290.82753            277308         247.83869           235698         259.29314           206981         298.83732           344094         254.17605           281774         215.27197	0.819738 0.801805 0.801805 0.798354 0.684989 0.564011  0.817263 0.808629 0.721684 0.845739	90546 0.75 78789 0.68 93717 0.63 47336 0.69 81463 0.79 85839 0.66 90899 0.63 106264 0.74 97653 0.65	1121.786 Kecime 17613 1208.575 Kecime 19599 844.162 Kecime 12772 1073.251 Kecime 12772 1073.251 Kecime 12772 Besr 1214.252 Besr 11099 1292.828 Besr			
In [4]:	A.  from sklearn.model  X = df drop('Class	·	train_test_sp	olit				
In [5]:	print(X_train)  Area Major 304 61959 831 48488 240 51145 1 75166 439 98485 835 87039	AxisLength MinorA 339.585018 275.337717 317.348237 406.690687 387.762836  497.058056	AxisLength Ed 234.697936 226.802199 211.025592 243.032436 325.737166 	0.722729 0.566991 0.746874 0.801805 0.542521  0.879866	64424 50103 53531 78789 100682 	_state = 0)		
	629 83059 559 139399 684 88257 Extent Per 304 0.712041 9 831 0.669594 8 240 0.710051 8 1 0.684130 11 439 0.729865 11 835 0.636981 12 192 0.794371 7 629 0.685809 12	440.559971 2 522.468010 3 452.924593 2	208.152006 243.636512 348.282162 254.482193	0.444950 0.833171 0.745407 0.827229	38874 88806 144034 92886			
In [6]:	[720 rows x 7 columnt (y_train)]  304 Kecimen 831 Besni 240 Kecimen 1 Kecimen 439 Kecimen 835 Besni 192 Kecimen 629 Besni	09.622						
In [7]:	492 100443 141 53698 409 104921 31 41809 570 101223  408 82793	AxisLength MinorA 457.569872 2 348.223231 1 452.863013 2 307.532739 1 496.533461 2 		0.784743 0.823104 0.754864 0.822114 0.830111  0.812809 0.743181	ConvexArea \ 104186 56089 108211 43838 109593 84950 51743			
	202 74763 181 67718  Extent Per 492 0.673789 12 141 0.731341 9 409 0.726298 12 31 0.697444 8 570 0.713612 13 408 0.742458 11 75 0.720863 8 778 0.690156 15 202 0.686113 10	391.227169 2 373.924098 2	327.084068 245.542020 233.233205	0.837968 0.778520 0.781628	152985 77508 71102			
In [8]:	print(y_test)  492 Besni 141 Kecimen 409 Kecimen 31 Kecimen 570 Besni 408 Kecimen 75 Kecimen 778 Besni 202 Kecimen 181 Kecimen Name: Class, Lengt		ject					
<pre>In [9]: In [10]: Out[10]:</pre>	<pre>classifier = SVC(k classifier.fit(X_t</pre>	<pre>rr() ransform(X_train) form(X_test)  mport SVC ternel = 'linear', rain, y_train)</pre>		= 0)				
In [11]:	print(X_train)  [[-0.6548812 -0.7 -0.71404437] [-1.00293785 -1.3 -1.13149817] [-0.93428768 -0.9 -0.99769926] [-0.10971045 0.1		550.6522 641.0095 820.9246	56114 -0.58197 93154 0.19911	907			
In [12]:	1.16198015] [ 0.02459276	2730363 1.8816987 1301716 0.0079168 5404955 0.5898099 118242 -1.1253279 1247322 0.8577516 065259 1.4582386 3196457 -0.1706752	98 0.3398 930.8602 93 0.4402 92 1.5573 230.3257	38717 0.70186 32546 -0.50106 2087 0.61015 25038 0.51278 37473 -0.18499	0234 0234 0172 0193 0717			
In [13]:	y_pred = classifie print(y_pred)  ['Besni' 'Kecimen' 'Kecimen' 'Besni' 'Kecimen' 'Kecime 'Kecimen' 'Kecime 'Kecimen' 'Kecime 'Kecimen' 'Kecime 'Kecimen' 'Besni' 'Kecimen' 'Besni' 'Besni' 'Besni' ' 'Besni' 'Besni' ' 'Besni' 'Besni' ' 'Kecimen' 'Besni' ' 'Kecimen' 'Kecime 'Kecimen' 'Kecime	'Besni' 'Kecimen' 'Besni' 'Kecimen' 'Besni' 'Kecimen' 'Besni' 'Besni' ' n' 'Kecimen' 'Besni' n' 'Kecimen' 'Besni' n' 'Kecimen' 'Kecime 'Kecimen' 'Kecime 'Kecimen' 'Besni' Kecimen' 'Besni' 'Kecimen' 'Besni' 'Kecimen' 'Besni' 'Besni' 'Besni' ' 'Besni' 'Besni' ''Besni' 'Besni' 'Kecimen' 'Kecimen'	' 'Besni' 'Bes ' 'Kecimen' 'k 'Kecimen' 'Bes ni' 'Besni' 'E ' 'Kecimen' 'E en' 'Kecimen' ' 'Besni' 'Bes ni' 'Besni' 'Bes ni' 'Besni' 'Kecimen' ' 'Kecimen' 'Kecimen' 'Kecimen' 'Bes ni' 'Besni' 'Hes ' 'Besni' 'Besni' 'E en' 'Besni' 'Besni' 'E	Kecimen' 'Besni' ' Besni' 'Kecime Kecimen' 'Besni' 'Kecime 'Kecimen' 'Besni' 'Kecimen' 'Besni' 'Kecimen' 'Besni'	ni' 'Kecimen' Besni' en' 'Besni' en' 'Kecimen' esni' emen' 'Besni' Kecimen' ni' 'Besni' si' 'Besni' esni' "Esni' "Esni' Kecimen' esni' 'Kecimen'			
In [14]:	'Kecimen' 'Besni' 'Kecimen' 'Besni' 'Besni' 'Kecimen' 'Besni' 'Kecimen' 'Kecimen' 'Besni' 'Kecimen' 'Besni'  from sklearn.metri cm = confusion_mat print(cm) print("Accuracy sc a1 = accuracy_scor  [[85 12] [ 5 78]]	'Besni' 'Kecimen' 'Kecimen' 'Kecimen' 'Besni' 'Kecimen' 'Kecimen' 'Kecimen' 'Besni' 'Kecimen' 'Besni' 'Kecimen' cs import confusion rix(y_test, y_precipe(y_test, y_pred)	' 'Besni' 'Bes en' 'Kecimen' ' 'Kecimen' 'k en' 'Besni' 'k ' 'Kecimen' 'k ' 'Kecimen' 'E on_matrix, acc d)	sni' 'Besni' ' 'Kecimen' 'Ke Kecimen' 'Besr Kecimen' 'Besr Kecimen' 'Keci Besni' 'Kecime	Besni' ccimen' ni' 'Kecimen' ni' 'Besni' men'			
In [15]:	<pre>from sklearn.metri disp = ConfusionMa disp.plot() plt.show() # Resource used:</pre>	.cs <b>import</b> Confusio	sion_matrix =	cm, display_l	labels = classifier.			
	Besni - Kecimen -	85 5	12 78		- 80 - 70 - 60 - 50 - 40 - 30 - 20	INDISPINY . ITCIIII		
In [16]:	<pre>support_vectors = plt.scatter(suppor plt.scatter(X_trai plt.scatter(X_test plt.legend() plt.show()  # Resources used:</pre>	<pre>classifier.support t_vectors[:, 0], s n[:, 0], X_train[</pre>	support_vector :, 1], c = 're	rs[:, 1], c = ed', label = '	'Training Data')			
	# https://scikit-l	earn.org/stable/au			arsvc_support_vector	s.html		
In [17]:	<pre>print("Accuracy: {</pre>	_val_score(estima	cross_val_sco	3 ore	4			
	Accuracy: 85.69 % Standard Deviation Increasing the k can im	viation: {:.2f} %' : 5.80 %  npact the accuracy of y k, the smaller the varia	ccuracies.mear ".format(accur your SVM model. unce. This means	ier, X = X_tra n()*100)) racies.std()*1 . Values of aroun s that is has a low	d 5 and 10 are said to be bias when it comes to t	e the least variance and bias, p		used the value 10 for the cv in the code at possible value of k is the number of
In [18]:	Accuracy: 85.69 % Standard Deviation Increasing the k can im above. The larger the k training points. A larger Resources: https://hal.st.	eviation: {:.2f} %' : 5.80 %  spact the accuracy of y c, the smaller the varia r k would mean more of science/hal-01657491.	ccuracies.mear ".format(accur your SVM model. unce. This means distant neighbors /document	ier, X = X_tran()*100)) racies.std()*1  Values of aroun that is has a low and more trainin	d 5 and 10 are said to be bas when it comes to t	e the least variance and bias, pone test error. Despite this, a larg		
In [18]:	Accuracy: 85.69 % Standard Deviation Increasing the k can imabove. The larger the k training points. A larger Resources: https://hal.s.  D.  i.  X = df.drop('Class')  X_train, X_test, y  print(X_train)  Area Major Area M	xiation: {:.2f} %'  : 5.80 %  npact the accuracy of y  x, the smaller the varia  x k would mean more of  science/hal-01657491	ccuracies.mean ".format(accur your SVM model. unce. This means distant neighbors /document  train_test_spi	ier, X = X_tran()*100)) racies.std()*1  Values of aroun athat is has a low and more trainin	d 5 and 10 are said to be	e the least variance and bias, pone test error. Despite this, a larg		
	Accuracy: 85.69 % Standard Deviation Increasing the k can imabove. The larger the k training points. A larger Resources: https://hal.st.  D.  i.  X = df.drop('Class y = df['Class'] X_train, X_test, y  print(X_train)  Area Major 679 128442 133 52051 571 79492 223 93559 816 66315 835 87039 192 37569 629 83059 559 139399 684 88257  Extent Per 679 0.750684 14 133 0.695051 8 571 0.637353 11 223 0.687070 11 816 0.688944 10 835 0.636981 12 192 0.794371 7 629 0.685809 12 559 0.693631 14 60 0.736088 12  [450 rows x 7 colu  print(X_test)  Area Major 684 0.736088 12  [450 rows x 7 colu  print(X_test)  Area Major 694371 41 684 0.736088 12  [450 rows x 7 colu  print(X_test)  Area Major 694371 41 684 0.736088 12  [450 rows x 7 colu  print(X_test)  Area Major 694441 53698 409 104921 31 41809 570 101223 392 51539 801 164440 524 56903 614 62451 107 68864	**iation: {:.2f} %'  : 5.80 %  **npact the accuracy of y  k, the smaller the varia  **r k would mean more of  **science/hal-01657491  **AxisLength Minor/  585.981994  313.703260  422.567329  438.634353  363.578896  242.567329  438.634353  363.578896  2427.958056  232.427848  440.559971  522.468010  452.924593  imeter  99.355  93.451  22.831  98.259  15.021   71.343  34.102  38.163  71.508  09.622  mns]  AxisLength Minor/  457.569872  348.23231  452.8319  98.259  15.021   71.343  34.102  38.163  71.508  09.622  mns]	ccuracies.mean ".format(accur your SVM model. unce. This means distant neighbors /document  AxisLength Ed 281.601409 213.631738 243.116296 275.582973 234.454452 236.212773 208.152006 243.636512 348.282162 254.482193	ier, X = X_tran()*100)) racies.std()*1  Values of aroun that is has a low and more training that is ha	d 5 and 10 are said to be bias when it comes to the only bias when it comes to the only on less data.  ConvexArea \ 133704 53550 82708 95750 68906 96247 38874 88806 144034 92886	e the least variance and bias, pone test error. Despite this, a larg		
In [19]:	Accuracy: 85.69 % Standard Deviation  Increasing the k can im above. The larger the k training points. A larger Resources: https://hal.st.  D.  i.  X = df.drop('Class y = df['Class']  X_train, X_test, y  print(X_train)  Area Major. 679 128442 133 52051 571 79492 223 93559 816 66315 835 87039 192 37569 629 83059 559 139399 684 88257  Extent Per 679 0.750684 14 133 0.695051 8 571 0.637353 11 223 0.687070 11 816 0.688944 10 835 0.636981 12 192 0.794371 7 629 0.685809 12 559 0.693631 14 684 0.736088 12  [450 rows x 7 colu  print(X_test)  Area Major. 492 100443 141 53698 409 104921 31 41809 570 101223 392 51539 801 164440 524 56903 614 62451 107 68864  Extent Per 492 0.673789 12 31 41809 570 101223 392 51539 801 164440 524 56903 614 62451 107 68864  Extent Per 492 0.673789 12 31 41809 570 101223 392 51539 801 164440 524 56903 614 62451 107 68864	**Size **	ccuracies.mean ".format(accur your SVM model. unce. This means distant neighbors /document  AxisLength Ed 281.601409 213.631738 243.116296 275.582973 234.454452 236.212773 208.152006 243.636512 348.282162 254.482193  AxisLength Ed 281.601409 213.631738 243.116296 275.582973 234.454452 236.212773 208.152006 243.636512 348.282162 254.482193	ier, X = X_tran()*100)) racies.std()*1  Values of aroun that is has a low and more training to the centricity of the cen	ConvexArea \ 133704 53550 82708 95750 68906 96247 38874 88806 144034 92886	e the least variance and bias, pone test error. Despite this, a larg		
In [19]:	Accuracy: 85.69 % Standard Deviation Increasing the k can im above. The larger the k training points. A larger Resources: https://hal.st.  D.  i.  X = df.drop('Class') X_train, X_test, y  print(X_train)  Area Major. 679 128442 133 52051 571 79492 223 93559 816 66315 835 87039 192 37569 629 83059 559 139399 684 88257  Extent Per 679 0.750684 14 133 0.695051 8 571 0.637353 11 223 0.687070 11 816 0.688944 10 835 0.636981 12 192 0.794371 7 629 0.685809 12 559 0.693631 14 684 0.736088 12 [450 rows x 7 colu  print(X_test)  Area Major. 492 100443 141 53698 409 104921 31 41809 570 101223 392 51539 801 164440 524 56903 614 62451 107 68864  Extent Per 492 0.673789 12 141 0.731341 9 409 0.726298 12 31 41809 570 101223 392 51539 801 164440 524 56903 614 62451 107 68864  Extent Per 492 0.673789 12 141 0.731341 9 409 0.726298 12 31 41809 570 101223 392 51539 801 164440 524 56903 614 62451 107 68864  Extent Per 492 0.673789 12 141 0.731341 9 409 0.726298 12 31 0.697444 8 570 0.713612 13 392 51539 801 164440 524 56903 614 62451 107 68864  Extent Per 492 0.673789 12 141 0.731341 9 409 0.726298 12 31 41809 570 101223 392 51539 801 164440 524 56903 614 62451 107 68864	viation: {:.2f} %  : 5.80 %  npact the accuracy of y  k, the smaller the varia  r k would mean more of  science/hal-01657491	ccuracies.mean ".format(accur your SVM model. ince. This means distant neighbors  /document  train_test_sp:  AxisLength Ed 281.601409 213.631738 243.116296 275.582973 234.454452 236.212773 208.152006 243.636512 348.282162 254.482193  AxisLength Ed 283.611280 197.752897 297.024187 175.085568 276.866203 200.957939 362.345574 204.0377086 237.705386 261.988439	ier, X = X_tran()*100)) racies.std()*1  Values of aroun that is has a low and more training to the centricity of the cen	ConvexArea \ 133704 53550 82708 95750 68906 96247 38874 88806 144034 92886	e the least variance and bias, pone test error. Despite this, a larg		
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In [20]:  In [21]:  In [23]:  In [24]:  In [25]:	Accuracy: 85.69 % Standard Deviation Increasing he year in the control of the con	### ### ### ### ### ### ### ### ### ##	random_state  rour SVM model, more this means format (accum  rour state  rour SVM model, more this means format (accum  rour state  rour SVM model, more this means format (accum  rour state  rour SVM model, more this means format (accum  rour state  rour st	ier, X = Xtra (r()*10)	Kecimen' in size = 0.5, randon  convexarea   size = 0.5, randon  c	classes_)  classes_)	ger k increases bias. The larges	