```
1 //1.1
2 let rec repeat s = function
       0 -> ""
        \mid n when n > 0 -> s + (repeat s (n-1))
        | _ -> failwith "negative input";;
 6
7 //1.2
8 let f s1 s2 = function
        0 -> ""
9
10
        n when (n > 0 && n%2=0) ->
           repeat (s1 + "\n" + s2 + "\n") (n/2)
11
12
        n when (n > 0 && n%2=1) ->
           (repeat (s1 + "\n" + s2 + "\n") (n/2)) + s1
13
14
        _ -> failwith "negative input";;
15
16 f "XO" "OX" 3
17
18 //1.3
19 let viz m n =
       if (m > 0 \&\& n > 0) then f (repeat "XO" m) (repeat "OX" m) n
21
       else failwith "something went wrong";;
22
23 "\n" + viz 5 6;;
24
25 //1.4.1 - tail recursive
26 let rec repeatA s a = function
27
        | 0 -> a
        | n \text{ when } n > 0 \rightarrow (\text{repeatA s } (s + "" + a) (n-1))
28
29
       _ -> failwith "negative input";;
30
31 repeatA "abc" "" 5
32
33 //1.4.2 - continuation
34 let rec repeatC s k = function
35
        | 0 -> k ""
        \mid n when n > 0 -> (repeatC s (fun v -> v + "" + k s) (n-1))
36
37
       | _ -> failwith "negative input";;
38
39 repeatC "abc" id 5
41 //2.1
42 let mixMap f xs ys = List.map f (List.zip xs ys);;
43
44 //2.2
45 let unMixMax f g lst =
       let (xs,ys) = List.unzip lst
46
47
       (f xs g ys);;
48
49 //('a * 'b -> 'c) -> 'a list -> 'b list -> 'c list
50 //('a -> 'b) -> ('c -> 'd) -> ('a * 'c) list -> ('b list) * ('d list)
51
52 //3.1
```

```
53 type Tree<'a> = Lf | Br of Tree<'a> * 'a * Tree<'a>;;
 54 let t = Br(Br(Br(Lf,1,Lf),2,Br(Lf,3,Lf)),4,Br(Br(Lf,5,Lf),6,Br(Lf,7,Lf)));;
 56 let rec reflect = function
 57
         | Lf -> Lf
 58
         | Br (tl,n,tr) -> Br ((reflect tr), n, (reflect tl));;
 59
 60 reflect t
 61
 62 //3.2
 63 let rec travel a = function
         | Lf -> Lf,a
 65
         | Br (tl,n,tr) ->
                             let anew = a+n
 66
                             let (tlnew, 1) = travel anew tl
 67
                             let (trnew, m) = travel 1 tr
 68
                             Br (tlnew, m, trnew), m;;
 69
 70 let accumulate tree =
 71
        let (res, acc) = travel 0 tree
 72
        res;;
 73
 74 accumulate t
 75
 76 //3.3
 77 //k: 'a -> Tree<'a> -> Tree<'a>
 78 //'a can be either int or float.
 79 //produces a new tree where the number of each node
 80 //is multiplied by i^d, where d is the depth of the node.
 81
 82
 83 //q: int -> T<'a> -> 'a list
 84 //q uses h to create a list of all the nodes in the input tree,
 85 //traversing the tree in-order.
 86
 87 let rec k i tree =
 88
        match tree with
 89
         | Lf -> Lf
 90
         | Br(tl,a,tr) -> Br(k (i*i) tl, i*a, k (i*i) tr);;
 91
 92 let rec h n m =
 93
        function
 94
         | Br(tl,a,tr) when n=m -> h n 1 tl @ [a] @ h n 1 tr
 95
         | Br(tl,_,tr) -> h n (m+1) tl @ h n (m+1) tr
 96
         | Lf -> []
 97
 98 let q n t = h n n t;;
 99
100 k 2 t
101 q 2 t
102
103
104
```

```
105 //4.1
106 type CourseNo = int
107 type Title = string
108 type ECTS = int
109 type CourseDesc = Title * ECTS
110 type CourseBase = Map<CourseNo, CourseDesc>
112 let isValidCourseDesc = function
113
        (cn, ects)-> (ects%5 = 0) && (ects >= 5);
114
         _ -> false;;
115
116 //4.2
117 let isValidCourseBase cb = Map.forall (fun cn cd -> isValidCourseDesc cd) cb;;
118
119 //4.3
120 let disjoint s1 s2 = Set.isEmpty (Set.intersect s1 s2);;
121
122 //4.4
123 let sumECTS cs cb =
        let found = Map.filter (fun cn cd -> Set.contains cs cn) cb
125
        Map.fold (fun acc cn (title,ects) -> acc+ects) 0 found;;
126
127 //4.5
128 type Mandatory = Set<CourseNo>
129 type Optional = Set<CourseNo>
130 type CourseGroup = Mandatory * Optional
131
132 let isValidCourseGroup cb (man,opt) =
133
        let manECTS = sumECTS man cb
        let optECTS = sumECTS opt cb
134
135
        (disjoint man opt) &&
136
        (manECTS <= 45) &&
137
        (manECTS = 45 && Set.isEmpty opt) &&
138
         (manECTS + optECTS) >= 45;;
139
140 //4.6
141 type BasicNaturalScience = CourseGroup
142 type TechnologicalCore = CourseGroup
143 type ProjectProfessionalSkill = CourseGroup
144 type Elective = CourseNo -> bool
145 type FlagModel = BasicNaturalScience * TechnologicalCore
                        * ProjectProfessionalSkill * Elective
146
147 type CoursePlan = Set<CourseNo>
148
149 let CG_Disjoint bns tc pps =
150
        let bnsUnion = Set.union (fst bns) (snd bns)
151
        let tcUnion = Set.union (fst tc) (snd tc)
152
        let ppsUnion = Set.union (fst pps) (snd pps)
153
        (disjoint bnsUnion tcUnion) &&
        (disjoint bnsUnion ppsUnion) &&
154
        (disjoint tcUnion ppsUnion);;
155
156
```

```
...x\05 Semester\Funktionsprogrammering\Exam\sommer 2015.fsx
```

```
4
```

```
157 let All_Elective bns tc pps ep =
        Set.forall ep (fst bns) && Set.forall ep (snd bns) &&
158
        Set.forall ep (fst tc) && Set.forall ep (snd tc) &&
159
        Set.forall ep (fst pps) && Set.forall ep (snd pps);;
160
161
162 let isValid (bns,tc,pps,ep) cb =
163
        isValidCourseGroup cb bns &&
        isValidCourseGroup cb tc &&
164
165
        isValidCourseGroup cb pps &&
166
        CG_Disjoint bns tc pps &&
167
        All_Elective bns tc pps ep;;
168
169 //4.7
170 let checkPlan cp fm cb =
171
        isValid fm cb && //isvalid already checks than all courses are elective, and →
          that each courseset is at least 45 points
172
        (sumECTS cp cb = 180);;
173
174
```