Nlogonia is fighting a ruthless war against the neighboring country of Cubiconia. The Chief General Nlogonia's Army decided to attack the enemy with a linear formation of soldiers, that would advan together until conquering the neighboring country. Before the battle, the Chief General ordered th each soldier in the attack line, besides protecting himself and attacking, should also protect his to (nearest) neighbors in the line, one to his left and one to his right. The Chief General told the soldie that for each of them, his "buddies" would be these two neighbors, if such neighbors existed (becau the leftmost soldier does not have a left neighbor and the rightmost soldier does not have a rig neighbor). The Chief General also told the soldiers that protecting their buddies was very importat to prevent the attack line from being broken. So important that, if the left or right buddy of a soldi is killed, then the next living neighbor to the left or to the right of the soldier, respectively, shou become his buddy.

The battle is fierce, and many soldiers in the attack line are being killed by fire shots, grenades as bombs. But following the Chief General's orders, immediately after knowing about losses in the atta line, the Army's information systems division has to inform the soldiers who their new buddies are.

You are given the number of soldiers in the attack line, and a sequence of loss reports. Each lose report describes a group of contiguous soldiers in the attack line that were just killed in the batt. Write a program that, for each loss report, prints the new buddies formed.

## Input

Each test case is described using several lines. The first input line contains two integers S and representing respectively the number of soldiers in the attack line, and the number of loss repor  $(1 \le B \le S \le 10^5)$ . Soldiers are identified by different integers from 1 to S, according to the positions in the attack line, being 1 the leftmost soldier and S the rightmost soldier. Each of the ne B input lines describes a loss report using two integers L (left) and R (right), meaning that soldier from L to R were killed  $(1 \le L \le R \le S)$ . You may assume that until that moment those soldiers we alive and were just killed.

The last test case is followed by a line containing two zeros.

## Output

For each test case output B+1 lines. In the *i*-th output line write the new buddies formed by removing from the attack line the soldiers that were just killed according to the *i*-th loss report. That is, for the loss report 'L R', print the first surviving soldier to the left of L, and the first surviving soldier to the right of R. For each direction, print the character '\*' (asterisk) if there is no surviving soldier in the direction. Print a line containing a single character '-' (hyphen) after each test case.

## Sample Input

## Sample Output

1 6

1 10

\* 10

\* \*

\* 2