# Can an Unknowing Participant distinguish between Procedurally Generated and Human Designed Interiors?

Thomas O'Leary

Abstract—What's the problem? What am I looking at? How does that help solve the problem?

Opening, Challenge, Action, Resolution

Attempt to see if procedural generated interiors can be percieved as human designed. Comparing the two together and see if participants prefer the procedurally generated designs.

### I. Introduction

Urban open world games such as Grand Theft Auto V [1], The Division [2] and Batman: Arkham Knight [3] have such large built-up areas for players to venture in. However, only a few handpicked buildings in these large cities are accessible and have modelled interiors leaving the others to be blocked off for decorative purposes. This could be resolved by modelling and designing each room in these cities, but this would become incredibly impractical. Other issues with this can lean towards rendering and the storage of such heavily dense areas.

# Procedural Generation

Procedural Generation (PCG) refers to automatically creating content using algorithms [4]. PCG has many applications in video games, some notorious examples being the world/cave generation in Minecraft [5], the texture [6] and world generation [7] in Spore [8] and the procedural texture and music generation in .kkrieger [9].

Using PCG, this largely time-consuming task of designing room interiors can be automated. **And can possibly help maintain a player's immersion within the game.** An issue with this however is that PCG tool's can be seen as boring and repetitive [10].

Through my literature review though I have found many implementations and techniques of Procedural Interior Generation (PCIG), none of these get compared to Human designed interiors.

This study looks to see if a participant is able to tell the difference between Human designed and AI generated interiors.

### II. LITERATURE REVIEW

My literature review consists of two parts that I believe to be important to my research question. It first describes different implementations of Procedural Interior Generation (PCIG) then explores ways in which Artificial Intelligence (AI) is compared to Humans.

# A. Implementations of Procedural Interior Generation

Although PCG has a lot to show and offer in game development - being used for characters, terrain, weapons and textures - the use of specifically Procedural Interior Generation (PCIG) in games is scarcely come by. A game that does use PCIG however is Catlateral Damage Remeowstered [11]. A small indie game developed by Manekoware where you play as a cat on a destructive rampage in its own house. When developing Catlateral Damage, developer Chris Chung was undecided on how to design the levels and ultimately went for PCG and PCIG [10]. Before the interior decoration can take place, a Squarified Treemap algorithm is used to generate the room layouts and floor plans within the level [12]. Each room generated from this algorithm has an associated data file, which is used to store the type of furniture available, maximum type of each furniture, spawn probabilities, if the furniture is placeable on walls and if the player will spawn there. The furniture objects that can be placed have physics components attached to allow them to be accurately placed within the level - for this, a Rectangle Packing algorithm is used to place these objects within allocated surface areas on the floor and other furniture objects. Concluding the case study, Chung states that most players could not notice that the level's were procedurally generated. Although this is a promising statement to help with my literature review, Chung has not shown any evidence to back this claim. I have emailed Chung about this statement.

On 29th April 2021, Sony Interactive Entertainment published patent US20210121781, titled "AI-Generated Internal Environments Based On External Geometry" [13]. The patents' description goes onto explain a Machine Learning (ML) tool that takes in data from the external structure of a virtual building and generates an interior environment just from this data. Although this is just a patent for an ML tool, this could be the start of PCIG being used in AAA Titles.

Multi-Agent System: Paper [14]

Rule-Based Layout:

Statistical Relationships:

1

### B. Artificial Intelligence Compared to Humans

This is going to be a little more difficult to right about, as I haven't read a paper on this so far. And I have only managed to find 3 papers that talk about this, but I am not sure that they could be entirely relevant.

### III. RESEARCH QUESTION

From the above sources, I have formed actual research question that's totally not wip anymore

# A. hypothesis & null hypothesis

Hypothesis stuff...

### IV. ARTEFACT

### A. What will be made

AI that procedurally generates interior at runtime in a predefined room size and access to pre-made furniture assets. Will be later compared with human designed interiors (being given the same room size and assets)

# B. How will I ensure Quality

Quality control. Roadmap? Unit Testing? Integration testing?

### C. How will I create it

The AI will be made in the Unity game engine (Version 2020.3.12f1) **cite unity engine** 

D. Why will this answer the questions

Haven't figured that out yet chief

### V. RESEARCH METHODOLOGY

- A. Experimental Design
- B. Limitations

Time, resources

C. Sampling Plan

Sample size, sampling method

D. Data management plan

Managing, collecting, & storing data

E. Data Analysis

Something to do with R

F. Ethical Considerations

I plan to not commit war crimes I promise

### VI. APPENDIX

Data analysis code, supporting screenshots, system development life-cycle, list of unit tests & testing plan

### REFERENCES

- Rockstar North, "Grand Theft Auto V," [PC Game] Rockstar Games, Steam, 2013.
- [2] Massive Entertainment, "The Division," [PC Game] Ubisoft, Steam, 2016.
- [3] Rocksteady Studios, "Batman: Arkham Knight," [PC Game] Warner Bros. Interactive Entertainment, Steam, 2015.
- [4] J. Togelius, E. Kastbjerg, D. Schedl, and G. N. Yannakakis, "What is procedural content generation? mario on the borderline," in *Proceedings of the 2nd International Workshop on Procedural Content Generation in Games*, ser. PCGames '11. New York, NY, USA: Association for Computing Machinery, 2011. [Online]. Available: https://doi.org/10.1145/2000919.2000922
- [5] Mojang, "Minecraft," [PC], 2011.
- [6] D. g. DeBry, H. Goffin, C. Hecker, O. Quigley, S. Shodhan, and A. Willmott, "Player-driven procedural texturing," in ACM SIGGRAPH 2007 Sketches, ser. SIGGRAPH '07. New York, NY, USA: Association for Computing Machinery, 2007, p. 81–es. [Online]. Available: https://doi.org/10.1145/1278780.1278878
- [7] K. Compton, J. Grieve, E. Goldman, O. Quigley, C. Stratton, E. Todd, and A. Willmott, "Creating spherical worlds," in ACM SIGGRAPH 2007 Sketches, ser. SIGGRAPH '07. New York, NY, USA: Association for Computing Machinery, 2007, p. 82–es. [Online]. Available: https://doi.org/10.1145/1278780.1278879
- [8] Maxis, "Spore," [PC Game] Electronic Arts, Steam, 2008.
- [9] Farbrausch, ".kkreiger," [PC Game] Farbrausch, 2004.
- [10] T. Short and T. Adams, Procedural Generation in Game Design. CRC Press, 2017.
- [11] Chris Chung, "Catlateral Damage Remeowstered," [PC Game] Manekoware, 2015.
- [12] F. Marson and S. Musse, "Automatic real-time generation of floor plans based on squarified treemaps algorithm," *International Journal* of Computer Games Technology, vol. 2010, 09 2010.
- [13] W "AI-Benedetto, Sony Interactive Entertainment Inc., Generated Internal Environments Based On External Ge-Patent Number: US20210121781, April 29 2021. ometry," Available: https://patentscope.wipo.int/search/en/detail.jsf? [Online]. docId=US322909393&\_fid=WO2021081415
- [14] T. Germer and M. Schwarz, "Procedural Arrangement of Furniture for Real-Time Walkthroughs," *Computer Graphics Forum*, vol. 28, no. 8, pp. 2068 – 2078, 2009.