

Table 1: VAT export tax and firm's quality upgrading, Effect of density

	Dependent variable: Product quality (city/product/trade regime/year)			
	Eligible		Non-Eligible	
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
Ln VAT export tax <sub>k,t-1</sub>	-0.357*** (0.101)		-0.053 (0.163)	
Ln VAT import tax <sub>k,t-1</sub>	-0.090 (0.078)		0.201 (0.261)	
Ln VAT export tax <sub>k,t-1</sub> × Density <sub>ck</sub>	0.434 (0.315)	0.228 (0.269)	-0.045 (0.817)	0.888 (0.696)
Density <sub>ck</sub> × Ln VAT import tax <sub>k,t-1</sub>	0.583 (0.366)	0.268 (0.320)	-1.714 (1.630)	-0.036 (1.262)
City-product fixed effects	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
City-sector-year fixed effects	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Product-destination fixed effect	Yes	No	Yes	No
product-year fixed effects	No	Yes	No	Yes
Observations	3,998,921	3,998,921	745,297	745,297
R <sup>2</sup>	0.408	0.260	0.607	0.359

This table estimates eq(3). Note that 'Eligible' refers to the regime entitle to VAT refund, our treatment group. Our control group is processing trade with supplied input, 'Non-Eligible' to VAT refund. Sectors are defined following the Chinese 4-digit GB/T industry classification and regroup several products. Heteroskedasticity-robust standard errors clustered at the product level appear in parentheses. \* Significance at the 10%, \*\* Significance at the 5%, \*\*\* Significance at the 1%.