Lesson 6

Code

```
import tensorflow as tf
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
from sklearn import linear model
import numpy as np
import sys
def dz dx(x,y):
    return (2*(x-2)) / ((25-(x-2)**2) - ((y - 3)**2))
def dz dy(x,y):
    return (2*(y-3)) / ((25-(x-2)**2) - ((y - 3)**2))
def problem1():
    x start = 0
    y start = 0
    learning rate = 0.01
    max iterations = 10000
    epsilon = 0.000001
    history=[(x start,y start)]
    for i in range(max iterations-1):
        dW = dz dx (x start, y start)
        db = dz dy(x_start,y_start)
        x_start1 = x_start - (learning_rate *dW)
        y start1 = y start - (learning rate *db)
        if abs(x start1 - x start) <= epsilon and abs(y start1 - y start) <=</pre>
epsilon:
            return i+1,x start1, y start1
        x  start = x  start1
        y_start = y_start1
    return -1, None, None
```

```
class Problem2():
    def init (self):
     pass
    def create dataset(self):
       RANDOM SEED = 42
        tf.set random seed(RANDOM SEED)
        n \text{ samples} = 30
        self.train x = np.linspace(0,20,n samples)
        self.train y = 3.7 * self.train x + 14 + 4 *
np.random.randn(n samples)
        plt.plot(self.train x, self.train y)
    def sk solution(self):
        x = np.reshape(self.train x, (len(self.train x), 1))
        linreg = linear model.LinearRegression()
        linreg.fit(x, self.train y)
        return linreg.coef_,linreg.intercept_
    def dg solution(self,m target,b target,learning rate,epsilon):
        def dRSS dm(m,b):
            return(-2*sum((self.train y-m*self.train x-b)*self.train x))
        def dRSS db(m,b):
            return(-2*sum((self.train y-m*self.train x-b)))
        m start = 0
        b start = 0
        iterations = 2500000
        history = [(m start,b start)]
        for i in range(iterations):
            dW = dRSS dm (m start, b start)
            db = dRSS db(m start,b start)
            m start1 = m start - (learning rate * dW)
            b start1 = b start - (learning rate * db)
            if abs(m start1 - m target) <= epsilon and abs(b start1 -</pre>
b target) <= epsilon:</pre>
                return i,m start1,b start1
            m start = m start1
            b start = b start1
        return -1, None, None
def main():
    print("Problem 1")
   print("======")
    iterations, slope, intercept = problem1()
    print(" ",iterations,"iterations to reach a slope =",slope,"and intercept
=",intercept)
```

```
print("Problem 2")
   print("======")
   problem2 = Problem2()
   problem2.create dataset()
   m target,b target = problem2.sk solution()
   print(" Scikit-learn slope =",m target[0], "and intercept =",b target)
    learning rate = 0.0001
    iterations, slope, intercept =
problem2.dg solution(m target,b target,learning rate,0.0000000001)
   print(" ",iterations,"DG iterations with",learning rate,"learning rate to
reach m =",slope,"and b =",intercept)
    learning rate = 0.00001
    iterations, slope, intercept =
problem2.dg solution(m target,b target,learning rate,0.0000000001)
   print(" ",iterations,"DG iterations with",learning rate,"learning rate to
reach m =", slope, "and b =", intercept)
    learning rate = 0.000001
    iterations,slope,intercept =
problem2.dg solution(m target,b target,learning rate,0.0000000001)
   print(" ",iterations,"DG iterations with",learning rate,"learning rate to
reach m =", slope, "and b =", intercept)
if __name__ == "__main__":
   main()
```

Results

Run > python lesson6.py

```
Problem 1
=======

9401 iterations to reach a slope = 1.9991674863651752 and intercept =

2.998751229547764

Problem 2
=======

Scikit-learn slope = 3.639500001678395 and intercept = 15.143902251638679

16392 DG iterations with 0.000100 learning rate to reach m =

3.6395000016857826 and b = 15.143902251538693

164052 DG iterations with 0.000010 learning rate to reach m =

3.639500001685782 and b = 15.14390225153869

1645091 DG iterations with 0.000001 learning rate to reach m =

3.6395000016857963 and b = 15.14390225153868
```